LAFAYETTE COURIER.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 20, 1875

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Congress,

LAFAYETTE LANE,

Of Douglas County.

A dispatch from Salem to the *Oregonian* dated August 13th, says that Whitney, the Independent nominee, will canvass the State in behalf of that ticket.

The National Assembly of France voted to adjourn from the 4th of August till the 4th of November. The deputies are going to cool off, and MacMahon hopes they won't make it so hot for him when they meet again.

Black Henry stands on the street corners at McMinnville and bows and scrapes to passers by and shouts: "I'm honest, if I can't make a speech." He ought to remember that those who boast of their own honesty generally need watching.

We now have in the field four candidates for Congress; Hon. L. F. Lane, Hon. H. Warren, Revs. Whitney and Dimick. The latter is the cold water candidate and will probably receive two hundred and fifty votes.

Senator Logan is going to turn himself loose in favor of the Republican ticket in California. That ticket is in a very hopeless condition just now, but if the Senator airs his unique financial theories in its favor it will never be heard of again. California is not what might be called a soft-money State.

The Assistant Treasurer at New York has been directed by the Secretary of the Treasury to sell gold during the month of August as follows, viz.: One and a half million dollars on the first and third Thursday each, and one million dollars on the second and fourth Thursdays each. The total amount to be sold is $5,000,000.

We understand that Henry Warren is talking of not going around with his competitors to see and be seen. He is the weakest candidate in the field and he knows it. Even the cold water man, Dimick, would flay him as a lion would a mouse. He had best flee to the mountains, and there remain.

We hear that Lane will get the largest vote ever polled by a Democrat in the city of Portland. In fact, his nomination is most popular, and satisfactory everywhere, and if he can only get Black Henry to take the stump, he will receive an overwhelming majority. He will have at least one thousand majority.

England occasionally does something stupendous; though usually behind us in great and dazzling acts, sometimes she outstrips and dwarfs us into insignificance. And notably so in a recent instance. The firm of Alexander and Wm. Collie recently suspended, and it is now claimed that from $7,500,000 to $8,750,000 of fraudulent bills had been set afloat by them. This giant fraud beats our Credit Mobilier and all other American attempts, and we confess the corn. We can beat them shooting but they can beat us defrauding.

Dr. Watts was chairman of the State Central Committee of the Temperance party and called their State Convention which nominated the Rev. G. W. Dimick for Congress. The doctor also figured in the Republican County Convention, and was a candidate for Congress at the State Convention but was beaten by Warren. Now the inquiry arises, what will the doctor do? Will he support the temperance nominee or Warren? By party usage he is bound to support them both; but we presume the little post office will turn the scale and induce him to support Warren.

QUALIFICATIONS OF LAW MAKERS.

In this age of boasted reform and progress, it is not unusual to find men of the most meager talent aspiring to the highest and most responsible positions of trust and power in the gift of the people. Men who have not sufficient learning and ability to be a respectable justice of the peace or a county commissioner, deem themselves well qualified to represent an intelligent constituency in the Federal Legislature. This may justly be regarded as one of the chief ills that have afflicted the Federal Government during the last fifteen years. Corrupt and incompetent men have filled the highest offices in the Union and the result is fraud and confusion are running riot in every department, from the Executive down to the meanest postmaster.

If any officer should be better qualified than any other for the duties of his station, it is he who has the power to make, amend and repeal the laws of the country. Sir William Blackstone, the great English law writer, speaking of the necessary qualifications of law makers, says: "And how unbecoming must it appear in a member of the Legislature to vote for a new law who is utterly ignorant of the old! What kind of interpretation can he be enabled to give who is a stranger to the text upon which he comments. The mischiefs that have arisen to the public from inconsiderate alterations in our laws are too obvious to be called in question; and how far they have been owing to the *defective education of our Senators* is a point well worthy of the public attention. The common law of England fared like other venerable edifices of antiquity which *rash and inexperienced* workmen have ventured to newly dress and refine with all the rage of modern improvement." Cicero speaking on the same point, says: "It is necessary for a Senator to be thoroughly acquainted with the Constitution, and this is a knowledge of the most extensive nature; a matter of science, of diligence, of reflection; *without which* no Senator *can possibly be fit for his office.*" We might cite from the writing of scores of authors, both ancient and modern, whose opinions entirely coincide with Tully and Blackstone. But it is useless, because the intelligent common sense of mankind revolts at the idea of sending a man to Congress to make, amend and repeal laws, who knows but little if anything of the laws now existing; who is utterly ignorant of the Common law of England or the United States, and who could not communicate to Congress what little he does know. But such a man is Henry Warren, the Republican candidate for Congress. He is a man of the most ordinary capacity. He is not versed in the laws or constitution of his country, and knows very little of the wants of the country.

