# OCCIDENTAL NEWS.

Oregon's Excellent Display at the World's Fair.

FLATTERING EASTERN COMMENT

A Model Hydraulic Placer Mine Attracts the Attention of the Immense Throng.

The total Columbia river salmon pack will be about 275,000 cases, 173,000 short

of last year. An international irrigation convention is called to meet at Deming, N. M., or

November 7. A colony of thirty families is reported

traveling with its teams overland from Nebraska to the vicinity of Olympia. The Indians in some parts of Oregon notably at Grant, have been offering po

nies for sale at from \$2.50 to \$7 apiece. A. D. Childress, manager of the clearing house at Los Angeles, has resigned at the solicitation of the clearing-house banks.

The depositors in the Los Angeles City Bank, it is said, will not get 25 cents on the dollar, owing to the loose methods of business employed.

The Spokane Bar Association is urging the claims of Montana, Idaho and Eastern Washington to a sitting of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals and the location of Spokane as desirable for all concerned.

Charles Johnson, a member of an ex-tensive gang of freight-car thieves working between San Francisco and Sacra-mento, has been arrested at the latter The other thieves will probably be

taken in a few days.

The scarcity of salmon in the Columbia this season is more marked than ever before, and has led to the belief in many quarters that the river is fished out, and that fish wheels, traps and seines must be abolished in future if the industry is to be revived.

Ling Sing, a Christianized Chinese who has been employed on the revenue cutter Oliver Wolcott for ten years as the Captain's private steward, has been arrested on board that vessel at Port Townsend for smuggling opium into the United Stated from British Columbia When the man's apartments were searched, eighteen five-tael cans of prepared opium were found concealed be

The people of Yuma and vicinity held a mass meeting recently, and unani mously agreed to request United States Attorney-General Olney not to appeal to attorney-teneral oliver not to appear to the United States Supreme Court the Algodones land-grant case, recently de-cided in favor of the claimants by the United States Land Court of Private Claims. The reasons given are that the settlers on the grant are perfectly satisfied with the decision.

A fisherman on the Lower Columbia had his net in the river, and was making a drift, when the steamer T. J. Potter passed on her way to Astoria. The captain did not see the net, and in pass-ing one of the vessel's big wheels picked it up and wound it around the shaft, taking the fisherman and part of his boat with it. Fortunately he was so completely tangled in the net that he was held firmly in one place and carried around, and escaped being dashed to pieces. His onter's for help were heard and the steamer was stopped, and he was released.

In speaking of Oregon being unrepro sented in the National Board the Chica go Tribune of a late date remarks: "Or egon is without representation in the deliberations of the National Commission, and in this incident there is an-other feature of the old Cleveland-Pen-noyer feud. One of Oregon's National Commissioners is ill, and his alternate resigned. To this resignation the Governor paid no heed. Oregon's other Commissioner is not in the city, and the Governor s refusal to notify the Presi-dent of the vacancy in the commission leaves Oregon without a spokesman. Oregonians are fearful that they will fare ill in the apportionment of jurors of awards, and have asked the National Commission to take such action as will result in Oregon having a voice in the body's deliberations."

presented to visitors is the magnificent educational exhibit, now fully open and complete, in the department of liberal arts. Nearly all of the States and Ter-ritories are creditably represented. Particularly are the most distant States well represented, from the Atlantic to the Pacific, and of these no exhibit is more attractive than that presented by the State of Oregon. Its specific characteristics are numerous and many of them unique, and at once hold the attention of the passer-by. In the department of ornithology there is a magnificent dis-play of all the game birds of Oregon el-egantly mounted. There are free-hand and mechanical drawings and photo-graph work illustrating all features of public-school work through the several grades. Of the higher institutions of learning the State University, the State Agricultural College and the Willamette University lead in their exhibits. The entire exhibit is a tribute to the enterprise, skill and ability of the teachers and schools of the Web-foot State.—

Chicago Inter-Ocean, One of the most attractive exhibits to the public in the mines and minin building is the model or miniature by dramic placer unine in the Oregon sec-tion, which as a drawing card to the general public is only surpassed by the silver statue of "Justice." The placer mine consists of a bed of gravel about fifteen feet long and six feet wide, with sluteeway through the middle. A small hydraulic ram throws a vigorous stream of water against the gravel bank, carrying the dirt down in the sluice where th gold is caught by the rifles placed cross wise in the box. A number of Oregon placer-mining properties gave the gravel, 100 sacks of 150 pounds each coming from the following properties: Ingram & Baker, Centennial and Willow Springs in Willow Springs district, Davenport in the Davenport district; on the opening day some gravel from the Basin mine, the property of Captain Clough of Portland, was worked over; a clean-up was made after each bag was worked, but the gold was allowed to remain in the boxes in order to give visitors an insight into the system of placer-mining. A final clean-up was made late in the afternoon, which netted about one ounce of gold dust and two nuggets weighing about

#### BUSINESS BREVITIES.

The tin-plate factory at Elwood, Ind. as resumed work, giving employn

Canada supplies nearly all the plumago used by Amrican manufacturers of ad pencils.

