

HOOD RIVER DRUG STORES FIND "BUSINESS IS FINE."

Grand Jury in Dry Town Says Too Much Liquor Sold—Raps Doctors.

Hood River is one of the "dry" towns that the Committee of One Hundred hasn't said anything about. But "business is fine" there too, especially in the drug stores. The October grand jury spent some days looking into the matter, and reported on it. In fact about all the grand jury did was to probe the liquor situation in "dry" Hood River, thus spending the taxpayers' money to discover if prohibition prohibited.

This is what they found out, as set forth in their formal report to the Circuit Court on October 6, 1914: "Nearly all of the time of the grand jury has been taken up with consideration of alleged violations of the local option law within this jurisdiction. We have received the report of the sheriff of the county as to the quantity of intoxicating liquor shipped into this county during the last three months. By this report it appears that a large amount of liquor has been shipped to private individuals during the period, and presumably procured and used legally. It further appears that the quantity received by the drug stores during the period was considerably more than during the preceding three months, and too large to be disposed of in accordance with the section of the local option law regulating the writing of prescriptions by physicians, and in this connection we call the attention of physicians of Hood River County to Section 4921 of Lord's Oregon Laws.

"We recommend that the physicians confine themselves more closely to the letter of this section of the local option law."

The report is signed by Joseph Frazier, Jr., as foreman.

LIQUOR BUSINESS FINE SINCE EUGENE IS "DRY"

Southern Pacific Shipments Indicate How Normal Demand is Still Met.

EUGENE.—The Committee of One Hundred, together with other prohibition organizations, boasts that Eugene, the seat of the University of Oregon, is one of their "model" dry towns. And they say "business is fine" there. Investigation proves that in the university city at least one form of business is good—the mail order liquor business.

From January 1 to October 1 this year, the Southern Pacific alone has shipped into dry Eugene from outside points:

- 1,342 barrels of beer,
- 85 cases of liquor,
- 69 kegs of liquor
- 21 barrels of liquor.

This is enough liquor to stock one buy saloon for a year.

Doubtless similar amounts have been sent in by the Oregon Electric Railway, and by the several express companies operating within the city. The records do not show the amounts in each keg, case or barrel, but the figures in any event indicate that there has been a vast amount of liquor consumed in "dry" Eugene from which the city has received no license returns at all.

The Committee of One Hundred says "business is fine in dry towns," but it has failed to specify the kind of business. Official records at Eugene, the home of the state university, where hundreds of young men and women go from all parts of the state, speak for themselves.

Eugene Matron Finds Liquor.

EUGENE.—Though one of the policemen had failed to find liquor upon the person of a drunk picked up on the streets here, Mrs. J. R. Cox, police matron, succeeded in discovering three quarts of whisky concealed in the prisoner's clothes, and confiscated the liquor.

Albany Bootlegger Guilty.

ALBANY.—A. J. Miller, charged with violating the local option laws, has been convicted of "bootlegging" by a jury in Judge Kelly's court. Evidence against the prisoner was strong, and the jury reached a verdict with but little delay.

Albany Has Twelve Cases.

ALBANY.—Thomas Irving Terrill, a local restaurant man, has been fined \$200 for selling beer in his place of business in violation of the local option statutes. His trial is the first of twelve to follow a dozen indictments handed down by the September grand jury, each one relating to liquor law violations in Linn county.

