

ADDISON WROTE: "A statue block of marble; and the art of the sculptor only clears away the superfluous matter, and removes the rubbish." "Statues of 'Opportunity,' 'Success,' and 'Good Fortune' lie concealed—and often scarcely concealed at all in 'Times' advertising."

Coos Bay Times

RICHTER: "We should not let tri-
les merely plague us—
they should also gratify us. We
should seize not their poison-bags
only, but their HONEY-BAGS, too."
"Times" want ads, afford a simple
method of turning trifles to useful
ends—of "taking the sting out" of
small events.

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CYCLONE KILLS 400 AND INJURES 1200

LOUISIANA, MISSISSIPPI AND ALABAMA SWEEPED BY HURRICANES

Hundreds of Dead, Dying and Maimed Left in Path of Storm Which Raged for More Than Twelve Hours Over Section of Country.

WORST IN AMERICA'S HISTORY

Many Towns Practically Wiped Out by Fury of Elements and Now Rains and Floods Add to Suffering of Victims—Storm Becomes Blizzard in the North.

(By Associated Press.)
ATLANTA, Ga., April 27.—All reports today indicate that the wind storm which rolled up a death list of nearly four hundred and about 1,200 injured during the past four days, has passed north. The property loss in the several States will run far into the millions. Developments show that the storm passed in circles. The devastation by wind is followed by reports of serious floods in several sections of Georgia. Columbus, Ga., on the Alabama line, is the chief sufferer, high water doing considerable damage there.

NEW ORLEANS, April 27.—The dead, 500, and several thousand injured; these were the grim facts which came to light when a little of the wreckage of Friday's tornado in Louisiana, Mississippi and Alabama had been cleared away. The tornadoes lasted altogether about 12 hours, striking promiscuously one town after the other from before daylight on Friday until mid-afternoon. Many hours after they struck, trains bearing nearly 200 injured came crawling cautiously out of the tornado belt, leaving behind them one town, Purvis, Miss., utterly demolished, five others practically blown away and 15 little villages in more or less acute stages of ruin. With these wounded came the details of one of the worst wind disasters in the history of the Gulf States. First of all it became known that negroes comprised most of the dead.

An incomplete list of the dead and injured made up from telegraphic reports from various points through out the South, accounts for 327 and 1991 injured:

A summary follows:

Towns:	Killed.	Injured.
Albertville, Ala.	25	26
Bergen, Ala.	4	15
Cedar Creek, Ala.	8	12
Democrat, Ala.	5	6
Fort Deposit, Ala.	20	25
Reeds, Ala.	2	3
Thomasville, Ala.	2	10
Warrior, Ala.	3	7
Totals for Alabama	69	113
Amite, La.	15	100
Angie, La.	2	10
Cuddo Parish	2	9
Richland, La.	4	10
Totals for Louisiana	23	129
Adams County, Miss.	25	100
Baxterville, Miss.	6	10
Churchill, Miss.	35	100
Columbus, Miss.	1	4
Fayette County	3	75
McCallum	12	35
McLain	8	25
Natchez	71	200
Port Gibson	1	5
Purvis	62	250
Wahalek	8	35
Wilgate	3	100
Grand totals	327	1,991

The estimates are as yet incomplete.

Mostly Negroes.
The identified white dead early today numbered 42. In addition it was reported that four whites had been killed at McCallum, Miss., which would bring the white dead list up to 46, and the number of negroes killed was between 150 and 175. The towns which suffered the worst damage in addition to Purvis, were Amite, La.; McCallum, McLain and Winchester, Miss., and Albertville, Ala.

The following 15 towns were more or less damaged:
Richmond and Lamourite, La.; Wingate, New Augusta, Columbus, Walls, Braxton, Belle Grove, Melton, Lorman, Pine Ridge, Quilmans Landing, Fairchilds Creek and Wahalak, in Mississippi, and Bergen, Ala.

Most of these places are merely a collection of a few stores and dwellings, so that the property losses will not reach very large figures. No estimates of property damage have yet been made with the exception of Amite, La., and Purvis, Miss., the two worst sufferers, where the damage will never be estimated in the aggregate, was done to timber lands, to plantations and to railroad property scattered through a belt about 350 miles.