Four hundred and forty persons in his country live on the labor of every 100 workers. There are seventy-seven zinc mines in Prussia, which produce one-half the

world's zinc. It is stated that women hold 156,081 shares in Philadelphia building and loan

The distance from New York to Melsourne via San Francisco is 12.265 miles : to Hongkong, 10,590 miles.

Glass bricks are made so cheaply that it seems only a matter of time when lass houses may come in fashion. During the last three years English capitalists have invested \$213,000,000 in

Mexico and American capitalists \$345,-British manufacturers of agricultural

machinery and hardware acknowledge that the United States is in keen competition Fifty-six years ago the block on which

he Chicago postoffice now stands was old at auction for \$505. It is now worth 10,000,000. The Amoskeag mills, which has closed for the month of August according to vote of its directors at Manchester, N.

H., employs 8,000 hands. The most expensive fur is the skin of the black fox of Kamtchatka. These an-mals are scarce and hard to kill, and a

ingle skin sells for about \$1,000. Toboggan expresses have been a featre in the bowlder district of Montana he past season, and have been very useul in conveying freight to points off the

nain road. The smallest horse in the world is named General Tom Thumb. He belongs to a museum out West. He is three feet high, and weighs only eighty-

ive pounds. The salaries paid to persons in the civil service of the United States amount to 490,000,000 annually. This amount pays the wages of 180,000 persons. The verage is \$500 a year.

The fast train over the New York Cen-tral and the Lake Shore between New York and Chicago must, it is stated, carry seventy-five through passengers to pay the cost of running it.

In round numbers the total amount o ife insurance written by the different insurance companies of the world is \$12,000,000,000. Of this sum \$5,500,000, 000 are placed in the United States.

Soil in Egypt is tilled by exactly the same kind of plow as that used there 5,000 years ago. The furrows made are extremely shallow, and the clods are urther broken up with a big wooder Notwithstanding the world's great me

chanical progress there are wine districts in France, Spain and Italy where the grapes are still trodden with bare feet under the idea that the wine is better when made so.

The British insurance companies during the year 1892 received in premiums £17,518,067, and paid out in losses £11, 662,967. The expenses and commissions paid by forty companies are placed at ver £5,700,000.

Electric street railways in the United States have in operation a mileage which exceeds the sum of street railways run by other powers, viz.: 5,939 miles run by electricity, 4,460 by horses, 646 by cable and 620 by steam.

A writer has figured out that the United States produces 2,200 pounds of grain to each inhabitant; Denmark, 2,005; Canada, 1,500; Russia, 1,200; Roumania, 1,150; Spain, 1,100; France, 990; Sweden, 980; Argentine Republic, 850; Australia, 760; Germany, 790; Belgium, 600; Portugal, 550; Ireland, 500 scotland, 400; England, 360.

### PURELY PERSONAL.

Attorney-General Hendricks of Ken tucky prides himself on the fact that he ose from a laborer to his present place of dignity and honor.

Charles Foster, ex-Secretary of the Treasury, is meeting the usual fate of the unfortunate. Now he is charged with gross mismanagement, if nothing worse, of the financial affairs of those who had intrusted their interests to his

has been planned by Colonel E. F. John-ston of Philadelphia, Philo Beveridge of Chicago, M. C. Picking of Ottumwa, Ia., and R. Edgecomb, nephew of Lord Edge-

Mme, Laboudy, widow of the great French sugar refiner, who left her a for-tune of \$30,000,0 0, lives in a small house at St. Cloud, and spends about \$1,000 a year. Her son, however, is compensating for this maternal economy by squandering the fortune with a prodigal hand

In the marriage of Miss Catherine Weed Barnes to Henry Snowden Ward. editor of the English photographic mag-azine, New York loses one of its bright-est women, and the "right little tight little island" will gain one of the best women amateur photographers in this

Country.

Gabrielle Greeley, daughter of the founder of the New York Tribune, is married to Rev. F. M. Clendinin, pastor f a fashionable church at Westeh ster. Y. She is active in all the charitable work in the parish, and has done a great deal toward building the hospital, which is now nearly finished.

Baron William von Faber, the only on of Baron Lothar von Faber and part owner of the world-renowned lead pen-ell factory in Nuremberg, died in Germany a few days ago. The family is one of the wealthiest in Germany, and its members stand high among the patrimans of old Nuremberg.

Lord Beaumont, who is descended from the last King of Jerusalem, suc-ceeded to the title last year at the death of his elder brother. He has traveled extensively in the United States with the avowed purpose of wedding an heirss. His name figures honorably on the ervice records of the British army.

