

COOS COUNTY EXPENSE FOR THE YEAR 1908

In the matter of the estimate of the expenses of Coos county, Oregon, for the year 1908.

This matter coming on for consideration at this time, and the court determines and estimates the amount of money to be raised in this county for county purposes, together with the amount of state and school tax and other taxes required by law to be raised and for incidental expenses for the year 1908 to be as follows, to wit:

Salaries of officers, deputies and assistants...	\$ 15,500.00
Circuit Court expenses...	3,500.00
Justice Court expenses...	600.00
Stationery, lights, fuel, etc...	5,000.00
Infirmary indigents and insane...	8,000.00
Roads and Bridges...	70,000.00
Interest on outstanding warrants...	5,000.00
Rebate on taxes...	1,500.00
Incidental expenses and litigation...	2,500.00
Elections...	3,500.00
School tax, \$7.00 per capita on 5068 children of school age, between 4 and 20 years	\$ 35,476.00
School library tax, 10 cents per capita on 5068 pupils	506.80
Indigent soldiers' fund	666.62
State tax as per levy of Board of State Tax Commissioners	23,345.00

Total taxes to be raised \$175,094.42 It appearing to the court that the assessment roll for the year 1907 as equalized by the county board of equalization that the amount of taxable property in said Coos county, Oregon, for the year 1907 is \$13,532,532.00, being the net amount for which taxes for the year 1908 commencing January 1st of said year, are to be levied.

It appearing that it will require a levy of 1.7 mills on each and every dollar of said \$13,532,532.00, for the state tax for the year 1908, and the county of Coos, state of Oregon, therefore hereby levies a rate of one and seven tenths mills on each and every dollar of said \$13,532,532.00, for the state tax to be collected and paid to the state of Oregon, to the amount of \$23,345.00, this levy is made as, and intended to be the same as the levy made by the state board of tax commissioners and not an additional tax, and it appearing to the court that the total tax for the year 1908 at \$7.09 per capita for the 5068 school children enumerated in Coos county as required by law will amount to \$35,476.00, and the school library fund at 10 cents per capita \$506.80, will require a levy of 2.7 mills on each and every dollar of said \$13,532,532.00 of taxable property for the school fund for

the year 1908, and school library fund for said year, and the county of Coos and state of Oregon therefore, hereby levies a tax of 2.7 mills on each and every dollar of said taxable property for school and school library fund, and it further appearing that the law requires a levy of .05 of a mill to be levied as an indigent soldiers' fund, it is therefore hereby ordered and a levy of .05 of a mill is made by Coos county on each and every dollar of said taxable property assessed as an indigent soldiers fund, it appearing that it will require the sum of \$44,669.36 for county expenses including officers' salaries, court expenses, infirmary, indigent and insane, lights fuel, janitor and other expenses and incidentals, that it will require a levy of 3.3 mills on the dollar on each and every dollar of said \$13,532,532.00 of said taxable property, a levy of 3.3 mills on each and every dollar of said taxable property is hereby levied by Coos county, Oregon, for county purposes. And it appearing that it will require a levy of five and two tenths mills on each and every dollar of said taxable property for road purposes to be set apart as a general road fund. A levy of five and two tenths mills is hereby levied upon each and every dollar of said \$13,532,532.00, taxable property for road purposes to be set apart as a general road fund.

From all of which it appears to the court and this court finds that it will require a levy of 13 mills on each and every dollar of said \$13,532,532 taxable property appearing on the tax roll of Coos county, Oregon, for the year 1907, to pay the state tax, the school, school library, indigent soldiers, road tax and taxes for county expenses for Coos county for the year 1908.

