

Lincoln County Leader

J. F. STEWART, Publisher.

TOLEDO, OREGON

THE EVENTS OF THE DAY

Comprehensive Review of the Important Happenings of the Past Week Cullied From the Telegraph Columns.

Rioters are again rampant at the Brown Hoisting Works, in Cleveland, O., and serious trouble is feared.

Cincinnati and vicinity have been visited by heavy thunder storms and at several places there is reported loss of life and property. Near Portsmouth five persons took refuge in a shed, which was struck by lightning, killing all of them.

Captain-General Weyer has issued a decree that all foreigners in the island are to register in a special book in the government's charge previous to their being justified in appealing to article 7 of the decree relative to foreign citizenship in November, 1894.

James Harvey Sherman, a famous spy in the war of the rebellion, who resided near Charlotteville, Mich., is dead. Before the war broke out Sherman resided in Virginia, where he accumulated a fortune, which was afterwards entirely swept away by the war.

Albert Olsen, 35 years of age, an employee of the Willamette Casket Company, of Tacoma, was caught in the machinery, whirled rapidly around the revolving shaft and instantly killed. The body was horribly mangled, the left leg and right foot being torn off completely.

A little boy of Marshall, Mich., when herding cattle, tied two of his sisters, 4 and 5 years old, and another little girl with a rope, the end of which was attached to the saddle on a pony. The pony ran away, dragging the three girls half a mile. Two of the girls were killed and the other badly injured.

The colored people of Cincinnati held a memorial meeting in honor of Harriet Beecher Stowe. It was in this city that she wrote "Uncle Tom's Cabin," also spending her early life here when her father was president of Lane theological seminary. She was married in Cincinnati, Professor Stowe being connected with Lane seminary. He was 76 years old and leaves a wife and six children.

Another bond issue is being spoken of as a result of the heavy gold withdrawals.

The rebel impi is gathered in battle array near Buluwayo, and a fight is probable.

The barkentine Eliza McManemy was sunk near Memory Rock, Pa. No lives were lost.

A terrific wind and rain storm in Ohio badly damaged crops. Lightning struck a number of buildings.

The deadly yellow jack is playing and havoc with the Spanish army in Cuba, and many of the soldiers are dying.

Two cabin-boys of Pomeroy, O., shot and killed Peter Whittaker. The killing was the result of rivalry over a woman.

More silver is to be coined. The San Francisco mint will soon resume operations and it is said that about \$600,000 will be coined during this month.

Intense heat prevails throughout the southern portion of Great Britain and in France and Germany. In London the mercury marked 80 degrees in the shade and 135 in the sun. In Paris the heat is so great it has been found necessary to close many workshops.

On July 4, the inmates of the city infirmary in Cincinnati were treated to green apples, lemonade and other luxuries. The inmates drank and ate too much; sickness followed, and eight have since died from the effects of the festivities on that day.

Noah McGill, sheriff of Tishomingo county, I. T., reports that three white men were found hanging to the limb of a tree near Reagan postoffice, a few miles from Tishomingo county, Chickasaw nation. It is generally believed that they were horse-thieves, captured by a party of Texans, and swung up on the spot.

It is understood that the secretary of state has instructed the United States minister at Lima to demand a prompt settlement of the claim of Victor C. Maccord, the American citizen, for alleged brutal and inhuman treatment by the Peruvian authorities. Mr. Maccord's claim is for \$200,000. It grows out of his imprisonment by the Peruvian authorities in 1885, while he was acting superintendent of the railroad at Arequipa.

Felix Faure, president of the French republic, was fired at from a distance of only a few feet by an unknown man, but the bullet fortunately went wide of its mark, and the president escaped unharmed. President Faure had gone to the Champs to review the troops. He had no sooner entered the field when a man in the crowd stepped forward and fired at him. The shot did not take effect. The would-be assassin was arrested. He declared that he only fired a blank cartridge.

Fired on the Tug.
It is rumored at Astoria that the tug Relief, while on a trip from Astoria to Port Townsend, was fired upon by some fishermen whose nets the tug had just passed over.

Jose Maceo Killed.
Private dispatches from Havana say that General Jose Maceo, the Cuban patriot leader, was shot through the head and instantly killed during an attack which he led upon the Spanish forces in Gato Hills. The report says that Colonel Caratagena, another insurgent officer, and several members of Maceo's staff, were killed at the same time.

Mysterious Poisoning.
In Cincinnati an unknown blonde woman was found by a Port Thomas soldier lying unconscious on the ground on a farm, within a few feet of the spot where the beheaded body of Pearl Bryan was left by her murderers. The girl was taken to Newport, where it was found she had either been dragged or had taken poison herself.

