

There's a Difference in Englewood

—Everyone is a home owner; they take pride in their homes and the section where they live. The lawns and gardens are always in fine shape. The civic pride spirit is always in evidence, and new homes being built all the time.

YOU'LL LIKE ENGLEWOOD and will have your home there soon. Why not now, while you can get the best selection at our exceptionally low prices and terms. All lots 50x120 feet; streets are graded, water, light, telephone and jitney service at hand. A lot in ENGLEWOOD is better than a savings account.

INVESTIGATE this beautiful section, where you can get a 50x120-foot lot, with all improvements paid, for only \$300, and on your own terms.

Reynolds Development Co.

(OWNER ENGLEWOOD)

178 Central

Call 160 for Plat.

Rusty Water

Where red or rusty water occurs, it almost always comes from the hot water faucets. The water is discolored because of the rusting of the inside of the hot water piping in the house and is not dirt or foreign matter, for if it were then both the hot and cold water would be discolored. The hot water piping in some houses causes more rust than in others, due to the galvanizing of the pipes being of poorer quality. When placing new or repairing old water piping, insist on your plumber using the best grade of galvanized iron pipe of not less than three-fourths inch diameter.

Where rusty hot water is especially bad it can be remedied to a considerable extent by having a plumber attach an inexpensive device to the water pipe entering the hot water coil or stove-pipe for the introduction of a small amount of lime each week. The lime added to the hot water will largely prevent the formation of rust in the hot water pipes, but it will make the water somewhat harder and require more soap.

Don't heat your hot water supply too hot. A temperature of 140 degrees is sufficient for all ordinary uses of hot water and to exceed this causes trouble. Flush the rust out of the bottom of your hot water tank at least once a week. Every hot water tank should have a faucet for this purpose.

COOS BAY WATER COMPANY

MARSHFIELD AND NORTH BEND, OREGON.

EXPERT WELDING of METALS

Steel, brass, cast, iron and aluminum castings made like new

DEMONSTRATIONS DAILY.

Koontz Garage

Phone 180-J. North Front Street

GRAVEL

We are now prepared to furnish GRAVEL in any quantities from pile in our yard or in carload lots, at following prices:

From pile on ground, \$2.75 per yard.
Cartload lots, taken from cars, \$2.00 per yard.
Retail Department.

C. A. Smith Lumber & Mfg. Co.

Opposite Post-Office. Phone 190.

PROFESSIONAL DIRECTORY

A. L. Houseworth,
Physician and Surgeon
Office: Irving Block.
Phone 11 to 12 a. m.; 9 to 11 p. m.
Home Office 148-J; Res., 148-L.

M. Wright
Phone 188-B
BUILDING CONTRACTOR
Estimates furnished on request

H. M. Shaw
Eye, Ear and Throat Specialist
GLASSES FITTED
Phone 830-J, Rooms 200-201
Irving Block.

MATTIE B. SHAW
Physician and Surgeon
Phone 830-J.

G. Butler
CIVIL ENGINEER
Phone 204 Coke Bldg. Phone 144-J
Residence Phone 342-L.

G. Chandler
ARCHITECT
Phone 201 and 302, Coke Building
Marshfield, Oregon.

Who is Bruce Evans? See ad. page 6.

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NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

Notice is hereby given that sealed bids will be received by the Common Council of the City of Marshfield, Coos County, Oregon, at the office of the Recorder in the City Hall of said City until eight o'clock P. M. on Monday, the 17th day of April, 1916, for the improvement of that portion of the east side of Second Street South from the south line of Elrod Avenue west to a point 18 feet south of the north line of Golden Avenue West in the City of Marshfield, Coos county, Oregon, with the extension of that portion of said street which lies between a point 323 feet south of the south line of Elrod Avenue West and a point 353 south of the south line of Elrod Avenue West, according to the plans and specifications prepared by the City Engineer and on file in the office of the City Recorder and there open to the inspection of all persons interested therein.

All bids must be in accordance with the requirements accompanying said specifications, and upon blanks for that purpose which will be supplied upon request at the office of the City Engineer.

A certified check of five per cent of the amount bid must accompany the bid to be forfeited to the said City of Marshfield, in case the contract is awarded the contractor and he fails to enter in a contract with the said city and furnish a suitable bond therefor within ten days after being notified so to do.

The Common Council reserves the right to reject any and all bids.
Dated this 6th day of April, 1916.
JOHN W. BUTLER,
Recorder of the City of Marshfield, Coos county, Oregon.

