Detroit Currency.

WORSE men than Commodore Vanderbilt will die every year during the next century.

IT is not good for man to be alone. He should buy a dog.—*Franklin (Kentucky) Patriot.*

THE Boston *Post* thinks that sky-blue coffins striped with red would be far better than cremation.

WINSLOW, the forger, is supposed to be in Italy, learning how to chisel out a statue of "Honesty."

"NEVER make a fool of yourself," was one of the Commodore's maxims, and yet at sixty he married a girl of twenty.

A TROY weather prophet predicts twenty-seven more snow storms. Good—good for the boy with the snow-shovel.

THERE are six different accounts of the May-Bennett affair, all said to be true, and six more accounts are expected along soon.

WHAT lawyer Root said to lawyer Barlow was: "Dear sir, don't be a —— fool!" And Barlow felt hurt and wanted a duel.

THE boy who tries to see how near to an air-hole he can safely skate will sooner or later take a deep interest in Polar expeditions.

WHEN a good lake schooner can be bid in at auction for $3,000 all any editor wants to enjoy a summer trip is the $3,000 to buy with.

THE Boston *Globe* has dispensed with the hyphen in to-morrow. This is running the day together as old women string dried apples.

ART is pushing right ahead. They can now weave a cat into a parlor rug so naturally that one feels like tossing her a hunk of boarding-house beef.

IF, as reported, Brick Pemeroy has married his proof-reader, the lady will have abundant opportunity to make corrections.—*St. Louis Republican.*

ENGLISH papers have a remedy for intemperance. The hard times have kept thousands of men sober, who would otherwise have had their sprees.

DOWN in Southern Indiana they mix capsicum with poor whisky, add a little lime-water and the decoction lifts the happy drinker right over fences.

THE New York *Herald* would mix charcoal dust with the soil, and thus produce a black luster on red roses. Greeley was a mere novice in agriculture.

ALLEGHANY CITY proposes to have a fire drill in its public school. The children are to be run down stairs twice per day to see how many can get out alive.

THE Eastern press will keep on shouting about glory until the government is forced into sending another batch of North Polers to find graves in the icy sea.

PROF. TICE, of St. Louis, refuses to make any more weather predictions until summer. Along about July he can predict mild weather and make a good hit.

TONY PASTOR has been given a badge of the Order of the Elks by a member of his company. This was a recognition of his mooseical abilities.—*Boston Post.*

GEN. LESLIE COOMS, of Kentucky, has recently married a woman eighty-five years old, and probably without the consent of her parents.—*New Orleans Republican.*

THERE are six preachers in one small town in Tennessee who do not chew tobacco, and it is mentioned as a singular fact. It seems as though it ought not to be singular.

THERE is enough of Mexico to give every leader a hunk of territory and a presidency, and why don't they carve the poor old country up instead of carving each other.

A GREAT deal of sarcasm has been shot off at the Ulster overcoat, but the press can't drive 'em out. They combine cheapness and a good personal disguise from creditors.

THE great question of the present is, whether it is better to carry two pounds of dried apples or a bar of ten-cent soap to the annual donation at the minister's house?—*Rome Sentinel.*

A CIRCUS elephant eats two bales of hay per week while in winter quarters, and you can figure from this how necessary it is for the man at the door to cast murderous glances at deadheads.

IRISHMAN down East, if we may believe the Boston *Advertiser*, "who, when he calls the folks to dinner, uses two bells—a large one for the grown folks and a small one for the children."

CHINESE babies never howl. One of them can be left alone for twelve hours and he never moves off his back. He reasons that he is left alone for good cause, and the situation is humbly accepted.

THE Chicago *Journal* owns up as follows:

"There are people in this world who would make as much stir, and do just as much good, and benefit society just as much—we don't know but more—were they killed and stuffed."

A SHARP Yankee went into a country store down East, and thus accosted the proprietor: "Squire, do you trade?" "Considerable," was the reply. "I mean, do you dicker?" "Some; what ye got to dicker?" "A egg." "What ye want for an egg?" "Guess I'd like a darnin' needle." The required needle was dickered for the egg, and the Yankee was going away, when he turned and said, "Squire, do you treat?" "Well, I don't mind if I do," replied the good-natured storekeeper. They repaired to an adjacent tavern, and the usual bourbon was produced. "Hold on," cried the Yankee, "my chist's weak, and I never take whiskey without a egg in it." The generous storekeeper handed him the dickered egg, but without asking him for his needle again. The Yankee broke the shell on the edge of the glass, when he exclaimed, "Geewillikins! this egg's got two yolks! Guess you'd better give me another darning needle."

"IN what way is your husband profligate?" asked a California judge. "What do you mean?" the woman asked. "In what does his profligacy consist? What does he do when he is profligate?" "Oh, I understand. Well, he's profligate with horses." The judge's countenance underwent a variety of expressions, in which astonishment and perplexity predominated, as he put the next interrogatory: "Profligate with horses! What—what do you mean by that?" "Well, he went not long ago to haul twenty dozen eggs two miles to sell them, and he hadn't got more than half way when the horses shied, tipped the wagon over and broke thirteen dozen, and eggs fifty cents a dozen at that. If that ain't profligate with horses, then I don't know what is."

