

COOS BAY TIMES

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M. C. MALONEY Editor and Pub. DAN E. MALONEY News Editor

An Independent Republican newspaper published every evening except Sunday, and Weekly by The Coos Bay Times Publishing Co.

Dedicated to the service of the people, that no good cause shall lack a champion, and that evil shall not thrive unopposed.

The Coos Bay Times represents a consolidation of the Daily Coast Mail and The Coos Bay Advertiser. The Coast Mail was the first daily established on Coos Bay and The Coos Bay Times is its immediate successor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES. DAILY.

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WEEKLY.

One year.....\$1.50

Official Paper of Coos County.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY OF MARSHFIELD.

TIME FOR ACTION.

THE TIME is fast approaching when Coos Bay simply must do something to help herself turn on some vitalizing current and "get a move on" that means something. Send out into the world of "get-up-and-get" and bring in a morsel of compensating and energizing value; place Coos Bay's name on the list of snappy and forge-ahead communities and quit waiting for the outside initiative within, and as for herself, she is doing fairly well; her business and industries are all progressing healthily and most of her people are at work at decent wages and satisfactory incomes, (if incomes are ever satisfactory). This is not enough, however; this community must expend and invite capital and make it easy for others to come in here and aid in the development of the resources; Coos Bay must initiate a new departure for herself; get interested in her own future and secure its spending time and money for the things that will leave a margin of profit and reputation and square herself to the times and the movement thereof.

One of the painfully notorious causes for the general lassitude from which she suffers, is the absence of a community spirit, the unwillingness to combine and work together, to sacrifice the individual and the group interest to the common purpose and the general welfare. This must be amended and quickly; we have lost out on this score too long and too heavily not to realize that mere stimulation of activity will not help us; we have simply got to break up our coteries and spread out on a broader plane with freer and more concentrated impulse and action. There is no use in denying the emptiness of our boasts and our pretense; we know where we have failed and why, and the rest of the world knows it if it knows anything of us at all. Marshfield is as old as Seattle, but it hasn't as much to show for its years of existence. We must have more to be thankful for in the course of another year, and will achieve it only by getting together in a common good and unifying solidly for the good of the city and community. We are already committed to a fine program by our unanimous endorsement of the port improvement, but this is not sufficient, we must put our civic shoulders and hands together and push and pull for the right thing with all the force of brains and time and money at our command, nothing short of this will do and Coos Bay will find this out if she falls down on the splendid opportunity confronting her.

We are unwillingly candid in this premise and only for the real good of the city and community we stand for. There has been enough of flapping and humbug about our puny and ineffectual efforts to make good on the simplest propositions of development, and it is time some of the truth was told as a spur to decenter and honest effort and to the creation of a better public solidarity of action. It is now or never for Coos Bay.

A week ago a medical journal asserted that there were 4,000,000 people sick in this country. This did not include the defeated candidates at the recent election.

GET THE HABIT.

