OCCIDENTAL NEWS.

Columbia River Fishermen and Canners at Peace.

THE SIGNALS BY HELIOGRAPH.

Canadian Pacific Railway Company Compelled to Take Chinese Back to China.

The Supreme Court at Los Angeles has adjourned for the term. The Great Northern tunnel to be buit

in Oregon will be, when completed, 13,-168 feet long. The Arizona Legislature adjourned

sine die after confirming a large list of appointments by the new Governor, L. C. Hughes. Pacific University at Forest Grove Or., offers to erect a new building at a cost of \$50,000, provided the citizens of the town will subscribe \$15,000 toward

The difficulties between the Columbia river fishermen and the canners have been settled. The fishermen will receive 5 cents per pound. The run of fish is

The British Columbia customs an thorities are at work on cases involving attempts to defrand the government by getting in goods free, ostensibly for naval

There has been no gain or loss by either Mexico or the United States in the boundary surveys of the two countries, notwithstanding rumors to the contrary.

Bricklayers at Victoria, B. C., have notified contractors they will not work Saturday afternoons, and the contract-ors think of knocking off on Saturday altogether.

The signals by heliograph on the sum mit of the ranges in Arizona, displayed by the boundary surveying party, are plainly seen in Yuma, although ninety

The San Diego and Phoenix railroad has! effected an organization and filed a complaint in an action seeking to con-demn land 100 yards on either side of the proposed road.

Two cases have been decided at Phoenix, A. T., against the Southern Pacific railroad—one for \$18,000, the other \$15,000. The suits were for death and injuries caused by the company's trains.

John S. Kearney, who was conspicuous for his sensational expose questioning the correctness of the Stamboul troiting record, has been twice arrested at Lodi on charges of jumping a board bill,

The Salt Lake police have arrested Dave Haynes and James Hubbard for counterfeiting. Haynes circulated the coin that Hubbard made. The latter was making dies for half-dollars when captured.

The Bracktreet mercantile agency re ports twenty-four failures in the Pacific Coast States and Territories for the past week, as compared with ten for the pre-vious week and thirteen for the corresponding week of last year.

rich copper ore that averages 60 per cent copper and thirty to forty ounces of silver to the ton. The logs seem to have floated in a mineral solution some

time in the past ages. Governor Hughes of Arizona, who is the editor of the Tucson Star, declines to give his pardon to W. G. Brown and R. C. Brown, editors of the Tucson Enterprise, who have been convicted of libeling Brewster Cameron, although he was asked to do so by the Arizona Press

The only remaining building in old Celilo, Or., was destroyed by fire recently. During the time when Celilo was in its glory the house was known as the Erskine Hotel. This was the last remaining landmark of the lively times which were experienced during the mining excitements of Blackfoot, Owyhee

and Salmon river.

For the first time the Canadian Pacific railway has been obliged to take Chinese back to China. A batch of Celestials came over by the Empress of India for Portland, but were refused a landing off the Haytian Republic. That vessel took them to Vancouver, B. C., and some were returned to China. The others are waiting under bond to return by the

Empress of Japan. The suit of the Riverside Water Company to prevent the diversion of water from the Santa Ana river in the irriga-tion season by R. H. Sargent and others has been decided against the company. The decision settles a controversy of many years' standing, and establishes the complete ownership of valuable property in the hands of poor people as against the rich corporation supplying rector to Elboroide. water to Riverside.

Louis Schubert and two other men had a lease of a waste dump at the Davtor mine in Lynn county, Nev., from which they obtained 200 tons of ore and had crushed at the Rock Point mill. Schi bert attended to the ore-crushing, and reported that the bullion extracted bare ly covered the expense. Schubert's part-ners ascertained later that he had sold bullion valued at about \$1,000 to the Carson mint, and they charged him with embezzling to that amount from them Schubert, hearing that he would be ar rested, fled on foot over the hills, and was pursued by 200 persons, but escaped

He was subsequently captured. A plan for the establishment of a maintenance of the val training school at San Francisco being considered by the authoritie at Washington. Captain E. O Matthew is in San Francisco gathering facts for the information of those who want t know what would be the prospects for successfully maintaining such an insti-tution. He visited Mayor Ellert an explained the purpose of his mission He found the Mayor a warm advocate of the scheme. Captain Matthews explained that the authorities proposed to equip a that the authorities proposed to training ship for the accommodation of about 200 loys, ranging in age from 14 to 17. Captain Matthews stated that he would remain in that city for about three weeks to attend to other matters compacted with the naval service, and that nected with the naval service, and that the faw washington be would order that persons intending to visit the order that persons intending to visit the captain order that persons intending to a first class postoffice. again visit the Mayor's office and farmish fair may, if they so desire, have their more information concerning the details mail addressed to the World's Fair sta-

FROM WASHINGTON CITY.