Robert Buchanan in a communication to the London Chronicle remarks: "It is not for my pen to proclaim what the hand which holds it has done, but I could stake my oath that I have fed more mouths and helped more struggling con-rades than all the societies of authors put together. I care little for fame and

ess for money Gertrude Petan, 18 years old, lives in South Dakota, where she is known as the "Lady Cowboy." Her father owns 300 head of cattle, of which she has en-tire charge. She does not simply take the cattle to the range and leave them there, but remains with them and takes care of them as well as could any cowroy. Her duties frequently take her rom thirty to forty miles from home, as the cattle must be kept moving in order to feet them well. She wears a wide-brimmed white felt hat, long-gauntlet gloves, carries a lariat coiled about the which netted about one ounce of gold the cattle must be kept moving in order "Unless the hast stops its senseless dust and two nuggets weighing about to feed them well. She wears a wide-clamor to reduce the country to a gold one-eighth of an ounce each. This special attraction is in charge of F. H. Rowe, clal attraction is in charge of F. H. Rowe, superintendent of the Oregon mining loon of her saddle, is provided with the people to feundal slavery, a combination of her saddle, is provided with two would at once be formed with the behavior on seal life in Russian territory will be large enough to more than double the referred to a district tribunal sitting at receipts taken in after 6 colock.

#### EASTERN MELANGE.

Trouble Brewing in Railroad Circles in Nebraska.

AUSTRALIAN BALLOT IN FLORIDA Were

Suspended Pensioners Given More Time in Which to Make Proof of Their Rights.

The wheat crop of Illinois is the smallst ever known.

Chicago's unemployed number more han ever before.

The troops will soon be removed from the East Tennessee coal mines.

The biggest gas well in America was struck near Pittsburg last week. It is said all the members of the Cab et will keep house this winter.

The Mormon Tabernacle choir will East to sing at the World's Fair. Work will be begun on a new Federal building at Burlington, Ia., at once. Hot weather has given East Tennes

the best cotton crop in twenty years.

The Board of Trade of New Orleans is orking to secure a better mail service. There was an increase of over \$17,000,-00 in the amount of currency during

A plague of grasshoppers is sweeping down on the farmers in the Tennessee

Aluminium car tickets are in use on a

Labor day in St. Louis, it is predicted. will furnish the greatest procession ever

More hard coal has been mined so far this year than ever before in a corre-

sponding period. Girls may legally smoke cigarettes on the streets. So reads the decision of a

ettlement on September 1. New York is having no end of trouble with its cable railroad on Broadway. It

oreaks down every day or two. Ex-Governor Campbell of Ohio announces that under no circumstances will be be a candidate this fall.

Returns from recent school elections n Kansas show that women are fond of exercising the right of suffrage. Advices from Labrador report the cod-

fishing excellent and salmon-fishing fair. There are no reports of distress. The property in the county of New York which was exempt from taxation last year amounted to \$604,000,000.

A Baltimore asphalt company has dis-charged 1,000 hands because the banks would not discount its city warrants. The new postmaster at Dundee, Mich.,

among his other qualifications has mustache 324 inches from tip to tip. There is trouble brewing in railroad circles of Nebraska over the injunction proceedings in the maximum freight law.

A company has applied for incorporation which proposes to construct a ship canal from Lake St. Clair to Lake Erie. The Australian ballot was used for the first time in Florida recently at Jackson-

ville, and gave unqualified satisfaction. New England farmers are reported to be unable to harvest crops that are re-markably fine because of insufficient

help.
The railroads centering in Boston suffered a depreciation of more than \$10,-500,000 in stock valuation during the

month of July. There will be no more deaths from 'heart failure' in Philadelphia, for the Board of Health has declared that there s no such disease.

A colored people's insurance company, A horseback ride to last three years which had no existence, has been vic-and to extend from Texas to Patagonia timizing the colored people in New Jersey out of large sums.

Taunton, Mass., some vears ago deeded building and, having lost patience wait-

It is rumored in New York that William B. Hornblower will be selected to fill the vacancy on the United States preme Bench caused by the death of Judge Blatchford.

A plot of ground, 75x100 feet, on the corner of Fifth avenue and Eighty-first street in New York has been sold to Auust Belmont for \$285,000, or at the rate of \$38 a square foot.

In Milwaukee an old couple took fright and drew their savings—a few thousand dollars—from the bank. Since then one of them has sat up all of every night guarding the money.