The duty of every resident of Coos Bay is to be optimistic. These natural opportunities and resources are such that no other spirit is tolerable. Pessimism is not proper—in fact it is disgusting. The true Coos Bayite will never look at anything through the wrong end of the eyeglass. There are, it must be admitted, some few men on the Bay who belittle everything and everybody on Coos Bay and who insist on declaring every expected good a long way off. If they will turn the glass round and see things as they are—they will be as good as anybody. There is only one fault which the people of Coos Bay are chargeable with, after all, but it is a fault common to all such communities everywhere. That fault consists in the belief that in regard to the very large prospects and opportunities of the Bay, they are incapable of self help. With a little more confidence and faith they can overcome all the obstacles which confront them. It must be admitted, of course, that there are some knockers in the Bay Cities. But the habit of calling constant attention to them and spending all one's time "knocking the knocker" simply shows that the inclination to knock is so great in the knockers' critic as to exclude the possibility of being really useful. Let the knocker alone. Don't pay any attention to him. Let each man do his own work progressively and let all progressive workers cooperate. "We have had preaching enough." Let us now have plans. Let us have a plan by which the progressive elements can be united for real work. Such organization is really needed. There are many good, well meaning, but not very positive characters on Coos Bay who can be filled full of strength and enthusiasm if they can be organized with the positive leaders. When such an organization is effected—then every member of it should "boost." The knocker is many times less hurtful than the indifferent or weak citizen who neither believes nor disbelieves and hasn't enough sense to help his own affairs by boasting for his neighbor. At any rate we all know where to find the knocker. There is another kind of a man who "knows it all." If such a man happens to be a messenger, a watchman for some great corporation, he knows just what the President of the company is doing. There are men on the Bay who are on the most intimate terms with the President of the Great Northern Railroad Company, who knows each move which has been projected by that magnate. Of course such men deem it safe to express themselves very conservatively on the negative side of every hope or prospect because that looks wise. Now the true policy is to let the little men and the little minds severely alone. Let them gloat in their own egotism. They can neither help nor harm. If an active, progressive civic organization which knows how to "boost" will get busy. We say that such an organization should "boost." If a stranger comes in and asks about any legitimate enterprise, especially one which has shown its honesty of purpose by its works and its expenditures, the officers of the civic organization are not called upon to say, "Oh! We don't have any confidence in that around here. The man who is working on that is nobody and has nothing and we don't think he will succeed. We hope he will—but it is a forlorn hope." Neither should such an organization run pell-mell to the support of every fake proposition which presents itself. Where a number of projects arise in the same class and for the same general purpose, it would be well for such an organization to select one of them for special "boosting" and boost it without knocking the others. The idea is that the energy and strength of the community should be concentrated. Marshfield is probably on the verge of bigger things than it knows. There are hopes of big things held out by some who have shown both ability and financial strength—and the promises are apparently honest. There are reasons—a thousand of them—why these hopes should not be belittled and why every assistance should be extended to help the projectors to make good. Let every man, woman and child, except the knocker and the big head "know it all" say the best word for all such hopes and projects. Get the habit and make good.

We are all pretty tired of the political strain; but not so weary that we cannot stand it for the few days yet remaining in which to consider the best interests of good old Marshfield.

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NEW LAWS IN OREGON SOON

IMPORTANT MEASURES ADOPTED AT RECENT ELECTION WILL MAKE RADICAL CHANGES — TAXATION MEASURE CARRIES.

PORTLAND, Ore., Nov. 23. — Of the 32 initiative and referendum measures submitted to the voters in the recent election, seven are known to have passed.

The following are the measures that have been adopted:

An act authorizing the establishment of a branch insane asylum in Eastern Oregon.

A bill providing for the permanent support and maintenance of the Oregon Normal School at Monmouth.

The Home Rule Amendment.

An employers' liability law.

A bill prohibiting the taking of fish from the Rogue River except by bagging.

The good roads amendment.

An amendment changing judicial procedure, terms of judges, etc.

The Eastern Oregon Insane Asylum bill carries an appropriation of \$200,000, which sum includes maintenance cost up to December 31, 1912. Within 60 days after the act becomes a law, the governor, secretary of state and state treasurer will select a site for the institution within five miles of Baker, Union or Pendleton.

Cannery Is Prohibited.

The full meaning and intent of the Rogue River fishing bill is expressed in its title. It simply prohibits the taking of fish from the stream except by hook and line. The bill puts out of business a valuable fish cannery at the mouth of the river. Although the new law affects only a comparatively small community in the southwestern corner of the state and the people at large knew nothing concerning the merits of the act, it was approved by a large majority.

The good roads amendment removes a restriction now found in the constitution against a county incurring more than \$5,000 indebtedness to build permanent roads. The adoption of a general statute by popular vote providing a method for counties to incur more than \$5,000 indebtedness for roads will probably be necessary before advantage can be taken of the amendment.

Judiciary Change Far Reaching.

The judiciary amendment replaces an entire article of the present constitution. The new article permits the abolishment of the county court, removes the implied limitation of seven on the number of justices of the supreme court, removes the salary limit fixed for members of the supreme bench now avoided by allowing extra compensation to the judges for holding court in Eastern Oregon, eliminates the sections creating the offices of clerk, sheriff and prosecuting attorney, eliminates the provision authorizing the governor to remove a supreme judge or prosecuting attorney upon legislative joint resolutions, permits verdicts by three-fourth of the jury in civil cases and in reforming procedure on appeals and changing jurisdictional features of the present laws apparently seeks to eliminate technical obstructions in litigation.