It is therefore hereby ordered that a tax of 13 mills on the dollar be, and the same is hereby levied upon each and every dollar of taxable property upon the tax roll of said county for the year 1907 and upon every dollar of said taxable property within said county on March 1st, 1907, whether the same shall appear upon said roll or not, and out of the money arising from the taxes therefrom the state of Oregon be paid the sum of 23,345.00. That there be set apart for school funds \$35,476.00. To the school library fund of said county the sum of \$506.80. To the indigent soldiers fund of said county the sum of \$666.62. To the general road fund for said county the sum of \$70,000.00, and that said sums be not subject to rebate or delinquencies, and the balance, whatever it may be, be set apart as a general fund of the county and applied to the payment of the costs and expenses of the county of Coos and state of Oregon, and the payment of any outstanding indebtedness against said county.

THE SERVANT GIRL PROBLEM

Miss Bridget, Is the Toast Ready? Is the Proper Way to Address Slavery.

- Rules for Servants.
1. The servant girl should never be called the servant girl.
 2. She should be addressed as "Miss" or "Mrs."
 3. She should not wear the distinctive cap as a badge of servitude.
 4. She should have her evenings free, which would naturally lead to her living outside.
 5. She should receive sufficient money to provide her own food.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.—The whole trouble with the servant girl is that she wants an easy job, terminated by an easy husband.

This is the domestic problem in a nutshell as presented last week to the department of domestic administration of the Teachers' college by I. M. Rubnow of the United States department of commerce and labor.

Being a man, Mr. Rubnow admitted that the kitchen queen was entirely human in her ambitions. The remedies offered, which he agreed must sound like an impertinence from a mere man, since woman had for so many years been face to face with the difficulty and failed to turn up a solution, were in the nature of deferring to the higher power. Even after giving his remedy, Mr.

Rubnow said the social stigma would not be lifted, but the placing of domestic work on an industrial basis, he believes, would make it more endurable and more attractive to her who must be obeyed.

Married Wednesday Night—Miss Etta Bunten and C. L. Neff, foreman of the outside work at Beaver Hill mine, were married last night at the home of Mr. George Ayres at 8:30 o'clock, Rev. W. R. F. Browne performing the ceremony. Mrs. Gammit, Mr. and Mrs. Ayres, Robert Bunten, Misses Eliza and Bessie Ayres, Miss Smith and Mrs. Brown, were present at the marriage which was performed in the presence of a few near friends and relatives. Miss Bunten, who is from Beaver Hill, is well known in this city, also Mr. Neff and the young couple were warmly received on their return to Beaver Hill where they will reside.

TACOMA, Jan. 17.—David Brewer, aged 44, is dead at a local hospital. He was a half-breed Indian of the Puyallup tribe, and graduated from the Indian school at Forest Grove, Ore. He was married to a native of Alaska. For twenty-five years a teacher and disciplinary of the Indian school at Chemawa, Ore. He was a fine man. He leaves a widow, five daughters and two sons, all well educated.

MISS VIOLET HENDERSON, formerly of St. Louis, who has been making her home in Marshfield for the past couple of months, has been ably holding Secretary Lyon's position in the chamber of commerce while the latter is in Portland in the state's interest.

MRS. DAN McINTOSH, of Coos River, was shopping in the city yesterday.

SAYS THE GOVERNMENT STEALS STATE LANDS

Washington Robbed of Heritage Which Was Granted on Entering the Union.

OLYMPIA, Wash., Jan. 20.—The land frauds the government is prosecuting in Oregon and elsewhere are insignificant compared with the land frauds the federal authorities are perpetrating upon the state of Washington, according to a vigorous letter E. W. Ross, state land commissioner, has addressed to Congressman Francis W. Cushman. Mr. Ross points out that when Washington was admitted into the Union congress passed an enabling act, which the state accepted, and which is an inviolable contract between the two, under which absolute title was vested in the state for school purposes of section 16 and 36 in every township. Despite this solemn contract congress has passed subsequent legislation, and the federal officials have enforced rules and regulations which robbed the state of thousands of acres of the best lands in these sections, and are making it impossible for the state to reimburse itself for these losses. In his letter Ross says in part:

"The United States government has already withdrawn land and established forest reserves embracing 27.3 percent of the entire area of Washington. Add to this 6 percent of the entire area for Indian reservations and you have a total of 33.3 percent of the entire area of the state made by the federal government a howling wilderness. Surely this is enough for one state.

