

The Aim

The aim to be always bright, wholesome and interesting, keeps the contents of The Times up to the high standard of news excellence.

The Armies

of Europe are engaged in a death struggle which may change the map of the world.

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ANARCHISTS' PLOT TO KILL MANY WEALTHY MEN IN NEW YORK FOILED

Planned to Use Bombs for Killing and Then Inaugurate Reign of Terror

NAME SAID TO BE NATION-WIDE IN SCOPE

Every of Scheme Early Hatched—Bomb Was Thrown in Cathedral

NEW YORK, March 2.—An attempt to blow up St. Patrick's cathedral with a bomb today, and the death of two men by detectives, have been informed for months of activities, was followed by announcement at police headquarters today that the arrests of an anarchist plot to blow up Andrew Carnegie, J. P. Rockefeller, John D. Rockefeller, Jr., and other wealthy men, after the anarchists were to inaugurate a reign of terror commencing only to the days of the revolution.

As part of the plot, the police report, for gangs of men armed with rifles and revolvers to appear anonymously in various parts of the city to shoot and pillage. The banks of New York were to be blown up, and many wealthy men were to be slain. For months, office detectives had worked the inner circle of the anarchists. This detective, Frank Halsted, in the manufacture of a bomb with which the attempt was made to blow up the cathedral. Detective accompanied the bomb to the edifice and sat with him while he lighted the bomb and lit at the altar. Immediately thereafter, in which 800 people gathered at worship, became alive detectives. Baldo, sitting behind the altar, the bomb exploded, and he was killed. A few minutes later, the explosion put out the sputtering of the congregation hardly what had happened when he was over and there was no more. Soon after, Charles Carbone was arrested as an accomplice.

80 MEN LOST IN VIRGINIA MINE

Disaster in Shaft of New River and Pocahontas Co. Kills Many Miners

CHARLESTON, W. Va., March 2.—A disaster occurred in the mine of New River and Pocahontas Coal Company three miles from Thurmond, West Virginia today. The mine connects another mine, each employing 80 men, all of whom are believed to have been in the pits when the disaster occurred. A rescue party immediately organized. Badly injured men were rescued. The mass of debris delayed search of the mine.

SON URGED PASSPORT PROBE

Grand Jury Investigation of Alleged New York Frauds

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 2.—President Wilson revealed today he had directed the present grand jury investigation into the passport frauds. It was in fact, however, that unless indictments were returned, the United States could not take notice of the charges against the passport officers.

ATTENTION ALL ELKS

Wednesday evening at the Lodge at the regular time of meeting will be election of officers for coming lodge year. Make it a point to be there. Other important business to transact. Refreshments.

NO EXTRA SESSION OF SENATE NOW

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 2.—President Wilson stated definitely today that he had abandoned plans for an extra session of the Senate immediately after March 4th, and up to the present he had not seriously considered the suggestion of a special session of Congress in October.

TYPHOID FATAL TO TWO IN ONE FAMILY

SECOND CHILD OF MR. AND MRS. W. C. BICKFORD, OF TARI HEEL, TO SUCCEUM WITHIN WEEK—WILL INVESTIGATE.

Faye Bickford, the three-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Bickford, of Tar Heel, died last night at North Bend after a short illness of typhoid fever. A four-month-old child of Mr. and Mrs. Bickford died last week of the same disease and still another member is critically ill. The disease was contracted at Tar Heel, where the family was living while Bickford was employed in a camp. Fred Barnard said last night that about a year ago the same place on South Inlet evidently caused two other deaths, a man and a child who were there with a picnic party contracting typhoid fever and later dying. They evidently had taken a drink from a well or spring on the place. Will Investigate.

Coroner Wilson said this morning that the spring or well which is believed to have spread the illness should be investigated. It is likely that Dr. Culin of Coquille, County Health Officer, will probably investigate it to see if it is contaminated. If it is a well, it can be condemned and filled, but if it is a spring it will be more difficult to eliminate the contamination. Aside from endangering residents of that section, the typhoid from the spring might endanger other water supplies. Mr. Wilson said that he understood that Chas. Stauff a year or so ago had contracted typhoid from the same place.

