

A Little "Campaign" Of WANT ADVERTISING IN THE TIMES Will Put Your Real Estate "in the Market" Effectively!

Coos Bay Times

WANT ADVERTISING in The TIMES Will Keep the Income from Your Furnished Rooms from Lapsing!

ARREST MINISTER FOR MURDER OF YOUNG MASSACHUSETTS GIRL

Rev. Richeson Charged With Sensational Crime In Boston Today.

ALLEGED TO HAVE KILLED GIRL TO MARRY ANOTHER Young Woman Found Dead In Y. M. C. A. Building—Deadly Poison Used.

(By Associated Press to Coos Bay Times.)

BOSTON, Mass., Oct. 20—Rev. Clarence V. T. Richeson, pastor of the Baptist church in Cambridge, was arrested early today as a result of a police investigation of the death by poisoning of Miss Avis Lennell, a student at the New England Conservatory of Music.

For nearly seven hours, eight policemen had been waiting outside the Edmonds home in Brooklyn for an opportunity to make the arrest. No attention was paid during the night to the police's attempts to gain admission to the house.

Richeson went to Edmond's home Sunday night after he had been informed of the sudden death of Miss Lennell who was declared for some time to be his fiancée.

The police last night discovered clues which led them to take summary action. "We have found out who purchased the cyanide of potassium, we know when it was purchased, and where, and we are going to that house and ask Richeson if he bought the deadly drug and at the place in question."

According to the statement of William Hahn, a druggist of Newton Center, to the police, he sold the cyanide of potassium to Richeson the night of October 10, on the minister's statement that he desired to get rid of a troublesome dog in the easiest manner possible.

Richeson invited him to attend his wedding with Miss Edmonds and the minister asked him to keep the sale of the poison secret.

1911 PENNANT TO PORTLAND

McCredie Wins Coast League Honors As Result of Yesterday's Games.

RAIN AGAIN DELAYS THE WORLD'S SERIES

(By Associated Press.) PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Oct. 20.—Rain again today caused a postponement of the Philadelphia-New York game in the world's series.

PORTLAND, Ore., Oct. 20.—Portland wins the 1911 Coast League pennant.

This is the glad news for the Portland and Oregon fans who have been stirred to a higher pitch of enthusiasm this year than in many seasons.

The pennant was clinched yesterday when Portland won from San Francisco and Vernon went down to defeat before Los Angeles.

The scores yesterday: At Los Angeles—R H S. Vernon 6 8. Los Angeles 10 17. At Sacramento—R H. Oakland 15 20. Sacramento 16 15. At San Francisco—R H. Portland 3 8. San Francisco 2 6.

HENRY ROTNOR PASSES AWAY

Father of George Rotnor and Former Coos Bay Resident Dies at San Diego.

Geo. Rotnor, manager of the Woolen Mill Store here, today received a telegram from San Diego announcing the death of his father, Henry Rotnor, who passed away there suddenly.

Henry Rotnor was eighty-three years old last Sunday. For some time he had been growing feeble from ill incident to his advanced years.

Owing to the great distance, it will be impossible for Mr. Rotnor to attend his father's funeral. It will be held in San Diego and will be under the charge of Mrs. George Rotnor.

Henry Rotnor was a member of Blanco lodge, A. F. & A. M., and still retained his membership in this organization.

A warrant charging Richeson with first degree murder.

ANOTHER GIRL IN CASE.

Rev. Richeson's Has Other "Skeletons" In Past. (By Associated Press to Coos Bay Times.)

SALT LAKE CITY, Utah, Oct. 20.—Miss Pattsey Felts of Independence, Mo., who has been closely questioned by wire by the Boston police of the past life of Rev. Richeson, is seriously ill at the home of her sister here.

REVOLT IN CHINA MORE SERIOUS

Mohammedans Again Threaten Uprising—Protest Against Censorship—Rebels Gain Great Victory.

REBELS WIN VICTORY.

(By Associated Press.) HANKOW, China, Oct. 20.—(Delayed in transmission)—A cable dispatch from Hankow today sent a strong joint protest to the government against the prohibition of cipher dispatches which is completely disrupting trade and threatens to upset the money market and lead to a dangerous panic.

HANKOW, China, Oct. 19. (Delayed in transmission)—A two days' battle between the government forces from the north and the revolutionists ended in a victory for the latter. The rebels forced the Imperial troops to retreat north to Hankow. The loyalists' gunboats have dropped several miles down the coast.

PEKIN, China, Oct. 20.—A Mohammedan rebellion is reported imminent in Kan Su, the scene of the Mohammedan revolt in 1858-75.

News Is Confirmed. (By Associated Press to the Coos Bay Times.)

REBELS ARE WINNING. SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Oct. 20.—Cable dispatches from China to the local Chinese papers confirm the news of the victory of the rebel forces at Hankow.

Fears of Chinese Government at Hankow Realized. (By Associated Press to Coos Bay Times.)

PEKIN, Oct. 20.—Fears which had prevailed here since yesterday were confirmed tonight by an Associated Press dispatch from Hankow which stated the rebels are winning.