So soon as Eckels, the Democratic Comptroller of Currency, assumes his du-ties, Secretary Carlisle intends to reorganize the system of examining national banks. He desires to prevent such dis-honesty as was shown in the affairs of the banks which recently failed in Bo Philadelphia and Nashville, and for that purpose after redistricting the banks so as to equalize the examiners' work he will ask Congress to enact a law giving the examiners more power in looking out for the perpetrators of frauds,

The abstract "C" reports made to the Comptroller of the Currency, showing the condition of all national banks in the United States at the time of the last call, Monday, March 6, have been pre-pared at the Treasury Department. The aggregate resources were \$3,459,721,223. In this connection it is interesting to note that the gold coin held aggregates 499,857,235, and the gold certificates \$4, \$39,007,250, and the gold certificates \$4,959,000. The loans and discounts have reached the enormous sum of \$2,133,000,000. Among the liabilities are capital stock paid in \$688,000,000 and individual deposits \$1,751,000,000.

The Committee on Territories will be gin an investigation of the condition of the four Territories now knocking for admission as States early in June. Chairman Faulkner has not yet made his selection of the subcommittee, but he has decided that the start will be made from Chicago June 10, and he ex-pects to complete the work within one month from that date. The committee will go direct to Utah, where it will look into the condition of affairs and then pass through New Mexico and Arizona. From these Territories the committee will return by way of Oklahoma. Short stops will be made at the principal cities in each of the Territories, and the com-mittee will address itself to the consideration of the material development of the country and the condition of the people who comprise its inhabitants.

Secretary Morton has determined to devote his energies to furthering the conamption of corn in Europe. He invites the co-operation in this work of all manfacturers of corn products, from whom he desires as a preliminary step to obtain a full statement of the various kinds of products made from corn by the manu-facturers in each State, with a brief statement as to their characteristics and ex-cellence. Agent Mattes of Nebraska will soon be in Washington for a conference as to the carrying on of the work abroad. Among other things Mattes will be instructed to investigate the tobacco laws in force in European countries, known generally as "Regi." with a view of as-certaining whether it is not possible to secure a freer market for the sale of American tobacco in foreign countries. Mattes will also investigate the subject of the sale of meat products in Germany nd France-ascertain whether this trade not seriously impeded in spite of the withdrawal of the restrictions on our inspected meat products by those countries by local and municipal regulations.

The ninth annual report of the Civil Service Commission was issued the other day. The Commissioners urge that the classified service should be extended as rapidly as practicable to cover every position in the public service to which it can be appropriately applied. They ernest-ly desire that some such bill as that in-troduced in the last Congress to take fourth-class postmasters out of politics may become a law. The report contin-ues: "Ultimately the system of promotions in the departments must come under the immediate supervision of the commission in order to secure uniformity and the best results. Very serious

earm in our judgment results from al-owing the chiefs of divisions to be exempted from examination, and we think they should be put under the general rule and be appointed by promotion within the service." The report shows a very surprising growth in the number Eureka has sent one of its business of employes compared with the growth men to Portland to urge the importance of building a railroad into Humboldt growth in public service in ten years is nearly double that of the population. Portland will secure in controlling the The service classified for examination commerce of a large and wealty portion under civil-service rules has grown even of California.

At Abiquin, N. M., has been unearthed a forest of logs petrified into that, whereas only about 11 per cent of politics in 1883, about 21 per cent marfy number of places subject to competitive examination under the rules now is 42,-

CHICAGO EXPOSITION.

The electric light on the manufactur ers' building of the World's Fair will be visible for 100 miles.

The harbor at Chicago, from the rive World's Fair grounds, will be lighted by electric buoys, Bow to stern, all the vessels which will

icipate in the great naval parade, will make a line over two miles long. There were 5,000 carloads of exhibits

at the Centennial Exposition, and it is estimated that there will be 10,000 carloads at the World's Fair. Canada is to send a mammoth che-

to the World's Fair at Chicago. It will be 0 feet in diameter, 6 feet in height and 11 tons in weight and the product of ailk from 10,000 cows. Attorney-General Olney holds that on

ongress can qualify the act of a previ s Congress by attaching conditions to us and appropriations. This decision gifts and appropriations. is against the World's Fair directory concerning the disposition of \$2,500,000 which had been set agart for awards,

The report of the World's Fair Auditor to the end of March shows that the work has already cost \$16,708,826, will \$2,361,263 still due on contracts, or ar aggregate of \$19,070,089. This, with the e expenses of installations, salaries and incidentals, will bring the cost up to May 1, the day of opening, to a substantially round \$20,000,000.

At the conclusion of the World's Fair the Krupp gun, the largest piece of ord-nance in the world, will be presented to Chicago by Herr Krupp and mounted or a fort built in take Michigan opposite Hyde Park, permission for the constru-tion of which was secured at Washin ton the other day. The fort will be fly acres in extent, and will be for businas well as pleasure. Mounted on it, th great gun will be to protect the entire sink an ironclad with a single shot Work on the fort will be commenced a once and pushed with the greatest rapid-ity, so as to be in working order before the fair closes. It will cover five acres

with the most approved defenses. Postmaster-General Pissell has issue new in operation in the governmen building on the grounds of the World Fair a branch of the Chicago postoffice known as the World's Fair station. The station will make regular collections an deliveries through its own force of letter carriers from and to all parts of the ex-

EASTERN MELANGE.