The Anti-Prohibition forces have steadfastly claimed:

- That "prohibition is an INFRINGEMENT OF PERSONAL LIBERTY." Mr. Wheeler admits it, word for word, in public print.
- That "prohibition WILL NOT PROHIBIT." Mr. Wheeler's admission proves his Committee of One Hundred is not trying to prohibit.
- That "prohibition does not mean DRY OREGON."
- That "prohibition would be a DEATH BLOW to the present healthy growth of TRUE TEMPERANCE SENTIMENT in the land." Mr. Wheeler's admission proves it.
- That "prohibition would let down the bars to BLIND PIGGERS and BOOT-LEGGERS, who would deal in DEADLY DECOCTIONS. The same law would allow any blind pigger with a HOME to ship liquor "direct from some other state" to HIS own home, for the BLIND PIGGER is as much of a "CITIZEN" as any other man or woman in Oregon. And the blind pigger because he is NOT UNDER INSPECTION by Federal, state or city officials, will make one barrel of PURE WINE, BEER or LIQUOR into a DOZEN BARRELS of POISONOUS BEVERAGES that will make a new generation of IMBECILES, IDIOTS AND CRIMINALS in Oregon.

MR. WHEELER'S THREE BLUNDERING ADMISSIONS ARE THE THREE REASONS WHY HIS MISNAMED, MISLEADING "PROHIBITION AMENDMENT" IS AN ALARMING MENACE TO THE STATE

CAN ANY INTELLIGENT VOTER FAIL TO SEE THE "JOKERS?"

Vote 333 X No.

and put an end to this prohibition agitation.

PUT YOUR "X" between 333 and NO AND VOTE AGAINST PROHIBITION

(SAMPLE BALLOT)

For Representative in Congress  
12 JOHN DOE  Vote for One

13 RICHARD ROE  Vote for One

For United States Senator  
18 JOHN DOE  Vote for One

19 RICHARD ROE  Vote for One

For Governor  
22 JOHN DOE  Vote for One

23 RICHARD ROE  Vote for One

REFERRED TO PEOPLE'S LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

For an Amendment of Section 2, Article II, Etc.,  Vote YES or NO

300 Yes

301 No

For Constitutional Amendment of Section 8, Etc.,  Vote YES or NO

302 Yes

303 No

For Amendment of Section 6, Etc.,  Vote YES or NO

304 Yes

305 No

Initiated by authority of Mrs. L. MARRAS, etc.—UNIVERSAL CONSTITUTIONAL EIGHT HOUR DAY AMENDMENT, Etc.,  Vote YES or NO

320 Yes

321 No

Initiated by authority of Mrs. L. MARRAS, etc.—EIGHT HOUR DAY and ROOM VENTILATION for FEMALE WORKERS, Etc.,  Vote YES or NO

322 Yes

323 No

Initiated by Joseph H. A. —PROHIBITION CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT, Etc.,  Vote YES or NO

332 Yes

333 X NO

Constitutional Amendment initiated by Paul Turner, etc.—ABOLISHING DEATH PENALTY, etc.,  Vote YES or NO

334 Yes

335 No

PUT YOUR "X" BETWEEN 333 AND NO

Jokes in "Dry" Amendment Admitted by "Drys"

Big Blunder in misleading "prohibition" campaign is made

J. E. WHEELER, CHAIRMAN OF THE COMMITTEE OF ONE HUNDRED ADMITS IN PUBLIC PRINT

That prohibition is an INFRINGEMENT OF PERSONAL LIBERTY.

That the word "DISTRIBUTION" was DELIBERATELY LEFT OUT of the proposed "prohibition" amendment.

That "ANY CITIZEN" may ship liquor "direct from some other state" into "HIS OWN HOME."

Every Claim Made by the Anti-Prohibition Forces Against the Proposed Prohibition Amendment in Oregon is Confessed in the Three Above Admissions.

GO TO ROSEBURG AND SEE WRECK DRY HAVE MADE

Bank Deposits Fall Off Half Million Dollars in Dry Town

ASSESSMENTS MUCH HIGHER

Real Estate Offered for Sale at Less Than Valuation But No Bidders

The Committee of One Hundred says:

"If you want to find out what dry Oregon will do for Oregon, go to Roseburg and see what dry Roseburg has accomplished."

Here's what it has done. It has cut down the bank deposits by over \$500,000, in spite of the fact that there are now four banks to the two in existence when Roseburg had licensed saloons, and that the population has increased in proportion to the settling up of Southern Oregon by new settlers and immigration.