Judge Lochren, Pension Commissioner has extended until October 10 the period within which pensioners whose pensions have been suspended may make proof of their right to receive them. A great scheme of changing many of

the important surface railroads in the section of New York city above Twentythird street into roads operated by ca-bles instead of by horses is agitated,

Wolves and coyotes are increasing numbers on the stock ranges in Southern Alberta as in the Dakotas and other forthwestern States, and are causing serious trouble and loss to the ranchers. The lease of the Chesapeake, Ohio and

Southwestern to the Newport News and Mississippi Valley has been canceled on iting foreign corporations from operating Secretary Mohler of the Kansas State Board of Agriculture in his monthly crop report states that the winter and spring crop of the State will not be more

than 21,000,000 bushels, as against 70, 000,000 last year. Corn has been badly damaged. The great reservoir of the Portland Me.) Water Company on the eastern promenade burst the other day, letting

President Fisk of the Pan-American Bimetallic Association has written a let-ter to the Board of Trade and Transportation of New York, in which he says: Unless the East stops its senseless

#### FROM WASHINGTON CITY.

Preparations for opening the Cherokee Strip are about completed. It is the present expectation of Secretary Smith to have the spening day set between September 1 and September 15.

Upon inquiry at the pension office it is learned that up to date there have been 6,472 pensions suspended, which were granted under the act of June 27, 1890, averaging 170 daily. A large proportion of these cases, it is said, were suspended pending a medical examination.

H. H. Gilfry of Oregon has not been displaced in the Senate, as erroneously stated. He is one of the men designed to remain. He is a Democrat. It is scarcely to be expected that Charles Newell will remain. Gilfry has served during the Republican ascendency in the enate with satisfaction.

Secretary Hoke Smith has received the annual report of Captain George S. Anderson of the Sixth Cavalry, acting superintendent of the Yellowstone National Park. The report states that the most disastrous forest fire of many years occurred during July, when a strip about seven miles long and two or more miles wide was destroyed. Tourist travel for the year was under the average. The game in the park is abundant and increasing. It is estimated there are now in the park 25,000 elk, 400 buffalo, 500 antelope and large numbers of moose, deer, beaver, bear and other wild game. Poaching has apparently increased.

Senators Dolph and Mitchell have inroduced all their old bills of last session which failed to pass. Senator Dolph's bills relate to the increase of appropriations for the Portland building and pub-lic buildings at Salem and Baker City an assay office at Portland, a number of proposed changes in the land laws and several pensions and claims bills. Sen-ator Mitchell's bills include The Dalles Aluminium car tickets are in use on a Michigan-street railway, and are quite boat railway, several proposed changes popular.

The United States Watch Company of Waltham has resumed work, but cut been pending in former Congresses relaive to Washington, including publicbuilding bills for the four principal cit-ies, right of way and land bills.

S. H. Boyd, the United States Minis ter to Siam, has not tendered his resignation to the President as a result of the publication of a personal letter which he wrote to Mr. Holderman, expressing views on the Siamese situation in very Louisville (Ky.) court.

West Virginia has suffered from a long-continued drought, but a recent violent storm has ended it.

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In the Brooklyn elevated railroad system steam as a motive power is to be superseded by electricity.

Boyd will not be asked to resign, it is understood his tenure of office will be tenure of office will be the steam as a motive power is to be superseded by electricity. Secretary Smith says the Cherokee letter public, but the Secretary declines Strip will probably be thrown open to bear him, stating that he was wholly indifferent on the subject. Mr. Boye was appointed Minister to Siam Octobe 1, 1800. The salary of the position is

\$5,000. Secretary Gresham of the State D partment needs \$100,000 to pay the ex-penses of his office. A good part of this leficit is due to the expense incurred in the entertainment of foreign visitors, notably the Duke of Veragua, While the Duke was in Chicago being luxuri-antly provided for, he wrote to the President expressing his regret that he would be delayed in reaching Washington to pay his respects to the chief executive. He was informed in reply that the President would release him from any obli-gation he might feel in that direction. He was further advised that arrange-ments had been made for his return to pain. Of course the Duke was left to nistaking the anxiety of the department The expense of the entertainment of the Duke will not fall short of \$40,000, not to mention the entertainment by private persons.

Senator Vest has introduced a bill to x the number of grains of gold and silver in gold and silver coins of the United States, the silver dollars to contain 464.4 grains of silver or 516 grains of standard silver. Vest also offered a oint resolution setting forth that the American people from tradition and interest favor bimetalism; that it is the established policy of the United States to maintain the parity between gold and silver, and that it is the duty of Congress to speedily enact such laws as will effectually maintain these objects. The most significant bill introduced in the Senate perhaps was one by Senator Hill of New York. The measure he presented leaves no doubt of his position on the financial issue. While repealing the purchasing clause of the Sherman act, it are to be equipped with snowshoes next unqualifiedly pledges the country to bimetalism. It is "A bill to repeal certain sections of the act of July 14, 1890, enwith satisfaction for several winters.