We have shown that a law maker should be a man of learning, and be able to impart his knowledge to his fellow legislators. Now, we submit the following propositions: First—Henry Warren is not versed in the laws, or anything else. Second—If he had the wisdom of a Solomon he could not communicate it to any one. This being the case, he should save himself from the just contempt of the people, by withdrawing from the contest—"by stepping down and out."

How many candidates for Congress are going to take the stump?

"RELIABLE INDEPENDENT ORGAN."

The Republican papers are in the habit of late of terming the *Reporter* a reliable "Independent organ," and then parade the fact before the people that it supports Warren. This makes it our painful duty to review the course of the *Reporter* during the last two campaigns. In 1873 when honest Hi. Smith was nominated on the Mitchell resolution, it refused to support him, and placed E. R. Geary's name at the head of its columns as its candidate. When Hi. Smith visited this county, he went and *saw* the *Reporter* man, and forthwith Geary's name was hauled down and a long letter from Hi. to the people of this county was published in the paper. We leave the public to draw their own conclusions as to why Geary's name was taken down. In 1874, after the nominations had been made by the three parties, the editor made out a mixed ticket with T F Campbell in the lead, and placed it at the top of his paper as "our ticket," and at the head of the ticket was this statement: "Subject to revision should we think proper." The *Reporter* for a time was strongly for Campbell for Governor and against Tolman. It called the latter a "horse jockey," and accused him of drinking whi-key, etc. But when Tolman came to this county, he went in person or by agent and *saw* Snyder, and in the following issue of the *Reporter* Tolman's name headed the ticket and Campbells was hauled down, and no reason was assigned therefor. Now, we don't say what consideration induced Snyder to haul down the name of Campbell and head the ticket with the name of Tolman. He has never told his readers why he did it. We presume Warren induced Snyder to support him in the same way that Tolman got his support, and in the same way that Hi Smith got him to haul down the name of Geary. We don't know what power induced him to support them.

We would like to know when a meeting of the State Temperance Alliance is to be called? Brother Watts has not received any nomination yet. If the Temperance organizations in this State want to get their shovels into the political pie, why don't they nominate a man who has done something for the cause instead of forcing Warren to carry a plank that he does not know how to use? Watts might do something to advance the cause of temperance, which we are all interested in, if he went to Congress. Just imagine him on the floor illustrating the injurious effects that intemperance has on the human system. Yes, and those charts of his would help decorate the walls.

The above got crowded out last week, and since then things have undergone quite a change. Mr. Warren has not been endorsed by the friends of temperance. Mr. Geo. W. Dimick of Marion, will carry the temperance banner in the approach-campaign.

The *Inter-Ocean's* special correspondent, connected with the Government's exploring force at the Black Hills, again telegraphs the discovery of encouraging gold prospects. He has stated very exciting things before, which were afterwards contradicted by Prof. Jenney, and our confidence in the young man's veracity is slightly weakened. He says there are as many as 800 miners now in the Hills, and others are arriving at the rate of twenty a day.

The question of female suffrage in the Connecticut Legislature was postponed by the small difference of 82 to 102 votes, and its advocates feel very much encouraged by the strong vote in their favor. They will battle on with more vigor than ever, but the realization of their hopes will not come in the present century.

Democratic Platform.

The following is the platform adopted by the Democracy of Oregon, in Convention assembled July 30th, 1875:

The Democratic party of Oregon, in State Convention assembled, proclaim the following propositions of political faith and action:

1. Unfaltering devotion to the cardinal principles of Republican government, as declared and put into practical operation by the Fathers of the Republic.

2. The preservation of the general government in the proper exercise of the powers delegated to it in the Constitution, carefully and strictly construed, and the maintenance, invalid, of the several States of the Union in all their rights, dignity and equality, as the most competent and reliable administration of their own domestic concerns, and the surest bulwark against the tendency toward a centralized despotism.

3. Opposition to aggressions by either department of the Government upon the formation of the and to the exercise of federal authority of any other rights or powers assigned by the Constitution to the states respectively, or to the people.