Bennett and May.

The following statement from the New York *Sun* will explain the report of a duel between Mr. James Gordon Bennett and Frederick May:

The marriage of Miss Caroline May to Mr. James Gordon Bennett, the proprietor of the *Herald*, was to have been solemnized to day, by His Eminence Cardinal McCloskey. Mr. Bennett had beseeched that the marriage should not be a public display, and Miss May concurred.

It was agreed that the couple should sail for England just after the marriage, and state-rooms richly arrayed for the bridal party had been engaged. Mr. Bennett's orders were that the rooms for himself and wife should be charmingly comfortable. A short stay in London and then in Paris was fixed upon. The return to New York was to be signalized by a reception that might eclipse all others in this city.

Mr. Bennett was not controllable, yet he was unwilling to be guided, and he became wayward, and at times reckless. The *habitues* of the Club witnessed scenes in which the owner of the *Herald* was a leading actor, and they deplored the fact that he was there at all. The stories almost staggered belief, but at length the blue-coated, brass-buttoned police began to talk, and it became known that Police-Justice Kastmire had helped Mr. Bennett out of a serious difficulty.

Miss May was recently startled by the whispers that were heard all along the fashionable avenue. There could be no happiness in a union with Mr. Bennett, she fancied, and she finally told him so, and by mutual agreement the engagement was broken off, Mr. Bennett firmly acknowledging that his behavior warranted Miss May's decision. Miss May had received from Europe her bridal *trousseau*, and had been congratulated by a great many admirers upon her prospective nuptials.

The *Commercial Advertiser*, in a late edition, says:

A very unpleasant affair took place this afternoon between Mr. May and James Gordon Bennett. It is known that for some reason, which is of no business to the public, the marriage engagement between Mr. Bennett and Miss May was broken off a few days since. This afternoon one of Miss May's brothers encountered Mr. Bennett in front of the Union Club, on Fifth avenue and assaulted him with a club, striking him on the head, which so stunned him that he fell. He instantly recovered himself, and wrestled the club from May, when a tussle took place between them, Mr. Bennett dealing Mr. May, who is a larger man than he is, some very heavy blows. Finally Mr. Heckshar interfered and separated the parties. Neither was very much injured. This is a very unpleasant affair, and entirely unjustifiable.

No one will impute any responsibility to the young lady in regard to this very disgraceful action of her brother, as she can not be accountable for his conduct. The Mays know all about Mr. Bennett's foibles. Knowing them, they should not have encouraged Miss May to receive Mr. Bennett. What the clubs and society may think of the matter we will know in due time.

Among the gossips it is reported that Mr. Bennett has lately acted in a very strange manner before his *fiancee*. Among other things it is reported that some time since Mr. Bennett gave a dinner to the Mays and that previous to sitting down at the table the host got under the influence of the "rosy," and after the party sat down and soup had been served, the host insisted upon having dessert served at once, and would not permit the intervening courses to be served.

It is also reported that on another occasion Mr. Bennett, at a reception at his residence, invited a number of ladies down to the billiard rooms, and, on pretense of having them look at some birds that were in cages hanging from the ceiling, he got them to stand upon the billiard table, when he ordered some game cocks to be set fighting, much to the scandal of the ladies, who were left standing upon the table for upwards of an hour.

The Antarctic Regions.

In a lecture at Glasgow Sir Wyville Tomson discussed the Antarctic regions. He said on coming near the area of ice-bergs in the Southern Hemisphere the bottom of the sea was found to consist of clay mixed with very fine particles of gravel and in many cases mixed with large pebble, and sometimes with large masses of stone. There was no doubt that all these deposits were due to icebergs, the matter falling to the bottom as they melted. The bergs they saw to the south, and breaking down and melting a little further to the north, were prismatic blocks riven from the edge of the great Antarctic ice sheet. The stratification of the icebergs, he believed, was due to successive accumulations of snow upon a nearly level surface. Taking the area within the parallel 70 south, they had no evidence that the 4,500,000 square miles were continuous land; the presumption would seem to be that the area was gradually broken up, or at all events was rendered less compact, at the places where the warm currents were diverted to the southward. The curious question arose, would they ever be able to reach the South Pole? He thought the answer must be unhesitatingly in the negative. Ross' southernmost point was upwards of 700, and Graham's Land, 1,200 miles from the South Pole. The remainder appeared to be a perpendicular cliff of ice, 230 to 250 feet in height, without shelter, kept in motion by the gales, and a great portion of it subject to high winds and incessant falls of snow. They had now learnt that the North Pole, if not actually inaccessible, was much more difficult of access than was imagined, and they could only anticipate disasters a hundred times multiplied should the South Pole become the goal of rivalry among nations.

THERE are cruel writers in the world, who hardly ever seem to think of their poor readers, and who write as if it were a fine thing to add complexity of style to the difficulty of the subject. They have their reward. The busy world has no time to give to their vagaries of style; and surely it is a signal instance of failure, when a man ceases to make his meaning clear to the great majority of his fellow-countrymen who understand the words that he uses, but are grievously puzzled by the collocation of these words, or by the omission of certain words that ought to be there.—*Sir Arthur Helps.*

THE frontier freighters complain that the roads to the Black Hills are exceedingly rough. The graves haven't worn down smoothly yet.