193 DWELLINGS DEMOLISHED.
The destruction at Purvis, Miss., occurred at about 10 minutes after 2 p. m., and was all over in a few minutes. Out of about 200 dwell-

SNOW STORM SWEEPS EAST

Iowa, Nebraska, Wisconsin and Minnesota Shivers In Wintry Blasts.

LOSS WILL BE HEAVY.

Vegetable and Fruit Raisers Will Sustain Loss of Many Million Dollars.
(By Associated Press.)
MARINETTE, Wis., April 27.—A storm of almost hurricane velocity swept over this part of the State, doing much damage to shipping and other property. It is reported that a big schooner is ashore near Cedar river.

ICE AND SNOW.

Iowa, Minnesota and Wisconsin Shiver Under Wintry Blasts.
(By Associated Press.)
SIOUX CITY, April 27.—It is snowing today. Thin ice was formed last night.
OMAHA, April 27.—Intermittent snow and rain fell in the northern part of the State last night and today. There is great anxiety about fruit and young vegetables.

ST. PAUL SNOWBOUND.

Northwest Gale and Severe Storm Today.
(By Associated Press.)
ST. PAUL, April 27.—A north-west gale last night brought a severe snow storm. Much inconvenience is being suffered.

FRUIT CROP RUINED.

Colorado Orchardists Sustain Loss of Million.
(By Associated Press.)
DENVER, April 27.—The damage by frost to Colorado orchards, the past two nights, is estimated at over one million dollars.

THIRTY LIVES LOST AT SEA

Steamer St. Paul Crashes Into British Cruiser on English Coast During Storm.

PORTSMOUTH, England, April 27.—The American line steamship St. Paul and the British cruiser Gladiator collided in the Solent off the Needles in a blinding snow storm. Thirty-five of those aboard the cruiser perished, but no lives were lost on the liner.
The Gladiator, which was rammed by the St. Paul, was beached near Yarmouth to save her from sinking entirely. The St. Paul steamed slowly back to Southampton, her bow badly damaged and leaking considerably.
When the roll call of the crew of the Gladiator was finished, it was found that at least 30 sailors had forfeited their lives in the collision, while the marine hospitals are filled with injured.
By a strange providence not a single soul aboard the St. Paul was injured in the slightest.

SEND FRISCO BANKER TO PEN

J. Dalzell Brown Pleads Guilty to Embezzlement and May Turn State's Evidence.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., April 27.—J. Dalzell Brown, former president and general manager of the California Safe Deposit & Trust Company, today pleaded guilty to the charge of embezzlement, and was sentenced to eighteen months in the penitentiary at San Quentin.

CLAIMS LIFE IS THREATENED

Major L. D. Kinney Accuses George Winkler of North Bend, of Serious Offense.

WARRANT SWORN OUT.

Sensational Allegations Made Concerning Affair Involving Payment of Money.
Information has been filed before Justice of the Peace C. L. Pennock of Marshfield, who has issued a warrant for the arrest of George Winkler of North Bend, charging him with threatening the life of Major L. D. Kinney of Plat B. The warrant was placed in the hands of Marshal J. W. Carter but has not been served, the latter having been called to Coquille as a witness in the Kelly murder case.

Winkler heard of the charges today and this afternoon appeared before Justice Pennock. The hearing was postponed until Prosecuting Attorney Liljeqvist can be present. After questioning Winkler and getting his version of the case, Justice Pennock allowed him his freedom on his own recognizance. Winkler tells a different story from Major Kinney and may possibly file counter charges. He says that he simply wanted to make Major pay him the \$150 which he (Kinney) owes him.

Trouble on Saturday.

The charges against Winkler, which were made through Deputy District Attorney L. A. Liljeqvist, are the outgrowth of trouble Saturday afternoon. According to the information filed, Major Kinney alleges, Winkler returned to the office and remained most of the afternoon with his hand in his pocket as though clutching a secreted gun. Kinney kept away. Later, Kinney also alleges, Winkler came to his house and reiterated his threats to Mrs. Kinney.

Mr. Kinney says his representatives appealed to the North Bend authorities for aid but they failed to act, Justice Rummell, so he alleges, failing to permit charges being filed because he (Rummell) had no blanks. Then Major Kinney appealed to Marshfield and Marshal Carter came up but would not arrest Winkler until Deputy District Attorney Liljeqvist was consulted.
Mr. Winkler was formerly engineer at Major Kinney's sawmill and the money in contention is the salary due him. Major Kinney admits that he owes Winkler but says that he can't meet the obligation just now but hopes to be able to do so soon.

