

Catarrh

Whether it is of the nose, throat, stomach, bowels, or more delicate organs, catarrh is always debilitating and should have attention.

The discharge from the mucous membrane is because this is kept in a state of inflammation by an impure condition of the blood. Therefore, to cure, take the best blood purifier,

Hood's Sarsaparilla

In usual liquid form or chocolate tablets known as Sarsatabs. 100 doses \$1.

More Appropriate.

"Going to pay some of your son Otto's bills?" laughed the caller.

"Yes," sighed the benevolent father, "Otto is a very wild youth. I should have called him Auto."

"Auto?"

"Yes; he's such an expensive sport, and it won't be long before he will be a broken-down sport."

An Artist.

"The man who painted that spurious picture was an artist, at all events," said the connoisseur.

"I don't know about him," answered Mr. Cumrox ruefully, "but the dealer who sold it to me was."—Washington Star.

With the Ancients.

The Greek commander was making the circuit of the walls of Troy, looking for a vulnerable spot, when his automobile stuck fast in the mud.

"Get a horse!" jeered the Trojan sentinels on the walls.

Smarting under their ridicule, he went and built a huge wooden horse. The rest is history.

Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna acts gently yet promptly on the bowels, cleanses the system effectually, assists one in overcoming habitual constipation permanently. To get its beneficial effects buy the genuine.

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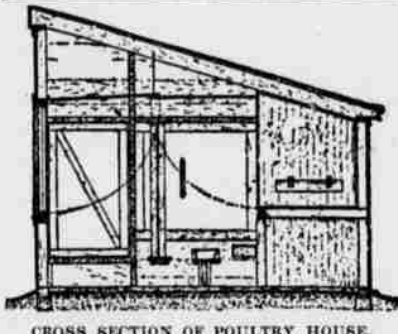
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Poultry Houses.

The essential points in a poultry house are light, dryness and good ventilation. The houses that have been built warm and tight, with the idea of keeping the water from freezing have the objection, that in nearly all cases the ceilings and walls coat with frost during very cold weather. When the weather moderates the frost melts and you have a very damp house. The house smells of chickens, or in other words, is poorly ventilated and, in many instances, the chickens are unhealthy. Sometimes they lay well during winter, but the eggs are very poor for hatching purposes.

For a number of years we have been trying to find some way to overcome these difficulties. The best means of ventilating a house that I know of is by using cloth screens, and to keep a house perfectly dry, I have found nothing better than a straw loft, i. e., the ceiling is covered with straw, the straw being placed on boards or rails which are some six or eight inches apart. The straw should be about one foot or



CROSS SECTION OF POULTRY HOUSE.

more in depth. The straw, which is exposed to the air of the pen, will absorb the majority of the moisture and keep the house fairly dry, at least, we have had no difficulty whatever in keeping houses perfectly dry by using straw lofts. Where we have not used these lofts, even where there was ample ventilation, there has been some little difficulty with frosted walls and ceilings.

The use of the curtain front is coming more into favor. Under ordinary circumstances a house needs to be one-third of the front of glass in order to have the pen well lighted. There should be about as much more of the front of cotton. The cotton may be put on frames which can be closed or opened, according to weather conditions. On nice bright days, the cotton is either rolled up, or if the curtain is put on frames, it can be hung up. This makes the pen very nice, bright and airy. On nearly all days the cotton screens should be opened for a short time. On days which are very windy and dull, it is advisable to only open one screen. If more than one is opened there is apt to be too many draughts throughout the pen. As far as we can tell, cotton will keep out almost as much cold as ordinary glass frame or sash. At least, in the houses where we have cotton fronts, we get a slightly higher minimum temperature than where we have a similar house with all glass front and no cotton. It must be borne in mind, however, that in these houses of ours where the tests are made, the windows are not fitted extremely tight. Where floors are made of cement, boards, or ground; at least, four to six inches of fresh earth should be put on each year. Care should be taken to keep the floors well cleaned, otherwise the ground becomes tainted and the common epidemic among fowls more prevalent. The ground outside the house should be ploughed or spaded once or twice a year. The land, too, needs cropping and where this is impossible the next best thing is to apply lime and work the same into the soil.