4. That every attempt on the part of the Federal Government to exercise any powers not delegated to it and especially every interference by the Government or any of its departments with the local affairs of any State, or with the rights of the people there of to choose their own representatives, is an act of usurpation which should be repudiated and condemned by every friend of constitutional liberty.

5. We demand retrenchment and reform, and the most rigid economy in the administration of every department of the Government—the honest payment of the debt, the sacred reservation of the public faith; strict accountability of all officers, and the speedy and impartial arraignment of all abuses of public trust before the tribunals of justice; a zealous care of the rights of election by the people; the absolute subordination of the military to the civil authority. The equal and impartial administration of the laws and the protection of the rights of all: freedom of religion, of the press and of the person under the protection of the habeas corpus, and trial by juries impartially selected.

6. We protest against the burdens of a protective tariff, as needless exaction from a people already intolerably oppressed by a national debt, and we insist that the tariff be regulated as to provide only sufficient revenue for an economical administration of the Government, and not for the purpose of enriching the few at the expense of the many, or fostering one branch of industry to the detriment of the other.

7. That the precious metals are the only basis of commercial values; that an irredeemable paper currency is a national curse and we insist upon the speedy return by the National Government to specie payments.

8. The institution of the system of national bank was a fraud upon the country and an injustice upon the laboring classes, and we demand such prudent legislation as will gradually bring this vicious system to a close; that all currency which may be issued shall be convertible into coin upon demand and be issued directly by the Government.

9. That the treaty between the United States and China shall be so modified as to apply solely to commercial relations.

10. That we condemn the party in power not only for its contempt of constitutional obligations, but for extravagance, partizan and corrupt administration of the federal government; of its reckless expenditure and profligate waste of the people's money; for its oppressive, unjust and defective system of finance and taxation; for the preservation of the functions of the General Government to enrich the great corporations at the expense of the people; for the jobbery and frauds which have brought reproach upon democratic institutions; for the iniquities of the protective system; for the curse of the inconvertable paper money; for its disgraceful diplomatic service and unfit appointments and contumacious in office of incompetent and corrupt men at home and abroad; for its attempt to pass an unconstitutional force bill and for a catalogue of other enormities which have rendered that organization offensive to and subversive to the liberties of a free people.

11. That corporations are the creatures of law; their functions and privileges are granted to subserve the public interest, and when they are not used for the object of their creation, but for the purpose of oppression and extortion, we declare it to be the right and duty of the legislative power to regulate and control such corporations for the public good.

12. That we disapprove all measures in the interest of monopolies against labor, and therefore we approve of the declared principle and sympathize with the avowed objects of the order known as the Patrons of Husbandry, and with those of all other orders having for their object retrenchment and reform in public affairs and the social advancement of the people.

13. That we are in favor of laboring to secure the judicious appropriations from Congress for the purpose of improving our harbors along the western and northern boundaries of our State, and we demand that our representatives in Congress shall use their best efforts to secure the aid of the General Government for the free navigation and improvement of the Columbia river, by the construction of locks at the Cascades; the improvement of the Willamette and other rivers; the construction of the Portland, Dalles and Salt Lake and Winnemucca Railroad, and the early completion of the Oregon and California Railroad from Roseburg to the State line.

14. That the policy of the Republican party in dealing with the Indian tribes is impolitic and unwise; that the Indians carried when the new Indians now occupying the Umatilla Grand Ronde and Siletz reservations should be removed to some other locality and thus open up to settlement it by the whites some of the richest portions of the State.

15. That we invite the hearty co-operation of all persons, whatever may have been their political affinities, to unite with us in carrying out the principles herein enunciated.

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sale.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT BY virtue of a warrant issued by the county clerk of Yamhill county and State of Oregon, on the 21st day of July, 1875 and to me directed, commanding me to collect the delinquent taxes for the year 1874, charged against the persons below named, and for want of personal property have levied upon and will proceed to sell at public sale for United States gold coin, at public auction, in front of the court house door, in the town of Lafayette in said county on

Friday the 3d day of September, A. D., 1875,

at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, the following described tract or parcels of real estate, or so much thereof as will be necessary to satisfy the taxes in each case charged, together with costs and charges. Sale to continue from day to day until all or sufficient is sold.

