

IT TAKES A CREW TO SAIL A SHIP; IT TAKES CO-OPERATION TO MAKE A CITY

# Coos Bay Times

MEMBER OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

FAMILY CIRCLES REACHED with every copy of this medium. Have your advertisement read by the Home Community regularly, so that they will know you. Be introduced BY THE TIMES.

Established 1878 as The Coast Mail. MARSHFIELD, OREGON, FRIDAY, AUGUST 14, 1914.—EVENING EDITION. A Consolidation of Times, Coast Mail and Coos Bay Advertiser No. 26

## TWO GERMAN VESSELS RUSHING NORTH FROM SAN FRANCISCO

Leipzig and Nurnberg, Sailing at Full Speed, Sighted Just North of San Francisco Yesterday—Were Passed by Liner Queen.

### SHOULD BE SOMEWHERE OFF OREGON SHORE LINE TODAY

Germans Suffer Severe Losses at Hands of Belgians at Namur Yesterday—Three German Aeroplanes Shot Down by Belgian Artillery.

(By Associated Press to The Coos Bay Times.)  
SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 14.—The German cruisers Leipzig and Nurnberg are both headed north, steaming at full speed. The Leipzig was passed yesterday by the liner Queen, 130 miles north of San Francisco, going twenty knots an hour.

The Paraiso, which arrived in this afternoon, sighted a German war vessel off Cape Mendocino. She was far out and the Paraiso could not speak to her and did not learn her name.

The Paraiso left this evening at 5 o'clock for Portland. She discharged a hundred and twenty tons of freight here.

### BELGIANS SURPRISE GERMANS.

(By Associated Press to The Coos Bay Times.)  
PARIS, Aug. 14.—A dispatch from Brussels says that the battle at Novill Taviere, north of Namur, yesterday, was keenly contested. The Germans were surprised by a Belgian attack and sustained severe casualties. They eventually fell back on Huy, between Namur and Liege. Three German aeroplanes flying over Diest were brought down by Belgian artillery.

### IMPORTANT CONFERENCE ON SHIPPING.

(By Associated Press to The Coos Bay Times.)  
WASHINGTON, Aug. 14.—American captains of industry and finance, headed by J. Pierpont Morgan, Jas. J. Hill and Banker Speyer, today conferred with President Wilson and Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo regarding the financial situation and the maintenance of American shipping during the European war. The conference was a lengthy one and what transpired was not given out, but it was understood that a general course of action to maintain the position of the United States was agreed upon.

## WAR CREATES PULP DEMAND

Menace to Foreign Commerce May Create Market for Coos Bay Pulp.

OREGON CITY, Or., Aug. 14.—The paper mills here will not be affected by the European war, as are those of the east, according to officials of the companies.  
Seventy-five per cent of the chemical pulp used in this country comes from Norway, Sweden and Germany and all shipments to this country have been stopped, according to Frank E. Moore, of Watertown, New York, president of the American Pulp and Paper Association. In Oregon City, however, the mills produce their own pulp and make their own substitute.

## HARRIGAN AUTO OVER GRADE

Goes Down Embankment Between Myrtle Point and Roseburg.

Meager details reached Marshfield yesterday of what might have been a most disastrous accident to Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Harrigan and daughter Mabel between Myrtle Point and Roseburg. On one of the stretches of high embankment the road crumbled away and the auto turned turtle, throwing out the occupants, all of whom were bruised but none seriously injured. The car was also badly damaged, but the party succeeded in getting assistance and reached Roseburg after their rather rough experience. They will remain in Roseburg a day or two before proceeding on their journey.

## ROSEBURG MAN DROPPED DEAD

Nathaniel Talcott, Well Known Rancher, Succumbs Suddenly to Heart Trouble.

ROSEBURG, Or., Aug. 14.—Nathaniel Talcott, a well known rancher who has been living for eleven years here, dropped dead at his ranch today. He was engaged in hauling wood at the time. Heart disease was the cause.

### AMERICANS LOSE.

(By Associated Press to Coos Bay Times.)  
NEW YORK, Aug. 14.—F. Wilding and N. E. Brookes, the Australian challengers, defeated Williams and McLaughlin in three straight sets for the Dwight F. Davis world's championship tennis cup today.

### SUGAR GOES UP.

(By Associated Press to Coos Bay Times.)  
CHICAGO, Aug. 14.—Special government agents today began an investigation tracing the remarkable rise in prices of foodstuffs. They started work under the direction of J. H. Wilkinson, federal attorney.  
The retail price of sugar jumped from eight cents to ten cents per pound today and dealers were then selling it only in limited quantities. Wholesalers have also put a limit on the amount of sugar that they will sell to any retailer.

## WESTERN UNION WIRES DOWN

With its accustomed regularity, the Western Union Telegraph wires were down today between Marshfield and Roseburg. The Times could not get its regular Associated Press report but secured part of it by long distance telephone from Eugene and Portland.

