POOR PROSPECTS FOR PEACE IN EUROPE'S TITANIC STRUGGLE

President Wilson Is Not Encouraged by Unofficial Advices From American Ambassadors in Europe—America in Delicate Position to Urge Good Offices at Present Time

ENGLAND SAYS GERMANY MUST BE CRUSHED-

German Ambassador Says "No Lasting Peace Possible if a Square Inch of German Territory Were Given Up"—Applies to Colonies As Well-British Resent Talk of Peace.

(By Associated Press to Coos Bay Times.)

conducting with Germany, Great Britain, France and Rus-grad. ia. Until something more definite in the way of overtures comes from the belligerents, the President feels that his hands are virtually tied. To undertake to elicit terms from the allies, as Germany suggested, would place the President, he believes, in a delicate position, in view of Sir crush the German military system.

re

"ABSOLUTELY NO POSSIBILITY OF PEACE."

(By Associated Press to Coos Bay Times.)

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—Count Von Bernstorff, German Ambassador to the United States, discussing statements of English officials regarding peace, said: "As long as they talk of crushing and dismembering Germany there is absolutely no possibility of peace. I have no idea that Colorado coal operators asked President Wilson to receive them next Wednesday to discuss a tentative Wednesday to discuss a tentative Senate passed the House bill eliminate applies to the colonies as well as to the German empire itself."

BRITISH PUBLIC RESENTS PEACE TALK

(By Associated Press to Coos Bay Times.)

LONDON, Sept. 19.—Preliminary talk of peace seems phone 112-J. Room 204. Coke Bldg

to be resented by the British public. Editorials inspired by dispatches from Washington regarding the peace movement, say that peace on any terms is out of the question until what is styled "the menace of German militarism" is

THE COOS BAY TIMES, MARSHFIELD, OREGON, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1914-EVENING EDITION.

RUSSIANS REPORT SUCCESSES

(By Associated Press to Coos Bay Times.)

NEW YORK, Sept. 19.—A military attache of the Russian Embassy gave out the following: "Along the whole front our pursuit of the Austrian rear guard is being successfully continued. We have taken Sandomir, fifty-one GERMANY SAYS NO POSSIBILITY OF PEACE miles southwest of Lublin. In Eastern Prussia only unimportant skirmishes are reported."

GERMANY WANTS MORE TROOPS

(By Associated Press to Coos Bay Times.)

LONDON, Sept. 19.—German military authorities oc-WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 19.—President Wilson cupying territory around Kalisz in Russian Poland, have sees little prospect of peace in Europe reflected in unof- called to the colors all German inhabitants there between ficial exchanges which American Ambassadors have been the ages of 16 and 45, according to a dispatch from Petro-

KING GEORGE AGAINST PEACE

(By Associated Press to Coos Bay Times.)

LONDON, Sept. 19.—In a speech from the throne pro-Edward Grey's statement that Great Britain must first roguing Parliament, King George said: "Gentlemen of the House of Commons, I thank you for the liberality with which you have met the great emergency. We are fighting for a worthy purpose and we shall not lay down our arms until that purpose has been fully achieved.'

COLORADO MINE TROUBLE

Coal Operators Will Meet with the Senate Passes Bill Desired by Pres

President Next Wednesday
(B) Associated Press to Crost Bay Times, I
WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 19.dent wired his consent. It is un-derstood that the operators are not ready to accept the entire proposal and desire to offer suggestion.

Twin City Steam Laundry

The Laundry That Always Treats You Right

FULFILL LAST WISH.

ident's Wife.

Big COOS and CURRY FAIR, at MYRTLE POINT SEPT. 23 to 26, in-

LARGE LOSSES ON BOTH SIDES IN FIERCE BATTLE NOW RAGING

Report Says Germans Are Losing 3200 Daily or 44,000 Since September 4-Losses of Allies Also Said to be Tremendous Last Few Weeks.

ALLIES ARE DIRECTING THEIR EFFORTS INTO THREE SUPREME STRUGGLES

Engaged in Great Flanking Movement to Cut Railway Lines on Which Germans Depend—Battering the Center of Fourth and Fifth German Armies

(By Associated Press to Coos Bay Times.)

