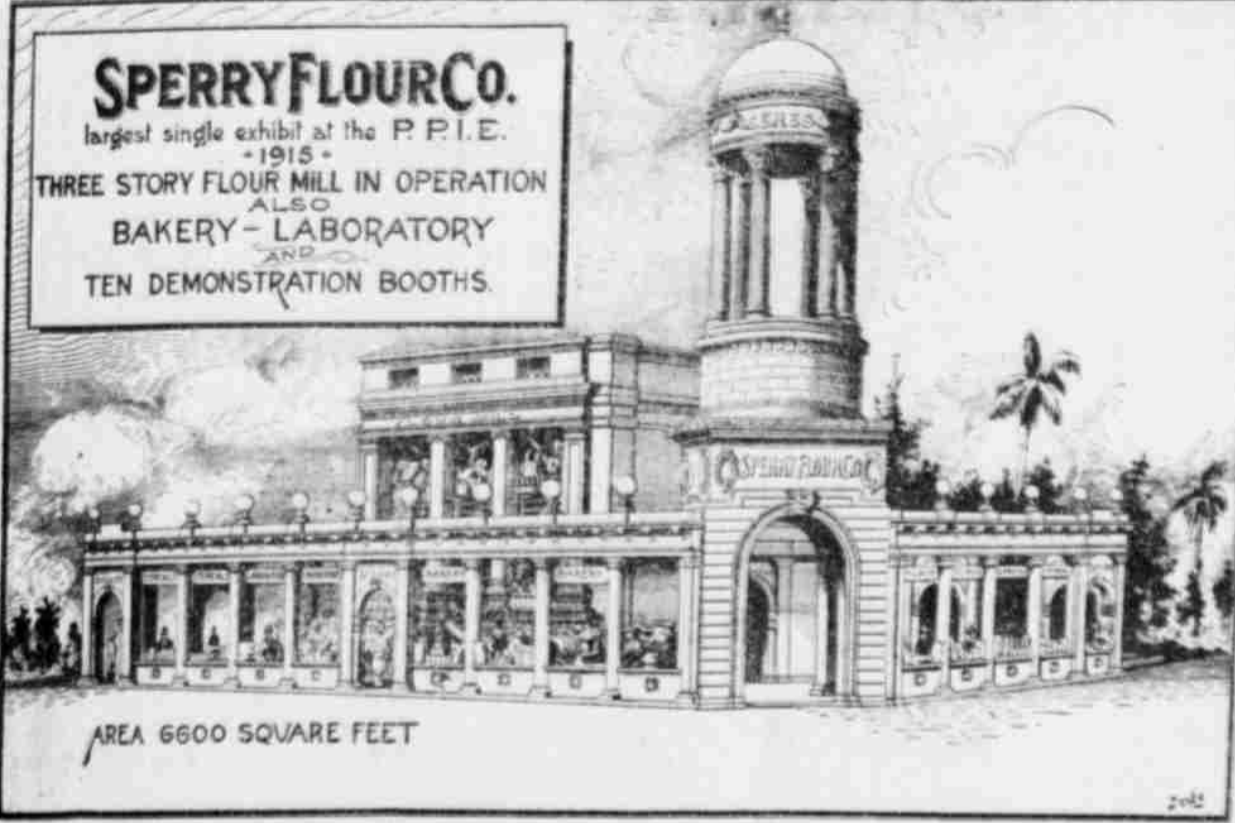


# BREAD AND FLOUR EXHIBIT AT PANAMA EXPOSITION



**SPERRY FLOUR CO.**  
largest single exhibit at the P. P. I. E.  
-1915-  
THREE STORY FLOUR MILL IN OPERATION  
ALSO  
BAKERY-LABORATORY  
AND  
TEN DEMONSTRATION BOOTHS.

**T**HE Panama Pacific International Exposition at San Francisco which is now nearly 95 per cent completed, five months in advance of the opening day, is supreme and unique in many respects—especially in size and comprehensiveness, in sheer beauty of natural setting and architectural adornment and in being devoted in every department to education and human service. Of the unexampled number of exhibits from practically every civilized country, many of which already are being installed in the eleven great palaces, the majority represent creations and inventions of the past ten years. Most of them will be shown as working models, demonstrations, plants in actual operation; often supplemented by classes, lectures and moving pictures. The visitor thus will perceive not merely masses of products, but how and why they are produced. He will be able to study the most modern processes and methods introduced by every nation.

Because the whole world is vitally interested in the cost of living and in the prospects of the soil supplying that living, an immense amount of space is being devoted to these subjects. These are treated in the two great Palaces of Agriculture and Food Products, covering in all about twelve acres of floor space; in the Palace of Horticulture covering five acres, with seven acres of outside gardens; in the sixty-five acres devoted to live stock exhibits and in the many agricultural and economic conventions which comprise a large percentage of the 360 International and National Congresses already scheduled to meet at the Exposition.