When Roseburg had licensed saloons the tax levy, on one-third of the valuation was two mills. Since Roseburg has gone dry the tax levy has varied from eight to ten mills on a full valuation; and in addition occupation taxes have been steadily increased.

The Committee of One Hundred boasts that dry Roseburg has erected a \$115,000 hotel. The hotel was erected in 1913, stood idle and was rescued from the bankruptcy court by liberal business men of the city, among whom were E. L. Parrot, C. W. Parks, Joseph Micelli, A. N. Orcott and Henry Hart, all of whom are radically opposed to a dry town.

The Committee of One Hundred also boasts of the armory as an achievement. The armory was built by state, county and city funds combined, and is not yet completed.

Over 140 leading business men have signed a petition calling for a local option election in Roseburg this year, and such an election will be held.

Many empty store buildings are to be found on the leading business streets—a condition that never existed when Roseburg had licensed saloons. Scores of dwelling houses are vacant for the first time in the history of the city.

John Hunter, a leading contractor and formerly a supporter of the dries, is now advertising in Roseburg papers:

Business block for sale for \$500 less than present assessed valuation.

Another property owner has offered four parcels of inside property for sale at less than the assessed valuation, and has not even received a tender.

One of the leaders of the dry forces in Roseburg is a man who as a former agent of the Albany brewery made his fortune, and who today is the owner of a drug store. He was at one time prominent in politics, was repudiated by the voters of Douglas County, and is now said to be seeking to place lieutenant in office through the dry movement.

Beggars are common on the streets, and many poor families are appealing to the local bankers for aid.

And yet the Committee of One Hundred says:

"If you want to find out what Oregon dry will do for Oregon go to Roseburg and see what dry Roseburg has accomplished."

- EUGENE, Lane County's "model" prohibition city, and the seat of the state university, is NOT A "DRY" TOWN.
- From January 1 to October 1 of this year there were shipped into Eugene 102,457 QUARTS OF BEER.
- From January 1 to October 1 of this year there were shipped into Eugene 3,490 QUARTS OF LIQUOR.
- Of this amount there went to one drug store 524 QUARTS OF LIQUOR.
- Express company records show these figures.
- IS EUGENE "DRY"?
- VOTE 333 X NO.

POLICIES OUTLINED BY DR. WITHYCOMBE

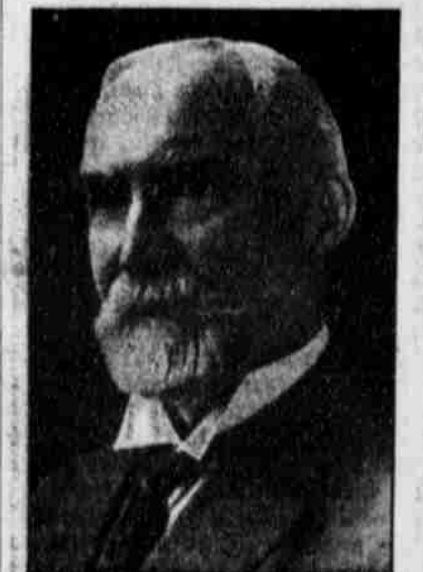
Primary Law Endorsed, Economy Urged and Rural Development Advocated.

In a statement issued at Medford Thursday, Dr. James Withycombe, Republican direct primary nominee for governor, outlines the policies and ideals of state government to which he adheres as an aspirant for the office of chief executive. The statement in effect, is a platform and in it he discloses fully and unmistakably his stand on the vital issues of the campaign. The statement follows:

"As the Republican direct primary nominee for governor of Oregon, I wish to address to the people of the state a brief general outline of those ideas of state government which it is my ambition to put into effect and which moved me to become a candidate for the high office of governor.

Aim is to Lighten Burden.