The new amendment continues the existing courts, jurisdiction and judicial system, except so far as expressly changed by the amendment, until otherwise provided by law. It is the apparent intent that the county court, clerk, sheriff and prosecuting attorney shall exist until a change is made by law. The amendment, in this respect, probably paves the way for submission of a commission form of county government to the voters by initiative or to the legislative assembly, by the framers of the amendment.

Primaries Choose Delegates.

The presidential primary bill may mean the end of political conventions in Oregon, except such as may be held by minority parties not affected by the direct primary law. The major parties now meet in convention only to elect delegates to National conventions and draft party platforms. Under the new law national delegates will be chosen by a proportional representation plan by the voters direct. Each voter will vote for one candidate. In the same primary election the voters choice for presidential and vice-presidential candidates of his party will be expressed and candidates for presidential elector will also be named by proportional direct primary vote.

Delegates to national conventions will have their expenses paid up to \$200 each. Publicity rights in the general election campaign pamphlet

are extended free to candidates for president and vice-president.

Under this law the next general primary election will be held about April 15, 1912. Candidates for state and county offices will also be nominated at that time. In "off years" or years in which there is no presidential election, the primaries will be held on the 45th day before the date of the general election, or in the latter half of September.

Radical Change Made.

The tax amendment carried is the most radical sweeping of three tax amendments submitted. Two that were proposed by the Legislative Assembly in response to a movement fostered by the State Grange were defeated. These amendments removed the restriction in the constitution on exempting certain classes of property or on levying a less rate of taxation on one class of property than on another.

The county tax measure, as it is commonly known, was submitted through the initiative by the labor organizations of the state. It takes from the legislature all power to pass laws regulating taxation or exemptions and gives that power solely to the people, although the legislature may submit such laws for approval or rejection at the polls. Each county is permitted to regulate taxation within its borders as it sees fit. The levying of poll tax is prohibited.

The bill is regarded as having been designated as an entering wedge for "single tax" measures. Under its provisions a county whose voters were so disposed might adopt that system, even though the measure could not muster strength in the state at large to be made a state law.

Prohibition Bill Vote Heavy.

The greatest number of votes cast on any measure was on the prohibition law, which received a total of more than 106,000. The bill is defeated by 20,915. Approximately 11,000 votes fewer than those cast for candidates for governor were polled on this bill.

Statewide prohibition as provided for by constitutional amendment was defeated by 17,846 in a total of more than 104,000 votes recorded on the amendment.

The highest majority polled for or against any measure was on the bill providing that Baker county should pay \$1,000 yearly to the judge of the Eighth Judicial District in addition to the annual salary of \$3,000 received by him from the state. In a total of about 84,000 votes there is a majority against the bill of 58,368.

LENGTHEN your LIFE by BUYING your FLOUR from HAINES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE DISTRICT OF OREGON.

In the matter of L. A. FREY, bankrupt: The undersigned trustee will receive sealed bids at his office, room 1, Flanagan and Bennett Bank Building, Marshfield, Oregon, up to 12 o'clock noon of Monday, December 5, 1910, for the following property belonging to said estate, to-wit: Stock of merchandise consisting principally of clothing, shoes and gents' furnishing goods of the inventory value of \$5,853.72, lot of store fixtures of the inventory value of \$589.75, all located in the L. M. Noble building, at North Bend, Oregon. Bids will be received for the stock and fixtures separately, and the stock and fixtures as a lot. Cash or certified check for 10 per cent of the amount offered must accompany each bid and the right is reserved to reject any and all bids and said sale is subject to confirmation by the Court. An inventory of the property is on file at the office of the undersigned and the property may be inspected upon application to him. Dated November 25th, 1910. CLAUDE NASBURG, Trustee.

FOR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS

OR

FOR EVERY DAY NECESSITIES. You will find that we can save you money and furnish you articles that will please.

Our Christmas goods are just arriving and we will have them on display in a few days. We will have something that will be suitable for men, women and children and besides being a pleasing present will be useful ones.

Just now we are selling guaranteed footballs for boys for \$1.00.