## CLAIMED THAT LIEGE FORTS HAVE NOT BEEN TAKEN

(By Associated Press to The Coos Bay Times.)  
LONDON, Aug. 14.—According to advices here, Germany is planning a new movement on France and Belgium, but plans are being made to repel it like the previous one.  
It is officially announced from Brussels that the forts at Liege still remain intact. It is further stated that the defenders of the forts have been instructed to blow them up rather than surrender them.

## LET US TALK IT OVER

THE TIMES believes in fair play. It believes in the square deal. Regardless of country or creed, race or religion, The Times believes every man is entitled to equal rights and equality before the law. No man should have special privilege or permission to exercise rights not accorded to every other man under similar circumstances.

The Times opposed the pernicious preachments and devilish doctrines of the I. W. W. street orators. It believes that they should not be permitted to promulgate principles and policies that were detrimental to the general good of the community. In its opposition it sought, however, only the enforcement of a law applicable alike to all.

The Times has at all times stood for the things that are decent and desirable in this community. Its sympathies and moral support are with every movement that tends to the betterment of the community. But it cannot lend either countenance or commendation to a movement that seeks to gain for any man or any cause a special privilege over any other individual.

If the city of Marshfield is to suppress the street speaking of Socialists and I. W. W. orators, equally so should it suppress Prohibitionists and preachers. Socialism or sermons must be accorded equal privilege and equal rights before the law. Any speaker who keeps within the law in his talks should be accorded the same privilege and permission that is granted to any other. "Render unto Caesar the things that are Caesar's and unto God the things that are God's."

The city officials of Marshfield have no right to arbitrarily say who shall and who shall not speak on the streets of this city. Every man who keeps within the law is entitled to the same right, under the same conditions. Whether a man talks prohibition or politics, Socialism or sermons, so long as he keeps his talk within the tenets of the law he is entitled to a fair hearing. If the city of Marshfield is going to suppress street speaking it should suppress it all or it should permit everyone to have his say without let or hindrance. You cannot make fish of one and flesh of another. Socialist and sermonizer, Prohibitionist and preacher and politician, are each entitled to the same treatment and the same conditions.

The Times makes this statement in a spirit of fairness, regardless of its personal preferences or desires.

## THE SITUATION IN EUROPE TODAY

PROMINENT AMERICAN ARMY OFFICER EXPLAINS CAUSE AND EFFECTS OF GENERAL WAR, WHICH HE STATES WILL BE SHORT BECAUSE OF TREMENDOUS EXPENSE.

THE following article was written by a prominent American army officer:

"A general war in Europe?" "Don't ask us to predict the outcome," pleads what is left of the Officers' Club. "It is a speculation, pure and simple."

"It is staggering to contemplate, for if all Europe is involved, it means that twenty million men will be available for war," an officer said. "Russia alone can put between six and seven million in the field and Russia would make a far different showing from what it did in the Japanese fight."

"Then Russia had to haul its troops and supplies five thousand miles over a single-track railroad, which was in poorer condition than any of our own six trans-continental lines. The Russian army is in good condition and is a dangerous foe."

Most Bloody in History.

"Bloody, such a war would be, indeed; possibly the bloodiest in history for its duration—it would be short. The world could not long finance such a struggle. The expense of keeping twenty million in the field, the fact that millions of men would be taken from industry, the cost of their equipment, in these days enormous, the cost of their maintenance, the cessation of commerce and transportation, would make a terrible total, with the loss in human life not considered."

"It might well be imagined that it would be the last great war. The result would be terrific enough to give civilization a lasting horror of the whole business and to establish a congress of nations for the compulsory arbitration of differences."

Forced Into War.

"Few appreciate the mortality in the Balkan war, a mere street corner fight compared with such a struggle as this. Bulgaria lost 86,000 men in the first war alone. "Europe, aside from Austria, will go into this war reluctantly. With Austria, it was a choice between war or dissolution, and it chose war deliberately in the belief that it alone can save the dual monarchy. Austria's prestige was ruined by the Balkan wars. On the southern frontier there sprang up Serbia, in all respects resembling the Sardinia which in the last century became the cornerstone of United Italy. And as France stood forth as champion of Sardinia and defeated Austrian armies, so Russia is ready to help the proposed Slav empire."

"Victorious, Austria can annex Serbia, unite all the southern Slavs under the Hapsburg crown and resume its march to the Aegean, unthreatened by Serbia. Defeated, it is bound to go to pieces. Galicia, Bukovina, Transylvania, Herzegovina, Bosnia, Croatia and Roumania. But without war Austria is doomed to crumble. It has chosen war as the price of national existence."

The Russian Problem.

"For Russia, the problem is different. Its existence is not at stake but if it wins Russia's frontier will infallibly be carried to the Carpathians on the southwest and the Germans believe the Czar will seize the ancient Polish lands of Posen and East and West Prussia. Again, once Austria is destroyed and Germany crushed, the last obstacle to Russian occupation of Constantinople vanishes and the dream of centuries of Russian rulers and statesmen is realizable. Again, Russian victory will arouse the deepest emotions of the race. Religion, quite as much as race, too, cries out against the Austrian despoliation of the Serb states. Victory for the Romanoffs might consolidate Russia's internal life and postpone the revolution so long threatened."