Illegal and Fraudulent Disposal of Public Property

IN THE WEATHER BUREAU.

Fire Insurance Advanced in an Iowa City-The Cost of the Recent Chicago Election.

Two Philadelphians are in jall for unterfeiting 1-cent pieces.

It is estimated that the recent Chicago lection cost all hands \$290,000. Newspaper writers' unions are crop-

ng up throughout the country. A bill to establish a bureau of labor is efore the New Hampshire Legislature. The chartering of electric railway comcanies in Ohio is going on at a rapid

Baltimore proposes to encourage manufacturing plants by exempting them from taxation.

Seven cruisers will protect the Cana dian mackerel boats in the Gulf of St. Lawrence this season.

Generous Brooklyn Aldermen have given away for nothing street railway franchises for which \$250,000 was offered. The Park Commissioners of New York have refused to grant a site in Union quare for a statue to Roscoe Conkling. A Vermont Judge has ruled that a girl who discards a lover must return the ngagement ring if he has given one to

Governor Hogg of Texas has issued a proclamation establishing quarantine on the Gulf coast and the Rio Grande bor-

A syndicate has been formed in Phila-delphia for the completion of the Charleston, Cincinnati and Chicago rail

Minnesota now gets from its tax on the gross earnings of railroads \$1,500,000 a year, and the amount increases year after year.

All kinds of building material except

iron and steel have advanced in Chicago, and numerous building projects have been deferred, A number of prominent women of Philadelphia have started a movement

o prevent men from expectorating on the sidewalks. The maximum freight bill of Nebraska, having received Governor Crounz signature, is now a law. It will be

fought by the railroads. The Attorney-General of Ohio has decided that insurance against burglary in that State is legal, because burglary is an accident to property.

This has probably been the worst win-

ter ever known in New York for horses. Pneumonia and pulmonary diseases have carried them off rapidly. Fifty American and eleven British Maud S.

companies have recently been organized to develop business in Mexico with a capital of over \$100,000,000. It is proposed in Massachusetts to provide for the use of indelible lead pencils

at elections to prevent the fraudulent altering of ballots during count. President Cleveland's mail has reached an average of about 1,000 letters a day. Secretary Thurber and five clerks are

kept busy handling the packages. The company which proposes to estab-lish an electric railroad between Chicago and St. Louis has let contracts for the entire construction of its roadbed.

Wife-beating has become so commo in New Jersey that there is a movement to erect whipping posts for the punishment of the cowardly bullies who prac-

Fire insurance rates in Des Moines have been advanced 20 per cent. The alleged cause is the inadequacy of profrom fire on the part of water

works of that city. A Washington special says: Secretary Carlisle has definitely decided to redeen in silver the outstanding treasury notes ssued under the act of 1890 and known

as the Sherman act. The highest recorded speed eve achieved by a locomotive was recently made by a compound engine on a New York road, when it covered a mile in

thirty-seven seconds. Ground has been broken at the Battery on the spot where is to rest the mag-nificent bronze monument which is to be dedicated to the memory of John Er

sson of Monitor fame. Dr. Sheldon Jackson, Commissioner o Education for Alaska, has received orders to go to Siberia to purchase and transport to Alaska tame reindeer to be

propagated there for the use of the na-James Dixon, an expert accountant, has just completed an audit of the acounts of the Economite Society, show-ng it to be solvent by a small margin The society's holding are valued at \$5,

.000,000 The extensive deposit of asphalt near St. Jo, in Montague county, Toxas, is being operated by a local company havcapital stock of \$200,000, product is being shipped all over the country.

The New York custom-house report hat the government now holds \$21,694. 900 in bond for goods in the bonded warehouses. This amount is said to be the largest ever held by the government or bonded goods.

It is said that a large number of Chiiese recently discharged at Tampico and rom various railroad construction camps in Mexico are wending their way toward the Rio Grande in the hope of sli unobserved into the United States.

The entire Chinese population of Day on, Ohio, have registered. There were but three, and these only consented to have their pictures taken if they were allowed to wear their hats. This was ecceded to, and now they are as near itizens as Chinese can approach.

A Washington dispatch claims that it A Washington dispatch claims that it is pretty well understood that the Su-preme Court will continue its session so as to hear any argument which may be made on the Chinese law. If delayed longer than May 8, the Court will not it is believed, wait to hear argument.

The Texas Legislature formed itsel nto a court to take action on the im-eachment of Land Commissioner Mc saughry by the House. The impeachment charges maintain that for several cars Mediaughry sold Texas public chool lands to speculators. The report of Assistant Attorney-Gen

4 831 miles altogether, ral Colby, who has conducted the in restigation into the charges of illegal and fraudulent disposal of public prop-erty in the weather bureau, shows that emoved from the bureau from time to ime at the pleasure of employes or offi-sers for use at their private residences other vessels touch at it every year.