YOUNG MOTHER IS TYPHOID VICTIM

MRS. HENRY OLSON, OF BUNKER HILL, PASSES AWAY THIS MORNING—WAS SICK FOR SEVERAL WEEKS.

Mrs. Henry Olson, aged 21 years, died at her home in Bunker Hill this morning at seven o'clock, from an attack of typhoid fever following her removal from the Mercy Hospital but a short time ago when she underwent an operation for appendicitis. For several days she had been very low and yesterday the doctor told the family that the end was near. Mrs. Olson leaves a baby girl, one year old; a husband who is a filer at the Smith mill, and besides her parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Larson, of Bunker Hill, three sisters and a brother.

The sisters are Miss Signa Larson, Mrs. E. Ahlquist, of Bunker Hill; Mrs. Roy Saubert, of Acme, and a brother Henning Larson, who is now living in Salt Lake City. The funeral will be held from the residence Thursday afternoon and the services will be in charge of Rev. G. LeRoy Hall. This is the third death in the last week from typhoid fever.

CLASH OVER RATES.

Milwaukee Complains Against the Great Northern. (By Associated Press to Coos Bay Times.) WASHINGTON, D. C., March 1.—The Chicago, Milwaukee & St.

Blockade Threats Bring Firm Answer from Pres. Wilson Today

PLAN TO FORM U. S. RESERVE LEGIONS NOW

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 2.—While awaiting a reply from Major General Wood, in command of the East Department, to his inquiry concerning the launching of a movement in New York for the creation of a 300,000 reserve force to be known as the "American Legion," Secretary Garrison declined to indicate what his official attitude would be. At Garrison's direction, General Scott sent a clipping of the published report to General Wood with the request that Wood forward all information obtainable to the subject. The headquarters of the American Legion will be opened in New York tomorrow and an enrollment begun at once, according to the organizers. Already 500 men have signified their intention to join.

LOSE THEIR HOME.

Government Refuses to Have Anything to Do With Legion

NEW YORK, March 2.—Col. A. L. Smith, depot Quartermaster at the United States Army building here, issued a statement today through which it became known that the newly inaugurated American Legion has been evicted from the quarters obtained in the building. The legion is the new unofficial organization, whose plan to enlist 250,000 former soldiers, sailors, guardsmen and others as the First National Reserves, was made public Monday. The statement said that offices in the building were authorized for the use of the Legion through a misunderstanding of the purpose for which they were intended.

SHIP BILL VOTE WILL COME LATE

House Will Pass on Administration Measure Late Today—New Filibuster

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 2.—When the administration ship bill was brought into the House again today, Republican Leader Mann, at once blocked all the proceedings with a filibuster, and the upshot was that Republicans and Democrats agreed to vote on it late today, taking up other business in the meantime.

FIRST RELIEF SHIP LAST TO ARRIVE

Nordhav, Which Left Portland Sept. 11, Reaches Falmouth, England, Today

NEW YORK, March 2.—The first ship sent from this country with supplies for the Belgians, has been the last to reach its destination, according to an announcement today by the Relief Commission. The vessel is the Nordhav, which sailed from Portland, Oregon, September 11 and reached Falmouth, England, today. More than one hundred cargoes have been purchased and delivered since the Nordhav sailed. She has aboard 4026 tons of wheat which has almost doubled in value during the voyage.

Paul complained to the Interstate Commerce Commission that the Great Northern Railway discriminates against it in favor of other roads in failing to make joint through passenger rates from points in Washington and British Columbia to points on the complaining road's lines.