SHIP-BUILDING on the Clyde employs 10,000 men.

Kindergartens at the Centennial.

In September, whilst visiting the Centennial, I spent a morning very happily in witnessing the exercises of the Kindergarten, convening in the annex of the Woman's Pavilion. There was one session only, from 10 to 12 A. M. A little before 10 I noticed a small procession of children, all under seven years of age, entering the grounds. There were eight boys and as many girls, and they walked two and two, a boy and a girl together. These children were from the Orphan's Home, of Northern Pennsylvania, and appeared to be Americans; they chattered merrily along, followed by their teacher carrying a lunch basket.

The boys all wore sailor hats and circular linen dusters, blue kilt skirts and jackets, with white sailor collars, and neck-ties of red, white and blue, buttoned boots and hose striped with red and white.

The girls wore white sun-bonnets and circular linen dusters, pink calico dresses, white aprons trimmed with fluted ruffles, a collar of ruffling and a bow of red, white and blue, buttoned boots and hose of blue and white completed their attire.

While the little ones were in the anteroom leaving aside their wraps, we secured seats in the gallery. The accommodations for visitors were limited, and while we were there securely packed, waiting for the exercises to commence, we noticed the teacher improvising seats of a piano stool and a small bench in the audience room, for some visitors more highly favored than ourselves; presently two clerical looking gentlemen came in, and slowly uncovering their bald heads, deposited their shining tiles in the aquarium; one of them perceiving his mistake quickly removed it, whilst the other one very solemnly took his seat upon the piano stool, leaving his hat gaily swimming around in the water. When his companion pointed out to him his blunder, and he removed the dripping beaver, the shouts and cheers that arose from the visitors were not long, but loud and deep,

"And all went merry as a marriage bell."

The room was provided with two tables, parallel to each other, and a short one that joined them together at one end, of suitable height and painted something like a chequer board. The teachers sat at the open end of the table and the scholars on the outside, little easy chairs, made after the pattern of camp chairs, serving them for seats. At ten the door into the anteroom was opened, and the children coming in formed into a circle, sang their morning hymn of praise, and folded their little hands in devotion. These exercises being over, they marched to the table and seated themselves gracefully in the chairs. The teacher (whom the pupils called "Aunty,") now asked for some one to lay the oil cloths. Quickly a hand was raised, and a little girl came forward, and passing in between the tables, spread before each one a small, square oil cloth, the teacher following, giving to each a piece of potter's clay, requiring them to make it into a round ball. When this was done to the satisfaction of the teacher, they could form it into anything else they chose. Listen, hear them talking:

"Lilly, what are you going to make?"

"I'm going to make a stool."

Soon these future artists had moulded an apple, a plum, a chest of drawers, with the knobs made so prettily by tiny fingers, and a variety of other things too numerous to mention. When these were completed, the pupils retired to the ante-room to wash. Presently they returned, and forming into a circle, taking hold of hands, sang a song, going around all the time. When they stopped, one was chosen to stand in the centre, with his eyes blindfolded; then a girl sang a stanza behind him and he guessed who it was. A stick was given him, and he told how long it was and what it was used for. In this way the faculties of hearing and feeling were educated. It was all play for the little ones, and they enjoyed it very much. The play over, and returning to their seats lunch was served. A little maiden gave to each a napkin, the teacher following gave to all a china cup of milk and a rusk. The teacher said "this was a part of the instructions, how to eat well, and that a scholar rarely spilled his milk." The mothers among the spectators thought the lunch too small, and I'm sure that our prairie boys and girls would think it far from being a "good square meal."

Miss Peabody, the pioneer of Kindergartens in this country, was present and remarked "that we could form but a very small idea how they were managed; that we had not seen one-hundredth part of the instructions; that a person could not learn from books how to teach one, that they must be instructed orally." May the time speedily come when the little ones will have the benefit of Kindergartens and a leader in their plays.—*Mrs. L. Harrison, in Prairie Farmer.*

Thievish Beavers.

York county beavers are sagacious animals. A man from Nackawick, hunting beaver, recently came upon a lagoon which showed marks of having been lately dammed up by these industrious creatures. Leaving his axe near a beaver house, the trapper proceeded to explore the region round about, but on returning in about an hour no axe was to be found. This mysterious disappearance puzzled him, but his astonishment turned into positive alarm when, going to the foot of a large juniper-tree, no traces could be seen of his camp-kettle and provisions. Faint from hunger and fatigue, he found his way to the edge of the pond, where a small black object gliding over the surface of the water attracted his attention. Closer inspection revealed a huge beaver swimming off with the camp-kettle in his mouth. The disgusted trapper slowly left the fated spot, minus axe, kettle and a good dinner carried off by the beavers. Whether the beavers sunk the axe in the middle of the pond or conveyed it to a place of safety is, of course, unknown; but from the method of their operations he firmly believes that they made sure of the axe first, knowing that it was the instrument with which he designed destroying their homes. The kettle, which seemed the more harmless and inoffensive weapon, they left till the last.—*St. John's (N. B.) Telegraph.*

SCIENCE has its triumphs, but we believe it has never yet satisfactorily accounted for the existence of the middle-aged woman, who attends all the donation parties with a present of a flannel pen-wiper and eats $4 worth of food at supper, and subsequently leans up against the wall with her eyes shut and sings "Nearer, my God, to Thee."