LONDON, Sept. 19.—As has been the case heretofore, the struggle along the vast battle line in France has been most acute, the public in Germany, as well as in France and England, ha - been forced to content itself with most meagre news of the progress of military operations. Experience has shown that extended statements should be issued only after the retirement or temporary defeat of one army or the other.

Information today sets forth that a battle is raging with great fierceness along the whole front, which extends from the River Oise, near Noyon, to the German fortress of Metz, with no decided advantage to either side. German losses are estimated at 3200 daily for the last fortnight. This totals more than 44,000 since September 4. As the losses of the allies are also known to have been tremendous and taking into consideration the terrible losses suffered by the Austrians in Galicia, some idea may be gained of the extraordinary sacrifices of men during these first few weeks of the world's greatest war.

Presumably the efforts of the allies have been divided into three supreme struggles: First, to dislodge the Germans from the Heights of Aisne; second, to break through the fourth and fifth German armies at the center; third. to outflank the German right under General Von Kluck. The position of the fourth and fifth German armies is considered not so strong as the remainder of the line, while if the flanking movement is successful the railroad lines on which the Germans depend would be cut.

No confirmation has been received here of the reported Servian evacuation of Semlin, nor have the brief dispatches bringing this rumor told whether the Servian retirement was due to strategic reasons or as a result of an onslaught of Austrians. All Servian advices insist that the Serbs are continuing their vigorous forward movement.

There was no news received today to indicate a change in the situation in the eastern zone. Presumably the Austrian armies are trying to us te at Cracow, while the Russian army under Rennenkampff is holding the Germans at bay on the Poland frontier.

SIX DEAD IN TRAIN WRECK

Railway Officials Say Accident Was Caused by Truin Wreckers

FIRMINGHAM, Ala., Sept. 19. ingston. Alabama, where six persons were killed and the seventh is missing as the result of the derailing of Alabama Great Southern passenger train No. 2 early yester-Railroad officials believe the switch was tampered with and an effort will be made to trail the alleged wreckers.

TWELVE KILLED IN WRECK

(By Associated Press to Cass Bay Times.) toll, as the result of a grade crossing accident in which an Illinois Central freight train crashed into a street car last night, to twelve

NO FRICTION SAYS VILLA

Sends Message to President Wilson Denying Mexican Trouble

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 19. General Villa sent a message President Wilson today denying that there was any friction between the and other Constitutionalist leaders, medical practice are made exclusive-The general tenor of today's reports was to assure President Wilson that order was being restored.

HOTEL DOTSON C. A. Hanson, Proprietor Now open under new management. A home place with home cooking served in family style. Board and room, \$6.50 per week. 315

DANCE at FINNISH HALL SAT-

"Some of the American cotton mills may have to close for lack of dyes with which to color their fabrics. It appears that these dyes are made in Germany and nowhere else. They form one of the innumerable MEMPHIS, Sept. 19 .- The death items in modern manufacture, whereof C. A. Stetson brought the death in the Germans have built up a monopoly founded on superiority. Especially in the products of synthetic chemistry does Germany excel.

"Another example brought to the attention by the dispatches," says the Minneapolis Journal, "is the scarcity of phosphate fertilizers so essential in raising potatoes on depleted soil. These, too, come almost entirely from Germany, and their importation has been shut off by the war. Many drugs now thought indispesable fu ly in that country.

Facts like these reveal the curious interdependence of the industries of the modern world. They Illustrate how seldom such industries are entirely domestic. They also suggest that American manufacturers must set about supplying deficiencies at home, by developing technical skill in these matters. Unfortunately, reliable dye stuffs cannot be turn-URDAY eve. Given by LINNEA out to order. They require a high LODGE. KEYZER'S ORCHESTRA. order of knowledge of practical order of knowledge of practical chemistry. So with other exclusive German products now cut off from us. Many of these are protected by patents, which suggests that in this emergency such rights should be suspended, so that the domestic demand may be supplied by home manufac-

> "But American resourcefulness will rise to the emergency in many directions, and when the war is over we shall find ourselves more self-reliant in more ways than now."

KING PITIES GERMAN INJURED

England's Ruler Asks Same Care For Teutons as British

LONDON, Sept. 19,-The Daily Express says that King George, while visiting the Nettley hospital Southampton, expressed that the German wounded there be treated as well as the British. He was told this was being done.

