

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Congress, LAFAYETTE LANE, Of Douglas County.

TO LEGISLATORS.

According to a decision of Judge Field of the United States Supreme Court, the COURIER is the only paper in this county in which litigant printing can be legally done.

EDITORIAL NOTES

The Independents are more hopeful now than ever of electing their candidate.

Mr. Bergh wishes to know if because a man has raised a dog by hand from a pup, he is justified in raising a dog from the ground with his foot?

The city marshal of Albany levied on a lot of wheat the other day, and during the following night there was left an empty bin and an angry marshal.

Parties have opened placer claims at the head of Dry Gulch on the South Santiam. The gold taken from the claims is fine, but pays well. The claims bid fair to pay.

Wonder if the Reporter can tell us what Warren said about coming to this county to run the Republican party—that little talk between Warren and Crawford at Oregon City?

It is said that Washington county will give Warren one hundred and fifty majority. Well, what if it does. Yamhill county will give Lane a handsome majority—more than enough to offset this.

Some of Warren's satellites are on the "anxious seat." They think it perfectly legitimate to "go for" us, but when we retaliate they say: "We don't believe in such things." All we have to say is keep cool, and don't worry.

"Owing to our own business affairs it was impossible for us to be present during that discussion.—Reporter.

This strikes us "comically." To be candid, Snyder, wasn't that "own business" in apologizing to Mr. Galloway for that scurrilous article of yours?

"He forgets 'religion,' but swears profusely over the mud-slinging mess he calls 'Know Nothingism.'" —Reporter.

Exactly. Some of Warren's friends would like to "forget" that he ever belonged to this organization. It's no go Mr. Reporter. election day these little "dinks" will tell with wondrous effect against Mr. Warren.

It would seem from the looks of the Reporter that Warren had forbid his lackeys at McMinnville to attempt to write any more in his favor, for they were only doing him an injury. He imagines that his chances of being elected are slim enough without their assistance, and that their imagined help will only be a drawback to him. It is easy enough to tell when Snyder is driving the quill, for nothing appears in his paper.

Snyder guesses Mr. Ramsey this time as being the author of sundry articles which appeared in these columns last week, and which hit the young man "where he lives" and accordingly he goes for Mr. Ramsey red-hot. Be careful Snyder, you may have to apologize again. But then you are used to that and it does not hurt you to crawlfish.

WARREN'S RECORD.

From the Daily Mercury of the 1st we take the following: Many believed "and said in their hearts, 'now we have an honest man.' We would prefer that this might be true, but from the most unquestionable sources we gather information that Mr. Warren has a record tarnished and stained: It is all the worse for him, too, that this is true, when it is remembered how his friends prided themselves on one qualification if no other—that of honesty and name above reproach. The first affair about which complaint has been made is concerning the bounty question. The charge is made in his own county—Yamhill—and there are Republicans as well as Democrats who without hesitancy say, that during their service in the companies from that county, not a dollar raised by the citizens of that county ever came to them. One man with whom we have conversed says he received a "New Testament," another, a Republican and brother Baptist, says he knows nothing of any money that should have been paid to him. His language was: "if any money was paid to Warren for us (soldiers) I never saw any of it." There are others who raise this gross charge against Mr. Warren, and we predict this will seriously affect his chances for success in Yamhill—his home county. Again, Mr. Warren last Saturday, at Lafayette, had the opportunity to explain and prove himself a slandered man, and he opened not his mouth. The time was then and the place there, for him to have met this charge and fastened the slander (?) where it belonged. But no; his voice was silent, and his accusers have certainly gained another strong hold to aid his defeat.

The idea that he is "a plain farmer" is a "catch-penny" for the superficial, and an experience of seventeen years in office has certainly deprived him of the distinction so fondly given—no politician. As to his "free school" record we understand the plebeian gentleman to say that "he and Mr. Lane agree." If he admits this Republicans lose their great and only argument against Mr. Lane. If he disagrees with Mr. Lane it must be in this, that he, Warren, favors the division of the common school fund to sectarian schools,—for it is an undeniable fact that the public money has been used by the Baptist Church at McMinnville—when it has been the wish of the solid men of that place to build a public school building, hire their own teachers and use the money for a free school.

Two unsuccessful efforts, we have been informed, have been made towards building a school house and having a public school, but no, the friends (?) of "our common schools" said: "Never mind, give us the public money and we will teach your children, and you need not have any school house." Just what the Republican papers say the Catholics desire, and just the very thing they say Mr. Warren opposes!

Consistency thou art a jewel and we would respectfully ask the friends of Mr. Warren to explain, as this gentleman himself seems unable to mention this subject in any manner.