ROSS WILL APPEAL CASE

Portland Banker Convicted of Illegal Methods Given Thirty Days Respite.

(By Associated Press.)
PORTLAND, April 27.—Upon a motion of the defense, the passing of judgment upon J. Thorburn Ross, the Portland banker convicted of wrongfully converting public funds, was postponed thirty days. The attorneys for Ross are preparing appeal to the case.

The charge Brown pleaded guilty to the embezzlement of sixty-five mortgage bonds of the Sacramento Gas & Electric Company. Brown was arrested several months ago for alleged bank wrecking but pleaded not guilty when first arraigned before Judge Conlan.
It is thought that he will now turn State's evidence.
Turn State's Evidence.
It is said that Brown will go before the grand jury this afternoon, and tell all he knows about the failure.
The leniency in the sentence was due to the statement of Assistant District Attorney Cook that Brown had never profited through the crooked financial methods of the bank officials.

GOVERNMENT PREPARES TO START SUIT TO RECOVER OREGON LAND

NURSE TELLS WEARN'S TALE

Miss Mary Black Leaves Sick Bed to Testify in Kelly Murder Case Today.

Miss Mary Black of Marshfield, who nursed Billy Wearn prior to his death as a result of the election fracas at Libby last June, got up from her sick bed this morning to go to Coquille to testify against John Kelly, now on trial there, charged with murdering Wearn. For a time yesterday, it was feared that it would be necessary to take Miss Black to Coquille on a cot but this morning she and her physician believed that she would be able to ride down in the train if sufficient precaution was taken.

The introduction of Miss Black's testimony is said to come as a surprise to the defense who had expected to end the case very quickly. Deputy District Attorney L. A. Liljeqvist, who with Prosecuting Attorney George Brown of Roseburg, is prosecuting the case learned late Saturday that Miss Black could give Wearn's version of the cutting affair which Kelly claims was resorted to by him in self defense.
Previous to his defense, Wearn told Miss Black, it is understood, that the trouble arose over the division of the beer left at dance at Libby. He said that he and Kelly had always been good friends and that he did not intend to do Kelly any harm when the scuffle started. Consequently Wearn claimed, the drawing of a knife by Kelly and the cutting came as a surprise to him.

Other Cases for Trial.

In addition to the list of cases given in The Times Saturday evening, the following were docketed for trial at this term of court:
Josephine Hirsch, Marcus A. Mayer, Samuel Simon et al vs. T. R. Sheridan, action at law. S. D. Pulford for plaintiff.
Pearl Bossen vs. Andrew Bossen, suit for divorce. E. D. Sperry for plaintiff.
D. W. Small vs. C. B. R. and E. R. R. and N. Co., action at law. C. F. McKnight for plaintiff, J. S. Coke, J. D. Goss and A. J. Sherwood for defendant.

L. G. Masters vs. Sarah Conner Riggs, Christina Conner Rigg et al, suit in equity. J. S. Coke and J. D. Goss for plaintiff.
P. N. Reberg and Wm. J. Smith vs. L. D. Kinney, action at law. N. C. McLeod for plaintiff, C. A. Schibrede for defendant.
Timothy Billings vs. Chas. W. Anderson and Augusta Anderson, action at law. L. A. Roberts for plaintiff, C. R. Barrow for defendant.

L. D. Kinney, M. J. Kinney and Horace Kinney vs. J. H. Guerry, writ of review. C. A. Schibrede for plaintiff.
L. D. Kinney vs. W. H. Gamble, writ of review. C. A. Schibrede for plaintiff.
John H. Jones vs. Robt. Wakefield and William Jacobsen, action at law. C. R. Barrow and J. J. Stanley for plaintiff.

M. C. Horton vs. L. D. Kinney and M. G. Kinney, and Belt Line Railway Co., suit to foreclose mortgage. J. S. Coke and J. D. Goss for plaintiff, C. A. Schibrede for defendant.
Charles E. Jordan and E. O. Hall vs. City of Marshfield, a municipal corporation et al, suit in equity. J. S. Coke and J. D. Goss for plaintiff, Farrin & Farrin for defendant.