IN Spain it is the custom to send a Christmas present to the priest and doctor. Many Spaniards pay their physicians an annual sum for attending the family and servants, and his salary is sent him on Christmas Day, with a turkey and cake or sweetmeats.

Mining Stock Convulsions.

For some time past the atmosphere which envelops the mining stock market has been thick, murky, and pestilential, by reason of the doubts, fears, bickerings, accusations and counter accusations, rings, cliques, and desperate combinations, with which it has been corrupted; and we shall endeavor to pierce the gloom and let in a little pure air and light. From the date of discovery of vast and rich ore bodies in the Comstock lode prices have advanced and receded, and, in numerous cases, in accordance with developments in the mines. Panics and serious depressions in stocks have, however, occurred without satisfactory reason. It will be remembered that January 13th was one of the darkest days ever known in the market. Its approach had been heralded by constant depressions and downward tendencies for a week preceding, and at the date specified the culminating point was reached, producing something very near a panic. It is a well-known attribute of human nature, as a rule, to throw the onus of misfortune upon the shoulders of some one else, and especially is this true of those whose dishonorable practices have procured affliction, but seek to shelter themselves by accusing others. It is also undeniable that the prosperous are generally objects of envy and malevolent feeling to the unprosperous, and we have been in no wise surprised at the malignant tone and character of the charges that have been hurled at Messrs. Flood, O'Brien, Mackey, and Fair, the envied controllers of the "bonanza mines." But, without dwelling upon that significant fact, we are of opinion that a natural solution can be reached without difficulty, by simply comparing the alterations in the prices of a number of mining stocks during July last, when very serious depressions occurred, and those ruling in January, culminating on the 13th. We annex a short table:

	July, 1876.	Jan. 13, 1877.
Alpha	$47 00	$12 00
Belcher	18 00	8 00
Bullion	42 00	8 00
Exchequer	17 00	4 00
Con. Imperial	6 00	1 37½
Justice	26 00	9 50
Kentuck	13 00	4 00
Ophir	50 00	16 50
Savage	22 00	7 50
Sierra Nevada	17 00	5 00
Union	17 00	7 00
Mexican	40 00	14 00
Yellow Jacket	30 00	9 50
Crown Point	12 00	4 75
Chollar	100 00	46 00

Attention is directed to the exceeding discrepancies in prices of the above stated stocks, and we now turn to a consideration of those which took place in the bonanza stocks during the same period. In July, California sold at $56 per share, and since then has paid dividends to the amount of $12 per share, while its selling price on the 13th of January was $45 per share. Con. Virginia sold in July at $45 per share, and on the 13th of January at $35 per share, having in the meantime disbursed dividends of $10 per share. Furthermore, we state right here that *seventy-two per cent.* of the gross yield of those two mines have been paid to the stockholders under the management of Messrs. Flood, O'Brien, Mackey, and Fair, while the very best managed among the other mines of the Comstock lode have never paid more than fifty per cent. of the gross yields to the shareholders. Had not the bonanza firm recently sustained the market prices would have reached a far lower depth than they did, and this we assert positively. It has become quite apparent that the raid recently inaugurated upon bonanza stocks is the work of a combination or "ring," backed up, according to report, by a fund of $7,000,000, and it is beyond question that what is known as the "borrowing process," or the duplicate use of stocks, has been carried to greater extremes than ever, thereby placing stocks actually owned by parties, other than brokers, yet confided to brokers for negotiation, in the most jeopardous and precarious position. We learn that quite a number of brokers have been warned, by an authoritative source, to desist from such questionable operations, giving a limited time to heed the warning. After a cool, dispassionate survey of the facts, we express our conviction that grave injustice has been done to parties who are not only blameless, but praiseworthy, for the general course of their management, and the promptitude with which they have acted to put a quietus to unscrupulous practices which endanger the interests of a large number of stockholders.—*S. F. Commercial Herald.*

Something About Gloves.

No person, man or woman, boy or girl, whether rich or poor, but has sometimes occasion to make use of a pair of gloves. The firm of Mills & Leak, at 15 Sutter street, is one of the leading manufacturing firms of buck and goatskin gloves, gauntlets and mittens in America. Their skill and enterprise in this particular branch of business have given a powerful impetus to home manufactures. Of all the many novelties they have introduced attention should be particularly directed to the Adirondack glove. It is made of genuine buckskin, but dressed in a peculiar manner, which has been but recently discovered, after numberless experiments and trials. The leather is now made thoroughly waterproof. Great improvements have also been made in their goat gloves, and practical and experienced leather dressers do not hesitate to pronounce them far superior to any of the so-called goat gloves in this market. The reason of this is that the firm have, in a manner known only to themselves, introduced a new chemical operation in the dressing of the leather. Strolling through the large salesroom of Mills & Leak, the visitor is astonished at the vast quantity of gloves meeting his eyes on every side, and yet the supply is totally inadequate to meet their rapidly-increasing trade. In Gloversville, New York, they run an immense factory, and here is turned out every style of ladies', children's, men's and boy's kid, castor and cloth gloves. In this way they are enabled to sell the Eastern-made gloves much cheaper than wholesale houses who purchase from manufactories. To this fact ought the attention of the public to be specially directed, that all goods manufactured by Mills & Leak are cut from the latest improved patterns. Purchasers can have their orders filled with reference to any size, to any amount, or as to whatever quality they prefer. In recognition of their strenuous efforts to meet the requirements of the trade, it is but right to say that the firm of Mills & Leak are justly entitled to the patronage and consideration of every merchant upon the Pacific Coast.—*S. F. Chronicle.*