It is hardly necessary to add that Mr. Warren is prominently connected with this division of the common school fund, at McMinnville, and when Republicans and religious fanatics cry aloud against Mr. Lane and his position in favor of common schools, let them look to their own standard-bearer, and cease their noisy inconsistencies.

OPPRESSED.

There is none of the reconstructed States in which the whites are so sorely oppressed as in Mississippi. The colored population is so greatly in excess of the white, that the negroes have had the entire control of the State Government, and under the administration of Gov. Ames, who has consorted with the worst class of black politicians, the taxpayers have not only been robbed without mercy, but have been kept in a state of constant apprehension in regard to the safety of their lives and such of their property as they have been able to save from the grasp of the tax gatherers. Negroes of the most degraded character have filled the important county offices, have handled the revenues and stolen them by wholesale. So flagrant have become the abuses

in the administration of public affairs, that the better class of colored voters have come to realize the necessity of a change, and the consequence is that they are deserting the Republican party in such numbers that the Conservatives are sanguine that they will carry the State in the approaching election. In order to prevent such a result the most unscrupulous of the Grant politicians have been instigating disturbances in several counties, hoping to bring the negroes in collision with the whites, and thus not only revive the animosities formerly existing between the races, but likewise afford a pretext for raising the cry of persecution of the freedmen and for a consequent military intervention.

CARL SCHURZ IN OHIO.

Carl Schurz has been in Ohio making political speeches. He is a sincere man, and his doctrine of hard money is the true doctrine. It is the doctrine, too, that the ablest Ohio Democrats—men like Pugh and Thurman, Ramsey and Payne—believe in, and that Republicans like John Sherman, Columbus Delano, and Schenck have in time past done their best to break down. Mr. Schurz holds his doctrine to be superior to all others, and he is going to convert Sam Cary, Bill Allen, Tom Ewing, and the other fellows who preach inflation in the name of the Democracy. We are glad of it, because the people of Ohio will be able to vote more intelligently after they have listened to some of his speeches. We don't agree with him that the currency question is of such supreme and all-absorbing importance, and we go for destroying the Republican fraud first and settling the money controversy afterward. But he thinks otherwise, and, perhaps would not take our advice should we offer any, so let him go ahead and do the best he can.

Should Ben Holladay return to Portland and resuscitate the Bulletin there will be a lively time in the Radical camp. During a conversation, the other day, between a would be U. S. Senator and a would like to be Governor, at this place, one of them remarked that the publication of the Bulletin had been stooped through the manipulations of a certain clique of Republican wire-pullers, who wanted to break up the Independent party by bringing their organ, the Oregonian, over to the Republican party. And that this same clique nominated Warren; knowing full well that a Republican had not a ghost of a chance of being elected, but thought that they had better sacrifice Warren than some man who would be of service hereafter. If Ben does start his paper again, and puts the right man at the helm, quite a number of this said ring will lose their official heads.

It will be remembered that the United States steamer Saranac was lost in June last by striking on a reef in Seymour's narrows, near Vancouver's Island. A trustworthy California correspondent gives us a curious bit of information in regard to the final disastrous cruise of this vessel. He says the ship was fairly crammed with liquors belonging to the officers, taken on board to be exchanged for furs and the like in Alaska. Since Secor Robeson has been at the head of the Navy Department, our ships of war have been used for ignoble purposes, such as smuggling wines into the country for high officials and other duitable goods for favorites of the Administration; but we think it will be generally admitted that the basest possible use to which a national vessel could be put is to fill it with liquors for the purpose of carrying on an illicit and demoralizing trade with the Indians. That the ship went to the bottom of the sea was a fortunate thing for the natives of Alaska, who are greatly addicted to the vice of drunkenness, which has caused no end of suffering and degradation among them.

THE MARKETS.

The downward tendency in the price of wheat seems to have arrived at a stopping point, and the prospects are that prices will soon begin to look upwards again. The Mark Lane Express says "that the country markets are firm, and in some places prices advanced one shilling. Wheat is higher at Dantzic, and German markets are dearer. In Hungary firmness is maintained. The winter closing of the Baltic may further enhance values."

About one-third of the wheat grown in the United States is produced in the three States of Minnesota, Iowa and Wisconsin, and this one-third is in round numbers a hundred million bushels. The heavy rains have damaged this crop somewhat in those States this year. The St. Paul Dispatch says that from the most trustworthy information that it has been able to obtain it would seem that in Minnesota a five per cent. of the entire production for the year has been totally destroyed, while the damaged condition of a large proportion of the crops is equivalent to a further loss of about ten per cent. The continued rains have delayed the operations of the farmers, and the crop of that State will not get to market until several weeks later than usual. Our advice, after a careful survey of the chances for a rise in the price of grain, to those who have not yet disposed of their crops, and are not forced to sell, is to hang on to their surplus.

DESPOUISM OF THE NORTH.