FOREIGN FLASHES. PURELY PERSONAL.

famous actor makes a naive confi

of his boyish love for Adelaide Ristori.

Mrs. Frank Leslie is about to start out

John W. Bookwalter, the Ohio million

aire, said the other day: "I cannot tell you how much money I have spent try-

ing to build a machine that will fly. But I think I have a model under way now that will solve the problem."

James Mulligan of the "Mulligan Let-

ters" celebrity is very ill with pneumonia in Boston, where he has lived for many

years. A short time ago Mr. Mulligan, who had been a life-long Presbyterian, embraced the Roman Catholic faith.

Archduke Francis Ferdinand of Aus-ria on his tour through India noticed

row of diamonds and innumerable pearls

social improvement he has since devoted his life, will probably come to this coun-

try during the exposition, unless cholera should again break out in or around his

Mme. Venturi, Mazzini's friend and siographer, who died the other day, was

a warm sympathizer with radicals in all countries, and was especially interested in the movements of the Parnellite

Commodore Vanderbilt, his brother,

Captain Jacob H. Vanderbilt, and his son, William H. Vanderbilt, were ex-

tremely fond of horses. His grandsons, Cornelius, William K., Frederick and

BUSINESS BREVITIES.

Iowa raised 220,000,000 bushels of corn

Codfish dried by machinery loses its

A woman in France is not allowed to

Over 20,000,000 hogs are annually

A population of 25,000 live in the Cro

Cincinnati claims 8,664 different in

laughtered in this country.

pooppoles during the past winter.

ast year.

est flavor.

witness a will.

against 12,000 then.

s supplied with water.

rease of from 500 to 600.

about 10,000,000,000 feet.

turns out 40,000 pairs a day,

ranging from \$900 to \$1,800 a year.

ire reported to find a good market.

than doubled during the past year.

of beet-sugar in this country has more

There are now 7,000 building and loar

A ton of gold is worth \$807,799.21; o

eighs 3,685.1 pounds; of silver, 58,

For several years past nearly all the

It is estimated that during the las

he black fox of Kamschatska. These

animals are scarce and hard to kill, and

a single skin sells for about \$1,000,

000,000 in the whole British empire.

President Diaz, in his annual messag-

229.9 pounds.

00 pounds.

Charlottesville, Va.

Georgia have destro

estates

press Eugenie for \$850,000.

Governor Flower of New York and J Sterling Morton spent their boyhood days in school together. An Appeal for an International In the autobiography of Salvini, the Sanitary Code Issued.

with a company and present a play writ-ten by herself, and is laying a good ad-vertising foundation by applying for a divorce from her latest husband, Willie

Large Tunnel Between Capri and Acquafredda, Italy, Successfully Driven.

It is estimated that nearly 2,000 Christins are now in Turkish dangeons. Imperial federation is being

upon Mr. Gladstone by many of the British colonies. that the Rajah Patialla, when he was presented, wore a turban with a double

and other gems, and learned that the Rajah had bought them from the Em-

Oliver Wendell Holmes, who devised the hooded stereoscope, with a handle to it and a partition between the lenses, since patented and sold by thousands, when told that he might make some money out of it, replied that he "didn't

England is considering the advisabilcare to be known as the patentee of a pill or of a peeping contrivance." ity of entering a formal protest against Turkish outrages on Christians in Ar-Count Leo Tolstoi, who voluntarily gave up the gay life of a court set and became in occupation and manner of life one of the humbler classes, to whose

A bimetallic league of Australia has been formed in Melbourne "to promote bimetallism by international agreement." The President of Ecuador denies that

there is a treaty pending with the United States for the possession of one of the Galapagos Islands. Coal has been discovered in the Eiffel egion near the Rhine, which is declared experts to be Devonian anthracited, with an admixture of pyrites.

ty. The sympathy was appreciated her Irish friends, and among the The Medical Committee of the Cancer Hospital in London has published a statement that tomatoes neither predisflowers laid on her coffin was a wreath from John Redmond and his friends. pose to nor excite cancerous formation. Richard M. Hunt of New York is the The Berlin police have arrested Count first American to receive the gold medal of Queen Victoria, annually awarded to Olaff von Gazern, a member of one of the most powerful families of Germany, on a charge of committing several frauds. him whom the Council of the Royal Institute of British Architects shall select as the most worthy exponent of the pro-fession. Mr. Hunt probably wins this recognition just now by his design of the Administration building at the World's The Sultan of Turkey, who maintains a rigid censorship over the press, has or-dered that no newspapers shall be published in his kingdom until in the after-

Fair, but his other work in America is well known abroad. Mme. Bernhardt has recently appeared before an official in Vienna whose busi-ness was to judge on moral grounds of the appropriateness of her stage cos-

The jury system in Bengal is not to be George, seem to have no such tastes, although William K. likes to go to the races and make modest wagers. It is rather strange that a family should change so much in a few years. William abandoned after all, although the gov-ernment last October declared it must be abolished or greatly modified in the interests of justice.