Buy the Best,

And to know which is the best sewing machine is sometimes a really difficult question to decide. Every lady thinks that her particular machine is the very best; and every "agent" would be astonished and indignant if any one should presume to doubt the superiority of his machine over every competitor. There are many most excellent machines—we are aquainted with the most of them in use upon this coast, and are willing to concede to each its respective merits, but we must admit the superiority of the New American over all others. The fact that it won the highest prize at the Centennial, and what is more significant, is winning golden opinions from all who use it, is commendation of more weight than any words of ours. Those of our readers who are in need of a machine will, we believe, consult their own interests by seeing the New American before purchasing. When you have seen it, we are sure you will "buy the best."

HATCH'S UNIVERSAL COUGH SYRUP has been in use 15 years, and has always been warranted to cure, and is now sold by over 6,000 druggists, who say they seldom have a bottle returned. Many of the best physicians in the country prescribe it as the best remedy for coughs, colds and CROUP within their knowledge. Pleasant to take, sure to cure, and should be sold by all druggists. It should be in every family, especially those with croupy children. Try it and you will always keep it. Two sizes—50 cents and $1.00. Put up by D. W. Hatch & Co., Jameston, N. Y.

VISITORS to San Francisco in need of dental work can not do better than to call upon Dr. Morffew, 120 Sutter street. The Doctor is an accomplished and courteous gentleman, thoroughly posted in all of the modern improvements in his art, and charges less than any first class dentist in the city. He has won hosts of friends in his ten years practice, and is continually adding to the number.

Peerless Yeast Powder.

TRY IT.—For sale in quarter, one, two, five, ten and twenty pound packages by all grocers. B. F. BARTON & Co., manufacturers, 211 and 213 Sacramento street, San Francisco.

CURE FOR SORE THROAT.—Rub the throat with Trapper's Indian Oil until red; then bind on flannel until saturated with it, and in the morning it is gone.

The Rogers Upright Piano.

A short time ago, we gave our readers an explanation of the new principle of making the tuning apparatus of this important invention, by which it is a perfect impossibility for a piano, to get out of tune from the effects of dampness, or to be injured by any extremes of hot or cold weather. We explained how the ordinary instruments—in fact, how all Pianos as heretofore constructed, depend upon the strength and excellence of their cabinet work for their endurance of this trying climate, and we showed how, in the Rogers Piano, this question of durability is no longer problematical, but sure beyond question, because all the strain of the strings bears, not on wood, but on solid iron. Another point is equally noteworthy. In all other pianos what is called the "action" consists of over thirty different pieces, making a complicated affair that is constantly giving trouble by getting disarranged. This "action" is always fastened to four or more wooden action-rails, which are attached to the outside case, so that here again, as with the tuning-pins and pin-block, the strength and firmness of the whole machinery of the ordinary piano depends entirely on the cabinet work. In the "Rogers," on the contrary, the action is reduced to six parts, and all the hammer and damper pivots are bushed in iron bearings, attached to an iron action rail, which is bolted to the solid iron frame, so that any "giving" or warping is impossible, and the whole fabric stands as firm as the everlasting hills. An old piano-tuner said to us the other day: "If these Rogers Pianos come into general use our occupation is gone, for I don't see how fifty years constant playing will have any effect on them." The only agents for these Pianos in the West are Messrs. Blackmar & Davis, San Francisco.

◆

A Wonder-Working Remedy.

No remedial agent has ever been offered to the sick and debilitated at all comparable to Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, in cases of remittent and intermittent fevers, constipation, nervous ailments, rheumatism and disorders involving constitutional weakness or physical decay. It literally "works wonders." The botanic ingredients which its spirituous basis holds in solution, act like a charm upon the stomach, and through the stomach upon the brain, liver, bowels and nervous system. There is nothing in its composition that is not salubrious. It contains some of the most potent tonics of the vegetable kingdom and the juices of the best aperient and anti-bilious roots and herbs, combined with a perfectly pure stimulating element. The Bitters are peculiarly adapted to those engaged in exhausting or unhealthy occupations, as by its use strength is sustained and the ability of the system to resist atmospheric and other influences prejudicial to health largely increased.

◆

Land Owners Without Patents

Should enclose $2 with their receipts to Col. L. Bingham & Co., Attorneys for Claims, &c., Washington, D. C., and receive their Land Patents.

◆

CANCER CAN BE CURED.—Dr. BOND, of Philadelphia, announces his discovery for the radical cure of Cancer. *No Knife! No Pain! No Caustic!* Remedies with full directions sent anywhere. Pamphlets and particulars sent *free*. Address with stamp, Dr. H T. BOND, 859 North Broad st., Philadelphia, Pa.

