

Coos Bay Times

MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

FAMILY CIRCLES REACHED with every copy of this medium. Have your advertisement read by the Home Community regularly, so that they will know you. Be introduced BY THE TIMES.

YOUR OPPORTUNITY to reach the great purchasing power of this community should not be overlooked in placing your advertisement. The choice of media of successful merchants IS THE TIMES.

Established 1874 as The Coast Mail. MARSHFIELD, OREGON, MONDAY, AUGUST 17, 1914.—EVENING EDITION. A Consolidation of Times, Coast Mail and Coos Bay Advertiser No. 28

UNITED STATES MAY BECOME INVOLVED IN BIG WAR

ENGLAND CENSORS NEWS OF ARMY AND NAVY MOVEMENTS

Hereafter Movements of Armed Forces of Warring European Nations Will Be Concealed From Public—Strict Censorship to Be Observed.

JAPANESE-GERMAN AFFAIR IS THE CENTER OF INTEREST AT WASHINGTON

Banking Firm of J. P. Morgan & Co Refuses Large Loan to the French Government Because of Objections of the United States.

Censorship has been put into effect by the British authorities over the movements of the Empire's armed forces, both at sea and in Belgium.

As far as the public is concerned, the naval activities of the warring powers in European waters is a sealed book.

In Washington the Japanese ultimatum to Germany overshadowed all other developments. An outstanding feature was the determination of the United States not to become involved.

A French official report asserts that the French armies are continuing their forward movement in Alsace, and the German corps in Belgium have been reinforced and have started what appears to be a general advance in an attempt to reach Paris through Liege and Namur.

J. P. Morgan & Co. have abandoned a proposed loan to France on account of Washington's attitude on the subject.

LARGE SUM OF MONEY TRANSFERRED.

(By Associated Press to The Coos Bay Times.) FALMOUTH, England, Aug. 17.—The sum of \$415,000 in American government gold was removed from the United States cruiser Tennessee and sent to London today. After the gold had been landed and taken to the railroad station by American sailors, it was placed in a special steel bullion car and started to London.

FRENCH VESSELS SINK AUSTRIAN SHIPS.

(By Associated Press to The Coos Bay Times.) ROME, Aug. 17.—Confirmation of a naval fight in the Adriatic Sea is given in a dispatch from Chieti, which says the Austrian battleship Zyryi and three other battleships whose names were not obtained were sunk by the French fleet. A great number of French and English warships are patrolling the coast.

LONDON, Aug. 17.—It is reported that the French fleet in the Mediterranean has made a sweep of the Adriatic Sea as far as Cattaro. A small Austrian cruiser was fired on by the French vessels and sunk.

SOCIALISTS PROTEST IN GERMANY.

(By Associated Press to The Coos Bay Times.) ROME, Italy, Aug. 17.—Fugitives arriving here from Berlin declare that Socialists are rising in revolt throughout Germany, following the execution of their leader, Dr. Liebknecht. He was shot for himself refusing military service and counselling all the workers of Germany to also refuse.

GERMAN SHIP BATTERED.

(By Associated Press to The Coos Bay Times.) AMSTERDAM, Aug. 17.—The captain of the Dutch steamer Epsilon upon arrival at Ymuiden today reported having seen a German dreadnaught in the harbor at Trondhje which had been put out of action. Her funnels were smashed and on one side she was scarred with holes from shell fire.

FRENCH CAPTURE A THOUSAND PRISONERS.

(By Associated Press to The Coos Bay Times.) LONDON, Aug. 17.—The Official Press Bureau has issued a statement that the French troops, in the course of their rapid advance along the valley of the Schirmrek had taken a thousand prisoners. The scene of the fighting the last few days in upper Alsace shows great destructive effects of the allied armies' artillery, trenches abandoned by the Germans being found filled with dead and wounded.

NAVAL BATTLE IMMINENT NEAR SAN FRANCISCO HARBOR

(By Associated Press to The Coos Bay Times.) SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 17.—The German cruiser Leipzig, which crept into port before dawn today, later began taking on coal and supplies. Contracts had been placed with coal, victualing, towing and lighterage companies by the acting German consul. Permission in writing, however, was not requested, and the Collector of the Port stopped the coaling until the formality was complied with. The Leipzig is taking on enough coal to reach Apia, Samoa, the nearest German port. Lurking outside the Golden Gate is the French cruiser Montcalm, much larger than the Leipzig, but it is thought that the Leipzig will get in touch with the Nurnberg as soon as she gets outside the three-mile limit.