II. Vanderbilt never gave up the road until he became too blind to drive vear—the export, 80,000 cwt., being al-most double that of 1891. The Anti-Slavery Society in Germany has become bankrupt, notwithstanding its lottery netting several million marks.

> intervene to avoid a big outburst. It is said that several members of the British Cabinet favor a plan by which a hoice between government by a Dublin Parliament or government by a British Parliament shall be granted to Uister.

A lottery is under consideration in Germany for the completion of the Kai-ser Wilhelm Church, but lotteries do not A West Virginia farmer has cut 30,000 take well now, as the intelligent classes notice that only the bankers profit by There are 1,850 cities and towns in this country which have electric lights. Welding is done by electricity by the Johnstown Iron Company, Johnstown,

M. Leroy-Beaulieu says that at the rate things are going in France there will be a regular annual deficit of from Benn.
South Africa still supplies the greater part of the ostrich feathers used by manufacturers.

will be a regular annual deficit of from \$40,000,000 to \$100,000,000 and the need of a loan of \$200,000,000 every three or four years.

will be a regular annual deficit of from \$1.75 \(\times \) 1.85 \(\times \) 2.36 \(\times \) 4.05; thippical tongue, \$2.36 \(\times \) 4.05; thippical tongue, \$2.36 \(\times \) 4.05; thippical tongue, \$1.85 \(\times \) 2.86 \(\times \) 4.75 \(\times \) 4.85 per dozen.

Fight—Sardines, \$1.85, 75 \(\times \) 8.2.15 \(\times \) 4.50; lobsters, \$2.30 \(\times \) 3.50; sal-

Baron Mundy of Vienna, the vetera sanitarian, has issued a strong appeal ne-third that in 1887, or 4,804 miles for the establishment of an international sanitary code, and suggests the summoning of an international conference to on water-shed, from which New York iscuss and arrange such a code.

"The Irish home-rule bill," declared Michael Davitt, M. P. for North Meath, dustrial concerns, with an annual inin a forcible speech in the House of Commons one day last week, "will be ac-A Sewell City, Kansas, firm will send 30,000 dozen eggs to the World's Fair, not to exhibit, but to eat. cepted by 13,000,000 of the Irish race as a pact of peace to be honorably observed." It is estimated that the standing pine in Ashland county, Wis., will measure

Acquafredda on the Pisciotta-Castro-cucca railway, Italy, has recently been successfully driven. The tunnel, which is three and a half miles long, was com-The largest suspender factory in the world is at Williamsport, Penn., and it senced about three and a half years The method of treating snakebite by

Women in the employ of the govern-ment at Washington receive salaries njections of strychnine is to be submit ted to exhaustive trial in India under the sanction and supervision of the gov-ernment. The method has proved high-Aluminum slate pencils are being nanufactured by an Illinois firm, and r effectual in many cases reported in Australia. According to statistics, the production

The canal across the Isthmus of Cornth is soon to open to navigation, and has cost \$20,000,000. It has been built with French capital and under French ssociations in the United States, with lirection, the original concession having membership of 2,000,000 subscribers. en granted some twelve years ago to Experiments are being made in tea-danting in Cordoba, by a Mexican syn-M. de Lesseps.

Some of the French papers are trying licate employing Chinese and Mexican to stir up ill-feeling against Lord Dufferin, the British Ambassador at Paris They accuse him of trying to make troupure silver, \$37,704.84; \$1,000,000 in gold ble between France and Russia, and with giving financial help to the Triple Alliance and its agents.

On account of increased railway rates slate pencils used throughout the United States have been made at one factory in the British Army authorities have adopted the novel method of sending transports required for various maneuers by road, in trains of wagons drawn five years the turpentine gatherers of Georgia have destroyed \$20,000,000 by traction engines. The cost has thus een reduced fully one-half.

Lendon devours every year 400,000 oxen, 1,000,000 sheep, 500,000 calves, 700,000 hogs, fowls innumerable and 0,-800,000 gallons of milk. The disturbances by Mohammedans, in shich Christians were said to have been persecuted, had their beginning in Turksh or Armenian conspirators inciting the people to revolt. Letters addressed to the American Legation were not The most expensive fur is the skin of opened by the Turkish authorities,

Professor Baer of the Munich University has found upon a mummy certain cosmetics used by Egyptian ladies of Between the years 1880 and 1890 there vere \$2,500,000,000 new life insurance fashion 3,400 years ago. He has anal-yzed them and ascertained their compowritten in this country and but \$1,000, sition. The properties of these cosmet-ics were to impart a verdant sheen to The 20,000,000 men of the United States are wearing an average of twenty buttons each, making 400,000,000 but-tons for all, estimated to weigh 23,000,the iris of the eye.