◆

A PERMANENT and reliable remedy for Bright's disease, gravel, diabetes, non-retention or incontinence, and all diseases of the kidneys and bladder, is KEARNEY'S EXTRACT BUCHU. Take no other. Sold by druggists everywhere.

MORSE'S PALACE OF ART, 417 MONTGOMERY St., San Francisco.

$10 to $25 per day. Send for Chromo Catalogue. J. H. BUFFORD'S SONS, Boston Mass.

$5 to $20 per day at home. Samples worth $1 free. STINSON & Co., Portland, Maine.

MRS. H. A. MOORE'S HAIR PRODUCER, 108 Market street, San Francisco.
☞ **Send for Circulars.** ☜

50 **BRISTOL CARDS, or 35 ASSORTED** Snowflake, Embossed, etc., with your name printed on them for **20** cts. *Agents Wanted.* 11 samples for stamp. No postals answered.
D. F. COOLEY, BROCKTON, MASS.

INVALID PENSIONS INCREASED BY The enactment of recent law.

AMERICAN and FOREIGN PATENTS: How to obtain them. Address GEN'L L. BINGHAM & Co., Attorneys for Claims and Advocates in Patent and Land Title Cases, Washington, D. C.

$25,000 **TO BE GIVEN AWAY IN** the next 6 months by the publishers of the **ST. LOUIS WEEKLY JOURNAL!** For full information write IMMEDIATELY to WALCOTT & HUME CO., PUBLISHERS, ST. LOUIS, MO.

J. L. COGSWELL'S DENTAL ROOMS, 230 Kearny St., near Bush. ETHER OR CHLOROFORM administered. A lady assistant in attendance. GRADUATES only employed to operate.

GOLD MEDAL

AWARDED TO PALMER'S EDGE TOOLS, by the Mechanics' Institute Fair, 1875. Manufactory. Berry St., between 4th and 5th. San Francisco.

WANTED!

SITUATION AS TEACHER OR TUTOR BY A Classical scholar. Address
☞ **J. C. OWSLEY, San Francisco.**

Agents

WANTED for the most popular selling BOOKS published. Address, for full particulars, **A. L. BANCROFT & Co., 721 MARKET ST., S. F.**

PATENTS.

F. A. LEHMANN, Solicitor of Patents, Washington D. C. No Patent No Pay. Send for Circular.

FOR SALE!

A HALF INTEREST IN A WELL-ESTABLISHED business, on Sansome street, San Francisco, Cal Parties desirous of entering into a first-class business are invited to investigate. *No Agents need apply.* Address M., P. O. Box **2271**, S. F., Cal.

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL,

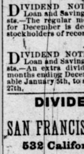
824 and 826 Kearny St., San Francisco.
$1 50 and **$2 00** PER DAY.
H. C. PATRIDGE, - - - - PROPRIETOR.

Two Concord Coaches, with the name of the Hotel on, will always be in waiting at the landing to convey passengers to the Hotel free. ☞ Be sure you get into the right Coach; if you do not, they will charge you.

COMMERCIAL HOTEL,

MONTGOMERY AVENUE AND KEARNY ST., San Francisco. A new and commodious four-story Hotel, with **175** first-class light rooms, elegantly furnished, and a **steam elevator.** Free Coach and Carriages to the House from all points. Charges, **$2.00** per day.

JOHN KELLY, Jr., Manager,
(For 26 years Proprietor of the BROOKLYN HOTEL, S. F.)



LOOK!

ALBERT E. BURBANK, Importer and Breeder of Fancy Fowls, Pigeons, Rabbits, Dogs, etc. Also Eggs for hatching from the finest of imported stock. Eggs and Fowls at reduced prices.

ALBERT E. BURBANK,
43 and 44 Cal. Market, S. F.
Enclose Stamp for Price List.

[Please state where you saw this Advertisement.]

DIVIDEND NOTICES.

DIVIDEND NOTICE, NO. 4.—COLLATERAL Loan and Savings Bank, corner Post and Kearny sts.—The regular monthly dividend of **2** per cent for December is declared payable January 5th, to stockholders of record December 27th.
F. S. CARTER, Sec'y.

DIVIDEND NOTICE, NO. 5.—COLLATERAL Loan and Savings Bank, corner Post and Kearny sts.—An extra dividend of **5** per cent. for the six months ending December 31st has been declared payable January 5th, to stockholders of record December 27th.
F. S. CARTER, Sec'y.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

SAN FRANCISCO SAVINGS UNION.

532 California St., cor. Webb.

FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDING WITH DECEMBER 31, 1876, a dividend has been declared at the rate of Nine (9) per cent. per annum on Term Deposits, and Seven and One-Half (7½) per cent. on Ordinary Deposits, free of Federal tax, payable on and after 15th January, 1877.
LOVELL WHITE, Cashier.

ROCK'S NURSERIES,

SAN JOSE, CAL.

THE ATTENTION OF NURSERYMEN AND Planters is invited to my large stock of **FRUIT TREES** of the very best varieties for Market, Shipping and Drying. Also, Grapevines, Currants, Gooseberries, Blackberries, and Raspberries; Shade Trees, Evergreens and Shrubs; Green House Plants, Bedding Plants, etc. ☞ Send for a Catalogue.
JOHN ROCK, San Jose.