Takes Out Large Area. "I think when you deduct the land that is unfit for cultivation and uninhabitable you will find we have nearly 50 percent of the entire area of the state either embraced in permanent reserves on the part of the government or not susceptible of materially beneficial use."

Ross points out that the laws and rules surrounding the reserves make unavailable state school sections within their borders, although title to such sections absolutely was vested in the state under enabling act. In addition it is pointed out that as fast as new lands are surveyed the interior department makes rules or the president issues proclamations which prevent the state making any selections for granted lands lost and enable settlers and speculators to make first filings, all in absolute violation of the compact between the United States and the state.

Confiscates the State Land. Speaking of the manner in which federal land laws are construed by the federal officials against the state, Mr. Ross says: "The construction is so absolutely ridiculous that it amounts to a deliberate confiscation of hundreds of thousands of acres of state lands."

Because the government's lax land law procedure has permitted the grossest frauds is no reason for an assumption that the state's administration of its lands has been correspondingly incompetent, according to Ross. On the contrary, he declares: "The state of Washington is receiving for its lands all that it is entitled to receive. * * * In fact, is receiving higher prices than individuals owning lands in the vicinity are able to receive. Of course, some exceptions are bound to occur, from one cause or another, even excluding any possible element of fraud, but these exceptions stand out as proving the rule by comparison.

Has a Large School Fund. "We have now in the permanent and irrevocable school fund of the state the integrity of which fund congress required the state to guarantee, \$4,600,000, derived from the sale of common school lands. We have outstanding contracts, issued in pursuance of sales of common school lands where the land is still held as guarantee for the payment, \$1,892,486.77. The unpaid principal of these contracts bears interest, payable annually, at the rate of 6 percent per annum. The title to the lands remains in the state until final payment has been made. The total sum derived from the sale of common school lands by the state amounts to \$6,492,486.77. These figures are given as the first day of this month. On October 1, 1906, not quite 10 percent of the common school lands of the state had been sold. Probably not more than 11 percent of the lands have yet been sold.

"There certainly is no opportunity for the state and state officers to perpetrate fraud on the United States government in acquiring lands from the United States government in satisfaction of its school grants. The laws certainly should be liberal and should be construed liberally so as to enable the state to satisfy the grants made to it for these beneficial purposes."

C. SCHINISTER, of Gardiner, is a pleasant visitor to friends in the city today.

NO BUNGO FOR NORTH BEND

City Council Refuses to Pay Light Bills Until They Are Shown.

LIGHT THAT ALWAYS FAILS

Enterprising People Object to Paying For Lightless Lights Furnished By Coos Bay Gas & Electric Co.

The Times is pleased to know that it has not misjudged the spirit of the people of Coos Bay. They are not the kind to patiently accept the lemon which Mr. Bell and Mr. Hewitt would like to hand them in the way of a light service. The people are enterprising and progressive. The Coos Bay Gas & Electric Company have mistakenly assumed that because there is no railway here that any old electric service would be good enough for the "backwoods."



Marshfield and North Bend are modern cities. They are growing and enterprising. They are willing to pay for the best and then they are entitled to it. The Coos Bay Gas & Electric Co. is mistaken when it thinks they will take anything that is offered them. Just because Coos Bay is proud of the apples she produces, Mr. Bell must not think that the people do not know a lemon when they see it. Why Pat Hennessy has a tree that grows them at the Libby mine. The people like the kind that Hennessy grows but they object to the one that the electric light company would like to hand them.

The last issue of the North Bend Harbor contains a declaration of independence by the city council of that place. They have refused to pay the bills of the company until they prove that they delivered the goods. The members of the council may not be from Missouri but they must be shown.

A HEN THAT TALKS

Asks for Drink When Thirsty—If Not Satisfied Asks for More.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Jan. 18.—A talking hen whose superintelligence puts to shame the wildest dreams of nature fakers, is the pride of Mrs. John Ford of this city. Mrs. Ford vouches for the statements that the fowl possesses qualities high above the ordinary instinct.