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Bussian frontier have used snowshoes hext in tins, 10c per pound; pure, in tins, 13 (alac; oregon lard, 11½@12%c.) titled an act directing the purchase of silver bullion and the issue of Treasury notes thereon and for other purposes." This repealing act, however, " is not to se construed as abandoning bimetalism. but it is hereby declared that the policy of using both gold and silver as standard noney of the country shall be estab-ished, and to the accomplishment of that end the efforts of the government shall be steadily and safely directed. The Western people are felicitating themselves on the position assumed by actions, which went into force in France actions, which went into force in France the 1st of last month, has well nigh partion looking to the restoration senator Hill. They are pleased that he should have so unqualifiedly pledged willingness to favor subsequent legisla-tion looking to the restoration of silver and almost caused the total abandon-

## CHICAGO EXPOSITION.

World's Fair Managers are devoting uch attention to schemes to increase

The Duchess of Marlborough expects o revisit her native land in September, and will attend the World's Fair.

What is claimed will be the larges agstaff ever erected is to be dedicated o the World's Fair by the State of Wash-

ngton in September. Governor Lewelling of Kansas soon appoint a commission to lay his gulf transportation scheme before forign representatives at the World's Fair. The British government has sent Maor Cragie to Chicago to report on the agricultural statistics accumulated by

It is now conceded that the stockhold-ers of the World's Fair will not get any of their money back. It is also conceded that in addition to their \$5,500,000 the city of Chicago will not get any of its \$5,000,000 back.

At a meeting of the National Commis precipitated a lengthy and heated de-bate by a resolution reducing the salapromenate purst the other day, letting loose its 20,000,000 gallons of water in a space of about fifteen minutes. Two neighboring houses were crushed like egg-helis, and four persons in them were was finally referred to a special commit-

Some of the officials and directors of the exposition have a scheme to charge 25 cents' admission to the fair after 6 o'clock in the evening. The matter has liable to imprisonment from two to six-been under discussion for several days. o'clock in the evening. The matter has liable to imprisonment from two been under discussion for several days, teen months and forfeiture of receipts taken in after 6 oclock.

## FOREIGN FLASHES.

Financial Returns of Victoria, Australia, Unsatisfactory.

THRIFTY PEASANTS OF RUSSIA.

Capturing Fur Seals on Russian Land Without Special Permission Forbidden by Ukase.

Bangkok, Siam, has a trolley street-car line, which pays handsomely. The Duke and Duchess of York re ived over 9,000 wedding presents.

A master chimney sweep is among the new members of the German Reichstag. New custodians of Shakespeare's house in Stratford are both patient and oblig-The Rhine wine production this year will be unusually large if crops do not

fail. The Franco-German frontier line is to be remarked to avoid awkward "inci-

dents. In Italy, France and Austria only from educated. The slave trade is booming in Zanzibar

according to the Bishop of that benighted region. In France it is proposed to arm the postmen who have charge of the delivery

of postal orders. Quite a colony of Americans has set-ed in Cowles, Isle of Wight, for the vachting season. Dr. Koch and his once-vaunted con-

sumption cure have fallen into sad disrepute in Germany. It is cited as complimentary that nearall the monarchs of Europe

tended by American dentists.

Russia proposes to have an international fruit exposition and congress at St, Petersburg in the fall of 1894. The finances of the Leeds corporation water works for the past year sho-clear net balance of profit of £6,351.

It has been found necessary to open ome in Sydney for servant girls out of employment, owing to existing depres-

As a result of the recent experience with France in Siam the English govern-ment manifests a strong disposition to join the triple alliance.

Russian crop prospects have greatly improved. A fairly large yield is now expected, especially of rye, the chief breadstuff of the nation. Princess Marie Bibesco swam the Helespont recently from the European shore to the Asiatic, recalling the ex-

In Germany quantities of watermel-ons are grown, but the people do not consider them fit for food. They use the luscious fruit to feed the pigs. The Alps this year are in splendid

ploits of Leander and Byron.

condition for climbing, and ascents are being made already, which are not usu-ally undertaken until a month later. News comes from Paris that Mn Rhea, the actress, has married W. F.

Hart, her leading man, who is 25 years old and fully twenty years her junior. It is 223 years since a blow was struck in the House of Commons until the row of week before last. That historic blow

It is reported that Baron de Roths-

child and Jacques Laboudy, a million-aire sugar refiner, will start shortly a 1cent sporting daily paper named the of Con- Jockey Club. According to the opinions express by various Berlin journals the intended Boer "trek" into German Southwest Africa will not be sanctioned by the im-

> The tirailleurs of the Russian army Baron von Bauer, Austrian Minister

War, said at the sitting of the Budget

perial government.

committee of the Austrian delegation the other day that the present condition of society did not permit of the abolition The financial returns of the Australian colony of Victoria for the year ending July 30 are expected to show a deficit of

about £1,068,000 in addition to a debit balance of £960,000 brought forward from last year. The new tax on Stock Exchange trans

The Indian railways show a net loss of The Indian railways show a net loss of 98 lacs of rupees. This unfavorable result is attributed to the heavy fall in except weight. \$6.00; shearlings, \$234c, live charges. change. Had silver remained at par,

the guaranteed railways would have shown a good surplus. British agricultural statistics show ery unsatisfactory conditions. The number of failures among farmers in the British Isles during the first six months

of this year was 40 per cent larger than those of the corresponding time in 1892. In South Africa the Kaffir servants have formed a union to which the mem-bers have to give a "character" for their mistresses. No member is allowed to enter upon a situation unless the regis-tered character of the mistress of the house is satisfactory.

