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WORLD'S GREATEST WAR DAY BY DAY

**Kitchener Is To Send
2,000,000 Men to the War**

WASHINGTON, Sept. 2.—That Great Britain realizes the magnitude of the struggle in which it is engaged is shown by information brought here by a prominent personage.

According to this man, who had access in London to secrets of the British government and war office, Lord Kitchener, the actual minister for war, is preparing to place 2,000,000 British soldiers in the field. This enormous number of men will be obtained largely in England, Scotland and Ireland, but the overseas colonies will be expected to contribute quota. Canada recently began negotiations for the transportation of 25,000 men to England and thence to the continent. Other troops will be drawn from the Dominion, Australia also is sending troops. Others will follow as soon as they are organized.

According to the information brought here by the personage mentioned it is the purpose of Lord Kitchener to act promptly. He desires to place 500,000 men on the continent every three months. From this it is apparent that he expects the conflict to last longer than one year.

A War to Exhaustion.
Indeed, no one here is willing to forecast when the struggle will end. It is believed in London that it will continue until there is absolute exhaustion.

For England to place 2,000,000 soldiers in the field is a colossal task and gives an idea of the immensity of the conflict. This means that she will draw into service every man of fighting age that she can impress. It is natural that the continental countries will do the same.

Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British ambassador, has been in conference today with administration officials. It would not be surprising should he call on the president in a day or two. That his visit will mean an advancement of the cause of mediation is doubtful.

READY REFERENCE TABLE SHOWING STATUS OF CARGO UNDER INTERNATIONAL MARITIME AND NEUTRALITY LAWS

"Enemy" signifies belligerent nation. Table is based on the assumption that the destination is the final destination of the cargo.

In theory and long established historical maritime practice commerce is free at sea as long as you carry neutral cargo under a neutral flag, even to a belligerent's port.

Hence it follows as the leading principle that a vessel of a neutral flag can carry neutral cargo to a belligerent's port without ultimate loss.

Vessel Owned	Destination of vessel and cargo	Cargo owned by vessel at time of capture	Cargo whether liable to confiscation
1. Enemy	Enemy's port	Enemy	Yes, whether contraband or not
2. Enemy	Neutral port	Enemy	Yes, whether contraband or not
3. Enemy	Neutral port	Neutral	No, whether contraband or not
4. Enemy	Enemy's port	Neutral	Yes, if contraband; no, if not
5. Neutral	Enemy's port	Enemy	Yes, if contraband; no, if not
6. Neutral	Neutral port	Enemy	No, whether contraband or not

SOME FACTS ABOUT THE GERMAN EMPIRE

Germany	
Kingdoms	4
Grand Duchies	5
Duchies	5
Principalties	7
Free Towns	3
Reichsland	1
Alsace-Lorraine	1
Colonies	
In Africa	4
In Asia	1
In the Pacific each group of islands being counted as one	3
Area in Square Miles	
Germany	209,780
Empire	1,236,600 (estimated)
1,027,820	
Population, Germany	
Census of Dec. 1, 1910	
Male	32,049,166
Female	32,885,827
Total	64,935,993
Population per square mile	310.4
Total estimate on June 30, 1913	66,096,000
Population Colonies	
Estimated in 1913	
Whites	24,389
Natives	12,041,603
Total	12,065,992
Total population Empire	78,161,992
Cities Over 500,000	
Census of December 1, 1910	
Berlin	2,071,257
Hamburg	931,035
Munich	596,467
Lipsia	589,850
Dresden	548,308
Cologne	516,527
Breslau	512,105

IMMIGRATION TO U. S. FROM WAR LANDS

This table shows the number of immigrants from the various countries now at war, who came into the United States in the last two years:

Country	1912	1913
Austria-Hungary	178,882	254,825
Germany	27,788	34,329
Italy	157,134	265,542
Russia	162,395	291,040
France	8,628	9,675
Great Britain	83,027	107,054
Servia	1,778	504
Belgium	4,169	7,405
Total	623,801	970,374

"WARSHIP" ON BEACH

Lifesavers Hasten to Wreck Near Astoria—Was a Tree

ASTORIA, Or., Sept. 2.—Great excitement prevailed in Astoria when a late train from Seaside brought news that a vessel was piled up on the beach at Columbia. The stricken ship could be seen plainly from the train, her masts and spars showing black and sharp in the haze that hung over the beach all of yesterday. Her rigging was torn and tangled, her topmasts splintered and her main mast cut off at the board and resting on the foremast for support.