Since the famous Loewe gun trial the Since the tamous losere gan trial the German government has refused to order sabers from private firms. They are now produced exclusively at the State arsenals. This measure has caused much to the Mexican Congress, says: "In the last six months 203 miles of railway have iscontent among the manufacturers and seen constructed, and there are now ey have addressed a petition to the Emperor asking that the order be re-It is said to cost less to send the prod-

et of an acre of wheat from the States Hundreds of workingmen and their of Dakota to England than it does to manure an acre of land in England so Parliamentary building at Bucharest that it can grow good wheat.

Some idea will be formed of the Minister of Public Works was attacked amount of traffic in Rio when it is stated as he rode from the chamber. Stones sers for use at their private residences amount of the first class, and were thrown through his carriage win-made or any record kept of such dispo-that on an average 5,000 steamers and dows and three men tried to drag him into the street.

PORTLAND MARKET.

PRODUCE, FRUIT, ETC.

WHEAT — Nominal. Valley, \$1.171/2

Walla Walla, \$1.071/2 @ 1.10 per cental.

Flour—Standard, \$3.30; Walla Walla \$3.30; graham, \$2.90; superfine, \$2.50

Oats-Choice, 44@45c per bushel : fair 40c; rolled, in bags, \$6.25@6.50; barrels, \$6.50@6.75; cases, \$3.75.

Hav—Best, \$11@13.50 per ton; com-

on. \$9 to 10.

mon, \$0@ 10.

Millstuffs — Bran, \$19.00; shorts, \$22.00; ground barley, \$23@24; chop feed, \$18 per ton; whole feed, barley, \$0 @85c per cental; middlings, \$23@24; per ton; brewing barley, \$0@95c per cental; chicken wheat, \$1.10 per cental. BUTTER-Oregon fancy creamery, 27% @30c; fancy dairy, 22%@25c; fair to good, 17% 20c; common, 12% 15c per pound; California, 31 35c per roll. CHERNE-Oregon, 11@13c; Eastern Twins, 16c; Young America, 16c per

Eggs-Oregon, 17c per dozen.

California, 25c per dozen; Oregon hot-house, 35@40c; asparagus, \$2 @2.25 per box; parsnips, 85c per sack; beets, \$1.50 per sack; radishes, 25c per dozen; green Oregon onions, 12½@@15c per dozen; rhubarb, 6@7c per pound; Or-egon, 50c per dozen; green peas, 7c; spinach, 3½c per pound; cucumbers, \$1.25 per dozen; string beans, 18@20c

per pound; California garlic, 5@6c.
Factrs—Sicily lemons, \$5.@5.50 per box; California new crop, \$4.50@5.00 per box; bananas, \$1.50@3.00 per bunch; oranges, seedlings, \$2@2.75 per box; navels, \$3.00@3.50; cranberries, \$12.50 per barrel; apples, \$1.50@2.25 per box; pine-apples, \$4.50@5.00 per dozen.

STAPLE GROCERIES.

SALT—Liverpool, 200s, \$15.50; 100s, \$16.50; 50s, \$17.50; stock, \$10.50@11.50.

DRIED FRUITS—Petite prunes, 10@12c; silver, 11@14c; Italian, 12@14c; German, 10@11c; plums, old, 5@6c; new, 7@9c; apples, 6@11c; evaporated apricots, 15@173c; peaches, 12@14c; pears, 7@11e per pound, Rics—Island, \$4.75@5.00; Japan, \$4.75

per cental.

COFFEE—Costa Rica, 22c; Rio, 22c; Salvador, 21½c; Mocha, 26½@30c; Java, 24½@30c; Arbuckle's, Midland, Mokaska and Lion, 100-pound cases, 23 85-100c per pound; Columbia, same, 23 85-100c. per cental.

Beans-Small whites, 35c; pinks, 35c; bayes, 35c; butter, 4c; lima, 4c per pound. Syaur-Eastern, in barrels, 40@55c; in half-barrels, 42@57c; in cases, 35@ 80c per gallon; \$2.25 per keg; California, in barrels, 20 @40c per gallon; \$1.75 per

The English trade in frozen beef from Autralia, like that in frozen mutton, has increased enormously during the past year—the export, 80,000 cwt., being alpowdered, 73\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\text{c}\) confectioners' A, 5\(\frac{1}{2}\)\(\text{c}\) per pound; maple sugar, 15@16c per

CANNED GOODS-Table fruits, assorted, CANNED GOODS—Table Fruits, assorted, \$1.75@2.00; peaches, \$1.85@2.10; Bartlett pears, \$1.75@2.00; plums, \$1.371@3 1.50; strawberries, \$2.25@2.45; cherries, \$2.25@2.45; blackberries, \$1.85@2.00; raspberries, \$2.40; pineapples, \$2.25@2.20; apricots, \$1.65@2.00. Pie fruits, assorted, \$1.05 It is probable that the government will assorted, \$1.20; peaches, \$1.25; pluns, \$1.00@1.20; blackberries, \$1.25@1.40 per dozen. Pie fruits, gallons, assorted, \$3.15@3.50; peaches, \$3.50@4.00; apricots, \$3.50@4.00; pluns, \$2.75@3.00; blackberries, \$4.25@4.50.

