

ROOSEVELT IS CRITICIZED

Frank Mondell Closes Denver Public Lands Convention With Speech On Landlordism

PRIVATE OWNERSHIP

Says President's Recent Proposition Is Most Sweeping Grant Ever Made During Peace.

The feature of the closing of the Public Lands convention in Denver was the speech given by Frank Mondell. He assailed the present policy of the government regarding the holding of public lands. He traced the various steps taken of late leading in the direction of government landlordism and characterized President Roosevelt's proposition, "To provide for the government control of the public pasture lands of the West on the same general principles which now apply in the government control of the forest reserves," as the most tremendous and sweeping grant of arbitrary power and authority ever proposed to be granted in time of peace to an executive officer of the government.

"To encourage private ownership of land has been our policy from the beginning. Our people are not inclined to look with much greater favor on government than on private landlordism. The Western States were admitted into the union with the understanding that the public lands were, by passing into private ownership, to become taxable.

"If the system of permanent government ownership and control is to be established, we must fundamentally readjust our fiscal policy so as to support our commonwealths from other sources than the taxation of lands. We must change our views relative to land ownership and depend for our growth in population and wealth, not upon individual land ownership, but on a system of tenantry, at the will of the agent of a federal landlord. If it is proposed to do this we should enter upon the enterprise with full knowledge of what it means. If the federal government is to be invited to permanently control, particularly, where that control is not limited by provisions of law, we should understand the possibilities of such control, how far-reaching and fundamental its effect may be in changing the character of our institutions and the condition of our people.

"For myself, I am inclined to the belief that our people will not, when fully informed, lend their favor to such change of national policy being pursued that will invite settlement and development, encourage the home builders and develop our waste places for the habitation of an independent home owning citizenship."

CITY COUNCIL MEETS

Last night at the Marshfield council meeting held in the city hall it was decided to improve Pennsylvania avenue and Sheridan street with planking by ordering that bids be posted for improving with a plank street instead of macadam. It was also voted not to improve C avenue from Seventh street to a point 60 feet west of the west line of Lincoln street. There was quite a discussion about improving streets with the crushed sandstone of the Masters & McLain firm, but no definite action was taken.

TROLLEY BRIBERY

Defense in Trolley Franchise Bribery Marks Out Line of Procedure.

San Francisco, June 21.—Attorneys for Patrick Calhoun and associates in the trolley franchise bribery, and attorneys for Louis Glass of the Pacific States Telephone Company today disclosed the ground on which they will fight the indictments. They will contend that the superior judges prepared the jury list before the fire and delivered the list to the county clerk. This list was in the fire before the proceedings were recorded and the list was preserved. It is now claimed because the record was not restored before the impeachment of the present grand jury that that body has no existence in law and therefore the indictments are void.

LEAGUE GIVES PICNIC

Excursion On Wednesday, June 26 —Thought That Will Be Well Patronized.

An excursion and picnic will be given by the Epworth League of Marshfield and North Bend, to Charleston Bay and the Cape Arago lighthouse, touching upon the high seas of the Pacific on Wednesday, June 26. Three of the most seaworthy boats on the bay have been chartered, the steamer Alert, Reta and Flyer. The Alert and Reta will leave Marshfield at 8 a. m. The Flyer will leave North Bend promptly upon their arrival.

While aboard the boats passengers will be amused by songs, recitations and other numbers. Upon reaching Charleston Bay an opportunity will be given for every one to stroll along the beach as long as they desire. The scenery at Charleston Bay and in the vicinity of the lighthouse is very picturesque.

EXPRESS IS LAUNCHED

Boat Belongs to Anson Rogers and Was Built By Holland Brothers.

The motor boat Express, built by the Holland Brothers for Anson Rogers, was given her trial trip yesterday on the bay, and from indications it is said she will rank with the fastest boats on the bay at this time. Mr. Rogers will operate the boat in connection with the steamer Coos River in handling his business on the south fork of the Coos River. Wyatt Coffelt will be in charge of the boat.

The Express is 46 feet in length, ten foot beam and is fitted with a thirty-horsepower Standard engine, which will, it is said, make much faster time than was shown yesterday afternoon, when she made the trip from the Woolen Mill at North Bend to the Holland wharf in this city in the unusually fast time of 15 minutes.

FORAKER TALKS.

Discusses Brownsville Affair, Also Pays Tribute to War Veterans.

Xenia, June 21.—On the campus of the Wilberforce University yesterday afternoon Senator Foraker discussed matters developed by the Senatorial investigation of the Brownsville affair. Foraker paid a high tribute to the bravery of the colored soldiers in the Spanish-American war, especially the Ninth and Tenth Cavalry and 24th and 25th Infantry.

WATERS PIERCE TROUBLE.

Receiver Is Appointed—Fines Now Pending Over \$1,600,000. Dallas, Tex., June 21.—A bill for a receiver of the Waters Pierce Oil Company was filed in the Federal court at Sherman by Bradley W. Palmer, a stockholder. Chester B. Rochester a Sherman banker, was appointed. There is now pending in the State courts a decision fining the Waters Pierce Company more than \$1,600,000.