With produce and grain mills of all kinds whirling, canning factories, packing houses, dairy plants and bakeries in full operation and scientists and demonstrators hard at work in dozens of white enamel laboratories, kitchens and shops, the huge Palace of Food Products—the largest structure of its kind ever seen—will not resemble an exhibit palace so much as a busy city of factories, demonstration schools, mills and lecture halls, representing the world's latest models and most up-to-date products and methods of producing, combining and preparing all of the principal foods for the millions. It will be the world's leading Food Products University, supplying a practical education to farmer, fruit grower, housewife, shipper, manufacturer, specialist and consumer.

## FRENCH SOLDIERS SING

Except for Additional Guards and Lack of Crowd Paris Shows Little of War.  
*(By Associated Press to Coast Star Times.)*  
PARIS, Oct. 30.—If there were no newspapers telling of the great battles being waged about fifty miles north of Paris, and if there were a little more life to be seen on the boulevards, no one would realize that the nation was at war. There is no excitement, and little anxiety is discernible in the faces one sees on the streets. Those who have always thought that the French people were excitable would be surprised to see how calm and resolutely they await the fate of the nation. Without the habitual roar of the traffic, Paris has assumed the aspect of a prolonged Sunday.

These are all comprised in one exhibit in this palace, made by the Sperry Flour Company, the largest flour manufacturer on the Pacific Coast, with seven mills from Tacoma to Los Angeles. This multiple display occupies 6,600 square feet of floor space.

The Sperry exhibits thus will be vastly more than a mere display of flours, feeds, cereals and machinery. With a three-story mill devoted to walls and displaying the details of the rambling modern machinery turning out 90 barrels of flour and other wheat products every day; with a perfectly appointed bakery running full blast, turning out an endless variety of loaves and bakery products of all nations, scientifically handled, with a corps of food-chemists at work analyzing, selecting and combining grains, making comparative test bakings; with young lady demonstrators of kitchen management; and farm experts giving practical instructions on poultry, dairy and farm land management, this remarkable series of exhibits will take its place as one of the most instructive and important of the 60,000 or more of non-duplicating exhibits—most of them in action—which will make of this great exposition a vast working university. The spirit and watchword of it all is—Education.

# BUSINESS IS NOT 'FINE' IN 'DRY' TOWNS

### SALEM SUFFERS BUSINESS LOSSES FROM DRY RULE

Store Property Rentals Drop \$75 a Month in City

### BANK DEPOSITS OFF \$300,000

Fourteen Business Houses Quit in Less Than Year. School Attendance Less

Many Oregon papers have been loaded down within the past three weeks with repeated assurances that "Business is Fine in Dry Towns."

The three most important Oregon cities to become "dry" nine months ago were Salem, Oregon City and Springfield.

If business is fine in those cities the taxpayers and most of the "business men" would like to have the "drys" explain just what they mean by "fine." If they had said "business is thin," then they might have been more easily understood.

Let them answer first about Henderson in Salem. Ex-Councilman John D. Turner, of Salem, an attorney, is sponsor for the following facts about that city:

Salem went "dry" December 1 last, closing 15 saloons, three restaurants and two wholesale houses and withdrawing liquor permits from eight drug stores and out of an annual license revenue of \$12,000. Ninety men and a monthly payroll of \$7,500 were put out of commission. Most of the men have left the city. All buildings vacated by these concerns are still empty, except three which have been occupied by tenants who have vacated other buildings several of the best buildings being boarded over and used as billboards. More than five hundred modern dwellings are "for rent." Store property rents on State street have dropped from \$175 to \$120 a month, but "business is fine."

Fourteen other business places have closed since December 1 last, including the saloons and restaurants. Included are three shoe stores—two by herself and one voluntarily; one of the largest hardware stores has been used for the first time in twenty years. Scores of clerks have left the city, meaning the loss of more payrolls to the city, but "business is fine."

A leading prohibitionist promised to build 16 new dwellings if the city went "dry." Nine houses were begun, two have the windows and doors in, but have never been finished; no work has been done on the others, besides their bare frames.

Building permits from January to August, the last nine wet months of 1913, were \$388,925; from November, 1913, to September, 1914, the next eleven "dry" months, they were \$122,500 less, or \$266,425.

The grammar school opening day enrollment in 1913 was 1210; on the second day, 1914, 1490, but "business is fine."

Bank deposits show a decrease of \$259,912 since the town went "dry," even after allowing for the \$555,000 deposited the year from sale of the 200 in Boston. The decrease, therefore, really should be \$790,912, but "business is fine."

### CLACKAMAS AND OREGON CITY HIT BY EMPTY TILLS

"Dry" Regime Followed by Query as to Receiver

Oregon City and Clackamas County, of which Oregon City is the county seat, present a lamentable condition in a business sense as a defunct corporation about to go into the hands of a receiver. In fact, a receivership for Oregon City already has been seriously discussed by certain of its creditors, and Judge Campbell of that city has declared his willingness to declare such a receivership, if formal application were made to him, as he would for "any bankruptcy corporation."

A special election has been called by the city for November 9 "to relieve the financial condition of the city," the purpose being to vote \$250,000 5 per cent bonds and to increase the tax levy eight mills in order to take care of the new indebtedness.