All poultry houses should be white-washed and disinfected at least once a year. The present time is undesirable for whitewashing, as it is apt to leave the house entirely too damp for the coming season. It would be better done in the spring or summer.—W. R. Graham, Ontario Agricultural College.

Making Alcohol on the Farms.
The internal revenue commissioner has prepared for public use a document giving the regulations for manufacturing denatured alcohol from waste products on the farm, and no doubt the Department of Agriculture will follow up the matter with bulletins in the popular educational form. Making cheap alcohol for fuel, power and light is a great industry on the German

farms, and takes a considerable part in the German advance in manufacturing and commerce. French farmers also have made progress in the business. Some own their own stills and others depend on traveling distillers. The waste of wine, fruit and beet growing is chiefly relied on, potato crops costing more in France than in Germany.

At the beginning of the year the tax on the manufacture of denatured alcohol was removed, but the advantages predicted are not yet visible to any extent. Time is required to grasp the practical details of the change. American farms raise more marketable crops than any other and have a greater variety of waste and by-products. Alcohol can be distilled from corn cobs and like material and is said to be superior to gasoline for fuel. The authorities at Washington are giving thought to what can be accomplished in its manufacture by individual farmers or groups of farmers, and the industry, when fairly set in motion, will take the place anticipated. The uses of a cheap, efficient fuel are not in doubt. An active campaign by the Department of Agriculture will give denatured alcohol the start needed.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Good and Bad Apple Seasons.

The high prices demanded for apples throughout this section of the country bring forcibly to mind the abundant fruit crop of last season, the low prices paid for apples and the universal carelessness of growers in taking care of their crop. Throughout all sections of Missouri the apple crop last year was unusually large. Owners of orchards could not secure anywhere near what their fruit was worth, and many thousands of bushels of good apples were allowed to rot on the ground or were fed to stock. This year the crop was ruined by late frosts, and now the price per bushel is so high that the average family is forced to do without this healthful and delicious fruit. The lesson to be learned from these conditions ought to be impressed upon the mind of every apple grower in the State. Complaint was made last year that the apple market was controlled by a trust which would buy no more fruit than it could dispose of at a handsome profit. This was doubtless true, but it in no way prevented the farmer from carefully preserving a supply sufficient at least for his home use until another crop could be raised. He could at least manufacture a large supply of elder vinegar, put away a number of bushels of dried apples, make a number of gallons of apple butter, besides carefully putting away a supply of the fruit in good cellars or in mounds in the garden or orchard.—St. Joseph Gazette.

Keeping the Lane from Washing.

It not infrequently happens that a back hillside is used for a pasture and from it to the highway or barnyard, a lane may be used. The constant use of a rut path down through a lane, a hillside causes the surface to be indented and ruins make bad work by washing the paths. The plan of making the cattle follow a crooked or zigzag path may do away with the washing. This may be done by putting up bars, b, from the lane fence, a, at right angles, so the cattle will have to pass around the ends, as shown in cut. Should the hillside be very steep, large stones may be sunk in the path at intervals to break a current of flowing water.—Farm and Home.

Kerosene for Scale.

A 20 per cent mixture of kerosene can probably safely be used on the peach at any time, but a stronger mixture can not always be so applied. Apple trees do not appear to be as susceptible to the action of kerosene as peaches; in some instances clear kerosene did not harm them. There seems to be little, if any danger, to apply trees from a mixture containing 50 per cent or less of kerosene. Very conflicting results are often obtained from the use of kerosene. Kerosene is especially likely to cause injury if applied on other than a bright, sunny day. In our experience, a 20 per cent solution (one part oil to four parts water) is harmless to plants and destructive to insects, even to the San Jose scale.

Toad as Assistant Gardener.