Ex-Governor Russell Dead.
Ex-Governor William E. Russell, of Massachusetts, was found dead in bed in a fishing camp near Grand Pabos, Quebec. When he passed through Montreal on his way to the salmon grounds in Gaspe, he was in the best of health. It is supposed he died of heart disease. He was well-known in public life, and took a prominent part in the national Democratic convention recently held in Chicago.

Hanged at Folsom.
John E. Howard was hanged in the prison corridor at Folsom, Cal., for the murder of Martin DeLanina, in Tulare county, in June, 1894. Only twenty persons besides the prison officials witnessed the execution. Howard walked firmly to the scaffold and stood calm and composed till the drop fell. A slight twitching of the hands gave the only evidence of agitation.

New Steamship Line.
A St. Paul dispatch says S. Iwanaga, of Tokio, Japan, general manager of the Japanese Mail Steamship Company, limited, has just signed a contract with the Great Northern Railway Company for the establishment of a steamship line between Tokio and Seattle. Thus the Great Northern system extends its operations into the far east, and its bills of lading are in force from Tokio to Buffalo, N. Y.

An American Bark Ashore.
A dispatch from Zanzibar reports that the American bark John D. Brewer, went ashore at Pangawani. The government has sent a vessel to the assistance of the Brewer.

Scraped From the Band Wagon.
The band which accompanies Buffalo Bill's Wild West Show attempted to drive under a bridge in Massillon, O. All the men were scraped off. Five or six are reported dead or dying and injured.

Poisoned by Drinking Lemonade.
News has been received of the fatal poisoning at Santiago, Minn., of a family of nine children, caused by drinking lemonade. The children died one after another, and the parents are not expected to live.

A Fatal California Fire.
Fire broke out in the residence of John Coyle in Fresno, Cal. Coyle was in the house asleep at the time and was burned to death. He was a pioneer citizen of Fresno county and possessed of considerable means.

Fiendish Woman Hanged.
News from Coeburn, Va., says that Mary Snodgrass was hanged there for the murder of a 6-months-old child by burning it in a stove. The woman was 28 years old. The Snodgrass woman was a disreputable woman and was compelled to leave Pikeville, Ky., on that account.

Bond Investigation.
Senator Harris, chairman of the senate committee to investigate the recent bond issues, says he has not yet determined whether the committee will wait until the fall before going on with its investigation or will complete its work, frame its report and make it public this summer. The last meeting adjourned subject to the call of the chairman.

The Messenger Crucified.
A London dispatch from Wady Halfa reports that the messenger who carried the news to Khalifa at Omduran that his army had been defeated at Firket, was immediately put to death by crucifixion. Khalifa announced that the same fate would be imposed upon any one who mentioned the Firket in his hearing.

A Prominent Lawyer Dead.
John Cameron Simmonds, formerly of Chicago, and a member of the bar, died at the Ward Island insane asylum, New York. His business interests were largely in the West. He was interested in mining and railway construction in California, but did much of his business in New York, and was well-known to Wall-street bankers. Mr. Simmonds was an authority on criminal law and wrote a great deal on that subject. His writings on prison reform have also made him noted.

DONE BY SMOOTH ROGUES

Great Northern Railroad Systematically Robbed.

WERE SUCCESSFUL FOR A YEAR

The Gang Operated Through the Trains—A. C. Edwards, Its Head, Has Been Arrested, and Is Held in Jail.

Seattle, Wash., July 21.—By a smooth gang of rogues, of which a number of railroad men were members, the Great Northern railway has been robbed systematically for a period covering at least a year past, of a sum of money estimated at from \$2,000, at the lowest, to \$5,000, at a reasonable estimate. The gang operated through the trains running from Seattle to Spokane. Over this portion of the road men have been carried for the nominal fare of \$7.50, while the regular rate to Spokane is \$15.30. But not a dollar of the money ever found its way into the coffers of the company. It was taken by the ringleaders of the gang in Seattle and divided among the trainmen, who were in on the deal.

That the company was thus being robbed regularly by its employes and others outside the service, first came to the knowledge of the officials of the road about June 1 this year. Detectives were at once employed to ferret out the conspiracy and within six weeks confessions had been obtained from the ringleaders of the gang and from a number of men who had been carried over the road by paying to the hoodlums \$7.50. The gang of swindlers was primarily composed of gamblers, "con" men and variety theater employes and hangers-on. The general public was not taken into the scheme. The class of people who travel from town to town on the Sound circuit of variety theaters and men who for various reasons had to keep moving profited by the operations of the gang.

The head of the gang was A. C. Edwards, who was arrested this morning. He is now in the county jail in default of bail. Edwards is a son of United States Commissioner Edwards of Alaska, who was appointed from Spokane by President Cleveland. Edwards is a well-known character, both in Seattle and Spokane and Tacoma. He was formerly editor of the Spokane Sunday Sun, a sensational sheet. He was arrested several times in Spokane, charged with libel and slander. At Seattle he conducted a job printing office. Mrs. Edwards has the appearance of being a lady of refinement and education. It is not believed that she had any knowledge of her husband's doings.