"Jo—short for Josephine—seems to be afraid of visitors," said Mrs. Ford. "But the minute we are alone she talks to me plain enough for me to know exactly what she means. She calls me 'Mommie' and she can say that as plain as any child. She has learned to call for 'water' and if she gets thirsty during the night she will stand under our bedroom window and call out until we come down and give her a drink."

The hen drinks from a glass and absolutely refuses to notice the drinking dish used by less educated fowls in the same yard.

"If she doesn't get enough to eat she calls out: 'More, more,'" said Mrs. Ford. The hen immediately notifies the family of having laid an egg by scratching on the kitchen door and leading the way to the spot where the egg is hidden.

is a consideration to be overcome.

BILL TO ASCERTAIN TRUE STATE LINES

Heyburn Introduces Important Bill For Washington and Idaho.

(By Associated Press.) WASHINGTON, Jan. 21.—Senator Heyburn, of Idaho, has introduced a bill to provide for ascertainment of the true boundary line between the prospects are that the visitors to Portland will be successful in this quest. Should they succeed in this movement this will give Coos Bay a chance to be early on the ground for the use of the dredge in the local harbor improvements.

W. H. BOHLEN is reported very ill at his home with a severe attack of the grip.

SEAMAN INJURED ON STEAMER PLANT

Gust Witte Falls in Hold And Injures His Back.

Gust Witte, a seaman on the Plant, sustained a serious accident last night while working on the boat which was unloading at the Marshfield dock. Witte was moving along the deck near the hatchway, when a sling swinging from a derrick knocked him into the hold of the ship, where he dropped quite a distance and landed on his back.

A stretcher was procured at the General Hospital and the man was taken to North Bend, where Dr. Gale, the marine surgeon of the harbor, attended to him at Mercy Hospital. Dr. Gale was asked this morning the extent of the man's injuries, and stated that while Witte was bruised pretty badly, he thought he would be able to resume work on the ship when she made her next trip to this port.

ADVERTISED LIST.

List of unclaimed letters remaining in the Marshfield, Oregon, Post-office. Persons calling for the same will please say advertised and pay one cent for each advertised letter called for.

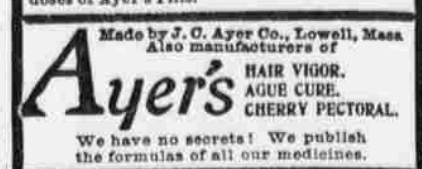
- Aldrich, Mrs. C. G. 2; Anderson, Antone; Arnot, Roland; Allen, Wm. S.; Bacon, Mrs. Jessie, 2; Baines, James; Bennett, Master John Edwin; Berland, Mrs. Thomas; Belieu, Mr.; Belieu, Miss; Burland, Mrs. Florence; Burgan, M. W.; Chase, Mrs. Martha; Cottle, Mr.; Currie, James S.; Davies, Tom; Davis, M. S.; Davis, Miss Dot; Davis, Thomas M.; Derbershire, Mr.; Dulle, Mrs.; Dully, Miss Myrtle; Duya, Mr.; Evanoff, Ellich; Fry, R. B.; Gebler, C. A.; Gillaspay, Frank; Goodpaster, Monroe; Haughton, Miss Edith; Hagerman, Mrs. E. M.; Hyde, Glenn E.; Hawthorne, Mrs. Carrie; Hayden, Charles; Holmes, J. C. 2; Hooker, John; Johnson, Miss Alice; Johanna, Marie; Johnson, Gato; Judd, Miss Alice; Jung, Christ; Knight, Mrs. Mary; Kelly, Frank; Keep, Miss Beth; Layton, Master Earl; Lanthan, John; Larson, Miss; Lyons, William; Lacy, J.; Lefebvre, Tom; Lochte, Joseph; McMullen, C. H. 2; McCullough, H. P.; McCleod, Mrs. N. C.; McCabe, J. J.; McCham, Miss Nellie; Magnuson, William; Mason, B.; Mitchell, Miss Ida 2; Moran, Ed.; Morrison, Austin; Morrison, Ben; Nelson, E. A.; Nicholls, Geo.; Obson, J. R.; Osborne, Adelbert; Oakley, Ray; Premo, Harvey; Raisen, Roy, 3; Ruinette, Mrs. Hilda; Ryder, John; Robinson, E. J.; Slayter, E. J.; Smith, Thomas; Smith, W. J.; Smith, W. E.; Smith, Mrs. P.; Taylor, Charles; Trinko, G.; Van Mather, Mr.; Van Mater, Mr.; Warner, J. E.; Watkins, Ernest; Wallas, David; Walker, Dan; Wyatt, Miss Georgiana; Whitstone, Mrs. Ellen; Williams, Peter; Wilson, L. H.; Williams, Harry L.; Wilson, George; Wilson, John.

