Lincoln County Leader.

J. F. STEWART, Publisher.

.....OREGON

OCCIDENTAL NEWS.

Thunder and Rain Throughout the Colorado Desert.

A U. S. PAYMASTER ARRESTED.

Another Rich Strike in Gold Baker City - Damages for False Imprisonment.

The Chino beet factory is being enlarged for the coming crop.

The Columbia-river canneries have far packed 45,576 cases of salmon.

Shasta's (Cal.) Supervisors have appropriated \$1,000 for a mineral exhibit at the World's Fair.

The contract has been let for a new opera-house at Pendleton. It will have a seating capacity of about 500.

Another wonderfully rich strike in gold is reported from Baker City, Or. The people are much excited. For the first time in more than a year Southern New Mexico has been visited by a rainstorm of some twenty hours'

Riverside so far has shipped 1,700 car loads of oranges-500 more than last season. About 500 carloads are yet to

Kid, the renegade Apache, has been heard from. He has just visited the San Carlos reservation and supplied himself with another squaw.

Old Chief John of the Saanich Indians recently died at Saanich Arm, B. C., where he had been quietly living for many years. He supposed he was 130 years old. The present chief is over Another irrigation and water-storage

twelve miles above Yuma, A. T. The proposition is to put a sixty-foot dam on the river at a point where it is crossed by a natural ledge.

Some time ago the immigration bureau was informed that a great number of proposition is to put a sixty-foot dam on the river at a point where it is crossed by a natural ledge.

Some time ago the immigration bureau was informed that a great number of parts in Washington to work on the railroads in violation of the immigrant survey. Some content of the immigrant parts in Washington to work on the railroads in violation of the immigration bureau was informed that a great number of parts in Washington to work on the railroads in violation of the immigration bureau was informed that a great number of parts in Washington to work on the railroads in violation of the immigration bureau was informed that a great number of parts in Washington to work on the railroads in violation of the immigration bureau was informed that a great number of parts in Washington to work on the railroads in violation of the immigration bureau was informed that a great number of parts in Washington to work on the railroads in violation of the immigration bureau was informed that a great number of parts in Washington to work on the railroads in violation of the immigration bureau was informed that a great number of parts in Washington to work on the railroads in violation of the immigration bureau was informed that a great number of parts in Washington to work on the railroads in violation of the immigration bureau was informed that a great number of parts in washington to work on the railroads in violation of the immigration bureau was informed that a great number of parts in washington to work on the railroads in violation of the immigration bureau was informed that a great number of parts in washington to work on the railroads in violation of the immigration bureau was informed that a great number of parts in washington to work on the railroads in violation of the immigration bureau was informed that a

Grace Murphy has obtained a verdict at Fresno, Cal., for \$4,000 against Mrs. Johanna Smith of Golden Gate avenue, San Francisco, who had charged the girl with theft. The suit was for damages for false imprisonment.

It is reported that the Southern Pacific will begin the construction of the Black Canon line, surveyed over a year ago, to connect the Maricopa and

At Fresno a suit for \$10,000 damages has been begun by Miss Grace Murphy against Mrs. J. Smith, widow of Captain Smith, who died in San Francisco upon his return from a whaling expedition. The suit was brought on the grounds of

Fuller and Warner, two St. Louis gentlemen, with two men from San Francisco, have chartered the junks Chromo and Alta at San Diego for a trip to the Gallapagos Islanes, off the coast of Peru, to search for treasure said to have been buried there years ago by priests of that country.

[\$200 of stamps.

The fair expenses during the first few days after opening were \$45,000 a day, and the daily deficit was nearly \$40,000. Hereafter the World's Fair will be open every day in the week. The Chicago directors have boldly met the issue.

Upon telegraphic orders from Washington Paymaster J. C. Sullivan of the receiving ship Independence at Mare Island was placed under arrest and his sword taken from him. It is reported that there are some irregularities in the paymaster's accounts, but the officer's iriends believe that he will be able to straighten out matters satisfactorily.

The proprietors of the proposed woolen mills at Bandon count on secur-ing the wool of Coos and Curry counties for their mill. They estimate there are 80,000 sheep in these two counties, but that if the entire product of these is secured it will not be sufficient for the purposes of the new mill, and that wool must be imported from Eastern Oregon,

the United States Court refused the other government exhibits will probably motion of the Last Chance mine owners by closed Sundays. for a new trial in the case of the Last Chance vs. Tyler and others. The verdict of the jury, which was in favor of the Tyler men, will stand unless reversed by the Supreme Court of the United States, to which an appeal will

The deep-water gold trap recently invented by Simson of Cariboo, B. C., and them the money due on their contract, proved successful in experiments, is this It is expected that the contractor will actual service, the scene of operations job, being the almost inaccessible Nation river, for which remote corner a Cariboo arty headed by Simson and his concycd partner, Fissault, have already If the invention meets expectations, it will revolutionize placer mining everywhere.