MORE CLASHES IN M'NAMARA TRIAL

Opposition to Death Penalty on Circumstantial Evidence is Cause For Challenging of Jurors.

GET TWO JURORS.

(By Associated Press.) LOS ANGELES, Cal., Oct. 20.—The men who probably will be first two jurors in the McNamara murder case were selected in court today. They are Seaborn H. Manning and F. D. Green. The indications are they will escape the peremptory challenge.

(By Associated Press to Coos Bay Times.)

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Oct. 20.—The state challenged Talesman T. W. Adams at the opening session of the McNamara case today implied bias based on Adams' opposition to death penalty and also for what the California criminal code defines as "actual bias."

There is no section of the criminal code covering circumstantial evidence and for this reason it is necessary to construe Adams' attitude on this question as bias toward the prisoner. Adams is a socialist and a portion of the examination was devoted to separating his theoretical political beliefs and his personal attitude toward the prisoner.

The Eugene Guard says: "There is an apparently well-founded report that the S. P. Co. has let the contract for the first 20 miles of the Eugene-Coos Bay railroad. Advice from Portland to the Guard state that General Manager O'Brien refuses to confirm the report."

"It is probable that the S. P. Co. is awaiting the outcome of negotiations with the Lane County Asset Co. before making official announcement of the letting of this contract. There is reason to believe that this deal will be closed not later than tomorrow, and the Southern Pacific will then be in a position to build from Eugene to the mountains at once."

"Actual building of the road is, therefore, likely to begin very shortly and it is more than probable that the rumors regarding the letting of the contract are true, and the news is being held back until the deal with the Asset company is closed."

FIRE place SCREENS and IRONS, and FIRE SETS at MILNER'S.

WE HAVE CHICKENS—STAUFFS' HEATING STOVES at MILNER'S.

Ford CHOPPERS at MILNER'S.

HAINES' FLOUR is the kind to BUY.

Winchester Shot Guns and Leader SHELLS will reach—at MILNER'S.

The Ladies of ST. MONICA'S church will give a PROMENADE SOCIAL at I. O. O. F. Hall, FRIDAY evening, Oct. 20. DANCING and CARDS. Cake, coffee and punch served. Tickets 50c.

There is no section of the criminal code covering circumstantial evidence and for this reason it is necessary to construe Adams' attitude on this question as bias toward the prisoner. Adams is a socialist and a portion of the examination was devoted to separating his theoretical political beliefs and his personal attitude toward the prisoner.

The state takes the position that belief of the gas theory is virtually belief of the innocence of the defendant. The court took the challenge under consideration, making four challenges now awaiting his decision.

The state also challenged A. R. McIntosh because of his objection to death penalty on circumstantial evidence. The challenge was resisted by the defense. Implied bias was the formal ground of the challenge.

let between what is known as Beale's Lake and the Bay or North Inlet, as near as can be gleaned from the records and observance of the surveys of the two projects.

A party who has been trying to ferret out the routes of the two lines informs The Times that from Beale's Lake, the Southern Pacific survey swings to the east to Schofield and thence into the Umpqua valley above Reedsport whilst the North Pacific Coast Line swings westward, tunnels through the summit and proceeds to Winchester Bay. From the Umpqua, he figures out the Southern Pacific route is up Smith River to the headquarters and thence by tunnel into the Siuslaw valley. The Pacific Coast Line, he claims, follows the chain of lakes north from the Umpqua to the Siuslaw.

If this "dope" is correct, there will apparently be little clash between the two for right-of-way until they get close to Coos Bay.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC GOT IT.

Summer's Road Did Not Get Sand Point As Was Reported.

The Southern Pacific did not slip a bet and let the strategical property at the mouth of North Inlet, known as Sand Point, go to the Summer road as reports yesterday indicated. An investigation of the records by The Times shows that the fifty acres at Sand Point were deeded by the Bank of Oregon, R. E. Shine and F. B. Waite to the Willamette and Pacific instead of the North Coast Railway and the Pacific Great Western as was reported yesterday.

This puts a decidedly new phase on the local situation and simplifies it for the Southern Pacific. If it intends to bridge the Bay or cross by ferry from North Inlet to Pony Inlet, as apparently reliable reports have it that it does, the Sand Point property is most essential. However, if it should resort to its alternative course of using the mud-flat property on the east side of the Bay, which according to apparently reliable reports it has gained control of, it would logically cross North Inlet some distance above the mouth of North Inlet and proceed east and south to get on to the flats at such a grade as to build the drawbridges high enough over the various inlets to comply with probable government requirements.

At any rate, the Sand Point property will be very valuable to the Southern Pacific from a standpoint of waterfront facilities. Through shipments via water can be handled from yards at Sand Point without causing trouble or crowding the other terminal facilities or lines it may have on the east side of the bay or in North Bend or Marshfield.

Official confirmation of the story about the purchase of the property on the west side of the mouth of Pony Inlet is still lacking. So far as can be determined from a search of the records, no deeds transferring it have been filed.

WHITE and GOLD DISHES in China and semi-porcelain. MILNER'S Columbia BATTERIES at Gunnery.