Says No Nation Has Right to Change Rules of War Because Methods Change

UNITED STATES WILL NOT CHANGE POSITION

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 2.—The United States will send a note to Great Britain and France, in answer to the one received yesterday, inquiring what means will be taken in carrying out the policy of holding up supplies being carried to and from Germany. President Wilson told callers today that the British-French note outlined in very general terms a policy, but did not define the means of carrying it into effect. President Wilson refused to discuss the subject in detail, but said no nation had the right to change the rules of warfare because the methods of war have changed. He indicated that the United States will not change her previously announced position, but will continue to make efforts to have the belligerents respect American shipping of a non-contraband character. He indicated that even though a real blockade were established, no no questions affecting the neutrality of the United States would be precipitated by continued voyages of American ships to Germany.

WESTERN PACIFIC

SAN FRANCISCO, March 2.—The Equitable Trust Co. of New York, filed a petition with the United States district court here today asking that the Western Pacific Railroad be placed in the hands of a receiver.

TAMALES WED. AT M. E. CHURCH

RUSSELL CASE WILL BE HARD ONE TO GET EVIDENCE IN

Death of Mrs. Arthur Russell Soon After Husband Took Principal Witness

PART OF PENTLAND'S STORY NOW DOUBTED

Ill-feeling Existed Between Arthur Russell and Mrs. Clarence Russell

COQUILLE, Or., March 2.—The gathering of links of evidence to support the chain of circumstances upon which they will have to depend for a conviction in the Russell poisoning case near Myrtle Point, is one of the most difficult tasks that District Attorney Liljeqvist and the Sheriff's office have ever undertaken. District Attorney Liljeqvist realizes that he will have a hard case as the three little children of Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Russell will be a strong card in the play of the defense on the sympathies of the jury. So far, no accurate evidence has been secured as to how Arthur Russell was poisoned. His wife, who possibly was the only one who would have an accurate idea of it, is now dead. She died about a year after her husband, being a victim of cancer. Mrs. Arthur Russell is said to have been highly regarded by all who knew her. Their four children are believed to be too young to have a vivid recollection or an accurate knowledge of the events that transpired during the last illness of the father. Mrs. Arthur Russell's brother was there at the time of his brother-in-law's death, but he is unable to furnish any definite evidence. There are several rumors about the means used, but none have been substantiated. Arthur Russell, it seems, was a sufferer from acute indigestion, and he thought that this was what ailed him when his fatal illness came on him. He was so sure of it that the parties called to attend him accepted his own statements as diagnosis of his ill. Dr. L. G. Johnson, of Myrtle Point, who was called to see Arthur Russell some time before his death, will probably be one of the most important witnesses in the case outside of Wm. Pentland. T. M. Herman, of Myrtle Point, who was a friend of the Russells, has been looking into the case consider-

INSURE NOW

A telegram received this morning said that three so-called Mutual Fire Insurance Companies of Oregon have gone into the hands of a receiver. Now is the time to insure in good reliable companies.

E. I. CHANDLER

Representative nine standard companies, solidest on earth—Paid Ad Times want ads bring results.

SUBMARINES PLAN SEARCH OF VESSELS

BERLIN, March 2.—In its reply to the American note concerning the German naval war zone, the German government agrees that under certain conditions the submarine will halt and investigate merchantmen and will proceed against only such vessels as are found to be carrying contraband or are owned in nations hostile to Germany. The reply was handed today to Ambassador Gerard and it corresponds in general with the forecast of some days ago.

Claim French Attacks Repulsed and Some German Gains—Russians Beaten. (By Associated Press to Coos Bay Times.) BERLIN, March 2.—(Wireless to Sayville.)—The official report today says: "Renewed French attacks in the Champagne district have in most cases already been repulsed. At some places there were hand-to-hand encounters but in all of them we were victorious. We hold firmly our positions. In Argonne, we have taken several trenches. French attacks on Vousois were driven back. The advantage won by us in the Vosges during the last few days were maintained despite violent counter attacks by the enemy. The French losses were especially heavy during an attack yesterday evening east of Celles. In the East, Russian advances to the southeast and south of Augustowo forest failed. The Russian night attacks northeast of Lomza and to the east of Plock were repulsed."