W. B. CURTIS, P. M.

Pale, Thin, Nervous?

Then your blood must be in a very bad condition. You certainly know what to take, then take it—Ayer's Sarsaparilla. If you doubt, then consult your doctor. We know what he will say about this grand old family medicine.

This is the first question your doctor would ask: "Are your bowels regular?" He knows that daily action of the bowels is absolutely essential to recovery. Keep your liver active and your bowels regular by taking laxative doses of Ayer's Pills.



GOW WHY

Always has on hand a good stock of General Merchandise AT PRICES THE CHEAPEST All Kinds of Groceries and Clothing

Business Directory.

Boarding Houses.

MRS. J. T. ARCHAMBEAU, CORNER SECOND AND B STREETS. If you want a nice, quiet place to board, centrally located. Rates: Meals 25 cents. Rent and board per week \$5.50; by month \$22.00.

Lawyers.

C. R. BARROW ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW First-class Reference Fifteen Year's Experience COQUILLE CITY, Oregon

Travel.

STEAMER "COOS RIVER"

S. C. ROGERS, PROPRIETOR Makes regular daily trips from South Coos River to Marshfield and return.

Piano Tuning.

By J. F. O'Reilly, Resident Tuner. Address—Box 249, Marshfield.

BREAKWATER BOUND FOR PORTLAND AGAIN

Steamer Returns to Portland With Good Load.

The steamer Breakwater left for Portland with a good load of freight and quite a number of passengers. She left the Marshfield dock about ten o'clock and went to North Bend, starting for the bar about noon. The following was the passenger list outbound:

Wm. Haggman, Mrs. Valentine, O. Muthenbach, Nelson Crain, L. C. Currie, John Meyer, E. Leduc, F. J. Haner, Glen Cox, G. W. Shaw, Mrs. Shaw, C. E. Cottle, Miss Helen Davenport, Miss M. B. Wilcox, F. B. Waite, J. J. Curren, R. O. Baker, C. E. Chever, J. C. Marshall, A. R. Bean, J. F. Lucy, C. E. Sackett, Geo. Tucker, Mrs. Tucker, F. Bachman, Mrs. Bachman, F. D. Armstrong, W. E. Brown, Jas. Ferry, Miss Hattie Ferry.

ALLIANCE ARRIVES ON COOS BAY

Brings Machinery For Smith Mill and Leaves Again Tomorrow.

The steamer Alliance arrived in the harbor this morning from Portland, after a pleasant trip from the latter port which she left on Sunday night. The boat will leave on her return trip for Portland tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock at the service of the tide and a favorable bar. The following is the passenger list, considerable machinery for the Smith mill also arriving on the boat: J. D. Stone, J. Dall, S. Figer, F. Ferks, S. Nicholas, J. Cowart, F. S. Washburn, W. Capis, M. J. Ostrow, A. J. Conrad, D. L. Clause, F. J. West, J. McKinnon, W. Hamilton, A. Alcotoni, 5 steerage.

C. M. BARCUS, of North Bend, was a Marshfield caller yesterday on his way to Coquille on a business trip.