"Defeated, Russia cannot be dismembered. Its bulk immunizes it from the danger that threatens France and Austria. Russia's progress as a great power may be delayed a while but nearly 200 million Slavs cannot be restrained long. Not to defend Serbia is to sacrifice prestige at home and abroad, to lose the support of the racial and religious emotion of its own people, to become contemptible in the eyes of its own subjects."

Germany in a Trap.

"Germany's position, to an outsider, appears ticklish. Surrounded on the east, west and north by Russia, France and Great Britain, it might be crushed before help could reach it from Austria and Italy. Victorious, Germany will, at the very least, have postponed the Slav peril for a generation. Once and for all, Germany will have dealt with France and for years it can expect a free hand in the struggle with Great Britain for naval supremacy and for that 'place in the sun' so passionately desired by the German patriot. French colonies will be the prize of war. Great Britain will be left alone to confront Germany, as supreme"

## ALLIES CLAIM GREAT VICTORY OVER GERMANS IN BELGIUM

English Military Press Bureau Issues Statement Claiming That Kaiser's Army Sustained Heavy Losses in Engagements on Wednesday and Friday.

### AEROPLANES REVEAL APPROACH OF ATTACKING COLUMN AND CAUSE DEFEAT

Many Killed, Large Number of Prisoners and Many Machine Guns and Cannon Captured Near Louvaine and Namur by Belgians—One Battle Lasted All Day.

### BY LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE TO COOS BAY TIMES.

(By Associated Press to The Coos Bay Times.)  
LONDON, Aug. 14.—Overwhelming successes by the allied arms over the German troops in Belgium are reported by the British Military Press Bureau, in an announcement today which states that on Wednesday six regiments of German cavalry, supported by 2500 infantry and heavy artillery, moved against the allies at Louvaine. Scouts and aeroplanes revealed the approach of the German army and the Belgian artillery began shelling the Germans. The fire was deadly, taking the invaders by surprise, and the Kaiser's army melted away before the charge by the Belgians. The battle continued all day, covering over fifteen miles.

### BELGIANS DEFEAT GERMANS.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—Friday the Belgian troops from Namur trapped a division of German cavalry, supported by infantry and artillery, and defeated them, inflicting heavy losses. The Belgians captured many prisoners and machine guns.

### DISABLED VESSELS ENTER PORT OF SHANGHAI.

SHANGHAI, Aug. 14.—The identity of the two warships, each having four funnels, both badly damaged and carrying many wounded, which entered the harbor of Hong Kong yesterday, still remains undisclosed. It is believed that they are either the British armored cruisers Minotaur and Hampshire, or the French armored cruisers Duplex and Montcalm. They are reported to have had an engagement with the German cruisers Scharnhorst and Gneisenau.

## SEVEN GERMAN WARSHIPS ARE REPORTED DESTROYED

(By Associated Press to The Coos Bay Times.)

NEW YORK, Aug. 14.—The captain of a Danish vessel arriving here reports that he passed seven sunken German ships off the east coast of England. He said that he believed that they were warships.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—All is quiet today along the frontiers of Belgium and France, according to official advices.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—Friday's engagement near Namur is now referred to as the battle of Haelen. The official report of it gives the German loss in killed and wounded as 3000. The German report of it has not been received.

## NATIONS OF TRIPLE ENTENTE THREATEN INTEGRITY OF TURKEY

(By Associated Press to The Coos Bay Times.)

PARIS, Aug. 14.—The allied governments opposed to Germany and Austria-Hungary have agreed to bring Turkey to a realization of its obligations as a neutral power in connection with its announced purchase from Germany of the cruisers Goeben and Breslau.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—Greece today added its protest to those of the Triple Entente against the sale of the German warships Breslau and Goeben to Turkey, declaring that this will upset the equilibrium of power in southeastern Europe.

### MANY GERMAN PRISONERS CAPTURED.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—Official Belgian reports are that Belgium has captured over 3000 German prisoners near Liege and France has taken over 1500 on the German frontier.

### AVIATORS SUFFER HEAVILY.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—Aviators, who are taking a leading part in the battles between the Belgians and the Germans, are suffering severely. The Belgians destroyed three German aeroplanes. French officers report that two German aviators who were after a French aero-scout were killed.

LONDON, Aug. 14.—The Belgian staff think that the German advance yesterday was really an attempt to reach Brussels, but it is declared today that Brussels is safe.

### RUSSIA HAS GREAT ARMY MOBILIZED.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 14.—Russia has now mobilized an army of 5,500,000 men, of whom 2,000,000 are stationed on the German and Austrian frontiers.

KIRK says: "Don't forget the Big Dance at EAGLES' Hall Saturday night."

KIRK says: "Don't forget the Big Dance at EAGLES' Hall Saturday night."

(Continued on page two)