The Evening Journal publishes the following, and if this is the way things are done in Alaska, it is not the first time Capt. Campbell has been charged with arresting citizens without the shadow of an excuse. This time it is Trifly Bolshinin for making yeast! It says:

"On the 1st of September, 1874, I was visited by a patrol who came to my house in search of liquor. They found in my house a pail containing some sour yeast, made from flour for baking bread. With this they ordered me to go with them to the guard-house. But as I was unable to walk, having been sick they drove me from my house in a cart, and put me in prison as a liquor maker. I was trying to prove my innocence, but all in vain. I was imprisoned for four and a half months, leaving my wife and three small children to starve, without any support. Being incapable to work during my arrest, as I am one-legged, I was kept close in a dark room, and my family was not permitted to come into my presence, to whom I wished to deal out my poor rations. Two or three times I was taken before the Mayor, in his office, and prayed him, out of regard for my helpless family, to let me out. He asked me to pay a fine of one hundred dollars, which amount I could not pay being poor, and was driven out of his presence and conveyed back to the guard house for further imprisonment. After four and a half months imprisonment I was called upon to take an oath which I did take, and was liberated through the intercession of our Russian priest at Sitka, Alaska.

To the truth of the above statement I can swear, and do think that such tyranny is unlawful. TRIFLY BOLSHININ. Witness: B. LEVY.

It seems that this man's offense was that of keeping some sour yeast in his house with which he intended to make bread as he was a baker. He was also sick at the time that he had to be carted to the guard house, and was there

confined during the time stated, and finally discharged without trial or an explanation for his cruel arrest. The sad part of this man's pitiful story is only intensified when it is known that his offense was simply that he was the owner of some sour yeast, while every Indian in the country is allowed to manufacture Hoochinoo, a vile article of brandy, undisturbed, and one Indian in particular has time and again been permitted to draw molasses from the Comissary for purpose of distilling intoxicating liquor.

DISREPUTABLE.

Says the Daily Mercury of the 4th inst.:

The Radical party of this State are reduced to desperate straits to bolster up their sinking cause and sustain their weak candidate for Congressional honors. As an instance of the depth of meanness to which they are endorsing we cite their action towards Mr. Dimmick, the Temperance candidate, while in this city. No sooner was it announced that he was to speak at the Opera House in this city on the evening of the 30th, of last month, than a proposition was mooted among the Radicals to break up the meeting. One prominent Radical, and perhaps others, offered to contribute two dollars and a half towards hiring the hoodlum element for the occasion. It is reasonable to presume that the proposition was carried out and the money paid, for, during the entire time Mr. Dimmick was speaking, a continual disturbance was kept up by the above named element running out and in and various other noisy demonstrations which disturbed and annoyed the audience present to such an extent that several ladies present were forced to retire from the hall, and the speaker was forced to bring his remarks to a speedy termination. When any party, or its advocates, resort to such disreputable means to carry out their party objects, they are deserving and will receive the condemnation of all right thinking persons. A cause that needs to be sustained by such acts is deserving and will receive the just censure of public opinion.

MARRIED.

At Lafayette, Oct. 3d, at the residence of the bride's parents, By Rev. J. Hoberg, Mr. J. A. Dempsey, of North Yamhill, and Miss Kittie D. Yocum, of Lafayette.

The printer was not forgotten, for a liberal supply of cake was handed in. May your married life be as happy as the cake was good.

At Amity, Oct. 7, Mr. W. S. Allen and Miss Mills Arthur. All of Yamhill county.

At the Baptist Church, four miles southwest of McMinnville, Oct. 3, J. F. Hill of Yamhill and Miss Tena Haggood, of Polk county.

Extraordinary Opportunity for the Relief of the Afflicted.

The surgeons of the National Surgical Institute, located at Indianapolis, Indiana, Pacific Branch, 319 Bush street, San Francisco, have finally yielded to the many earnest appeals to visit Portland, Oregon, for the benefit of the people of Oregon and Washington Territory. Three or more of the surgeons will be at the Cosmopolitan Hotel, Portland, Oregon, on the 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, and 6th, of November, 1875.

They will have with them a great amount of surgical apparatus, appliances, etc., and competent assistants and workmen to change fit, and make such apparatus as may be required. They will come especially prepared to treat all surgical cases: Paralysis, all kinds of Deformities of the Face, Spine and Limbs, Diseased Joints, Diseased Eyes, Catarrh, Private Diseases, Piles, Fistula, etc. On account of the great expense attending such a trip, they will not make another; therefore, all who wish to avail themselves of the advantages of the Institute, without the long journey to San Francisco or Indianapolis, must do so at this time. No cases will be taken without a fair hope of relief. It is needless to say that the institution is entirely responsible, and the largest and most popular of the kind in America, curing thousands annually. Remember the time and place, and come early. Send to the Institute for circular.