RHODES FOUND GUILTY.

Report of the Cape Cod Commission. The Cape Cod Commission has reported that Cecil Rhodes was guilty of the murder of Jameson. The report states that Rhodes was the author of the plan to capture Jameson, and that he was the one who shot him. The commission also found that Rhodes was guilty of the murder of Dr. Collins. The report states that Rhodes was the one who shot Dr. Collins, and that he was the one who was responsible for the death of Dr. Collins. The commission also found that Rhodes was guilty of the murder of Dr. Collins. The report states that Rhodes was the one who shot Dr. Collins, and that he was the one who was responsible for the death of Dr. Collins.

The Chartered South Africa Company the committee finds, supplied all the funds for the raid, with the knowledge of its London office. Cecil Rhodes afterward refunded the amount to the company. The report of the select committee concludes with an expression of regret that Cecil Rhodes did not attend the committee's meetings to give evidence. The committee is therefore forced to the conclusion that this conduct was not consistent with the duty of a Cape premier.

Shot in Self Defense.
La Veta, Col., July 21.—Dr. J. W. Collins, a prominent citizen, this afternoon shot and killed Captain P. R. Coleman, a well-known hunter and an old soldier. The shooting occurred in Dr. Collins' house. No one except Dr. Collins and his wife witnessed the tragedy, and the doctor claimed it was done in self defense. The parties had been eating dinner together and drinking. Collins claimed Coleman commenced abusing Mrs. Collins, and Coleman fired the first shot, and he (Collins) fired in self-defense.

Maddened by Fear.
Athens, July 22.—Dispatches received from Canea state that a panic occurred there Sunday in the Plantza quarter, owing to a fire which was mistaken as a signal for carnage. The houses were forthwith barricaded. British Captain Drory landed boats, carrying armed sailors. Austrian and Russian ships also landed men in Canea and Haleppa. The Turks were finally dispersed. The shops were closed and nobody dared stay in the streets. A correspondent says that as he passed through the town the dead and wounded were lying about, and the panic continued. A number of Cretans arrived here, making demands to the committee for perfected guns.

To Their Old Reservation.

Chamberlain, S. D., July 22.—A clause in the Indian appropriation bill granted permission to the Lower Brule Indians, who prior to July 3, 1890, lived south of White river on the Rosebud Indian reservation, to return there and select the allotments of land occupied by them prior to that date. About 400 of the Lower Brules have just taken advantage of this clause and removed to their former homes. The government will have to pay the Rosebud Indians at the rate of \$1 per acre for all lands settled upon and occupied by the Lower Brules.

Wants to Wear the Belt.

New York, July 22.—J. H. Hildebrand, the Johannesburg, sporting man has arrived in this city, accompanied by Denver Ed Smith. Hildebrand claims the championship for Smith, saying that he had \$1,000 up for over a month and nobody would cover it. Smith himself declared his ability to defeat anything in the world, Corbett, Fitzsimmons, Jackson, Goddard, Sharkey and so on preferred in that order.

Woman Attempts Suicide.

Chicago, July 22.—Because her husband abused her, Mrs. Henry Wellhouse attempted to drown herself and four children last evening in the lake at the foot of Twenty-fifth street. She was intercepted by the police in the act of leading the children into the lake.

COMMITTED SUICIDE.

But First John Becker Burned His Dwelling House.

Roseburg, Or., July 21.—John Becker, a native of Bavaria, living at Cleveland, fifteen miles west of Roseburg, committed suicide yesterday, after having burned his dwelling-house and its contents.

He had trouble with his wife in the forenoon, and beat her over the head with a revolver. His 16-year old son took the weapon from him. The mother and youngest child then went to a neighbor, half a mile distant, and a 19-year-old son came to Roseburg to have the father arrested. Meantime, Becker set fire to the house and disappeared. His body was found early this morning a mile from home, and 500 feet from Von Pessel's vineyard. He went to Von Pessel's house, took a revolver from him, and shot himself. He had been strangely for some time, and evidently insane.

An Arkansas Town Burned.

The Rock, Ark., July 21.—Mal-Ark., at the junction of the Hot Springs railway, was almost entirely destroyed by fire early this morning. The town was a city of about 6,000 inhabitants, the business portion of the town being clustered around the station. All this section was destroyed, only three business-houses remaining. The total loss is variously estimated at from \$200,000 to \$400,000, a small portion of which is covered by insurance. The burned buildings included the railroad depot, hotels and the bank. The fire was undoubtedly the result of a plot to burn the town. The blaze broke out at midnight, in three different places, and as there was no apparatus, the town burned itself out.

WORK AT THE LOCKS.