VEGETABLES—Corn, \$1.50@1,75; toma-toes, \$1.10@1.15; sugar peas, \$1; string eans, 95c per dozen. MEATS—Corned beef, 1s, \$1.50; 2s, 2.40; chipped, \$2.556(4.00; lunch

n, tin 1-lb talls, \$1.25@\$1.50; flat \$1.75; 2-lbs, \$2.25 a 2.50; \(-\) barrel, \$5.50.

LIVE AND DRESSED MEAT.

BEEF — Prime steers, \$3.85@4.25; hoice steers, \$3.75@4.00; fair to good steers, \$3.00@3.50; good to choice cows, \$3.15@3.75; common to medium cows, \$2.50@2.75; dressed beef, \$6.00@7.00. Murrox—Choice mutton, \$4.50 \(\tilde{a} 4.75 \); air to good, \$4.00 \(\tilde{a} 4.50 \); dressed, \$8.00 : abs, \$4.00@4.50; dressed, \$7.00@8.00.

light and feeders. The large tunnel between Capri and \$6.00@6.50; dressed, \$8.00. SMOKED MEAT AND LARD-Hams arge, 16@16% per pound; hams, me-lium, 15% @16%; breakfast bacon, 15% alter, 10-76 (10-4c; oreaxnas; oacon, 10-26 (16c; short clear sides, 14@14\2c; et vsalt sides, 13\4\circ (33\4c; lard, compound, in tins, 11\12\circ (12c per pound; pure, in tins, 15\circ (16\12c; Oregon lard, 11\14\circ (12\12c)).

Miscellaneous.
Nams-Base quotations: Iron, \$2.25; teel, \$2.35; wire, \$2.75 per keg. Inox-Bar, 23 e per pound; pig-iron,

\$23@25 per ton. Steet-Per pound, 10%c. Tix-I. C. charcoal, 14x20, prime qualty, \$8.50@9.00 per box; for crosses, extra per box; I. C. coke plates, 14x20, prime quality, \$7.50@8.00 per box; terne late, I. C., prime quality, \$6.88@7.00;

LEAD-Per pound, 43ac; bar, 61ac, Snor-\$1.50. Horseshors-15. Navat Srones—Oakum, \$4.50@5.00 per bale; resin, \$4.80@5.00 per 480 pounds; tar, Stockholm, \$13.00; Caro-

ina, \$9,00 per barrel; pitch, \$6.00 per barrel; turpentine, 65c per gallon, in car lots. HOPS, WOOL AND HIDES. Hors—Quote 12 16c.
Woot—Umpqua valley, 16@17c; fall clip, 13@15\2c; Willamette valley, 15\&clip, 13@15\2c; Willamette valley, 15\&clip, according to quality: Eastern Ore-

10@16c per pound, according to gon, 10@1 condition. Htprs-Dry bides, selected prime, 6488c; green, selected, over 55 pounds, 4c; under 55 pounds, 3c; sheep pelts, there woul, 30450c; medium, 60680c; short wool, 30 50c; medium, ong, 90c@\$1.25; shearlings, 10@20c; tal-

low, good to choice, 3@6c per pound. BAGS AND BAGGING. Burlaps, 8-ounce, 40-inch, net cash, 6c; burlaps, 10%-ounce, 40-inch, net cash, 7c; burlaps, 12-ounce, 45-inch, cash, 7c; burlaps, 12-ounce, 45-inch, 17/3c; burlaps, 15-ounce, 60-inch, 11/3c; burlaps, 20-ounce, 76-inch, 14c; wheat burlaps, 20-ounce, 78-inch, 18c; wheat bags, Calcutta, 23x36, spot, 61/3c; bags, Calcutta, 23, 2-bushel oat bags, 7c.

An Imperfect Inventory. Mother-And so your friend Clara is soon to be married?

Daughter (just returned from long absence)-Yes; doesn't it seem strange? I hadn't heard a word about it until I called to see her this morning. She showed me her trousseau. It's perfectly lovely, just from Paris, and she has the handsomest ring I ever saw, and she showed me the house she is to live in, and the furniture she has selected, and the horses and carriages she is to have. She showed me everything except the man she is going to marry. I guess she forgot about him. New York Weekly.

FARM AND GARDEN.

Seed Germinate Quicker by Pulverizing the Soil.

AIDS IN MAINTAINING MOISTURE

Certain Amount of Heat and Moisture Necessary for Good Germination of Seed.

There are several results to be gained by thoroughly pulverizing the soil be-fore planting the seed. If this is done,

in nearly all cases the seed will germi-

nate quicker and better, and plants will

make a thriftier start in growth. A cer-tain amount of heat and moisture is

Imperial federation is being urged upon Mr. Gladstone by many of the British colonies.

Some successful attempts to purify sewage with electricity have been made in France and England.