RESOLUTION IN CONGRESS TO PROTEST ACTION OF JAPANESE

(By Associated Press to The Coos Bay Times.)

Washington Aug., 17, A resolution directing secretary of the State Bryan to protest against the announced intention of Japan to take over the German-leased territory of Kiau Chau was introduced in the House of Representatives today by Representative Britton of Illinois. The resolution stated that the release of the territory to Japan would be inimical to the interest of the United States and China. Britton declared the course of Japan appears to be a war-like step to gain a hold on Chinese territory. The resolution was referred to a committee.

"Be it resolved," said the resolution, "that the Secretary of State be directed to communicate with Japan that the United States views with concern transfer by force of arms of any Chinese territory to Japan or any other foreign nation, or any transfer of territory without the unconditional consent of the Chinese government."

JAPAN THREATENS GERMANY.

(By Associated Press to The Coos Bay Times.) TOKIO, Aug. 17.—Japan has sent an ultimatum to Germany demanding she withdraw her warships and evacuate Kiau Chau. Unless Germany unconditionally accepts by August 23, Japan will take action.

Simultaneously with the announcement of the dispatch of an ultimatum by Japan to Germany, which is expected here to be followed with war, Minister of Foreign Affairs Kato conferred with American Ambassador Guthrie and made a broad statement calculated to assure the United States that American interests in the Orient would be safeguarded and the integrity of China upheld.

WILSON TRUSTS GOOD FAITH OF JAPAN.

(By Associated Press to The Coos Bay Times.) WASHINGTON, Aug. 17.—President Wilson asserted today that he had no reason to question the good faith of the declaration of Japan in promising to observe the integrity of China in connection with the Japanese ultimatum to Germany demanding the surrender of Kiau Chau to Japan. The President made it clear that the United States would not be involved in any way in the Japanese-German controversy and spoke of the assurance of Japan that she would maintain the integrity of China as having been given to powers generally as well as to the United States. Secretary Bryan was at the White House early today, supposedly in connection with the Japanese ultimatum, but he refused to discuss his visit.

ROOSEVELT SAYS MONROE DOCTRINE MAY SAVE US

Makes Statement in a Notable Address at Progressive State Convention in Connecticut.

(By Associated Press to Coos Bay Times.) HARTFORD, Conn., Aug. 17.—Nearly half of the political speech Colonel Roosevelt delivered Saturday night before the Progressive State Convention was devoted to a discussion of "the great cataclysm which has engulfed all Europe in war."

If the Monroe Doctrine had not been steadfastly maintained, he said, the United States in all probability would have been drawn into the present struggle. "Africa, south of the equator," he said, "is now being drawn into the fight, although without any interest in it. We would have been drawn in the same way if it had not been for the observance of the great principle which the Monroe Doctrine contains, the principle that this continent shall not be treated as a place for territorial aggrandizement by Old World powers."

"The peace of the Western Hemisphere largely depends upon the preservation of this doctrine. It is for this reason I feel that the arbitration treaties now pending in the Senate would, if adopted, be inimical to the interests of the United States and of peace, insofar as they would have any effect whatever. I doubt if they would have much effect because in the event of their attempted execution against the interests of this people I do not believe they would be executed. But surely it is not an honorable thing for this nation to enter into treaties which either could not or ought not to be kept. Such action argues badly for our sincerity and good faith. "Under the treaties, if, as a result of this war, Denmark or Holland should part with their islands in the West Indies to some Old World power or if at some future time Mexico should similarly part with Magdalena Bay to some Old World power, we would be solemnly bound to join the creation of a commission which would investigate all the matters at hand before we could take any action and this commission would

AUSTRIANS FAIL IN RECENT ADVANCE ON ANDREJEW, RUSSIA

Reported That Russian Cavalry Administers Severe Defeat to Advance Guards of Austrians and Themselves Invade Distance of Eight Miles into Austria.

RUSSIAN FORCES SAID TO BE NEAR THE ENEMY AT EVERY POINT ON BORDER

Turkish Troops Crossing Bulgaria and Marching on Greece—Greek Government Sends Ultimatum to Turkey and May Declare War Accordingly.