SUMMONS

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon, in and for the County of Coos.

E. G. Perham and A. B. Gidley, Plaintiffs; versus J. Harling Turner, Defendant.

To J. Harling Turner, Defendant: In the Name of the State of Oregon: You and each of you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled court and cause within six weeks from the first publication of this summons, to-wit: within six weeks from the 11th day of March, 1916; and if you fail so to appear and answer, on or before the 22nd day of April, 1916, for that being the last day of publication, for want thereof, the Plaintiffs will take judgment against you for the sum of Six Hundred Forty-one dollars and ninety cents (\$641.90) with interest from the 18th day of June, 1914, together with the costs and disbursements of this action.

This action is brought against you to recover the said sum of \$641.90 with interest from the 18th day of June, 1914 for work, labor and services consisting of excavating, rendered by plaintiffs to you at your special instance and request, of the reasonable value and agreed price of said sum.

Service of this summons is made upon you by publication pursuant to order made by the Hon. James Watson, County Judge of the County of Coos, State of Oregon, on the 11th day of March, 1916, directing that the same be published in the Coos Bay Times for a period of six weeks.

JOHN D. GOSS,
JOHN C. KENDALL,
HERBERT MURPHY,
Attorneys for Plaintiffs.
Date of first publication March 11, 1916; date of last publication April 22, 1916.

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DRY WOOD
at
Campbell's Woodyard
North Front Street
Phone 98-J

The Coos Bay Times Magazine Page

A SPRING NOVELTY.

This Silk Jersey is Corded to Simulate Corduroy.

One of the popular textures for spring street suits is silk jersey. The effect is decidedly juvenile, the luster and lightness giving an agreeable com-



A NATTY OUTFIT.

bination. The suit pictured is of a wide weave made to replace winter corduroys. Patch pockets, a stringy belt and beautiful silk tassels are smart details.

YOUR WINDOW BOX.

Begonias Are Easily Grown, and Ferns Are of Permanent Beauty.

Begonias are admirable plants for growing in window boxes. The foliage of all begonias is attractive, but especially so are the beautifully marked leaves of the Rex variety. The beefsteak, Gloire de Lorraine and other varieties may be expected to grow well and to flower under the conditions that suit the vines already described, says the department of agriculture.

Ferns in variety are available for the window box and may be selected at any florist's to suit the taste of the grower, but dwarf varieties are better suited for the room available. Ferns may be grown with begonias satisfactorily. Both require a temperature lower than the average living room.

Coleus is another group of plants that may be grown in a window box, but they must have sun. The leaves of these plants have a wide range of color and marking as well as of size and shape. They must have a warmer atmosphere than the plants already mentioned, a temperature of 55 degrees to 60 degrees at night being desirable. The mealy bug is often quite troublesome on coleus.

For an upright plant growing a foot or eighteen inches high aspidistra is satisfactory. The leaves of this plant grow in somewhat the same manner as garden flags, but there are varieties with variegated leaves as well as those with green leaves.

How to Transfer.

Here are suggestions for transferring the pattern before you to any material.

Perhaps the easiest way is the "windowpane" method. This is successful when the material is thin, like linen, batiste, etc. Pin the sheet of paper and the material together and hold them up against the glass of a window. With a sharp pencil draw on the material the design, which can be easily seen through the glass. If one-half of the design only is given upon the paper and turn the other side to the fabric.

If you have carbon paper you should place the sheet between the fabric and the newspaper. The latter is on top. With a sharp pencil go over the outline of the design. The impression will be left in fine lines and will last until worked.

Vegetable Cutlets.

Roll six large potatoes, wash them, add butter, seasoning and enough hot milk to moisten. Chop fine three button onions, fry in butter to light brown. Wash, peel and scrape and boil separately twelve small carrots and four small white turnips. Chop and add with the onions to the potato. Season to taste, add a little minced parsley and cool. Mold into small cutlets, dip in beaten egg, then powdered cracker crumbs. Fry to a golden brown in boiling fat.

THE CITY BEAUTIFUL

CONCERNING PUBLIC PARKS AND THE CIVIC SPIRIT

Open Pleasure Places Are Often Diverted From Their Proper Use.