The riots in Belgium have caused a prediction that before the end of the century Belgium will be a Republic.

A commencement is ere long to be made with the construction of the railway tunnel under the Clyde at Patrick. It is stated that the South Austrian railway, one of the largest lines in Austria-Hungary, is to be purchased by the State.

EGGS—Oregon, 17c per dozen, mixed coops, \$5.50; broil-rockens, 10 (2015) fancy coops, \$5.50; broil-rockens, 10 (2015) fa materially in securing a better growth. In many cases, even in a thin cropped down soil, a much better growth yield can be secured if the soil is prepared in a fine tilth before growing the seed, and kept so during growth by frequent cultivation, than would otherwise be possible. By bringing the soil to a good tilth before planting, it is easier to keep it in a good tilth afterwards while the plants will make a vigorous start to grow. Thoroughly fining the soil aids it to retain moisture, as well, as to draw it to retain moisture as well as to draw it from the subsoil by capillary attraction. While fair crops may be grown in a rich soil with indifferent preparations, the best growth and yield is only possible by having the soil in a fine tilth before the seeds, and then k planting the seeds, and then keep in thoroughly so during growth by shallow surface cultivation. This puts the avail-able plant food in a condition to be taken up by the growing plants, and helps materially in supplying the neces-sary moisture. The more thoroughly the soil is prepared before planting, the less work will be necessary to keep it in a good condition afterwards; hence, it is good economy to take time to prepare thoroughly before planting the seeds, and it will be less work to maintain a good growth.

A FREQUENT MISTAKE IN FEEDING. When an unusually long journey is to e undertaken it is customary, with many people, to give an extra quantity of grain immediately prior to starting, and it may be to subjects indifferently fed and irregularly exercised; or, in other words, those in poor condition. Even though precaution is taken in driving slowly we often find as vaterious driving slowly we often find, as veteri-nary surgeons, that such is the history of cases we are called upon to treat of horses suffering from that frequently fatal affection. After journeys of unu-sual length, or exertion of any kind, the same danger is to be encountered from the fatigue resulting, and consequent inability on the part of the digestive or gans to operate upon an ordinary feed of grain, much less an inordinate one, which is only too frequently provided under such circumstances. A horse in a tired state is more safely fed on hay until rest has been allowed for from half an hour to two hours; for all they will be likely to consume of this more easily digested fodder will not so readily over-tax the stomach. When much depres-sion has resulted from fatigue, a pail of thin gruel will soon revive the animal, on account of its being readily absorbed and getting into the blood, and being nutritions in character as well.

MISTAKES OF STOCKMEN. Farmers, and especially stock raisers, often fail because the proprietor at-tempts to do everything himself. He works early and late, is always worn out, id consequently nothing is well done On a large stock farm two hired men can be profitably used. It is imperative hat the stock be looked after at night specially during spring months when oung animals are being constantly orn. No one man can do all this work, neither can a man work all day and part or most of the night as the case may require. Arrange the work so that the hired man stays up with a sick animal, a farrowing sow, etc. be can the Hogs-Choice heavy, \$7.00@7.25; menext day get time to make up lost sleep, otherwise he will be in no condition to do his work thoroughly and skillfully. Of all the men about a farm, the proprictor or general manager needs the most rest. In planning the day's work he needs a clear head. Hence it is ecessary to success to have some one to lo night work. Usually seven or eight ours is sufficient for a mature man. Boys under twenty-five require more. It is only by giving strict attention to the demands of nature that the stocknan's powers can be used to the best

advantage.
VALUE OF INQUIRING. Feeding is often done at random. The food supply is used without reference to its adaptation to the needs of the ani-mal. This exhibits a lack of thoughtful inquiry. Every young man, by ask-ing questions and by reading books and papers, acquires a considerable fund of information which is capital in his business of general farming or raising live stock. It is by the proper use of the long evenings at this time of the year that his foundation for future success is laid. It is likewise true that the middle-aged man, by the same course, main-tains his strength of purpose and is able to hold his own with improved conditions. In the past there are many examples of men who have succeeded grandly by their own thoughts and plans and the knowledge they have picked up by diligent use of the means at their disposal.

Nortes.

Do you get all the cream there is in silk? It is easy to lose a pound or two of butter a week from each cow by not

setting the milk properly. The Department of Agriculture in South Australia is encouraging the growth of raisin grapes, and has im-

ported 40,000 cuttings for distribution among farmers. The cost of building a creamery in New South Wales is given at \$9,150, which includes the land, buildings and machinery with a complete outfit ready

to begin operations.

She Hit It. Lucy Carvassa, a Massachusetts girl. wanted to die, and to die as no one else had, and so she swallowed thirty-six marbles and brought about the wish for work. She left a note stating that if any one else had tried this game she should feel sorry, but all who wished to imitate her had that privilege.-- Betroit

Free Press. A Preserve for Birds and Animals. New Zealand has set apart two islands for the preservation of its remarkable wild birds and other animals, for-

bidding there all hunting and trapping