Martin O'Neil, vs. A. Van Zile, H. Hook, L. F. Falkenstein et al, petition for writ of mandamus. N. C. McLeod for defendant.
Emma G. Dillon vs. John Dillon, suit for divorce, Hall and Hall for defendant.
E. Don McCrary, Jr., vs. L. D. Kinney, action at law. R. H. Smith for plaintiff and C. A. Schibrede for defendant.

Anton & Anders Anderson, Alfred Brunell, plaintiff vs. Coos Bay Lumber and Coal Co., writ of review. Clarke, Blake and Liljeqvist for plaintiff and Bennett and Swanton for defendant.
E. M. Hoffman vs. Fred Hoffman, J. J. Stanley and C. R. Barrow, suit for injunction. L. A. Roberts and A. J. Sherwood for plaintiff.
L. D. Kinney vs. Frank Dunn, writ of review. C. A. Schibrede for plaintiff.

L. D. Kinney, M. G. Kinney, sued as M. J. Kinney vs. Barney Doyle.

Will Shortly File Suit at Portland to Regain 2,500,000 Acres.

MUCH OF IT LIES AROUND COOS BAY.

Victory Will Mean a Great Influx of Settlers Into Southwestern Oregon.

O. & C. LAND GRANT.
Contains total of 3,250,000 acres. Of this, 750,000 are sold, 2,500,000 still unsold.
Unsold portion worth average of \$25 per acre.
Total value is \$62,500,000.
If Government wins, will be sold at \$2.50 an acre, or a total \$6,250,000.
Grants contain greater area than Rhode Island and Delaware combined.
Government will begin suit to recover these lands within 60 days in the Federal Court in Portland.
Passage of Fulton resolution will mean a great rush of settlers to Oregon.
Grant contains between 15,000 and 16,000 homesteads.

PORTLAND, April 27.—Within the next 60 days, probably much sooner, the Government and the Oregon & California Railroad Company will be locking horns over the possession of the unsold portion (2,500,000 acres) of the lands granted to the company in acts of Congress in 1866 and 1869. The battle will be waged in the Federal courts in the Oregon district, in other words, the issue will be joined in Portland.

B. D. Townsend, the special agent of the Interior Department, who made an exhaustive investigation of the grants and who drew up the Fulton resolution, will come to Portland within the next 50 days and prepare to institute proceedings against the corporation on behalf of the Government. The Fulton resolution was passed by the House by an overwhelming majority, and will be signed by the President within the next few days. As soon as that has been done, the Government will proceed immediately with legal action.

Private advices received in Portland are to the effect that Mr. Townsend has practically drafted the petition which will be filed here shortly after his arrival. The petition will be a bill in equity, asking the Federal Court to declare the unsold portion of the O. & C. grant forfeited to the Government because of the violations of the act of Congress perpetrated by the railroad company in selling the other part of the grant, approximately 800,000 acres in extent.

It is anticipated that the O. & C. Company will appeal the matter to the Supreme Court of the United States, and in case the Government wins in that tribunal, it is more than likely that the Secretary of the Interior will restore the 2,500,000 tract to entry, giving the public a chance to file on it under the homestead or timber and stone act.

Will Bring Settlers.
As the matter now stands, following the adoption of the Fulton resolution, there is likely to be the greatest rush of actual settlers to all sections of the grant throughout the state within the next few months. Much of the land is very desirable, and while a good deal of it is covered with timber, it cannot be excelled for agricultural purposes when cleared.

Up to the present time, only about 25 actual settlers have had the hardihood to settle on quarter-section tracts of the grant, about 20 of them in Columbia county and about five in Lane county. They have taken this step on the theory that the O. & C. Company had no right to these lands, and under the law must sell them to bona fide settlers and in not more than 160-acre tracts and at a price not over \$2.50 an acre. These actual settlers have all pooled their interest, have placed their cause in the hands of A. W. Lafferty, a local lawyer, who declared this morning that the passage of the Fulton resolution is the greatest victory for the Government imaginable, and will mean a tremendous rush of settlers onto these lands within the next few months.
"I believe there will be an unprecedented rush of actual settlers onto these lands from now on," said Mr. Lafferty this morning. Hundreds

(Continued on page two.)

(Continued on page two.)