FRENCH TELL OF SEVERE FIGHTING

PARIS, March 2.—The official statement this afternoon says: "The British repulsed a German attack near St. Eloi, south of Ypres. In spite of a storm, we continued our progress between Perthes and Beauséjour. Northeast of Messin we held the chief positions parallel to our attacking line. In Bagatelle and the Marle Theres sections there has been mine and infantry fighting in advance of a trench we occupied after having momentarily abandoned it. Near Vousois we held the ground captured by two counter attacks. In the Vosges at La Chapelle we captured trenches and advanced 300 meters."

CUT HARBOR BILL

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 2.—Administration Democrats agreed today on a program to cut the river and harbor bill to \$25,000,000, to be expended by the War Department for present projects.

ONLY ONE LIFE LOST ON EVELYN

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 2.—American Consul Fee at Bremen, reports that members of the crew of the American steamer Evelyn, sunk by a mine in the North Sea, are safe except one fireman. There had been fears that Captain Smith and a boat of sailors were lost.

Retain Positions.—All of the employees of the Marshfield postoffice are in the civil service and consequently the change in postmasters will not affect them. This includes Assistant Postmaster Frank Sumner. It formerly was that postmasters appointed their deputy or assistant postmasters without regard to civil service rules but this no longer obtains. Consequently when Mr. McLean takes office, there will be but little change.

VIOLENT FIGHTING RENEWED ALONG BATTLE LINE IN FRANCE TODAY

ALLES READY TO TAKE CONSTANTINOPLE

PARIS, March 2.—The bombardment of the inner forts of the Dardanelles was resumed yesterday morning, says an Athens dispatch. The Russian Admiral delegated to attend the council of Admirals, has joined the Allied fleet in the Straits.

GERMANS CLAIM MORE VICTORIES

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MANY SIGHTSEERS GO SOUTH ON NANN

With 60 passengers, about her complete capacity the Nann Smith left down at two o'clock this afternoon bound for San Francisco. She arrived in here just yesterday morning.

Those who left were: James O'Conner, J. H. Flanagan, Myrtle Gorst, Wilbur Gorst, V. C. Gorst and wife, L. G. Keating, M. Broyles, Geo. W. Josef, Pauline Josef, Mrs. B. A. Dietz, E. C. Stinger, William Yates, Robert Peters, Mrs. George Bolt, Mrs. George Langford, Mrs. Malkrita, Ted Faust and wife; P. H. Peterson, Paul Davis, J. Arnold, Dick Emerson, Albert Smalley, Charles Ong and 31 passengers in the storeroom.

Barnacle To Sea.—The three owners, masters and members of the crew of the gold seeking ship Barnacle, stated this morning they would leave out for sea on the tide this afternoon, bound for San Francisco and Central America. A compass arrived on the Hardy this trip; they have charts aboard and believe their journey will be a success. The men are D. M. Postle, Frank Harris and Sidney Wilson.

French and German Reports Agree on Severe Engagements in Champagne

LOSSES VERY HEAVY FOR BOTH SIDES

British Forces Gain — Germans Apparently Worsted on Both Sides Today

LONDON, March 2.—The French and German communications today agree that violent fighting is underway in the Champagne region, where the Allies began an attack several days ago, and that the losses are unusually heavy. Berlin announces new French attacks with strong forces repelled in most cases and the French losses as enormous. Paris claims progress for the Allies at several points and asserts the Germans suffered heavily. Apparently the battle is the largest and most severely contested of any along the western front since the engagement at Soissons. Minor battles occurred in the Vosges and a report from the British Commander, Sir John French, says ground was gained by his army but the operations in general along the line are unimportant except in Champagne. In Russian Poland, the fighting apparently is less intense following the German reverse at Praszany although the Russians assert they are conducting a general offensive movement. Berlin reports that the Russian attacks at several points near the Prussian border failed. Athens says the Allies resumed the bombardment of the Dardanelles yesterday morning.