The thrifty peasants of Poltava, Rus sia, have shown themselves smart enough to take advantage even of a pest. Recently their fields were invaded swarms of Spanish flies, which they tured and found a ready market for at the druggists' for \$1 a pound.

established in China. The imperial government has approved a plan, drawn up by Sir Robert Hart, under which the native postal organization will entirely disappear and will be replaced by an imperial postoffice, with branches through-out the country, under the management of qualified foreigners. An imperial ukase issued recently for bids the killing or capturing of fur seals

on Russian land without special permis-

#### PORTLAND MARKET.

WHEAT-Valley, \$1.00@1.021; Walla Walla, 90@92\c per cental.

FLOUR, FEED, ETC. FLOUR-Standard, \$3.40; Walla Walla \$3.40; graham, \$3.00; superfine, \$2.50

per barrel. OATS—White,42@43c per bushel; gray 40c; rolled, in bags, \$6.25@6.50; bar-rels, \$6.50@6.75; cases, \$3.75. Millstuffs — Bran, \$18.00; shorts, #21.00; ground barley, \$22@23; chop feed, \$18 per ton; whole feed, barley, 80 @85c per cental; middlings, \$23@28 per ton; chicken wheat, \$1.22\4@1.25

per cental. DAIRY PRODUCE.

BUTTER—Oregon fancy creamery, 22½
@25c; fancy dairy, 17½@20c; fair to
good, 15@16c; common, 12½c per pound;
California, 35@44c per roll.
CHEESE — Oregon, 12½c; California,

11@1314c; Young America, 1414c per

pound. Eggs-Oregon and Eastern, 15@16c per dozen.

POULTRY — Chickens, old, \$4.00;
broilers, large, \$2.00@3.00; small, \$1.50
@2.00; ducks, old, \$3.50@4.00; young,
\$2.50@3.50; geese, \$7.50 per dozen; turkeys, live, 12½@14c per pound; dressed,
none in the market. per dozen.

VEGETABLES AND FRUITS. VEGETABLES-Cabbage, 11/4c per pound; California potatoes, \$1.00 per sack; Oregon, 75c; new onions, 1½c per pound; cucumbers, Oregon, 25c per dozen; California, \$1.25 per box; string beans, 2@4c per pound; tomatoes, 80c@\$1,00 per box; green corn, 10@125c per dozen; sweet

potatoes, 25 @3c per pound. Faurrs—Sicily lemons, \$6.00@6.50 per

STAPLE GROCERIES, DRIED FRUITS—Petite prunes, 10@11c; silver, 11@12c; Italian, 13½c; German, 10@11c; plums, 8@9c; evaporated apples, 10@11c; evaporated apricots, 12@ 15c; peaches, 10@12%c; pears, 7@11c per pound. HONEY-Choice comb, 18c per pound;

new Oregon, 16@20c; extract, 9@10c. SALT — Liverpool, 100s, \$16.00; 50s, \$16.50; stock, \$8.50@9.50. COFFEE—Costa Rica, 22c; Rio, 21c; Salvador, 21½c; Mocha, 26½@30c; Java, 24½@30c; Arbuckle's and Lyon, 100pound cases, 24.85c per pound; Columbia, same, 24.85c. Rice—Island,\$4.75@5.00; Japan,\$4.75;

New Orleans, \$4.50 per cental.

BEANS—Small whites, 31/4c; pinks, 33/4c; bayos, 31/4c; butter, 4c; lima, 4c per pound. per pound, Syave—Eastern, in barrels, 40@55c; in half-barrels, 42@57c; in cases, 35@ 80c per gallon; \$2.25 per keg; California, in barrels, 20@40c per gallon; \$1.75 per

keg.
SUGAR—D, 5%c; Golden C, 5%c; extra
C, 5%c; confectioners' A, 6%c; dry granulated, 6%c; cube, crushed and powdered, 7% per pound; % per pound discount on all grades for prompt cash; maple sugar, 15@16c per pound.