Everyone got the same idea at the same time—the ship, crippled and dying, had cast itself on the beach after attack and defeat at the hands of a warship—the firing heard off Coos Bay was explained, for here was the result of it, piled up on the sands at the very door of Astoria. Wires began to buzz, country town telephone central operators were roused out of bed and the lifesavers were hurried to the scene. The city held its breath waiting for their verdict. Finally it came:

"Found the wreck. Lies broadside to the breakers. No one aboard. No boats in sight. There was no loss of life. It's a tree."

WAR TAX LUXURIES

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 2.—The House ways and means committee tentatively decided this afternoon to place a war tax on cocoa cola, pop, wine, beer and baseball and theater tickets. It was said there was no present intention of taxing whiskey and tobacco.

Times Want Ads bring results.

WAR'S EFFECT ON NORWAY.

Food Supply Giving Officials Much Trouble.

CHRISTIANIA, Norway, Sept. 1.—The effect of the European war became felt immediately in Norway. Although formal assertions have been made of strict neutrality, the Norwegian navy and part of the army has been mobilized at those points of the country most exposed to any of the belligerent nations—a course which all the Scandinavian nations are taking.

King Haakon has decreed that prices on articles of food, coal, coke, wood, mineral oils and such commodities shall be fixed by the public authorities. The use of grain or potatoes for making alcohol and the sale of all liquors is prohibited. The breweries are shutting down in order to turn over their stock of grain to the flour mills. The export of necessities has been strictly forbidden.

A committee of seven prominent men has been appointed to act in the interests of public safety as regards the food supply. The committee has taken steps to have subcommittees formed in every county and the whole Norwegian press is helping to warn the public not to get panic stricken.

To Depend on U. S.

The king has repealed the obligation of the Bank of Norway to redeem its paper bills by gold. With the severance of commercial relations with practically all Europe the United States appears to be the only country with which Norway may be able to keep up a trade in food supplies. The leading ship owners, who have many Norwegian ships in lease in the United States, have taken steps to have the amount they have earned deposited in American and Canadian banks, which would be advised to represent the Bank of Norway. In that way Norway would have money at its disposal across the sea with which to buy grain.

Norway will have to look to the United States if the war is long continued. The general estimate is that the present food supply is not sufficient to last for more than a few months. The tourist season, which was one of the best for many years, came to an end abruptly. Visitors hastened to leave as soon as the mobilization in Germany was started, but many Americans with return tickets on English and German ships remained, unable to start home.

"ENGLAND WILL NEVER YIELD TO GERMANY"

London Times So Comments on the War Situation.

LONDON, Sept. 1.—"Yesterday was a day of bad news and we fear more must follow," the London Times says in a recent editorial, and continues:

"Whatever be the upshot, Great Britain and her allies will face the outlook with dogged determination and continue the war until the spirit of Prussian militarism is rooted out of Europe."

Time fights on the side of the allies. With the Germans it is neck or nothing but the French and the English have everything to gain by waging a delaying war.

"While issue remains uncertain, we may still maintain the stoutest hope. Should it go against us, we may remember that the allies have not like Germany, staked all on their first venture. Our ultimate success is certain and we will never sheath our swords until Germany has been finally beaten to her knees."

"HUNGER WILL BRING PEACE."

Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler Predicts Famine Will End War.

NEW YORK, Sept. 2.—Hunger will bring peace in Europe in the opinion of Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, president of Columbia University, who arrived on the Principe Di Udine, after the European war had interfered with his plans to visit the German emperor in response to a personal invitation.

"I don't believe the war will last long," Dr. Butler said. "I believe the cessation of hostilities will come from a shortage of the food supply rather than from decisive victories on the battle field. If war continues a few weeks longer, victor and vanquished will find a common lot awaiting them in the foreboding shadow of famine."

ZEPPELIN WOULD GO TO WAR

Designer of German Dirigible Volunteers to Command Air Craft

LONDON, Sept. 2.—Despite his seventy years, Count Zeppelin has volunteered to take command of a dirigible and direct the great war machine, the product of his genius, in operations against the allies' forces, according to a dispatch from Friedrichshaven.

LOSSES ENORMOUS

THE HAGUE, Sept. 2.—(Via London.)—It is understood here that the Belgian killed and wounded in the fighting against Germany up to the present time number about 50,000. The first casualty list published contains the names of 2,000 Belgian dead. Conservative estimates made here place the total dead at about 15,000.

A camp for interned Belgians, of whom there are about 2000 in Holland, now is being constructed at Oudenruidum in Friesland.

**For War News
Read The
Times**