The abundant water supply that is promosed by the melting snows will not afford the means of working many an the old gulch or ravine which years ago yielded handsome returns and which

There is every indication of an unprecedented flood along the valleys of sixty days from the date of applications.
the Columbia, Snake and tributary The ladies of the control rivers within the next few weeks. The water is higher in the Willamette river at Portland than at this date in any previous flood year. Farmers along the lowlands, and merchants whose business houses are along the river front are greatly aiarmed, for even if the water rises slowly their entire stock must be removed from the lower stories or be completely rained.

Harry Raymond, who represented himself as an agent of the Red Cedar Shingle Company, secured from David Ferris of Portland, Or., manager of the Oregon and California Lumber Com-pany, a check for \$1,000 after giving a affair is that Mrs. Sewall, while declin-bill of sale for \$00,000 shingles. The affair has not yet been settled up. Ray-mond, whereven he is now, still has the money, while the Seattle bank which dent, wrote a letter to Mrs. Gougar, say (183,028,335, a decrease of \$44,000,000 for cashed the check still bangs to the check ing she knew nothing of such order, and the same period of last year; for the ten in the hope that it can either come back President Bonney poured oil on the on Ferris or the mill at Mt. Vernon for troubled waters so that all was serene a decrease of \$35,000,000 for the corre-

FROM WASHINGTON CITY.

No official advice concerning the ap-pointment of L. M. Thurston to repre-sent the government of Hawaii to suc-ceed J. Mott Smith has been received at the State Department.

The Secretary of State has received official information of the purpose of the government of Siam to establish a legation in Washington, and that the officer to be placed in charge of it is now awaiting an opportunity to present his cre-dentials to the President.

Negotiations between the United States government and the government of Spain, looking to a settlement of the claims made upon that country for in-demnity by the representatives of Rev. Mr. Doan, who died of ill-treatment in the Caroline Islands several years ago, and other missionaries, have been satis-

factorily adjusted.
The chief of the bureau of statistics in his statement to the Secretary of the Treasury reports that the total value of the exports of merchandise from the pany.

The proprietorship of the New York Herald has been invested in a stock company. United States during the twelve months ended April 30, 1893, were \$848,594,427, a decrease of \$162,748,746 from the preceding year. The value of imports during the same period was \$928,151,1688.

The cable rates between this country and China have been reduced to \$1.96 per word.

The New York Board of Education is hard up for money to pay the salaries

an increase of \$98,006,617.
Cleveland's experience with officeseekers has convinced him that the present method of appointment to offices through political influence has become a scandal, and he is revolving in his mind a scheme and he is recovering in the infrascence to do away with it entirely by a complete reorganization of the system, and that he will probably recommend to Congress the framing of a law for a commission on appointments as far removed from political influence as the Supreme Court. They are to make all the ap-pointments, except Foreign Ministers and certain high officials nearest the executive, qualification for the place to be the only question in making the ap-pointments.

Representative Caminetti of Califoraia had a long conference with the Pres ident recently, and left the White House feeling assured it was the intention o Forty acres of ground have been located for placer mining at the mouth of the President to see the Chinese restriction act enforced. Caminetti denied it the Peshatin, Washington. It is expected would take anything like the sum of money which has been mentioned to enter the pay will be large. force the act, for the reason that those Cordage on the New York Stock Exchinese who are entitled to remain would secure certificates at their own expense and those against whom the law is really aimed will be frightened out of the country the moment an honest attempt is made to enforce it. Caminetti is of the opinion that what additional money may be needed will be voted at the next session of Congress, and he fears no repeal of the law.

laws. Superintendent Stump accordingly sent Thomas M. Fisher to Port Townsend to make an inspection. Mr. Fisher's first report was received at the department one day last week. He shows that the nine Japanese contract laborers were landed by the Canadian Pacific, bound to different parts in Washington. Six of these were males and three females. They were all sent back. Fight others were also found to Prescott.

For several days and nights thunder and rain have prevailed throughout the Colorado Desert. The Harqua Hala country in Arizona has met with heavy rains extending towards Phenix, and on the Upper Gila it has amounted to almost a flood.

At Freezo a set of the Rayla Hala country and the country of the prevailed throughout the heavy rains extending towards Phenix, and on the Upper Gila it has amounted to almost a flood.

CHICAGO EXPOSITION.

The exposition postoffice handles 10,000 letters a day, and sells about

ifornia building have just reached the fair, making thus far a total of seventy-one cars which have arrived from Cali-

fornia for the State exhibit, not includ-ing the shipments by private exhibitors. Theodore Thomas has been asked by Director-General Davis to turn over the keys, documents and everything else pertaining to the musical bureau to the chief of the department of liberal arts and to tender his resignation to the

same official. Altorney-General Olney rendered as opinion in which he holds that the laws of Congress providing for the World's Fair prohibit the opening of the branch postoffice located in the Postoffice Department exhibit Sundays. In accord At Boise City, Idaho, Judge Beatty in ance with this opinion the postoffice and