TEETH SAVED.

FILLING TEETH A SPECIALTY—GOLD, SILVER and Bone Fillings warranted. Beautiful Sets of Teeth for **$10** and upward. Laughing Gas administered. Ten years constant practice. Office, **120** Sutter street, above Montgomery, San Francisco. (Take the Elevator). DR. MORFFEW, Dentist.

CALVERT'S

CARBOLIC

SHEEP WASH

$2 per gallon.

T. W. JACKSON, San Francisco, Sole Agent for California and Nevada.

C. & P. H. TIRRELL & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND MANUFACTURERS OF

BOOTS AND SHOES,

NO. 419 CLAY STREET,
Between Sansome and Battery, SAN FRANCISCO.

Manufacturers of Men's, Boys', Youth's, and Children's FINE CALF BOOTS.
Orders solicited and promptly filled. All sizes and qualities made at the lowest market prices.
Please examine the goods and prices.

ECLIPSE

WIND MILL AND PUMP HOUSE

PUMPS FOR ALL PURPOSES.

☞ **Wind Mills Warranted to be Self-Governing or no sale.**

Iron pipe laid and fitted. All work guaranteed.

Send for particulars. Address
CHAS. P. HOAG,
118 Beale Street, San Francisco,

UNION WIRE MATTRESS CO.

SOMETHING ENTIRELY NEW, AND SUPERIOR TO ALL.
FOR STRENGTH, LIGHTNESS AND DURABILITY UNSURPASSED.

The only Mattress
THAT CAN BE TIGHTENED OR LOOSENED AT PLEASURE.

Warranted for five years. Send for Circular and Price List to TRUMAN S. CLARK, Sole Agent, 217 Bush St. San Francisco. Cal

KEEP WARM!

Florence Oil Stove!

FOR COOKING AND HEATING.

SAMUEL HILL, Agent,
19 New Montgomery St., SAN FRANCISCO

THE HEATER.

AS A HEATER FOR THE ROOM OF THE INvalid, I consider it superior to the stove or range—there being no gases thrown off, thereby rendering it less objectionable than any other I have ever known. I can therefore recommend it for general use where moderate heat is needed.
W. H. RICE, M. D.,
No. 4 Central Block, Oakland.

WHITNEY & HOLMES

ORGANS

NEW AND ELEGANT STYLES, with Valuable Improvements; New and Beautiful Solo Stops. Organists and Musicians everywhere indorse these Organs and recommend them as *Strictly First-class* in Tone, Mechanism and Durability. Warranted Five Years. Send for Price Lists.
WHITNEY & HOLMES ORGAN CO., Quincy, Ill.

Boots and Shoes.

JOHN SULLIVAN, N. E. cor. Battery and Jackson Sts., San Francisco, offers to make to order the best French Calf Leather BOOTS at from $8 to $9; California Leather Boots, $6; French Calf Oxford Ties, $4; California, $3.50. Boys' and Children's Boots and Shoes made to order. Persons in the country ordering Boots and Shoes to the amount of $12 or more will be allowed a reduction of four per cent., to make the express charges light. I sell Boots and Shoes of MY OWN MANUFACTURE ONLY. Boots and Shoes sent C. O. D. Positively one price.

CANCER

CAN BE TREATED WITH SUCCESS
At the home of the patient Without the use of the
KNIFE OR CAUSTICS
and without pain. Address
Dr. A. H. BROWN,
NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Correspondence from physicians also solicited.

KRUG-CHAMPAGNE.

PRIVATE CUVEE, in quarts and pints.
SHIELD, in quarts and pints.
PREMIERE QUALITE, in quarts and pints.

For sale by
HELLMANN BROTHERS & CO.
SOLE AGENTS, SAN FRANCISCO.

$12 **a day** at home. Agents wanted. Outfit and terms free. TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

VERDICT ALWAYS FOR THE

DAVIS

VERTICAL FEED

SEWING MACHINE.

The Centennial Gold Medal & Diploma,	1876.
The Scott Medal, - - - - - -	1875.
The Franklin Institute Medal, - -	1874.

The Report of the Centennial Commission says: "The DAVIS is awarded the GRAND GOLD MEDAL OF HONOR and DIPLOMA OF MERIT for excellent material and construction, adapted to the greatest range of work."

WE CLAIM SALES UNPRECEDENTED AND satisfaction UNIVERSAL. In its construction it differs from ALL others, and is equaled by none. As an EARNEST of what is here claimed, the Manufacturers CHALLENGE all others for a friendly contest, either for amusement or a more SUBSTANTIAL CONSIDERATION. The Family Machine is light running and easily comprehended; has an ingenious device "to take up" lost motion or wear, which to a machinist, is positive proof of durability. We are pleased to refer to machines in manufacturing establishments here, where they have been in constant use for nearly three years, to verify the above. Has received more medals and complimentary testimonials than any other in the same length of time.
☞ We invite the especial attention of manufacturers to our new No. 1 just out.

Agents Wanted in all Unoccupied Territory

MARK SHELDON,
General Agent for Pacific Coast,
130 POST STREET, - - - SAN FRANCISCO.