Why do public parks offer an irresistible temptation to city councils, commissions, societies and the like to divert them from their proper use? Philadelphia has been very fortunate in preserving her breathing spaces from contamination. But most other cities have had to fight all sorts of schemes for giving to a part of the people what belongs to the whole people. Hardly a year passes without some assault upon the integrity of Central park, in New York. That is the greatest asset of its kind the city has. Yet but for the energetic protests of public spirited newspapers and citizens it would be filled by now with buildings or turned over to various societies for special purposes. So Boston has been forced again and again to defend the common and the Public Garden from encroachments, and Washington is at present exercised over the plan to erect a power house close to the Washington monument. It is not a mere question of the greed of real estate speculators. Many who honestly think that they have the good of the people at heart apparently cannot grasp the fact that parks must be considered in terms of the whole people and not of any part. Thus they are neither to be devoted to a part nor to be used by the whole without such restrictions as will protect the interests of every part.

Even park commissioners have not always followed this salutary rule. There was one recently in New York who believed that, because the parks belonged to the people, the people could do anything they chose with them. They could litter them with rubbish, they could trample down the grass, they could deface the trees and shrubbery, and nothing must be done to prevent them. The fallacy of this argument is obvious. It makes each member of the public in effect a private owner, with liberty to do what he likes with his own. It is really a denial of the civic spirit which considers first the good of all. There is a great need in most of our American cities of a better cultivation of this spirit. No intelligent observer can have failed to note the superiority of European cities in this respect. The value of open spaces is more thoroughly appreciated there, and the protection of them is more a matter of individual concern. Philadelphia need not fear for her parks, it is true, but in some other respects her civic spirit might be made more active. No man does his duty to the community in which he lives by merely accepting its benefits and failing to cherish and protect its rights.—Philadelphia Ledger.

GARDENS FOR EVERYBODY.

Congress of Mothers of Cleveland Plans Using of Vacant Lots.

Community gardens for the coming summer is the plan of the Cleveland (O.) congress of mothers. It looks like a rather sensible plan too.

The different mothers' clubs will have charge of their respective districts, getting hold of vacant lots to be converted into gardens, sending seeds to people who can't buy their own and keeping the whole scheme moving efficiently.

The youngsters will be interested by the gentle competition, selling their vegetables in the summer and giving an exhibit in the fall with prizes and ribbons for the most successful.

Besides making the children and grownups alike co-operate in this wholesome form of community work the garden program includes a lot of practical instruction.

Lessons in civic beauty, democracy, economics and personal hygiene are all to be fruits of these community gardens.

And whether or not it is a complete success this first summer, it can be a fine thing if parents and children take hold in the right spirit.

New Park Scheme.

A new plan to make the park more intensively useful to the public has been put into operation by Park Commissioner Ingersoll of Brooklyn. This plan, which utilizes the school farm garden cottages in parks as neighborhood social centers, has proved very popular. The other members of the park board are manifesting considerable interest in the plan, which may lead to its extension to the other boroughs of the city.

The use of recreation buildings in parks for social centers is a new idea in park work. It is especially adapted to New York city, where the great majority of the parks are located in neighborhoods of large homogeneous populations and not situated at the outskirts as they are in most other communities. Hitherto, social center work has been carried on by private associations and in certain public schools.

Land For Settlers.

The Deming (N. M.) chamber of commerce raised \$7,000 in ten minutes to put on an advertising campaign for the coming year. The plan is to give away a limited amount of the land of the valley, turned in by business men to actual settlers that are prepared to enter into a contract to farm it in a way to be specified by the organization.

CHILDREN IN EFFECTIVE CLEANUP WORK IN CITIES

They Have Proved to Be Diligent and Useful in Many Towns.

No other movement for civic betterment has made better use of the ability and energy of children than has the clean-up campaign, says the American City. Children have special facility in inspection matters; they enjoy the distinction of passing judgment on conditions—a welcome change from always being passed upon themselves—and their reports are usually keen and direct. It is to their credit also that their



CHILDREN AT CLEANUP WORK.

Inspections are usually courteously made and that when the authority to make requests for action in cleaning up is given them they approach offenders with dignity and politeness.

Children took an important part in some 5,000 local "cleanup and paint up" campaigns last year under the auspices of the national bureau. The bureau laid much emphasis on the possibilities of children's co-operation, and its suggestions were variously adopted everywhere. Civic leaders in these campaigns are one and all vouch for the wonderful educational value of the effort.

TO REBUILD A CITY.

German Americans Will Reconstruct Ragnit as an American Town.

Rebuilding of the city and county of Ragnit, in the devastated province of East Prussia, has been undertaken with funds contributed by German Americans to the East Prussian Relief Fund, incorporated. Louis Guenzel, a Chicago architect, is now drawing plans and will supervise the work, it is said.