> Considerable discontent and uneasi ness is apparent among some of the laborers on the grounds and janitors of different buildings because their salaries are not forthcoming. The contractors have been putting them off from time to time with the information that they will be paid when the exposition gives not be paid until he has finished the

The live-stock department of the ex-position has made the following important changes in the rules governing entries and the ownership of animals for the kennel exhibit, which begins June 12, holding six days, the entries will close June 1, instead of May 20; for the exhibit of cattle and horses, begin ning August 21, holding thirty days, the entries will close July 10, instead of June 15; for the exhibit of sheep and vielded handsome returns and which have been practically abandoned awaiting a season like the one that is now at hand, and throughout Baker and adjoining counties there will be an activity manifest that will result when the final cleanup is made in the fall in distributcleanup is made in the fall in distribut-ing many thousands of dollars of the ship has been modified to require ex-golden treasure into the channels of hibitors to have been owners of animals for sixty days preceding the date fixed for the close of the entries instead of

> The ladies of the congress came near having a serious row on account of the alleged slight put upon Helen M. Gou-gar. It seems the lady's name was omitted from the official programme. Her friends resented this as an insult, but when it was reported that Mrs. May Wright Sewall, President of the National Council of Women, had issued a verbal order to the Presidents of the department meetings to exclude Mrs. Gougar from participation in the speech-making things became decidedly warm. Mrs. Gougar started on a still hunt, and President C. C. Bonney had to step in as The ling to talk to reporters on the subject, Ray-intimated that she had issued no such order. Mrs. Henrotin, the Vice-Presi-

EASTERN MELANGE.

Bears and Panthers Rampant in Arkansas.

SALVATION ARMY MEN GO WRONG

Colored Democrats Want Their Re publican Brethren Turned Out of Office.

The Dakota wheat acreage has been reduced about 14 or 20 per cent.

The New York Board of Education is hard up for money to pay the salaries of teachers.

It is estimated that the new building erected in Philadelphia during 1893 wil est \$28,000,000.

Eighty bodies of paupers and unknown persons were lying in the Chicago morgue ne day last week.

Skin from a dissected convict wa nade into purses for a dozen Michigan University medical students. A law and order crusade has been

started at Nashville, Tenn., and gam bling houses will be suppressed. The Judiciary Committee of the Michigan House has reported in favor of a return to hanging in that State.

The only States in the Union which old more silver than gold in their na ional banks are the Southern States, In the annual report of the Cincinnat Sanitarium it is asserted that the gol-ure "makes lunatics by the wholesale.

James R. Keene is said to have made

Company of Minneapolis is in trouble, and suspension, it is said, cannot be

omedian, has had an abscess on the sack of his neck cut. He had been iffering very much.

Governor Flower of New York has etoed the act appropriating money for he establishment of a colony for epilep-les in that State.

The Massachusetts Legislature is con sidering a bill requiring all road wagons of burden to be provided with tires from three to five inches wide.

The crevasse at Lakeport, Ark., is in-creasing in width, and the whole land in that section is being covered with water from the Mississippi.

St. Paul takes a day off, or rathe hree days off, beginning June 7, and elebrates the completion of J. J. Hill's reat Northern road as a transcontinen-

A Minnesota engineer is seeking to obtain a charter from the Canadian Parliament for the construction of a ship canal to connect Lakes Erie and rafters and planks, its leaves umbrellas

The house-to-house inspection, which was begun by direction of the Phila-delphia Board of Health some weeks ago, has already abated thousands of

from the lowlands of the Saline river in Arkansas, are making life miserable to Many domestic animals have een killed in pens. been killed in pens.

The story in circulation to the effect that the bureau of engraving and printing is quietly printing bonds with a view to having the same ready for issuance shortly is without foundation.

An aet passed by the Alabama Legis-lature prohibits the killing of ring-necked Mongolian pheasants in the

State for a period of eight years, begin ning June 1 of the present year. Negro Democratic The National eague wants all the negroes appointed under Republican control turned out of and has addressed a letter to the

President suggesting such action. George Hallett and George Maso two Salvation Army men at Souix City Ia., have been arrested for counterfeit-On their confession large quantities of metal and dies were captured.

Belva A. Lockwood was admitted to the bar of the State of New York at Poughkeepsic a week ago. This event marks the termination of a long struggle m her part to secure judicial recogni-

aw providing that the money received rom the direct tax refund shall be retored, as far as possible, to the persons ho paid the tax or their representa

The New West Education Commission has received \$10,000 from Nathaniel Gordon of Exeter, N. H., for the perma-nent endowment of Ogden Academy, Utah, which will hereafter be known as the Gordon Academy.

The recent recommendation of Acting 152,000,000 of unissued registered 45 per cent bonds of the funded loan of 31 has been approved by the Secretary the Treasury, and the bonds will be estroved

The Ladies' Memorial Bazar, which as been in progress at Richmond for everal weeks, has closed. The object of shing a Confederate museum in the old of Jefferson Davis in Richmond he bazar netted nearly \$20,000.