By actual inspection a big, fat toad's stomach, it was found to contain no less than 50 large grapevine worms, 55 angle worms and 30 cabbage worms, with, by way of seasoning, numerous flies and mosquitoes.—Suburban Life.

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Price 25c and 50c.

After He'd Been Sentenced.
Lawyer (in courtroom)—What time have you got, please?

Prisoner (at trial table)—I can't tell you until after the trial.

Hix—You said your gun would shoot 900 yards.

Dix—I know I did.

Hix—It's marked to shoot only 450 yards.

Dix—I know, but there are two barrels.

Successful.

Little Willie—Say, pa, what is a diplomat?

Pa—A diplomat, my son, is a politician who can make people believe that he doesn't want what he can't get.

Mothers will find Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup the best remedy to use for their children during the teething period.

District Attorney Jerome of New York pleads guilty to three weaknesses—candy eating, cooking strange dishes and making furniture.

Imperfect.

Automobilist—Say, I want this mask changed. It doesn't cover my face sufficiently.

Clerk—But it's the regular thing.

Automobilist—Can't help that. I find that the people I run over are apt to recognize me.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

Anxiety.

"Why, what's the matter, child?"
"Boohoo! I didn't had no offers yet an' I'm nearly 5 years old an' I'm skinned I'm goin' to be a ole maid! Boohoo!"

The Modern Way.

Scribbles—How would you go about getting a play on the stage?
Dribbles—I'd first write a novel.

SKIN DISEASES HUMORS IN THE BLOOD

When the blood is pure, fresh and healthy, the skin will be soft, smooth and free from blemishes, but when some acid humor takes root in the circulation its presence is manifested by a skin eruption or disease. These humors get into the blood, generally because of an inactive or sluggish condition of the members of the body whose duty it is to collect and carry off the waste and refuse matter of the system. This unhealthy matter is left to sour and ferment and soon the circulation becomes charged with the acid poison. The blood begins to throw off the humors and acids through the pores and glands of the skin, producing Eczema, Acne, Tetter, Psoriasis, Salt Rheum and skin eruptions of various kinds. Eczema appears, usually with a slight redness of the skin followed by pustules from which there flows a sticky fluid that dries and forms a crust, and the itching is intense. It is generally on the back, breast, face, arms and legs, though other parts of the body may be affected. In Tetter the skin dries, cracks and bleeds; the acid in the blood dries up the natural oils of the skin, which are intended to keep it soft and pliant, causing a dry, feverish condition and giving it a hard, leathery appearance. Acne makes its appearance on the face in the form of pimples and black heads, while Psoriasis comes in scaly patches on different parts of the body. One of the worst forms of skin trouble is Salt Rheum; its favorite point of attack is the scalp, sometimes causing baldness. Poison Oak and Ivy are also disagreeable types of skin disease. The humor producing the trouble lies dormant in the blood through the winter to break out and torment the sufferer with the return of Spring. The best treatment for all skin diseases is S. S. S. It neutralizes the acids and removes the humors so that the skin instead of being irritated and diseased, is nourished by a supply of fresh, healthy blood. External applications of salves, washes, lotions, etc., while they soothe the itching caused by skin affections, can never cure the trouble.

I suffered with Eczema for forty years and could find nothing to cure me until I tried S. S. S. I suffered intensely with the itching and burning; pustules would form from which there flowed a sticky fluid; crusts would come on the skin and when scratched off the skin was left as raw as a piece of beef. I suffered agony in the long years I was afflicted, but when I used S. S. S. I found a perfect cure. There has never been any return of the trouble.

C. H. EVANS,
Stockman, Neb.

S. S. S.
PURELY VEGETABLE

because they do not reach the blood. S. S. S. goes down into the circulation and forces out every particle of foreign matter and restores the blood to its normal, pure condition, thereby permanently curing every form of skin affection. Book on Skin Diseases and any medical advice desired sent free to all who write. S. S. S. is for sale at all first class drug stores.

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NOTE: No solder is used on cans containing Preferred Stock Pineapple.

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