"At the outset I am going to name economy in the administration of state affairs. Not economy at the expense of efficiency, but economy as a part of efficiency. It is my firm belief that the present burden placed upon the taxpayers of Oregon is out of all proportion to the taxable wealth of



DR. JAMES WITHYCOMBE

the state. The burden has become galling, particularly at this time, and it will be my aim to lighten this load. It can be done. It must be done. Eliminate extravagance in state affairs, administer the affairs of state on a sane, business-like basis and the harvest will be tens of thousands of dollars saved to the people who foot the bills.

"It is hardly necessary for me to say that rural development is a matter of the greatest possible importance to the state. Our wealth and prosperity have their foundation in farmer and producer. Encouragement and cooperation must be given to the men who till the soil and develop that wealth which is reflected in every industry and in which each and every citizen shares.

Needs of Oregon Known.

"In this connection I believe I appreciate and understand fully the needs of Oregon, the richest of states in natural resources. During the 42 years of my residence in Oregon there is no part of Oregon whose resources, industries and special needs I am not thoroughly in touch with. For 16 years, as a member of the Agricultural College faculty, practical and scientific agriculture have occupied a considerable share of my interest and activity.

"The building of good roads is another matter the importance of which must not be lost sight of. It is unnecessary to dwell upon the value and importance of good roads in the development of Oregon. The working out of a network of good roads will add to the welfare and prosperity not only of the farmer, but of every one of us, since the prosperity of the farmer is reflected to the state at large.

Construction Cost a Factor.

"Of equal importance is the cost of constructing these roads, a cost which may grow out of proportion to the value of a specified road. There must be an equitable method of placing the cost of good roads, and above all there must be insisted upon a system of highway construction which will give a dollar's worth of road for every dollar expended.

"On the subject of law enforcement, and as to my attitude on the laws now existing and which may exist, any man who aspires to represent the people honestly as their governor can have but one view. Law enforcement is a fundamental duty, one which must be met fully and firmly at all times. I have always been on the side of decency and law enforcement. My whole life, public and private, bears that out to the fullest possible degree. And I will always be found on that side.

Primary Law Supported.

"The direct primary law has my fullest sympathy and support. It has passed through its experimental stage and become a successful established fact. The direct primary law marks a big forward step in constructive legislation and there is no stronger evidence of its triumph in Oregon than to be seen in the fact that the seven Republican candidates who contested with me for the Republican nomination for governor at the direct primary election are now united in supporting

THE COOS HOTEL Formerly of Marshfield WASHINGTON AVENUE STADDEN STREET NORTH BEND C. A. Mettlo, Prop.

me actively as the successful candidate.

"I hitherto have indicated my fullest sympathy with the construction measures placed upon the statute books by the people and I construe it to be the unalterable duty of the governor to uphold and defend these laws. I am particularly opposed to use of the 'emergency clause' for any purpose other than that intended by the constitution, and never would I, as governor, permit use of the 'emergency clause' to defeat the initiative and referendum.

Harmony Held Desirable.

"The relationship between the chief executive and the legislature is a matter upon which I desire to bring attention. As the highest representative of the people's interests it is the duty of the governor to stand between the people and the legislature as the guardian of the people's interests. I believe more can be accomplished for the good of the people if the governor and legislature work with some degree of harmony rather than at swords' points, with mutual attempts at brow-beating. Such would be my aim, as governor, but at the same time I shall safeguard the public in the strictest way from unnecessary or extravagant appropriations or in any action which may not be directed towards the best interests of the people, or the laws enacted by the people.

"I wish to call attention to the fact that I was the first man in Oregon to advocate publicly the single-item veto. I have said, and now reiterate, that the single-item veto might prove dangerous in the hands of a narrow, vindictive and vengeful governor. By this I mean that I oppose the giving over of the reins of state government to any man who has not the poise, balance, dignity and fairness which the high position of governor demands. The single-item veto itself is a necessity of the first importance."

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D. MUSSON, Prop.

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