It is estimated at the Tammany De artment that by the loss of the "hat-rimmers case" the United States will se called upon to refund from \$8,000,000 to \$10,000,000, and some estimates place it as high as \$30,000,000. Secretary oster's estimate was \$25,000,000.

The Supreme Court has laid down th construction of a law of importance to the West, which is in effect that appeals will be from the Territorial Courts to the United States Supreme Court in cases not specially excepted by Sections 4 and 6 of the act creating a Circuit Court of Appeals.

Superintendent Herman Stumpf, with the approbation of Secretary Carlisle, has made a new and important ruling overturning former practices as to the admission of idiot immigrants, when accompanied by parents, into the United States. He holds it to be the intention of the act to make each class of debarred immigrants separate and distinct.

A comparative statement of the value of exports of breadstuffs is as follows: For the month ending April 39, 1893, \$12,621,125, a decrease of \$5,500,000 from the corresponding period of 1892; for the four months ended April 30 last, sponding period of 1892.

BUSINESS BREVITIES.

A new medicine bottle indicates the hours at which the drug is to be taken. The deposits at American savings banks amounted in 1891 to \$1,654,000,000.

Sixty per cent of the shoes used in the United States are made in Massachusetts. The coal and coke business of Colorado is now in the hands of four great companies.

The exports of petroleum from the United States last year were 582,200,000

It is estimated that Butte, Mont., will produce 130,000,000 pounds of copper this year.

The gold and silver product of Mexico is about \$70,000,000 per annum, principally silver.

The cost of boots and shoes worn out in the United States every year is more than \$400,000,000.

Seventy par cent of the people of Cey-lon live by agriculture. The percentage in Britain is 15.44. Glassworkers are so scarce at Pitts

burg that employes dictate what kind of glass shall be made.

During January and February of this ear 902,062 bunches of bananas were imported to this country. Near Cordoba a Mexican syndicate experimenting with tea-planting. Chinese labor is used in part.

Steamers and sailing vessels under the British flag number almost 12,000; un-der the United States flag, 3,207. The newspapers in Germany are large

ly sold by women, and the small newsboy of America is unknown in Berlin. In the Island of Ceylon 760,000 acres are devoted to the cultivation of cocoa-nuts and 40,500 acres to cinnamon.

The Edison Electric Illuminating Con pany of New York has increased its cap-ital stock from \$6,500,000 to \$10,000,000. The Chapin iron mine at Ishpeming, Mich., has decided to add 500 men to its force and increase production to 800,000

tons a year.

The product of pig iron in this country has very greatly increased during the past few years, while that of England In Witu, East Africa, they are making

ugar from cotton seed that is said to be fifteen times sweeter than that made from Louisiana sugar cane. Senator Mills says that for ten years

verted.

Joseph Jefferson, the distinguished ated at an actual loss of \$1,000,000 a year to the railroads themselves, For the twelve months ending April 30, 1893, 150 national banks were estab-

lished in the United States, with an aggregate capital of \$14,325,000. A German journal states that in the ear 1889 the quantity of cotton pro-luced in the whole world amounted to 11,400,000 bales, while in 1870 it reached only 6,200,000 bales.

In the past twelve months \$50,000,000 of the silver notes issued under the law of 1890 have been added to the circulation, while the gold certificates in circulation have decreased \$44,000,000. There are three large porcelain facto

and ries in Great Britain, viz.: Derby, Wor-lill's cester and Stoke-on-Trent. The one in Derby employs something like 400 hands and many eminent artists are engaged in

and clothing, its fruit food, oil, intoxi-cants and sugar, its shells domestic utensils, its fibers ropes, sails and matting. The coffee fields of Brazil cover an area of 2,000,000 acres, and contain up-

wisances.

Bears and panthers, driven by floods per acre—cach tree producing on an average one pound of berries per annum, ricansas, are making life miserable to 800,000 men. The forests of the Northwest, which a

ew years ago were deemed a source of almost inexhaustible supply, are showing signs of exhaustion. Already there is talk of transporting lumber by rail from Oregon, Washington and the Southern forests to New York.

PURELY PERSONAL.

Senator Morrill of Vermont is in bet ter health than he has been for several years, though he recently celebrated the anniversary of his 83d birthday.

Mr. Selons, who gets a medal from the Royal Geographical Society this year, is clieved to have killed more elephants than any one else. He is popularly re garded as the original of Rider Haggard's Allan Quatermain. Nat M. Brigham, recently appointed United States Marshal of Utah, will be

remembered by Harvard men of about lifteen years back as one of the most tenors who ever sang in the Gle Club. He is a classmate of Theodor Roosevelt and Josiah Quincy. Prof. Barnard has discovered mor omets than any other man living, hav

ing sixteen to his credit. Ten years ago he was a photographer's assistant at Nashville, his value as an amateur asronomer having been first discovered be the authorities of Vanderbilt University

Colonel Ward Hill Lamon, Presiden Lincoln's intimate friend and unsuccess ful biographer, who died the other day at Martinburg, W. Va., is said to have had another book in preparation at the ime of his death. It was to be a thre dume compilation of his reminiscence of Lincoln and the war.