EMBEZZLES \$30,000.

Milwaukee, Wis., June 21.—Frank E. Woller, for eighteen years clerk of the Municipal court of this city, today pleaded guilty to embezzling \$30,000 and was sentenced three years at hard labor.

MARSE HENRY'S STRAIGHT TIPS.



—Borryman in Washington Star.

KEYS IDLE IN SAN FRANCISCO

Climax To Long Expected Telegraphers Trouble Comes In Shape of General Walkout

BOTH SIDES OBDURATE

Employees Want 25 Per Cent Increase—Employers Refuse to Consider Demands.

STRIKE FEATURES.

- One hundred and fifty telegraph operators are out in Oakland.
One hundred telegraph operators are out in San Francisco.
Employees of both Western Union and Postal Telegraph Companies are included in strike.
Demand wage increase of 25 per cent.
Strike will be confined to San Francisco as long as outside men are not brought in.

San Francisco, June 21.—The telegraph operators employed by the Western Union and Postal Telegraph companies left their keys at 3:30 this afternoon and walked out of the offices. Three short blasts of a police whistle gave the signal and at the sound the operators quit their jobs. Both the Postal and Western Union main San Francisco offices are located together in the Ferry building. Since the fire the main relay office of the Western Union has been at West Oakland, where about 150 men and women are employed. In the San Francisco offices about twenty operators are employed and at the outside branch offices are about 20 more. The Postal Company has sixty operators in the main San Francisco office. Employees of both companies, with the exception of one in each office, stopped work at a given signal. The operators in San Francisco and Oakland were dissatisfied with the letter from President Clowry, of the Western Union, published yesterday, and insisted that their demands for a 25 per cent increase be granted.

President Small of the Commercial Telegrapher's Union, arrived here yesterday and ordered the strike unless the increase was granted. Both the Western Union and Postal officials declined to grant the increase or consult with the union. They expressed a willingness to consider and act on any grievances presented by their employes as individuals, but this was not satisfactory to the men and the walkout resulted. The superintendents of both companies have nothing to say about the strike. They state the matter will have to be ad-

justed in New York and have simply issued a notice to the public that messages be accepted subject to indefinite delay.

President Small, of the Telegrapher's Union, will remain here, and advise the strikers. So long as no attempt is made to bring in operators from outside points the strike will be purely local at San Francisco and Oakland. If, however, the companies attempt to bring in outside men the operators in other cities will be called out. In order that the strike may be confined to San Francisco and Oakland it is announced that operators in other cities will be allowed to work with so-called "unfair" operators in San Francisco who do not go out with the strikers.

The trouble which culminated today has been brewing for a long time. The increase of ten per cent granted by the telegraph companies a few months ago was not satisfactory to the operators of San Francisco and Oakland. They claim the increased cost of living since the fire makes it imperative that they should receive a larger increase. They claim they cannot live upon the present scale of wages. So far only the lines handling commercial business are affected by the strike. Press operators will remain at work.

The strike of the Western Union and Postal telegraphers at San Francisco came as a surprise to those companies, following as it does so close upon the supposed settlement of the differences through U. S. Commissioner Neilly and statements of President Clowry of the Western Union. As late as today deputy president Konenkamp, of the Commercial Telegraphers' said there would be no strike in San Francisco; that evidently President Small had not seen the report of the settlement when he announced that San Francisco would quit work today. The repudiation of the settlement by President Small therefore caused surprise to the union officials in this city and it was intimated that the national executive board will be called together immediately to consider the officials' action. No word came from President Small except an interview in which he said the strike was to take place at Oakland and San Francisco. Konenkamp says Small gave him authority to act in his absence and that he approves the terms of the settlement. Konenkamp adds that the telegraphers in New York will stand by that settlement.

PERSONALS.

Mr. and Mrs. Bates, of Salem, who have been visiting friends on the bay for the past week, will return home on the steamer Alliance Sunday.

Miss Annie Flanagan, who has been visiting friends and relatives in San Francisco for some months, returned yesterday by stage from Drain.

Miss Reta Keane, of San Francisco, arrived yesterday to spend the summer with relatives on the bay.

F. E. Hague, representing the Baker Hamilton Company, of San Francisco, arrived from Gardiner yesterday.

COQUILLE HOSPITAL

Coos' County Seat Will Have Modern Institution—Progressive Club Holds Sale.

(Special to the Times.) Coquille, June 21.—Dr. Richmond and Culin have bought the old Academy building and will turn it into a hospital. The building will be painted and renovated and hot water and heat installed, also electric lights. There will be two operating rooms, one up and one down stairs. Plans are laid for nice parks and lawns around the place. Tickets will be sold for \$10 a year to working men, or if 100 families can be secured family tickets will be sold at \$26 per year. At the hospital will be accommodations for twenty-six patients, and when completed will accommodate fifty. An elevator will also be installed. The hospital will compare favorably with any on the Pacific coast.

City Benefit Sale.

The Coquille Progressive Club is considering a big rummage sale, the proceeds of which will be used for the general benefit of the city in parks and improvements. The goods will be sold at auction Saturday, June 23, from 2 to 4 and 7 to 9 p. m.