WHEAT \$35 per TON at HAINES'

Advises received from Coquille this afternoon are that the Pacific Coast Line railway instituted another condemnation suit for right-of-way there today. The papers were filed by its attorney, C. R. Peck, and the suit is for right-of-way across the northeast quarter of section ten, 24-13, owned by the Simpson Lumber company. Deeds have already been filed ceeding right-of-way across this property to the Southern Pacific.

This makes three condemnation suits by this line, the other two being against the owners of the Hope and Rezin ranches. Aside from this, there has been no definite development today in the local railroad situation.

No definite news as to developments in the Coos Bay and Boise are obtainable here although local parties in touch with them expect something doing soon.

A rumor was afloat today that parties supposed to be representing the Southern Pacific were endeavoring to acquire all the property in the triangle between Hall avenue, South Broadway and Mill Slough and the bay. The Southern Pacific owns a large portion of this now.

Developments in the Coos Bay and Eastern Electric company that will shed some additional light on this project are also expected shortly.

RECOMMENDS CLEAR LAKE AS WATER SUPPLY FOR COOS BAY

W. R. HEARST IS BACK IN GAME

Editor Says He Is Regular Democrat But Opposes Murphy and Tammany Hall.

(By Associated Press to the Coos Bay Times)

NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—William R. Hearst's announcement that he is back in the regular democratic fold has caused much speculation in political circles as to what will become of the Independence League which he founded. Mr. Hearst declared himself last night in the opening rally of the local fusion campaign. "I am speaking," he said, "as a good citizen, I hope, and also as a good democrat. Mr. Murphy and his kind drove me out of the democratic party five years ago, but the commendable course of national democracy, has brought me back into the fold."

He declared he would continue to fight against the "undemocratic principles" of Tammany Hall but that the greatest benefit local democrats could confer upon national democracy was to free itself of the "hindrance and handicap of Tammany Hall and Murphy."

Recommending Clear Lake as the best and most available water supply for the future needs of Coos Bay and estimating its cost, together with that of securing the present system at \$431,010, the report of Engineer Richardson presents the first definite public data that has been obtained on the waterworks situation here.

The report does not deal in detail with the present water system as it neither estimates the available supply from it or the probable value of the land or water rights of the watershed going with it but fixes the probable value of the waterworks system alone at \$56,639. The South Coos River supply is but merely touched upon, Engineer Richardson holding it out of the question because its elevation of seventy-five feet is not ample for a gravity system and because the cost of pumping it would be too great.

North Coos River or rather Golden Falls is given more consideration, and although Mr. Richardson estimates the available water supply there as less, the cost is also slightly less than the Clear Lake project.

The joint committees of the North Bend and Marshfield city councils will meet shortly to consider the report and refer to the respective bodies for action. It will probably be ordered to be checked up by Engineer Gidley of Marshfield first.

Clear Lake Water Supply—

Watershed—The records show that for the year 1908 the precipitation was 59.9 inches, and for 1909, 82.44 inches. The records show a wide range and in computing the run-off the smaller gauging was taken as a basis. Gaugings for 11 months from September 6, 1910, to July 25, 1911, show a total run-off of 469,318,100 cubic feet. The run-off by months is as follows:

Table with 2 columns: Month, Cubic feet. September, 1910 404,300. October, 1910 49,095,800. November, 1910 230,947,200. December, 1910 219,974,400. January, 1911 329,656,800. February, 1911 245,508,400. March, 1911 140,486,400. April, 1911 83,452,400. May, 1911 92,472,800. June, 1911 52,012,800. July, 1911 16,307,000. Total 1,460,318,100.

Assuming that the conditions for this period were normal, we would then have approximately five-eighths of the run-off recorded during this period for that of a minimum year, or 312,700,000 cubic feet equal to an average flow of 2,500,000 cubic feet or 18,750,000 gallons for every 24 hours.

Storage—The record indicates that a major portion of the entire flow of water produced is discharged during a period of seven months, and it is evident that it is necessary to store a sufficient amount of water to tide over a period of five months. By the construction of dam across the small lake south and east of Edna Lake, Clear Lake and Lake Edna may be converted into such storage reservoir. This would be quite sufficient to store water for a population of 150,000 people. By constructing a dam of sufficient height to raise the water four feet above its present elevation, a sufficient volume of water may be stored to insure a flow or supply of 4,000,000 gallons per 24 hours, for a period of five months, a sufficient time to tide over the dry season.

In this connection it would be necessary to acquire the riparian rights on these lakes and as much land as is necessary to control complete sanitation. Headworks—The intake of this supply would be at the southern end of Lake Edna proper. The water would be taken in by a tunnel 1,650 feet long and tapping the lake some ten feet below the present surface. An intake tower, gates and screens would be necessary. The lake itself would act as a sedimentation basin.

Engineer Richardson Estimates Total Cost of Big System at \$431,010.

MAKES REPORT ON GOLDEN FALLS ALSO

South Coos River Not Considered—Partial Estimate on Old Plant.

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(Continued on page 4.)