Captain William R. Smith, who for forty years has been Superinted Wasi the National Botanic Garden at Wasi ington and President of the Society years has been Superintendent American Florists, has copies of 650 editions of the works of Burns, the poet, ollection only excelled by those at Gla yow and the British Museum.

The Shah has an unfortunate affection to the Queen offering to visit her Ma esty, who is thought, however, to have had enough of him last time. He no only drinks a bottle of brandy a day out is also an opium eater, and is a me of violent and irresponsible habits.

The only surviving officeholder and Jackson's administration is said to be Judge Benjamin Patton, who was at tha time United States District Attorney He was present at Cleveland's inaugura ion, though he is 84 years old. He mietly on his great estate of nearly 2.00 cres, known as Fontland, near Hicks

Carolus Duran's recently finished po trait of the Baroness Creuze de Less pronounced by a French critic "a seguere from the three points of view o sign, coloring and likeness." Duras stout, but still agile enough to be an ex-pert fencer and a fine horseman. His favorite model is his wife.

Pauline Markham, who is suing for large damages for a broken leg in Louis ville, was photographed so extensively decade or so ago that nearly everybod-became familiar with her languishing ey and Madonna-like face. She is now pa 45 years of age, but still a fine-lookin woman. There is not a wrinkle in her face, and the surgeon who set her broken member says that she has "beautiful and shapely limb" beautiful and shapely limb" he ever be Switzerland, Savoy, Alsace, Luxemsaw, and that "the flesh is as firm as burg, Schleswig, Belgium, the Nethermarble,"

FOREIGN FLASHES.

Foreigners Residing in France Must Register.

CENSUS OF INDIA'S POPULATION.

Compressed Gas Utilized Instead of Powder as a Propelling Force in Firearms-Etc.

There are 100,000 unemployed in Bel-Italy proposes to spend about \$20,000,

000 on her navy next year. A census taken in 1891 places the pop ulation of India at 287,000,000. China's tea crop promises to be and of excellent quality this year.

It is reported that an effort is being made in London to reintroduce Sedar chairs. Emperor William has declared his intention to open in person the new

Reichstag. British trade last month showed a net increase of \$7,700,000 over the same month of 1892.

A pension of 6,000 francs a year has been granted to Mme. Renan by the French government. The Pope will send the golden rose of virtue this year to Marie Henriette, Queen of the Belgians.

Heavy frosts have greatly injured the vines in the wine districts of Austria, Switzerland and France. English Radicals will oppose a grant for the Princess May, alleging that the

Prince of Wales has enough. Turkish newspapers have received from the Sultan a permission to recom-mence publishing in the morning.

Although Japan is one of the oldest countries in the world, it has just begun to produce petroleum in large quantities.

Through the death of the Earl of Derby a blue ribbon of the Order of the

Garter is at the disposal of Mr. Glad-The Duke des Abouzzes, a nephew of King Humbert of Italy, gambled at Monte Carlo until he lost his all—about \$25,000.

The type of firearm has been invented in England by which compressed gas is utilized instead of powder as a propelling force. A German has invented a self-operat-

ing bicycle which, when perfected, is ex-pected to prove the "sensational vehicle of the age. The Dowager Duchess of Sutherland will have to serve the term of imprisonment to which she was sentenced for

contempt of court. It is announced that several German officers will assist in the maneuvers of the Italian forces in Northern Italy near the French frontier.

The authorities at Berlin have ordered a quarantine against all vessels arriving from French ports because of the spread of cholera in France. France is soon to adopt an interesting innovation in the postal-card system. The cards will be issued in the form of

check books, with stubs. The Irish factions have declared peace and all the old wounds are said to have been plastered over in the struggle for nationality in Parliament.

tions by volunteer soldiers in England are discountenanced by the Commander-The Chamber of Deputies last week \$2.15@4.50; lobsters, \$2.30@3.50; saladopted a measure requiring 1,200,000 foreigners resident in France to register, but rejected the proposition to tark the saladopted to the proposition to tark the saladopted and the saladopted to the proposition to tark the saladopted to th

The long-distance marching competi-

No protest has been sent by Austria against the appointment of Max Judd to be Consul-General at Vienna, and no intimation has been made that there will

An omnibus has been started in Glasglow furnished with pneumatic tires, which are protected from injury by sharp tones or glass by canvas and wire-wove netting. The Republican members of the Span

sh Cortes resigned in a body, owing to the manner in which the government rushed through a bill to which they were On account of the prevalence of influ enza in Rome pilgrimages have been sus-pended until next month. There have

en 50,000 cases of influenza in the city this spring. The Lower House of the Prussian Die has passed the supplementary taxation bill by a vote of 215 to 25. A number of lericals and Polish Deputies abstained

from voting. Riots in the principal towns in Per tween rival political factions frequently occur. Three newspaper offices have been sacked within a month, and party feeling is running high in all parts of the

It is proposed to build a big dam at Lake Albert Nyanza for the purpose of giving Egypt a plentiful supply of water during the low Nile. Experts say the plan is entirely feasible and the best yet suggested.