MOTHERS' MEETING

Good Attendance Yesterday Shows Deep Interest In Movement—Invitation Extended.

A good attendance marked the second mothers' meeting held in Marshfield yesterday afternoon at the Presbyterian church. Mrs. T. E. Dow had charge of the gathering. It is the plan of the ladies who have started these meetings to organize a permanent mothers' club at the next meeting, which will be held Friday afternoon at the same church. Meetings will be held each week at the homes of the different mothers, and regular programs will be arranged after the organization is perfected. The meetings will take place at 3:30 each Friday afternoon. Later in the season picnics for the children will be given. It is the wish that all mothers interested in the work attend the meetings.

COAL BANK BRIDGE

Work On Structure Will Begin When Government Engineer Gives O. K. to Plans.

James Flanagan stated last evening that the plans and specifications for the bridge to be built across Coal Bank Slough have been forwarded to Col. S. W. Roesler at Portland, and that active work will be started as soon as they have been approved by him. The bridge is to be used by the C. A. Smith Lumber & Manufacturing Company, for its railroad from the mill site to the local retail yards, and for a public wagon road. The plans were drawn by the firm of Oakley & Arnold, North Bend.

QUIET IN FRANCE.

Paris, June 21.—After the riotous events of yesterday the appearance of Narbonne today is comparatively calm. Soldiers everywhere are in such force that the inhabitants were at least temporarily coerced into activity.

20 TO 1 SHOT WINS

New York, June 21.—Nealon, a western horse owned by C. E. Dertnell and quoted at 20 to 1, won the great Suburban Handicap at Sheepshead Bay yesterday. Montgomery, second, was two lengths behind the winner, with Beacon Light third. Time, 2:06 2-5. Electioneer was favorite and the heavily played Keene entries, uSperman and Veil, were badly beaten.

Nealon's victory was a surprise to horsemen. It was with a rare burst of speed in the home stretch that flashed him out a minner in a field of sixteen horses and sped across the finish line, while 36,000 people cheered him as the winner of the \$20,000 prize, and highest turf honors. The distance of the Suburban Handicap is 1 1/4 miles.

STATE'S CASE IS FINISHED

Counsel For Defense In Steunenberg Murder Trial Will Begin Arguments Monday

ASK FOR ACQUITTAL

Haywood's Attorney Refers to Orchard's Testimony as "a Rot-ten Thread."

Boise, June 21.—The State today closed its case against Haywood. The defense made an unsuccessful attempt to secure from the court an order directing the jury to acquit the prisoner. Judge Wood's ruling which requires that the defense meet with the evidence of the case that the State has presented was made at 5:15 o'clock, and it was then arranged that Haywood's counsel should make the opening argument and present their first testimony Monday. When the trial opened this morning it was stipulated that the record should show that the date of the draft sent by Haywood to Jack Simpkins late in 1905 was December 21, and after that the prosecution proceeded to show by a handwriting expert that George Pettibone, using the names of "J. Wolf" and "P. Bone," made two remittances of money to Orchard in the fall of 1904. The State next called Jim Seehorn, a colored horse trainer, who swore he sold a horse and buggy to Orchard in Denver in 1905 and identified Haywood as one of the men who rode with Orchard.

After that the defense admitted in June, 1903, that Haywood sent \$75 to Steve Adams at Ogden, and when the necessary showing had been made on the record the prosecution rested. A motion for instructions to the jury to acquit was by agreement presented at the afternoon session and the jury was sent back to the jury house out of hearing of the argument. Attorney Richardson made the principal argument in support of the motion in a long, carefully prepared and eloquent speech. He took for his guide that the Idaho statute which forbids conviction upon the uncorroborated testimony of an accomplice and quoting many authorities in support of his contention that there must be convincing corroboration entirely independent of the testimony of the accomplice, he made an analysis of all the testimony offered. He declared none of the testimony could stand without the support of Orchard's story and that the statute specifically forbade its acceptance under those circumstances. He also argued that the testimony of Orchard was the only showing that in any way connected Haywood with the crime and that the statute forbade conviction under those circumstances.

Senator Bornh, who alone spoke for the State, argued with like force and eloquence that Haywood's connection had been independently shown and Orchard's testimony had been corroborated by independent circumstances and evidence. He submitted a general argument to show the State had established the existence of a general conspiracy in which Haywood was a participant, and in which he strongly developed the alleged connection of Pettibone and Simpkins. Clarence Darrow, who closed, pleaded there was not a shred of evidence in the case capable of standing without the "rotten thread of Orchard's story" to sustain it, and that the plain provision of the Idaho statute made the duty of the court clear. He ridiculed the idea of a general conspiracy and contended if the most liberal allowance was made for the entire showing of the State that it would not make out a case against the prisoner worthy of submission to a jury. In conclusion he appealed to the court to withdraw the case from the jury and dismiss the case. Judge Wood immediately refused the motion. "The court is thoroughly satisfied that this case should be submitted to the jury. If I felt differently I should not hesitate to so rule." The court then explained he would not review the evidence in the written opinion because there are two more defendants to be tried later.