
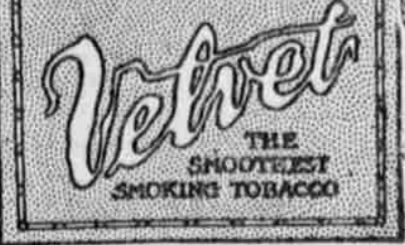


THE Dumbest Oyster can make a better pearl than the brightest man. The oyster uses Nature's methods.



Velvet Joe



WHEN I'm maturin' tobacco for VELVET, I take a page from old Mother Nature's Book.

Nature says smokin' tobacco don't arrive at its full, hearty maturity until after two years' maturin'.

Some folks may say: "Why wait on Nature? We can do it quicker."

I'm strong for Nature's way—the VELVET way—two years' mellowing in big, wooden hogsheads—"ageing in the wood."



What do you say?

Well, fill a pipe with VELVET, an' draw in the cool, mild smoke that's so fragrant an' rich that—but what's the use of trying to describe a taste? Take my word for VELVET long enough to try a pipeful, and you won't need to take anybody's word after that.

Velvet Joe

5c Metal-lined Bags *Logan's Myers Tobacco Co.*
10c Tins
One Pound Glass Humidor *Copyright 1915*

PEOPLE'S FORUM NEW AERIO RULING

The Coos Bay Times will be pleased to publish letters from its readers on all questions of public interest, giving his or her address, and so far as possible limited to 250 words. In publishing these letters the Times does not endorse the views expressed therein; it is simply affording a means for the voicing of different opinions on all questions affecting the public welfare.

ONLY HALF-TRUTHS.

Editor Times:

Will you kindly permit me to place before the public my own version of my remarks at the last monthly meeting of our Chamber of Commerce?

I tried to register a protest against the incorrect reporting of the facts in connection with some proposed sidewalk work, which had not been advertised and for which no bids had been received.

Leading up to this, I called attention to the fact that an advertisement for the sale of a \$79.00 improvement bond had cost the city approximately \$16.00 and that the city received no bid for the same. As a result the city had to buy in this bond, just as the city will have to do this sidewalk work.

I said that we, or some of us, were trying to cut out some of the advertising expense and that therefore, we had not advertised this \$40.00 worth of sidewalk work.

I asked that the Chamber protest against the tone and spirit in which both local papers criticized our action in this sidewalk matter, not in the matter of advertising this \$79.00 bond for sale.

I protested against the unfairness of the papers when they said that we received no bids for this sidewalk, because we did not advertise same, when as a matter of fact, we received no bids because the contract was too small to be worth bidding on.

My reference to this bond advertisement was simply to show that the papers should not complain about not getting fair pay for the advertising that is really necessary.

In short, as the subject under discussion at the time was "our high taxes and what can we do about them," I still believe that my remarks were pertinent to the subject and that I was not correctly quoted.

E. BANDEL.

SECRETARY DANIELS REMOVES SOME RESTRICTIONS.

Censors at Sayville and Tuckerton Now Allowed to Give Out More News Concerning Warships.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 6.—Changes in the U. S. naval wireless censorship regulations were announced here by Secretary Daniels. A strict interpretation of the regulations, as made when the government placed the naval censors at Sayville and Tuckerton, prohibited the passing of publication in the United States, German official statements if they made reference to the movements of belligerent vessels. The modified regulations provide: "Restrictions as to movements of war and other vessels of belligerents shall not apply to messages received from belligerent shore radio stations."

MAY SELL BALSAM FIR TO PAINT COMPANIES

Portland Concern Writes Saying Will Contract for Product—Use it Making aints

Balsam fir, secured by tapping the fir trees for their pitch, is much in demand for the making of paints and varnishes. The Orwood Paint company, of Portland, writing to Secretary Smith, of the North Bend Chamber of Commerce, asks the addresses of parties who would contract to sell some of the product.

The letter states the firm will pay from \$14 to \$15 a barrel f. o. b. Portland. It says in the Willamette Valley there are several parties of men who make their living this way and asks to get into communication with anyone on Coos Bay who can send them balsam fir.

S. P. MAY ACQUIRE MULTNOMAH HOTEL.

Would Use Structure as Hotel, Office Building and Terminal Station

PORTLAND, Ore., March 6.—Persistent rumors are in circulation that soon after the foreclosure sale of the furnishings of the Hotel Multnomah, March 8, an announcement will be made which will ultimately result in the building being used by the Southern Pacific railway.

In view of what is definitely known the railway sought in the past it seems probable that present plans include the operation of five or six floors as a hotel, the inclusion of some of the company's offices in the building and also the use of the fourth-story side and part of the second floor as a downtown terminal for the Southern Pacific electric system, whose tracks pass the structure.

It is believed the company wishes to copy in Portland the general idea of the Pacific Electric terminal in Los Angeles.

THE LLOYD HOTEL

Housekeeping Apartments,
Two Rooms, \$8.00 Month.
Electricity and Gas, Free Baths
Sleeping rooms, \$1.50 wk. up

TIME TABLE WILLAMETTE PACIFIC MOTOR CAR

Leave	Leave
Marshfield	North Bend
6:45 a.m.	7:00 a.m.
7:45 a.m.	8:00 a.m.
8:45 a.m.	9:00 a.m.
9:45 a.m.	10:15 a.m.
10:45 a.m.	11:00 a.m.
11:30 a.m.	11:45 a.m.
12:50 p.m.	1:15 p.m.
1:45 p.m.	2:00 p.m.
2:45 p.m.	3:00 p.m.
3:45 p.m.	4:00 p.m.
5:00 p.m.	5:15 p.m.
5:40 p.m.	5:55 p.m.
6:55 p.m. North city limits only.	
7:30 p.m.	7:45 p.m.