CANNED GOODS, CANNED GOODS—Table fruits, assorted, \$1.75@2.00; peaches, \$1.85@2.10; Bart-

pound; covered, 14%@15%c; breakfast bacon, uncovered, 16@17c; covered, 15% @16c; short clear sides, 13@14c;

HOPS, WOOL AND HIDES. Hors-'92s, 10@16c per pound, according to quality; new crop, '93s, 15@17c.
Woot.—Umpqua valley, 14@15c; fall
clip, 13@14c; Willamette valley, 10@ 12c, according to quality; Eastern Ore-gon, 6@14c per pound, according to gon, 6@14 condition.

HIDES—Dry hides, selected prime, 6(6.8c; green, selected, over 55 pounds, 4c; under 55 pounds, 3c; sheep pelts, short wool, 30(650c; medium, 60(680c; long, 90c@\$1.25; shearlings, 10@20c; tallow, good to choice, 3@5c per pound. LIVE AND DRESSED MEAT.

to good steers, \$2.00@2.50; good to choice cows, \$1.50@2.00; dressed beef, \$3.50@ MUTTON - Choice mutton,

Hoss—Choice heavy, \$5.00@5.50; medium, \$4.50@5.00; light and feeders, \$4.50@5.00; dressed, \$7.00.

VEAL-\$4.00 @6.00. BAGS AND BAGGING Burlaps, 8-ounce, 40-inch, net cash, 6c; burlaps, 10½-ounce, 40-inch, net cash, 7c; burlaps, 12-ounce, 45-inch, 7½c; burlaps, 15-ounce, 60-inch, 12½c; burlaps, 20-ounce, 76-inch, 14c; wheat bags, Calcutta, 23x36, spot, 6½c; 2,burlap out bags, 7c.

bags, Calcutta, 20 2-bushel oat bags, 7c. MISCELLANEOUS. Tis-I. C. charcoal, 14x20, prime qual-Tis-1. C. charcoal, 14x20, prime quality, \$8.50 © 9.00 per box; for crosses, \$2 extra per box; I. C. coke plates, 14x20, prime quality, \$7.50 © 8.00 per box; terne plate, I. C., prime quality, \$6.50 © 7.00.

Name—Base quotations: Iron, \$2.25; tend \$2.25 per key.

Inon-Bar, 234c per pound; pig-iron, \$23@25 per ton. 23@25 per ton.

STESL—Per pound, 10½c.

LEAD—Per pound, 4½c; bar, 6½c.

LEAD—Strongs—Oakum, 44.50@5.00 per bale; resin, 44.80@5.00 per 480 pounds; tar, Stockholm, \$13; Carolina, \$9 per barrel; pitch, \$6 per barrel; turpentine, 65c per gallon in car lots.

steel, \$2.35; wire, \$2.75 per keg.

Flying Machines.

Flying machines of the future will of Flying machines of the future will of necessity be of a complicated and delicate nature, and will require the very highest order of scientific and mechanical skill to construct and operate them. France is to construct and operate them. France is today the only country in the world which has the plant and in which it would be possible to manufacture all the material and to construct a machine such as I am now experimenting with. Flying machines will therefore be employed only by the rich and highly civilized nations. Small nations and half-civilized tribes will

## FARM AND GARDEN.

The Kind of Man Who Succeeds in Poultry Farming.

OHIO EDITOR'S OPINION GIVEN.

Poultry Keeping Pays the Man Who Puts Brains, Energy, Skill and Capital Into It.

The Ohio Farmer says: We have a letter before us from a young man who wants to go into poultry farming, and he asks the usual questions, winding up with the all-embracing one:
"Will it pay?" That question is asked
a thousand times a year, and the inquirers all know that poultry farming,
like any other kind of farming, will pay like any other kind of farming, will pay if it is managed right. The evidence that it will pay, that it has paid and that it is paying now is overwhelming. It pays the man who knows how and who has the requisite energy and business ability. A prominent grocery firm in this city has within a few years worked up a family trade in fresh eggs of nearly 500,000 dozens annually. It was done by looking up the men who knew how to get eggs in the winter season when fresh eggs and a layers. son, when fresh eggs are a luxury. A representative of the firm said to us: "We care nothing for the man who can box; California new crop, \$5.50@6.00 furnish eggs only when any fool can furnish eggs of the eggs of t per box; bananas, \$1.50@3.00 per bunch; oranges, \$3.00 per box; pineapples, \$6.00 per dozen; cherries, 65@70c per box; new California apples, \$1.25 per box; peaches, 80c@\$1.00 per box; Oregon, 50@ 75c per box; Oregon peach plums, 75c@ \$1.00 per box; apricots, \$1.25 per box; currants, 4@5c per pound; Bartlett pears, \$1.25@1.50 per box; raspberries, 5c; California figs, 75c@\$1.00 per box; water melons, \$2.00@3.00 per dozen; cantaloupes, \$1.50@1.75 per dozen; cantaloupe and keeps 300 hens. This grocery firm sent him 469.80 for his February eggs last winter, and from March 4 to 11, one week, his fowls shelled out 130 to 158 eggs per day, just when they were bringeggs per day, just when they were bring-ing the tailest prices. Oh, yes; poultry keeping pays the man who puts brains, energy, skill and the necessary capital into it. But it must be made an all-theyear-round business. If you give the hens a vacation, let it be in the summer, when eggs are low and poultry not wanted. The dairyman who feeds the heads off a lot of dry cows during the summer and the poultryman who lets his hens manage the business as they please will soon require an assignee. The man who quietly submits to circumstances in any branch of the business is the man who gets left. The man who makes cir-cumstances is the man who succeeds.