60,000 FOREST TREES

FOR SALE—CONSISTING OF

Australian Gum Trees (Eucalyptus)
Monterey Pines and Cypress, etc.

The undersigned, having earnestly engaged in the above business, will strive to merit and receive a fair share of the trade. Prices for all kinds low for cash. A liberal discount made for large orders. For further information address **GEO. C. BAXTER,**
Nov., 1875. HAYWARDS, ALAMEDA CO., CAL.

SAVE $30!

AGENTS WANTED

EVERYWHERE.

CENTENNIAL SUCCESS!

OUR HOME SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE was awarded the first and highest prize and diploma at the Exposition in Philadelphia, and any company claiming to have received any higher honors does so to deceive the public. We sell "the best sewing machine for the least money," and challenge competition. Every machine is furnished with the celebrated Hall treadle (a $12 attachment), without extra cost, and warranted for five years. Country agents and city canvassers wanted. Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

JOHNSON, CLARK & CO.,
17 New Montgomery St., San Francisco
Factories—Orange, Mass.

Wheat Has Advanced!

—BUT—

PUMPS ARE LOWER.

PUMPS, PUMPS, PUMPS,

—FOR—

Hand, House, Garden, Farm, Field, for Deep Wells, or Shallow Wells.

Force Pumps of Every Description,

Brass Cylinders, Iron Cylinders,

PITCHER SPOUT PUMPS, CISTERN PUMPS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Trade discounts given on application.
The Trade invited to call, or write for prices. Save money, study economy, by writing to

CHAS. P. HOAG,
118 Beale Street, near Howard, San Francisco
General Agent Eclipse Windmills.

KENDALL'S

Improved Quartz Mill

QUARTZ MINING REVOLUTIONIZED

A LIGHT, CHEAP and POWERFUL MILL at one-half the cost of the usual style. Send for Circular and Price List to

STEPHEN KENDALL,
Care of F. A. Huntington,
143 and 145 Fremont St.,
San Francisco, Cal.

P. N. P. C. No. 132.

HEALD'S 24 Post St., Near Kearny, S. F. Cal. **BUSINESS** Pupils educated thoroughly and practically for a successful career in life. **COLLEGE** For Circulars, call at College or address E. P. HEALD, San Francisco.

ESTABLISHED 1833.

Merchant's Gargling Oil!

A Liniment for Man and Beast.

"Whether for use on man or beast, Merchant's Gargling Oil will be found an invaluable Liniment, and worthy of use by every resident in the land. We know of no proprietary medicine or article now used in the United States which shares the good will of the people to a greater degree than this. Yellow wrapper for animal and white for human flesh."—*N. Y. Independent.*

Extract from a letter from G. H. Simmonds, Unionville, Ia., July 24, 1873.—"I am selling more Gargling Oil than all the liniments put together, and I am keeping twelve different kinds. I think it is the best remedy for horseflesh in existence, and can say it without fear of successful contradiction."

Extract from a letter from Shoemaker & Co., Bloomington, Ind., Sept. 17th, 1873.—"It is the popular horse liniment in this country."

Extract from a letter from Geo. A. Snell, Braman's Corners, N. Y., Aug. 9th, 1873. — "I sell more of your Gargling Oil than of all other liniments combined, and have seen it used on horses and cattle with good effect when others have failed."

Extract from a letter from Pattee & Co., Derry, N. H., Aug. 26th, 1873.—"We think your Gargling Oil one of the best articles for what it is recommended that we have ever used or sold."

Extract from a letter from Snowdon & Gibbs, Concordia, Kan., July 28th, 1873.—"We sell more of your Gargling Oil than of any liniment we keep."

Merchant's Gargling Oil as a Family Liniment.

We are now, and have been for some years, preparing the Oil free from stain, to be used as a common liniment for human flesh, extracting the coloring ingredient which has heretofore rendered it objectionable. This Oil possesses all the medicinal properties of that prepared with the dark tinge for horses and cattle, and will be found one of the best remedies for all purposes where a liniment is required that has ever been manufactured.

From J. K. Fisher, Uniontown, Pa., Jan. 31, 1857.—"Your Gargling Oil is doing much better here than formerly, since its virtues have become known; and the bottles put up for family use, without stain, are much sought for."

☞ The Gargling Oil called "Family Oil," although prepared intentionally for human flesh, answers as well for beasts; *vice versa*, the dark Oil answers as well for human flesh, only it will stain and discolor the skin, but not permanently. Yellow wrapper for animal and white for human flesh,

Merchant's Gargling Oil as an Internal Remedy.

Merchant's Gargling Oil is a diffusible stimulant and carminative. It can be taken internally when such a remedy is indicated, and is a good substitute for pain killers, cordials and anodynes. For Cramps or Spasms of the Stomach, Colic, Asthma, or Internal Pain, the dose may be from fifteen to twenty drops, on sugar, or mixed with syrup in any convenient form, and repeated at intervals of three to six hours. Yellow wrapper for animal and white for human flesh.

MERCHANT'S GARGLING OIL is the Standard Liniment of the United States. Established 1833. Large size, $1; medium, 50c; small, 25c; small size for family use, 25c Manufactured at Lockport, N. Y., by M. G. O. Co., and sold by all druggists.
JOHN HODGE, Secretary.