Our 1911 calendars are coming and all our friends are requested to register now so they will be sure to get one.

Trade here and save money.

COOS BAY CASH STORE

GEO. N. BOLT, Manager. Front Street, Marshfield.

Properly Lighted Show Windows Prove that a Merchant is Up-To-Date

THERE IS ONLY ONE PROPER WAY OF SHOW WINDOW LIGHTING :: :: ::

THAT WAY IS THE TUNGSTEN (MAZDA) LAMP WAY.

CENTRAL STATION ELECTRIC SERVICE AND MAZDA LAMPS GIVE PERFECT SHOW WINDOW LIGHTING

THE TUNGSTEN LAMPS SHOULD BE ARRANGED SO AS TO PRODUCE THE RIGHT EFFECT.

WE OFFER GRATIS THE ADVICE AND ATTENTION OF ILLUMINATING EXPERTS. :: :: :: :: ::

PLACE THE LAMPS CORRECTLY AND ELECTRIC SHOW WINDOW LIGHTING IS ITS OWN BEST RECOMMENDATION.

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THE COOS BAY GAS AND ELECTRIC CO.

Beaver Hill Coal

MOUNT DIABLO AND JOSSON CEMENT. The best Domestic and Imported brands. Plaster, Lime, Brick and all kinds of builders material.

HUGH McLAIN

GENERAL CONTRACTOR OFFICE, SOUTH BROADWAY. PHONE 201.

First Trust and Savings Bank

OF COOS BAY MARSHFIELD, OREGON.

NOVEMBER 10, 1910.	Resources.	Liabilities.	
Loans and discounts	\$127,400.57	Capital stock paid in	\$100,000.00
Overdrafts	1,574.51	Surplus and undivided	
Bonds and securities	25,771.07	profits	5,226.53
Banking house furniture and fixtures	57,023.45	Deposits	177,532.94
Cash on hand and due from banks	71,089.73	Total	\$282,859.53

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS
JOHN S. COKE, President. DORSEY KREITZER, Cashier.
JOHN F. HALL, W. S. CHANDLER.
HENRY SENGSTACKEN, WILLIAM GRIMES.
STEPHEN C. ROGERS, DR. C. W. TOWER.
M. C. HORTON, Vice President and Manager.

DOES A GENERAL BANKING AND TRUST BUSINESS. YOUR BUSINESS SOLICITED.

Safe Deposit Boxes for rent in our steel lined, fire and burglar proof Vaults at \$3.00 and up per annum.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF COOS BAY

STRICTLY A COMMERCIAL BANK.

Draws Drafts on Wells Fargo Nevada National Bank, San Francisco, Cal. The United States National Bank, Portland, Ore. The National Park Bank, New York, N. Y. The Corn Exchange National Bank, Chicago, Ill. The Bank of Scotland, London, England. The Credit Lyonnais, Paris, France.

In addition we draw drafts on all principal banking centers in Europe, Asia, Africa, Australia, China, Japan, North, Central and South America.

Personal and commercial accounts kept subject to check. Certificates of Deposits issued. Safe Deposit Boxes for rent.

FLANAGAN & BENNETT BANK

MARSHFIELD, OREGON.

Oldest Bank in Coos County. Established in 1889. Paid up Capital, Surplus, and Undivided Profits over \$100,000. Assets Over Half Million Dollars.

Does a general banking business and draws drafts on the Bank of California, San Francisco, Cal.; Hanover National Bank, N. Y.; First National Bank, Portland, Ore.; First National Bank, Roseburg, Ore.; The London Joint Stock Bank, Ltd., London, England. Also sells exchange on all of the principal cities of Europe.

Individual and corporation accounts kept subject to check. Safe deposit lock boxes for rent.

OFFICERS:
J. W. BENNETT, President. R. F. WILLIAMS, Cashier.
J. H. FLANAGAN, V-Pres. GEO. E. WINCHESTER, Asst. Cash.
INTEREST PAID ON TIME DEPOSITS.

November Real Estate Snaps

47 Acre Waterfront, at EAST MARSHFIELD. Suitable for Platting. \$250.00 Per Acre

See Title, Guarantee & Abstract Co.

HENRY SENGSTACKEN, Manager