Adams, S C.—lot 5 in block 6, in the town of McMinnville,	$ 4 50
Baker, Mrs L A—F Martin and wife's D L C, township 4 south, range 3 west	7 87
Brown, M J—College addition to the town of McMinnville, lots 2, 3, 5 and 6, on block 7	6 75
Bryant, Mrs L G—C Ish D L C, sections 17, 18, 19 and 20, township 3 south, range 3 west 610 acres	14 00
Beer, R—D L C, of Robert Beer; section 36, township 3 south, Range 3 west; 252 acres	18 00
Beal, Josia—Lots 1, 2 and 6 on block 6, in Wheatland	28 00
Bandifer, N D C, 100 acres	9 00
Bradbury, Phoebe—Town of Amity, east 1-2 of block 7; lot 3 on block 6; lot 2 on block 3	3 37
Beauchamp, Elizabeth, heirs of—Part of D L C, 150 acres of S and E McSwain, sects 8 and 9, township 3 south range 4 west	33 75
Brown, S—Lots 20 and 21 in town of Dayton,	4 50
Cox, Adeline—40 acres of D L C. of F Fulquariz,	2 25
Cooper, W S—100 acres of D L C of W S Cooper,	11 25
Crosier, Wm—D L C, of R Couch, sec 1, township 6 south, range 5 west 80 acres	4 50
Couch, R D L C of R Couch, sec 1, T 6 south, range 4 west, 80 acres	2 25
Chrisman, Joel—D L C, of Joel Chrisman, sects 26 and 2, township 4 south, range 3 west, 320 acres	40 50
Carlin, T 40 acres D L C, of T Carlin,	4 50
Craig, H—1 acre of the D L C, of E C Williams,	2 25
Davidson, A N—Lot 9 in Newby's addition to the town of McMinnville	3 38
Dement—1 lot in the town of St. Joe	4 50
Field, P S—D L C, of J Simmons, sects 10 and 11 township 3 south, range 4 west; also lot 4 on block 1, in Rowland's addition to the town of McMinnville	5 06
Frier, J M—D L C, J B Powell, sects 20 and 21, T 3 S, R 4 W, 320 acres	9 00
Groves, H C Lot 3 in block 14, in the town of McMinnville	56
Goodsell, G—Lot 6 in block 20, in Rowland's addition to the town of McMinnville	56
Gaston, Jos, D L C, of O Tupper in sect 3, T 2 S, R 4 W, 160 acres	6 75
Hall, Wm, Homestead of W Hall, sect 2, T 2 S, R 3 W, 7 acres	2 13
Hall, Hammet, 35 acres of D L C of H Hall	2 25
Hendrix & Miller, 20 acres of the D L C of D Matheney, in sects 27 and 33, in T 2 S, R 3 W	90 00
Hall, R C, 320 acres of D L C of John Winters	9 00
Isham, J, in town of Wheatland lots 1, 2, 7 and in block 4	1 13
Martin, John, Lot in block 20 in the town of McMinnville—Rowland's addition to	56
Margham Seth 20 acres of D L C of J Thomas	1 13
McDonald, James, D L C of R Card, in sec 1, T 5 S, R 4 W; two lots in Wheatland	4 05
Miller, L A, 120 acres of the D L C, of H Miller,	11 25
Miller, M, & Co., Lot 5 in block 50 in the town of St. Joseph	33 75
Mulkey, Monroe, R K Payne's D L C, sect 27, T 5 S, R 5 W, and 25 acres of the D L C, of J Toney; also 50 acres of the donation land claim of Jeff Wright in section 12 T 5 S, of R 5 W,	63 00
McCarty, D, A P Caldwell's D L C, being in sections 4 and 9, in township 5 S, R 4 W, containing 120 acres,	20 25
Messenger, Elizabeth,—estate of—0 acres of J F Johnson's donation Land claim,	3 38
Nesmith, J. W.—Lot 1 in block 65 in the town of Lafayette, and lot 3 in block 63, Lafayette,	1 12
Owners unknown—In the town of Lafayette, Yamhill Co., Oregon:	
Lots 2, 3, 4 and 5 in Block 19	90
" 1 in 50	23
" 3 in 40	23
" 1 in 34	23
" 5 in 38	23
" 2, 3 and 4 in 23	68
" 5 in 34	68
" 2 in 60	23
" 6 in 13	23
" 3 in 61	23
" 4 in 15	23
" 3 in 62	23
" 3, 4, 5 and 6 in 25	90
" 1, 2 and 5 in 30	68
" 1, 2, 5 and 6 in 37	90
" 2, 4, 5 and 6 in 65	90
" 2 and 3 in 60	45
" 1 in 72	56
" 3 in 6	6
" 66	1 52
" 30	1 52
" 24	1 52
" 19	1 52
" 20	1 52
" 35	1 52
" 67	1 52
" 68	1 52
Patty, C A—80 acres of school land	2 25
Powers, J Lot in St. Joseph	4 50
Richardson, Mary, 91 acres D L C, of R Welch	18 00
Ramage, Maria, D L C, of John Whiteley, in sects 27 and 34, T 2 S, R 4 W, 316 acres	13 50
Reed, Mrs A J, 100 acres of D L C of O P Turner,	13 50
Robinson, M E, 3 acres D L C, of C Hubbard; and lot 238 in town of Dayton	5 63
Raymond, H C 80 acres D L C, of Carmichael	4 50
Richardson,——. Lots 1, 2, and 3 in block 21 in the town of Lafayette	68
Stilwel, Wm, D L C, of W Stilwel and wife, 317 acres in sects 5, 6, 7 and 8 T 3 R 5	20 75
Smith, Seneca, D L C of R Beer, 160 acres in sect 35, T 3 S, R 2 W	6 75
Smith, John, 142 acres of the D L C of M Casey	6 75
Stout, L, estate of, D L C of J Linchard, 321 acres, in T 3 S, R 3 W	11 25
Tupper, Carlton D L C, of Tupper in sect 3 of T 2 S, R 4 W, 160 acres and 0 acres of L C of L Tupper in sect 34, T 2 of 4 W	9 00
Thurston, heirs of D L C, of W Logan in sects 5, 6, 32 and 33, T 5 S, R 3 W, 459 acres	67 50
Thomas, J R, Lot in town of St. Joe	4 50
Talbott, J B, estate of, D L C, of Hibler, sects. 21 and 22, township 5 south, range 5 west; 300 acres	70 88
Wardle, Emeline, 100 acres of the D L C of N Lean,	6 76
Wilson,——Lots 2, 3 and 6 in block 6, in town of Lafayette	1 13