On the part of Clackamas County the County Treasurer is confronted with an empty treasury for the first time in six years. The Morning Enterprise, a radical prohibitionist daily of Oregon City, in explaining this situation, says "the condition is considered the result of the amount of delinquent taxes on the county's tax rolls. County Treasurer Tuffs refused the first warrants on the general fund Monday (October 12, 1914)."

Business must be "fine" in a city and a county when the treasuries of both are empty because of lack of money coming into their strong boxes, with a special election called by the city to increase its tax levy, with a receivership threatened and with "danger" signs strung along the length of the business portion of Main street by "order of the City Council," which read:

"Danger—Main Street Declared Dangerous—All persons travelling on Main street between North side of Moss street and South side of Third street do so at their own risk."

Banks are refusing to cash Oregon City municipal warrants. Since January first the city has issued \$42,021.05 in these warrants, according to the report of City Recorder John W. Loder and these warrants are still unpaid.

The city tax levy in 1913 in Oregon City was eight mills. Two weeks after the city went dry the council increased the levy to 11 mills for 1914, and on November 5 there is to be a special election held at which the voters will be asked to enact an additional levy of eight mills to meet the municipal indebtedness. Yet "business is fine in dry towns" and Oregon City is doing well.

Vacant buildings now stand on Main street, the chief business thoroughfare of Oregon City, as monuments to the memory of our struggle, one clothing store, one restaurant and one livery barn now closed up, but formerly did good business. Nineteen vacant stores line both sides of Main street, and three vacant lots mark the place where these other stores formerly stood, but which have burned down. So little has been done for land now property that the vacant structures were never rebuilt. For "business is fine in Oregon City."

### SPRINGFIELD IS MERE GHOST OF OLD BUSY CITY

Prohibition Makes Formerly Thriving Center Barren

The city of Springfield, in its present cobwebby, stagnant condition, today presents a picture, as compared with its thriving, bustling condition of a year ago, that would make the angels weep. A year ago every store was filled and crowds of people thronged its streets. Every merchant was making money, practically everyone who wanted work was employed. Everyone seemed happy and contented, except the prohibitionists.

Today Springfield looks like a deserted village; business is paralyzed, and more than eight or ten people on its main street at any one time would actually be the cause of excitement. Yet the Committee of One Hundred says: "Business is fine in dry towns."

Springfield went "dry" at the election last fall, the saloons closing January 1.

Let the "drys" tell all about these "fine" business conditions in Springfield after nine months' operation of their "business theories."

Although a much smaller city than Salem, the bank deposits in Springfield had fallen off in the last year over \$37,000.

When Main street finally is readjusted in the next month or two, practically two blocks of store buildings on each side of the street west of the Southern Pacific tracks will be deserted, but "business is fine."

A real estate sale in Springfield and would be impossible on any part of Main street, but "business is fine."

The Springfield Toggery, the best of the city's furnishing store, is now being closed out by a receiver, but "business is fine."

The La France Confectionery Store, one of the best in "wet" days, has closed out, but "business is fine."

O. W. Johnson's Hardware Store, the best of its line during "wet" days, already has been sold out by a receiver, but "business is fine."

A. J. Henderson, the leading dry-goods merchant, occupied a double store a year ago. Today he occupies but one store and will tell you his business is "about nil" what it was a year ago, but "business is fine."

The city has run into a \$1,300 deficit from an excess of expenditures over income, although the "drys" promised that less police and court expenses would make a surplus, if the people would vote the \$12,000 saloon license out of business, but that's "the business is fine."

The prohibitionists a year ago promised to reduce the tax levy, but have increased the levy this year by five mills, but "business is fine."

Not a foot of permanent street improvement work has been done, except the construction of a small bridge over a creek, and that was paid for by a tent issue. Streets and sidewalks are in a deplorable condition, and the prohibitionists are now petitioning the council to "double" the expense levy. If the "drys" vote down this petition, the city confronts the same problem as Oregon City, viz., the appointment of a receiver, but "business is fine in dry towns."

**Prohibit Speaker Fined.**  
SEASIDE.—J. A. Adams, a prohibition speaker and worker, served out a five dollar fine in the Seaside jail for failing to obey the local ordinance regarding street speaking. Adams, who boasts of having been arrested 66 times and of having served 14 jail sentences, declares that he prefers jail sentences to paying fines, as they give him more publicity and enable him to show better evidence. Upon application of his jail keepers he left town at once.

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**If You Want the WAR NEWS**  
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**VOTE 333 X NO AGAINST PROHIBITION**  
DEFEAT OF THE PROPOSED PROHIBITION AMENDMENT WILL HAVE NO EFFECT ON THE EFFICIENT LOCAL OPTION OR HOME RULE STATUTES NOW IN FORCE, AND EACH COMMUNITY WILL CONTINUE TO DETERMINE ITS INDIVIDUAL STAND ON THE MATTER OF GRANTING LICENSES.  
(Paid Advertisement, Taxpayers & Wage Earners' League of Oregon, Portland, Oregon.)

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