It is significant of the real underlying feeling in Ireland that there has been steady rise in almost every kind of Iris ecurity since the second reading of the home-rule bill.

M. Chappuis' proposed electric railway through the Simplen Pass is esti-mated to cost \$8,000,000, and it would greatly reduce the distance between Italy gon, and Northern Europe. An official inquiry into the relations between the police and the gambling

ouses of Rome is in progress. It is althe proprietors of the houses. The Sultan of Morocco will send shortspecial missions to European courts to induce European sovereigns to oppose the influence of their Envoys in Morocco to that of Sir West Ridgeway, the Brit-

The English and Russian governments have agreed to prohibit scaling vessels from fishing within ten miles of the Russian coast and within thirty miles of Robbon Island and the Commander Isl ands during the present year. Bang! Another new cannon has just seen invented in Germany, which is ex-

all Europe. Krupp, it is reported, has offered 3,000,000 marks for the exclusive right to the invention, and the inventor, Herr Ehrhardt, has refused the offer. The Osservatore Romano, published at Rome, advocates neutral zones for the great powers to secure peace. The territory to be included in these zones would

PORTLAND MARKET.

PRODUCE, FRUIT, ETC. WHEAT-Nominal. Valley,\$1.20; Walls Walla, \$1.10 per ecntal. FLOUR—Standard, \$3.40; Walla Walla, \$3.40; graham, \$3.00; superfine, \$2.50

per barrel.
Oars-Choice, 44@45c per bushel; fair OATS—Choice, 446-25 de 50; barrels, 40c; rolled, in bags, \$6.25@6.50; barrels, \$6.50@6.75; cases, \$3.75. HAY—Best, \$11@13.50 per ton; com-

USEFUL AGRICULTURAL ITEMS non, \$9@10. Milistuffs — Bran, \$19.00; shorts

\$22.00; ground barley, \$23@24; chop feed, \$18 per ton; whole feed, barley, 80 @85e per cental; middlings, \$23@24; per ton; brewing barley, 90@95c per cental; chicken wheat, \$1.173\(\ellapsize{1}\) per cental.

per ton; bream sales; cental; chicken wheat, \$1.17\square per cental.

BUTTER—Oregon fancy creamery, 22\square 22\sq new, 2@216c per pound; cauliflower, 90c per dozen, \$2.75 per crate; Oregon, \$1.25 per dozen, \$5 per crate; celery, 80@90c per dozen; artichokes, 35c per dozen, \$2.00 per box; lettuce, California, 25c per dozen; Oregon hothouse, 40@45c; asparagus, \$2@2.25 per box; radishes, 10@ 12½c per dozen; green Oregon onions, 10c per dozen; rhubarb, 5c per pound; green peas, \$2 per box; spinach, 3½c per pound; cucumbers, \$1@1.80 per dozen; string beans, 14@16c per pound; Cali-fornia garlio, 5@6c

fornia garlic, 5@6c.
Faurrs—Sicily lemons, \$5@5.50 per box; California new crop, \$3.00@4.50 per box; bananas, \$1.50@3.00 per bunch; oranges, seedlings, \$2@2.75 per box; navels, \$3.00@3.50; cranberries, \$12.50 per barrel; apples, \$2@2.25 per box; strawberries, 12½c per pound; pineapples, \$4.50@5.50 per dozen; cherries, \$1.25@ sell them in the spring—not in the fall for 8 or 10 cents a pound and lose money on them. fornia garlic, 5@6c.

STAPLE GROCERIES.
HONEY—Choice comb, 18c per pound new Oregon, 16@20c; extract, 9@10c. SALT — Liverpool, 100s, \$15.00; 50s,

The Australian crisis is largely due to overinflation and extraordinary expenditures in order to supply work for voters.

During April English imports decreased £2,790,000 and exports decreased £2,790,000 and exports decreased £1,250,000, as compared with April, 1892.

Therepool, 1008, \$15.00; 50s, \$15.00; 61c.; stock, \$10.00@11.00.

Dright Fautralian, 13@15c; German, 11@12c; plums, 8@12c; apples, 6 @11c; evaporated apricots, 15@17½c; peaches, 12@14c; pears, 7@11c per nound. RICE-Island,\$4.75@5.00; Japan,\$4.75; New Orleans, \$4.50 per cental. COFFEE—Costa Rica, 22c; Rio, 22c;

Salvador, 2156; Mocha, 2656 30c; Java, 2456 30c; Arbuckle's and Lion, 100-pound cases, 24 35-100c per pound; Coumbia, same, 24 35-100c. Beans—Small whites, 314c; pinks, 314c; bayos, 314c; butter, 4c; lima, 4c per pound. Syrup-Eastern, in barrels, 40@55c

in half-barrels, 42@57c; in cases, 35@ 80c per gallon; \$2.25 per keg; California, in barrels, 20@40c per gallon; \$1.75 per keg. Sugar-Net prices: D, 51/4c; Golden C

5%c; extra C, 5%c; Magnolia A, 5%c; granulated, 6%c; cube, crushed and powdered, 8c; confectioners' A, 6%c per pound; maple sugar, 15@16c per pound.