Administrators Sale of Real Estate.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an order of the county court of Yamhill county, Oregon, duly made and entered of record September 9th, 1875, the undersigned administrators of the estate of Benjamin Franklin, deceased, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder at the court house door in Lafayette, Yamhill county, on the 1st day of November, 1875, between the hours of 9 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. to-wit, one o'clock on said day the following described real estate belonging to said estate, lying in the counties of Yamhill and Polk, in the state of Oregon, it being the east half of the donation land claim of Benjamin Franklin and wife; Notation, No. 492 and claim No. 11, and part of sections one and two in Township 6 south range 9 west, and containing one hundred and fifteen acres. Terms of sale—said land will be sold for U. S. gold coin, two-thirds cash, the balance one month's time with legal interest from date. The purchaser giving note and a mortgage on said premises to secure the payment of said note. P. M. SCROGGIN, Administrator.

Guardian's Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF AN ORDER OF THE County Court of the County of Douglas, State of Oregon, directing me as Guardian of the person and estate of Mary E. Hill, minor heir of Susan R. Hill, deceased, I will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder at the court house door in Lafayette, in the County of Yamhill, State of Oregon, on Saturday, the 30th day of October, A. D. 1875.

Between the hours of nine o'clock A. M. and four o'clock P. M. of said day the following described real estate, to-wit: Beginning at the northwest corner of the Samuel McSwen donation land claim as described in the notification, number 1-74, in township number four north range 4 west, Yamhill county, Oregon; thence south 89 3/4 degs., east 34 1/4 chains; thence south 23 degs., east 19 chains; thence south 29 degs., east 33 1/4 chains; thence north 40 degs., east 33 1/4 chains to the place of beginning, containing 222 7/8 acres. Also that portion of the Sophia Beauchamp donation land claim, being claim number 43, notification 1,735 in said town No. 8 south of range 4 west, lying east of the south half of the above described tract of land. Terms—cash, U. S. gold coin. HALL, Guardian aforesaid.

Administratrix Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that letters of administration have been granted to the undersigned by the County Court of Yamhill county, Oregon, upon the estate of W. T. Dempsey, deceased, and all persons having claims against the said estate are notified to present them to the undersigned at her residence three miles north of North Yamhill, with the proper vouchers within six months from this date. N. MAGABET, Administratrix. E. C. Bradshaw, Attorney for estate. Oct. 1, 1875.

Notice to Creditors.

Having been duly appointed and confirmed as executrix of the last will and testament of James M. Laughlin, deceased, by the county court of Yamhill county, State of Oregon, and having duly notified as such persons having claims against the estate of said deceased, am hereby required to present them to me at my residence in North Yamhill precinct in said county within six months from the date hereof, together with the proper vouchers therefor. September 24th, 1875. NANCY C. LAUGHLIN, Executrix.

Sheriff's Sale.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT by virtue and authority of a writ of execution duly issued out of the County Court of Yamhill county, State of Oregon, and to me directed by E. Rogers, clerk of said county, in favor of Oliver Moor, plaintiff, and against Richard Malone, defendant, for the sum of sixty-seven dollars and seventy-five cents, (\$67.75, U. S. gold coin, with interest thereon at the rate of ten per cent. per annum until paid together with costs and disbursements amounting to \$12.70 and returning costs, I am directed to sell the following described premises, to-wit: Lot No. 5 in block No. 48, with building thereon, in the town of St. Joseph, Yamhill county, Oregon, which judgment and decree was entered and docketed in the Clerk's office of said court in said county on the 27th day of October, A. D. 1873, and on

Saturday, October 23, 1875, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day I will proceed to sell to the highest bidder at public auction, in front of the Court-House door in Lafayette, Yamhill county, Oregon, for cash in hand, the above described property. H. C. DALE, Sheriff of Yamhill county, Oregon. Sept. 17, 1875. 4w

Final Settlement.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I have filed my final account as guardian of Gay Williams, Mirrick Williams and Wm. Allen Williams, minors in the County Court of the State of Oregon for Yamhill county, and that Wednesday, the 6th day of October, 1875, at 3 o'clock P. M. is the time appointed by said court for hearing objections thereto and settlement thereof. B. E. LIPPINCOTT, Guardian of the estate of the minor heirs of T. K. Williams, deceased. Lafayette, Sept. 10, 1875.

TARRANT'S SELTZER WATER. Nothing like it in medicine. A luxury to the palate, a painless evacuant, a gentle stimulant to the circulation, a perspiratory preparation, an anti-bilious medicine, a stomachic, a diuretic and an admirable general alterative. Sold by all druggists.

TO RENT: 300 OR 500 ACRES GOOD FARM Land for cash. Inquire at this office. Sept 10