H. C. DOLE,
Sheriff of Yamhill county, Oregon.
Lafayette, July 23, 1875.

FINAL SETTLEMENT.—NOTICE IS hereby given that G. W. Goucher, administrator of the estate of John H. Hesdecer, deceased, has filed his final account in said estate, and that the County Judge of Yamhill county, Oregon, has ordered that said final account be heard on Tuesday the 7th day of September, 1875, at one o'clock P. M. of said day, at the Court-House in Lafayette in said county. All persons interested are hereby required to appear at said time and place and make objections to said final account if any exist.

G. W. GOUCHER,
July 23d, 1875. Administrator.

Citation.

To the next of kin of Mary E. Hall, minor heir of Susan R. Hall decd. and all persons interested in the Estate of said minor.

Whereas W. F. Hall gaurdian of the person and Estate of Mary E. Hall, minor heir of Susan R. Hall deceased, has this day filed his petition for the sale of the real estate belonging to said minor heir, particularly described as follows to wit: Commencing at the North West corner of the Samuel McSween Donation land claim as described in notification No. 1794 in Township No. 3, South Range 4 West, Yamhill County, Oregon, thence South 89¼ degrees, East 55 and 24 one hundredths chains, thence South 35 degrees, East 10 chains, thence South 29.6 degrees, thence West 62 chains, thence North 49 degrees, thence East 34 and 35 one hundredths chains to the place of beginning, containing 232 and 75 one hundredths acres. Also that portion of Stephen Beauchamp's donation land claim, being claim No. 43, Notification 1795 in said township No. 3 South Range 4 West, lying East of the South half of the above described tract of land. Wherefore the next of kin of Mary E. Hall, minor, and all persons interested in the said estate are hereby directed to appear before the County Court of Douglas County, Oregon on Monday the 6th day of September, A. D 1875 to show cause why a license should not be granted for the sale of said estate.

And that this order be published three successive weeks in the Lafayette COURIER, a paper of general circulation published in the town of Lafayette, Yamhill County Oregon.

{L.S.} Attest. E. STEPHENS County Clerk. THOMAS SMITH County Judge.

Roseburg, July 23d 1875.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DR. LITTLEFIELD'S NEW DRUG STORE,

ODD FELLOWS BUILDING.

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Musical Instruments,

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☞ Please state what paper you saw this advertisement in. 50m3

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