According to the plans, Ragnit will be rebuilt as an "American city," with streets bearing such names as New York, Chicago, Philadelphia and Atlanta. The villages in the county will be made as American-like as possible. About 100 houses have been donated for Ragnit, it was stated, each of them to cost \$1,200. Funds forwarded to East Prussia already amount to \$58,000.

At the headquarters of the fund a letter has been received from Germany stating that Emperor William, in a message read in the Prussian diet by Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg, thanked all German Americans who contributed to the work of rebuilding the East Prussian district. The emperor said in his message, according to the letter:

"Across the sea our German American brothers have joined hands with cities and towns in Germany to rebuild East Prussia, which province has suffered immensely during the Russian occupation.

"Germany will never forget the help which comes from the western hemisphere in this time of distress, and I wish to express my heartiest thanks to all German Americans and others who have joined in the movement now extending throughout the United States.

"The East Prussian Relief fund has my best wishes in its splendid work. I do not doubt that their charitable inclination will erect a lasting monument for them in the rebuilding of the county and city of Ragnit, of which they are now sponsors."

Nature Club to Beautify City.

The Southwest Philadelphia Nature Club, an organization just recently formed, is making active preparations for the work it proposes to do this spring in beautifying unsightly spots in the city with flowers and green plants. The undertaking is an immense task and will take time to bring it to even a partial conclusion, but the members are not daunted with the size of the job confronting them. The idea is to later send the school children in making unsightly spots about their homes attractive and then adding others to do so.

City Nurse For Ohio Town.

To co-operate with the movement to make Marietta, O., a more healthful place the Marietta chamber of commerce has provided office space for the city nurse who has recently been employed by the local civic organization.

PLANT THE GARDEN

Some Seeds That You Should Use at Once.

SEVERAL FREE BLOOMERS.

In Planning Your Plot Always Bear In Mind Where Certain Plants Will Go and Their Relation to Other Flowers and Other Colors.

While seeds are germinating and plants are very small they must be handled with the utmost care and precaution, for, tiny and insignificant as the young seedling may appear, it is extremely sensitive to changes in temperature, too much or too little moisture, gas in the room, disease and all the things which sometimes even larger plants have not the strength to resist.

There are a few flowers that should be started in the seed pans. One is salvia, or scarlet sage. It is such a darling color that it must be planted with exceedingly good judgment—not prominently, for it will make itself seen in whatever distance or concealment it is placed, and not close to the porch of a red brick house, a mistake which is so frequently made, but it should be near blending or well contrasting colors. Salvia is one of the last flowers to bloom in the fall, but it is slow growing, and the seed must be started at once.

Verbena are free blooming and generally satisfactory, but they must be chosen carefully with regard to colors. Avoid the scarlet and other shades of red and purple unless you know exactly where they are to be put and are sure that they will not clash with other things. The white is lovely in a small garden where there are already flowers of many colors.

It will please you later if you sow one pan of salpigloss and any of the varieties with gold. The flowers are so beautifully veined they should be popular.

You should have snapdragon or antirrhinum in the soft rose shades or yellows. Snapdragon seedlings must be transplanted into another pan as soon as they can be handled and watered cautiously, as they have a fatal habit of "damping off"—that is, the stem rots close to the ground.

A few seeds of Colcecia scandens, the cup and saucer vine, may be started in a three or four inch pot and the strongest plant left to grow until it is time to plant out of doors.

"The purple perfume of petunias" may be remembered now in your plans—and the asters.

Nemesia and terenia are two dainty flowers not often seen in gardens, but delightful, as is also the little blue lobelia, the crystal palace compacta.

FOR EARLY SPRING.

The Kind of a Suit That Is Both Smart and Serviceable.

Black and white checked worsted develops this suit for juveniles, cut with marked flares and a stitched on belt. The buttons are used in pairs, and



A STUDY IN FLARES.

patch pockets, set low on the flare of the peltrim, also give a chic finish. The white faille lining of the collar is detachable.

Take Care of Your Veil.

The appearance of a veil depends on its freshness, and its freshness depends on the way it is taken care of. So it is well worth everybody's time to keep a veil free from wrinkles. Roll it, if possible, on a cylinder especially kept for the purpose. This can be covered with silk or cretonne, and it should be a little wider than the veil kept on it.

Another good way to keep a veil fresh is to fold it, pulling it smooth and wrinkleless as you fold over and over, with one hand at each side of the veil.

Never fold a wet veil, as the folds will stick together if you do. Blue veils of lace and net are smart with blue suits and frocks, and plum or purple veils, too, are worn with suits of those colors.