CANNED GOODS—Table fruits, assorted, \$1,75@2.00; peoples \$1,85@2.10; Per \$1.75@2.00; peaches, \$1.85@2.10; Bartlett pears, \$1.75@2.00; plums, \$1.37½@1.50; strawberries, \$2.25@2.45; cherries, \$2.25@2.40; blackberries, \$1.85@2.00; \$2.25@2.40; blackberries, \$1.85@2.00; raspberries, \$2.40; pineapples, \$2.25@2.80; apricots, \$1.65@2.00. Pie fruits, assorted, \$1.20; peaches, \$1.25; plums, \$1.00@1.20; blackberries, \$1.25@1.40 per dozen. Pie fruits, gallons, assorted, \$3.15@3.50; peaches, \$3.50@4.00; spricots, \$3.50@4.00; plums, \$2.75@3.00; blackberries, \$4.25@4.50.

Vegetables—Corn, \$1.50@1.75; tomators, \$1.10@1.5; spran 1998, \$1. strings

toes, \$1.10@1.15; sugar peas, \$1; string

toes, \$1.10(£1.15); sugar beans, 95c per dozen. MEATS—Corned beef, 1s, \$1.50; 2s, \$2.40; chipped, \$2.55@4.00; lunch tongue, 1s, \$4; 2s, \$6.75; deviled ham,

BEEF — Prime steers, \$3.85@4.25; hoice steers, \$3.75@4.00; fair to good steers, \$3.00@3.50; good to choice cows \$3.15@3.75; common to medium cows, \$2.50@2.75; dressed beef, \$6.00@7.00.

Murron—Choice mutton, \$4.25@4.50; fair to good, \$4.00@4.50; dressed, \$8.00; lambs, \$2.00@2.50; dressed, \$7.00@8.00 Hous—Choice heavy, \$7.50@7.75; medium, \$6.50@6.75; light and feeders, dium, \$6.50@6.75; light \$6.00@6.50; dressed, \$8.00.

VEAL-\$4.00@6.00.

SMOKED MEAT AND LARD-Hame large, 17@18c per pound; hams, me dium, 1634@1734c; breakfast bacon, 16@ dium, 10-3 @ 11-3c; breakuss bacon, 10-3 18\\(\) c; short clear sides, 14\(\) 15c; dry salt sides, 13\\(\) \(\) (214\\(\) c; lard, compound, in tins, 12\(\) 12\\(\) c per pound; pure, in tins, 15\(\) 16c; Oregon lard, 11\(\) 4\(\) 12\\(\) c.

Nams—Base quotations: Iron, \$2.25; steel, \$2.35; wire, \$2.75 per keg. Iron—Bar, 23/c per pound; pig-iron, 1808—Bar, 2%c per pound; pig-iron, \$23@25 per ton.

STEEL—Per pound, 10%c.
Tix—I. C. charcoal, 14x20, prime quality, \$8.50@9.00 per box; for crosses, \$2 extra per box; l. C. coke plates, 14x20, prime quality, \$7.50@8.00 per box; terne plate, I. C., prime quality, \$6.88@7.00; 14x20, \$14.

Lead—Per pound, 436c; bar, 636c. Naval. Srores—Oakum, \$4.50@5.00 per bale; resin, \$4.80@5.00 per 480 per bale; resin, \$4.80@5.00 per 480 pounds; tar, Stockholm, \$13.00; Carolina, \$9.00 per barrel; pitch, \$6.00 per barrel; turpentine, 65c per gallon, in

car lots. SHOT-\$1.80 per sack. Horsesnors-\$5 per keg. HOPS, WOOL AND HIDES.

Hors-10@15c per pound, according Woot.—Umpqua valley, 16@17c; fall clip, 13@15½c; Willamette valley, 15@ ould 18c, according to quality; Eastern Ore-taly gon, 10@16c per pound, according to HIDES-Dry hides, selected prime

6@8c; green, selected, over 55 pounds, 4c; under 55 pounds, 3c; sheep pelts, short wool, 30@50c; medium, 60@80c;

long, 90c@\$1.25; shearlings, 10@20c; tal low, good to choice, 3@6c per pound. BAGS AND BAGGING. Burlaps, 8-ounce, 40-inch, net cash, 6c; burlaps, 10½-ounce, 40-inch, net cash, 7c; burlaps, 12-ounce, 45-inch, 7½c; burlaps, 15-ounce, 60-inch, 11½c; ourlaps, 20-ounce, 76-inch, 14c; wheat bags, Calcutta, 23, 2-bushel oat bags, 7c.