Work on the Water Goes Down, Operations Will Commence.

Dalles, Or., July 21.—The \$1,000,000 appropriated in the last river and harbor bill for completing the canal and locks at the cascades of the Columbia river are now available, and Mr. McDonald, superintendent of stonecutters under Day Bros., informed a Dalles man who was visiting at the Locks a few days since, that work would be resumed on the canal, he thought, about August 1, or as soon as the water had receded sufficiently so that the canal between the upper guard gate and the lock gate can be drained of water.

The engineers have determined to construct walls of solid masonry between the upper guard and lock gates, and it is estimated that these walls can be completed in two or three months. The construction of these walls will be under the supervision of Day Bros., on the basis of their former contract for similar work.

A force of from fifty to sixty men will be put on the stone work within two weeks, and the building of the walls will be pushed to completion. Then the work of rip-rapping the outer bank on the river side will be commenced, and it is estimated that six months will be required to complete the entire job.

MASSACRED BY THE TURKS

Forty-Five Hundred Armenians-Slain.

BITLIS VILLAGES ARE PILLAGED

The Diarbekir District Ravaged by the Sultan's Soldiers—City of Egin Flamed—Massacre Imminent at Antab.

London, July 20.—The Chronicle publishes a dispatch from Constantinople which asserts that massacres have occurred at Egin, in the Diarbekir district of Armenia, in which 4,500 persons were killed, and the city was pillaged.

The Turkish authorities are trying to keep the report of the massacre secret, according to the Chronicle's correspondent.

He also reports that in the Bitlis district almost every village has been ruined and that a massacre is imminent at Antab, the beginning being deferred until an order is received from the sultan's palace.

No Signs of Peace.

Canea, July 20.—Tuesday evening after a consular council one of the consuls declared the situation to be very grave. The military authorities are assuming an aggressive attitude. The general sentiment is that Abdullah Pasha is striving, in conjunction with the Mussulmans, to prevent an entente from being brought about.

The Turks were repulsed yesterday by the Christians. The affair was a serious one, a large force of troops being engaged. The military authorities are acting contrary to the instructions received from Constantinople. The Mussulman population is working actively with the Turkish army with the usual vexatious results.

Seven men and two women who were engaged as harvesters have been massacred at Kostani. Reports come in giving accounts of fighting and pillaging in five other villages. These have rendered the consuls and the native Christians pessimistic regarding the possibility of making peace.

Under the pretext of removing the bodies of the sailors who were killed yesterday by insurgents when pursuing a rescue boat containing fugitive Christians, Turkish troops are advancing to Apokorana. The consuls are holding a council.

Behring Sea Claims.

Washington, July 20.—The representatives of the United States and Great Britain on the commission to adjust the claims of British subjects for damage sustained through seizure of their vessels while sealing in Behring sea before the adoption of the first modus vivendi, have at length been selected. The treaty ratified by the last session of congress provides for the appointment of two commissioners, one from Great Britain and the other from the United States. The British commissioner will be Hon. George F. King, at present one of the justices of the supreme court of Canada, while the United States commissioner will be Hon. William L. Putnam, United States judge for the first circuit in Upper New England. Judge Putnam was a member of the international commission of 1886, which negotiated the fisheries convention, during Secretary Bayard's administration of the state department. It is understood that Don M. Dickinson has been selected as counsel for the United States before the commission.

A Sky Scraping Skeleton.

Chicago, July 20.—Chicago is to have a tower, the highest of its kind ever constructed. It is to be called the Seth tower, and will be 1,150 feet high and 500 feet square at the base. The tower company is an incorporated one, capitalized at \$800,000, having for its president D. B. Proctor, and will rear this lofty steel skeleton on the old baseball park property owned by the New York people, for which a lease for a term of years has been secured. This enterprise is based on business lines, and the projectors of the scheme intend to equip the tower with a theater, restaurants, searchlights, and telescopes; while such entertainments as aerial flights, balloon ascensions, parachute drops and high tightrope performances, as well as electrical and pyrotechnical displays will be given. Chicago's tower, its promoters say, will surpass the Eiffel tower, in Paris, in point of design, magnitude and appointments, and will contain fourteen elevators, as against six in the Eiffel.

A Murderer Killed.

Spokane, Wash., July 20.—Trainmen on the Great Northern train, which arrived today from the West, report the killing of David Leroy, a fugitive murderer, by a sheriff's posse, from Snohomish. The killing is said to have occurred near Wilson creek. It is said the sheriff's posse ran Leroy into the rocks, where a running fight took place. Leroy barricaded himself behind some boulders, where he was shot and killed by the officers. On June 29, at Monte Cristo, Leroy killed a peddler named Nathan Phillips, putting three bullets into his victim, after which he robbed him of his pack. Governor McGraw offered \$500 reward for the capture of the murderer.