WHAT OF THE PUTURE? John Gould said recently in Practical Farmer: That dairying has disaster before it is one of the impossibilities, as each year the intelligence of the industry is on the increase, and the greater the amount of brains behind an industry the less the liability of misfortune. At a late institute one of the speakers not a dairyman—said that to-day he re-garded the advanced dairymen of this country the best informed and not only wide-awake but alert class, ready to take advantage of every opportunity that could be found. They were continually on the hunt for a better cow and better in the House of Commons until the row of week before last. That historic blow cost its author an imprisonment in the Tower.

A good deal of high play has been going on just lately in some of the London chales. The practice of paying with "paper" has been very much on the increase.

The State railways of Cape Colony, South Africa, yielded last year £4 148 81 per cent on a capital of £18,500,000 per cent on a capital of £18,500,000 means the state of the sta on the funt for a better cow and better stable for her and cheaper and in com-bining foods for her te stimulate produc-tion. No class of feeders could equal them. They talked better crops and better saving all fertility possible, but were after soil combinations as well, and, deed, it is ments." Such testimony and shows the material that is actuating the dairymen of this country. The farmer's dairy is a creation of his own conception of "cow keeping," and the good of the poor dairy is only a practical example of the brain power of two men as applied to dairy practice. Where the dairy has come to a State or locality and dairy has come to a State or locality and dairy has come to a State or locality and dairy has come to a State or locality and dairy has come to a State or locality and dairy has come to a State or locality and dairy has come to a State or locality and dairy has come to a State or locality and dairy has come to a State or locality and dairy has come to a State or locality and dairy has come to a State or locality and dairy has come to a State or locality and dairy has come to a State or locality and dairy has come to a State or locality and dairy has come to a State or locality and dairy has come to a State or locality and dairy has come to a State or locality and dairy has come to a State or locality and dairy has come to a State or locality and deed, it is to ments."

Such testimony ments." Such testimony and shows the material that is actuating the dairy has come to a creation of his own conception of "cow keeping." and the good of the poor dairy is only a practical example of the brain power of two men as applied to dairy practice. stant revenue and source of fertility that, if saved and used as it may be, means a steady augmentation of fertility that has the power of making the grain fields, depleted with grain raising, again fruit-

ful and a reward for intelligent labor. SOME PRACTICAL POINTERS. Dry times are good for stopping leaks

When a sheep dies it leaves enough to

n roofs. The highest price calls for a first-class product.

pay its debts. Chickens which feather slowly are said to be always hardy. All farms which will grow clover would profit by having a field or two of it.

A field of potatoes usually pays a fair profit if kept free from weeds and well

BEEF-Prime steers, \$2.50@2.75; fair ultivated. Keep lambs growing well during the first year by giving them the choicest pasture with some grain. Work out a systematic plan for the

farm buildings, and leave a place for those which will come later. The most prosperous communities are those where the farms are of moderate size and thoroughly cultivated. A neat and attractive appearance of products offered for sale often has much

to do with the price received. When partially cured hav is wet by rain, much of the most readily digested matter is leached out and lost. There are many wastes on farms. Look-

ing after the little things as well as the greater ones is what counts for profit. Give the work horses plenty of grain food with enough protein or muscle-forming food to keep them in condition-Give sheep a handy shelter into which hey can go in case of storms. A wet

fleece is one of the sheep's worst ene-Keep the old geese for breeding pur-poses. They will breed until quite aged, and will not sell nearly as well as the

Do not make the roosts too high, for heavy birds come to the floor with more force than is beneficial, and thus leg troubles are often caused.

There is a good story told concerning the

ing in the duke's library, and loving! bandling the almost priceless books. The duke watched him, and saw the genuine appreciation he displayed, and when Mt. Daly heaved a deep sigh as he reluctantly iaid back the volumes on the shelves his grace generously begged him to accept an armful. In vain the actor protested the Small nations and half-civilized tribes will still have to content themselves with their present mode of warfare.—Hiram S. Maxim in Century.

Small nations and half-civilized tribes will duke persisted, and Mr. Augustin Dalf possesses today a most remarkable two score or more of these books.—London Contents of the parts.