A Worm That Eats Ice. One of the wonders of the worm world is Nematoxis eocena, a creature pected to revolutionize the artillery of that eats ice with as much avidity as the silkworm does mulberry or osage orange leaves. Professor Pintori, Smithsonian institution authority of a few years ago, believes that these ice eating wonders will finally, on account of their rapid increase in the arctic regions, gnaw through the icebergs and make a trip to the pole an

easy task. -St. Louis Republic

FARM AND GARDEN

The Most Expensive Ingredient of Fertilizers.

The Requisites of a Good Poultry. House - Selecting a Brood Sow-Habit in Cows.

Salt and wood ashes in reach of hog are beneficial. Good for horses also. The neglect given the chicks now cannot be overcome with good care by and

The nursery barn at the World's Fair grounds contains a happy lot of high-bred calves. Seed potatoes should be exposed to the light so that strong sprouts may be de-

veloped. Is your experience that cooked or oaked corn is better than dry, hard com for hogs?

Health, comfort and neatness are the things to be sought when building a poultry-house. Little chicks enjoy fresh water to drink.

Give them some, even though you provide milk for them. If your fowls have the range of the farm and have access to fresh water,

they will need but little care. It takes as much brains to run a farm successfully as it does to conduct any

Soft coal cinders and charcoal from

appetizers" kept on the hog's bill of fare daily. If you are raising chicks for the eggs they will lay, don't keep the cockerels till fall; sell them as soon as large enough for broilers.

A writer in an exchange says that, as geese live on the herbage of the field, they should be largely raised as substitutes for mutton." The Superintendent of the Kansas experiment station says that the experiments with sugar beets in that State indicate that the soil is not adapted to

their growth.

A New York farmer thinks that the cause of small yields of wheat in the United States is due to thin seeding. He thinks three bushels none too much to sow to the acre.

Nitrogen is the most expensive ingredient of fertilizers. It is believed that the cheapest means of supplying it is by growing clover and plowing it under green or by feeding the stock and returning the results. ing the manure. All who bave bred Plymouth Rocks are aware, and they who have not and intend to should take heed, that the Plymouth Rock cock is naturally lighter than the hens; and, says the Scientific

than the hens; and, says the Scientific Poultryman, it is the custom of breeders of show birds to mate light cocks with dark pullets and use extra dark cocks to get dark cocks and extra light ones to get light hens-that is, hens to mate the cock—thus making up a pen that will look very nice on exhibition; but, if you breed the pen, the result will be dark pullets, and the next season you will be farther away from the desired result than before, and you will be compelled to mate them with a very light cock to get the pullets lighter. It is as natural for the Plymouth Rock cock to be lighter than the hens as for the Brown Leghora cock to be darker than the hens; and, if we want to breed to a uniform color, the only way is to select medium light hens. bluish gray, barred with dark or the bars being distinct, the cock being a little lighter than the hens, mating each year the same way. If breeders will fol-low this rule, they will find that the Plymouth Rock will breed truer and will be able to breed show birds; otherwise we must have two separate matings, one for cocks and one for pullets, which is not always convenient for parties who can only keep one yard. It is too much like

Every man who handles cows should remember that they are creatures of habit. Habit made them, and habit alone will continue them in the line of their good work. To make use of this knowledge we should always and on all occasions treat the cow as nearly as pos-sible in the same way. She is fond of her home life and its monotonous routine, and any deviation from that tread mill method greatly disturbs her equanimity, and that disturbance acts imme diately on her milk-giving organs greatly to the loss of the man who owns her. We have not found that she even likes a change of food, except from dry to grass. and that upsets the milk yield for a few days. She must have the same stall and the same companions; she must be milked by the same man. If you have got into the practice, which some mea condemn, of feeding her while you milk, then keep it up, for it has become a habit with her, and without it she will be restless and inclined to hold up her be restless and inclined to hold up her

milk.

them look very nice, but the next breed-

A brood sow should be long, of great depth, broad in forehead and not too closely coupled over the loin. Selecther after the pigs are weaned, so that she will have taken on natural form. She should be retained as brood sow until \$ or 5 years of age if she has proved good. The constitution of many animals has been rained by breeding from young of immature parents. A good sow will give thirty pounds of milk in twenty-four hours. It has been tested and is known to be a fact. If a litter of pigs would make a growth of four or five pounds in twenty-four hours, it stands to reason that, if seven pounds of milk will make one pound of growth in a young pig of age of one week, a sow must ne sarily give at least thirty pounds of milk in twenty-four hours. Mistreatment of a brood sow should never be allowed gentle treatment of sows in herds should Calcutta, 23x36, spot, 65c; always be exacted.

> A Legacy to Secondhand Booksellers By a clause in his will M. Xavier Marmier, a member of the French academy, leaves forty pounds to be distributed among the sellers of sec ondhand books who ply their trade on the quays of Paris. The money is to be spent by the legatees in a feast or dinner, during which they are to think of the testator, who is grateful for the happy moments which he spent wandering from one bookstall to another on the banks of the Seine between the Pont Royal and the Pont St. Michel.