(By Associated Press to The Coos Bay Times.) ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 17.—The Austrian attempt to advance from Andrejew toward Kielce failed on August 15, when the Russian troops, by a series of brilliant cavalry attacks, succeeded in dislodging the enemy from Kielce and also an occupied town in the Tomaschoff district. The Russian cavalry cut up the Austrian advance guards and invaded the frontier of Austrian Galicia, penetrating eight miles. Near Tomaschoff, Russian cavalry inflicted serious losses on the Eleventh Austrian Dragoons in a sabre engagement. The Russian cavalry is in close contact with the enemy everywhere.

(By Associated Press to The Coos Bay Times.) PARIS, Aug. 17.—The first Prussian eagle captured by the French during the present war swung today above the entrance to the French War Office in Paris. It was captured by the Tenth Battalion of French Rifles from the First Lower Alsatian Regiment.

(By Associated Press to The Coos Bay Times.) LONDON, Aug. 17.—Official dispatches say that Greece has received information that Turkish troops are crossing Bulgarian territory and marching in the direction of Greece. The Greek government notified Turkey that if the news should be confirmed corresponding military and naval measures would be taken immediately.

(By Associated Press to The Coos Bay Times.) BRUSSELS, Aug. 17.—The French casualties in the fighting between Namur and Dinant were heavy, as the Germans were strongly entrenched and their artillery played great havoc. The French wing at Dinant was badly cut up and nearly routed, when the strains of the Marseillaise rallied them. With splendid gallantry they charged, holding themselves through the German lines and putting them to flight.

(By Associated Press to The Coos Bay Times.) BRUSSELS, Aug. 17.—Anecdotes and unimportant incidents were issued by the Press Bureau of the War Office today to satisfy the public demand for news, without betraying troop movements. One story tells of a soldier who took several German prisoners. He is quoted in the War Office statement as saying: "I don't take a rifle with me now. I go out with a slice of bread and butter and they follow me into camp."

(By Associated Press to The Coos Bay Times.) BRUSSELS, Aug. 17.—The standard of the famous German regiment, Death's Head Hussars, which formerly was commanded by Crown Prince Frederick William, was captured by the Belgians in the Battle of Haelen and is now in the town hall at Diest.

GERMANY ACKNOWLEDGES WILSON'S OFFER.

(By Associated Press to The Coos Bay Times.) WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 17.—Germany acknowledged receipt of President Wilson's offer of his good offices for the purpose of arbitration. All the warring countries except Russia have now replied.

include representatives of outside powers.

"Within a fortnight we have had fresh proof of the utter worthlessness of treaties, of names signed to pieces of paper, unless backed by force, if power or interest demands this violation. This fact has been demonstrated again and again within the last dozen years by almost every one of the great nations now engaged in this war, or who stand with their armies partially mobilized and their fleets gathered because of the possibility of being drawn into it.

"These proposed arbitration treaties of ours would not be worth the paper on which they were written if it became to the interest of any great military power to violate them and if it thought it could violate them with impunity. We would have bound ourselves in such cases as I have illustrated to wait a year or so while a joint commission pursued its weary courses of investigation and during that time the Old World military power, if it desired to retain its new possessions, could make a Gibraltar of one of our West Indian Islands, or of Magdalena Bay, or any other point of territory which it acquired, and could then defy us to turn it out save at the cost of war, which might be as dreadful as any now raging."

BULGARIA BESIEGED.

(By Associated Press to Coos Bay Times.) LONDON, Aug. 17.—The official Bureau stated yesterday that a state of siege had been officially proclaimed in Bulgaria.

WAR BENEFIT TO COOS BAY

Announcement was made today that the first order for 250 tons of pulp has been placed with the Coos Bay Pulp Mill and that inquiries have been pouring in thick and fast the last few days.

This is a direct result of the European war, as much of the pulp is produced in Finland, Sweden and other sections of Europe and with the present condition of Atlantic shipping it means that the American and Japanese and Chinese paper mills must seek elsewhere for their pulp supply. Just now they are turning to Coos Bay and it is not unlikely that the big mill will soon be running double shift to supply the demand.

AUSTRIAN ARMIES ADVANCE.

BERLIN, Aug. 17.—The northward advance of the Austro-Hungarian armies continues both along the right and left banks of the River Vistula, forming the boundary between Austrian Galicia and Russian Poland.

Don't forget the 35c luncheon at The Chandler. 11:30 to 2 o'clock.