WESTERN LOAN AND BUILDING CO.

Assets \$2,340,000.00

Pays 8 per cent on savings

I. S. KAUFMAN & CO.
Local Treasurer

FARE TEN CENTS

City Limits North Bend, 5c
COMMUTATION 20
TICKETS, \$1.75 20
Marshfield-North Bend

Auto Line
Cars every ten minutes from 6 a. m., to 12 midnight; to South Slough once a day, leaving at 11 a. m.; to Empire three trips a day.

GORST & KING, Props.

DUNGAN UNDERTAKING PARLORS

will be kept OPEN TO THE PUBLIC
A regular state licensed undertaker will be in charge

Phone 195-J

DAIRY WISDOM.

Good cows are never cheap, are hard to find and harder to buy.
Re-enforce your dairy from your own best cows.
Cold rains are much harder on cows than dry cold. Damp cold penetrates to the bone. Provide dry shelter.
If you don't believe in keeping cows comfortable visit the stables of the men with the big cream check. That ought to convince you.
If it is desired to use artificial coloring it should be added to the cream just before churning.
Calves should have daily outdoor exercise when the weather will permit.

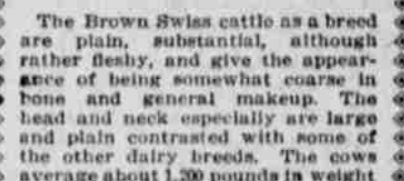
RULES THAT MAKE FOR DAIRY SUCCESS

It requires something more than a herd of good cows and proper equipment to bring about dairy success—there must be a real dairyman in charge of the plant. Some never will learn, but there are many taking up dairying who have that thirst for knowledge that will eventually bring them the success for which they are working. To such the following advice from the dairy department of the Wisconsin College of Agriculture will be helpful. Paste it up in your cow barn, where it can frequently be read:

Use pure bred dairy sires from cows having large and profitable productions of milk and butter-fat.
Raise well the heifer calves from cows which for one or more generations have made large and profitable productions of milk and butter fat.
Breed heifers at the age of sixteen to twenty months.
Feed heifers liberally and milk regularly.
In summer time do not try to save feed by turning to pasture too early.
Supplement poor pastures with corn silage or green soiling crops, like rye, peas, oats, green corn fodder, cabbage and other available feed.
Provide plenty of pure, fresh water, shade and protection against flies during hot weather.
In winter time feed cows daily one pound of grain for every three pounds

COUNTY GIVES \$600 TO MYRTLE POINT FAIR

In behalf of the agricultural exhibit at the Coos-Curry fair at Myrtle Point this fall, J. O. Stemmler, L. H. Pearce, Henry Schroeder and J. S. Whitaker appeared before the county court here asking for an appropriation of \$750. There was a division of opinion among the members of the court as to how much should be granted, Judge Watson favoring \$500, and the two commissioners being a little more liberal in disposition. So the majority had its way and the figure was set at \$600.—Coquille Sentinel.



OVER 240 NEW GAME LAWS ENACTED BY U. S.

Agricultural Department Presses Campaign of Protection.

Washington.—The department of agriculture has inaugurated a vigorous campaign for the protection of game under the federal law and is aiding the various states in carrying out their statutes.

More than 240 new game laws were enacted during 1915—a larger number than in any previous year except 1911. Forty-three states held regular legislative sessions, and in all of these states except Arizona, Georgia and Nebraska some changes were made in the statutes protecting game. The largest number of new game laws passed in any one state was sixty-one, in North Carolina, but in California, Connecticut, Maine, New Jersey, Oregon, Pennsylvania and Wisconsin the number reached ten or more. Several measures were vetoed, including a general game bill in Idaho, the first bill appropriating the hunting license fund in Pennsylvania, a bill protecting bears in California and three sections of the game bill in Washington state.

A number of bills were introduced for the purpose of harmonizing the state laws on migratory birds with the federal regulations. In at least nine states changes were made which brought the seasons into substantial agreement—namely, California, Connecticut, Maine, Michigan, New Hampshire, Tennessee and West Virginia. In Illinois the seasons for all migratory birds except coot and waterfowl and in Washington for the smaller shore birds were made to conform with the regulations under the federal law.

Uniformity was also secured by provisions in the laws of Connecticut, Maine, New Mexico, North Dakota, Washington and Wisconsin, prohibiting hunting between sunset and sunrise. On the other hand, Delaware adopted a resolution opposing the migratory bird law, and Ohio and Rhode Island, which had harmonized their seasons in 1914, changed the seasons on waterfowl this year.

As a result of the decision of the supreme court of the United States on Jan. 19, 1914, sustaining the alien hunting law of Pennsylvania, legislation prohibiting aliens from hunting or owning shotguns or rifles was enacted in at least four states—Massachusetts, New Jersey, North Dakota and West Virginia—but certain exceptions based on property qualifications were made in Massachusetts and New Jersey.

HAVE THE ROOF FIXED NOW
See CORTELL
Phone 3171

DRY WOOD
at
Campbell's Woodyard
North Front Street
Phone 379-J

WOOD—GOOD WOOD
W. H. Lingo has it at \$1.50 and
\$2 cash per load. Garbage removal.
ed. Phone 227-J.

You Are Judged by the Appearance of Your Stationery

If your Stationery is up to the minute, with the type the proper size and neatly displayed, your communication will command attention. That is the kind of Stationery The Times Job Dept. turns out. If you need anything in printing, give us a chance to figure on your work. No botch work allowed to leave the office. All work is under the supervision of competent workmen. Results are guaranteed both as to price and quality. Prompt delivery is assured.

Telephone 133 We will call