

THE COURIER

I. W. JOHNSON, EDITOR.

I hold that this Government was made on the WHITE basis by WHITE men, for the benefit of WHITE men and their posterity forever, and should be administered by WHITE men, and NONE OTHERS. I do not believe that the Almighty made the negro capable of self-government.—DUGLASS.

I repeat, I am for the Union; I am for preserving all the States. I am for admitting into the council of the nation all their Representatives who are unmistakably and unquestionably loyal. A man who acknowledges allegiance to the Government, and who swears to support the Constitution, must necessarily be loyal. A man cannot take that oath in good faith unless he is loyal.—ANDREW JOHNSON.

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1867.

L. P. FISHER, is our authorized Agent for San Francisco.

MR. THOMAS BOYCE is our authorized Agent for San Francisco.

Measures Hudson & McCarty is our authorized agents for San Francisco.

J. D. HOLMAN is our authorized Agent for Portland, Oregon.

Eugene Semple, Esq., is our authorized Agent for Portland, Oregon.

THE HIDDEN LION.

The Congress disunion party are trying to convince the people that the provision "Congress shall guaranty to each State a Republican form of government" gives to Congress the right to enquire into the situation of States and the administration of their laws, and should it please that august body it may set aside the State government and institute a new one, laying its foundation in such manner as shall insure the success of those particular dogmas that meet the approbation of the dominant party. This dogma they are pleased to call "the hidden Lion," similar in its belligerence to a dogma advanced by a celebrated tyrant of England and called "thorough;" and as Sumner and Stevens are the champions of the "hidden Lion" so were similar characters, Wentworth and Laud the champions of "thorough." But we are satisfied in this, as in the case of England, the people will see the grasping for power before the day of retribution is past.

No sane man can honestly claim that more was intended by the framers of the Constitution, than that Congress should prevent any State from having a king; thus leaving to each State the liberty of making such rules and regulations as it might deem most conducive to the welfare of its people, subject only to the restrictions prescribed in the Constitution.

But that the provision was intended to mean what Stevens, Sumner et al. claim now claim for it, was never thought of, and is now urged to meet an exigency of their party wants is manifest by the insidiousness implied by the name they give this new doctrine—"hidden Lion." If the "Lion" was "hidden" intentionally by the framers, to impose upon the people they were as great villains as are now the promulgators of this new dogma.

But the provision "all power not delegated to the General Government is reserved to the States or the people" could mean nothing if Congress has the power to step in and annul, alter, repeal, or set aside any law, rule or regulation of a State that Congress might elect to say is in violation of a Republican form.

Are we prepared to centralize all power in the hands of a few politicians who are grasping after anything however unholly, that will preserve them and their clique in power? Will there be no rebound? If you do attempt to, and succeed in abolishing many States and among them Maryland and Kentucky, may not the same principle that now injures to your party benefit work as severely against you as it now does against us? Have we so degenerated that in deciding a principle we must inquire whether temporary benefit is to injure to our party? Shall we sacrifice our national life and liberty, to promote purely partisan ends?

It will take no great mental acumen to know that if Congress is once given the free privilege of sitting aside a State whose laws are framed by the opposing party, States will change as often as parties, and this revolutionary principle will change parties tenfold oftener than has ever been

before witnessed; for grant to Congress the right to step in, and it is pleased to say the State government is not Republican in form, on account of its laws, and a large bonus is given to revolution and corruption, and the worst state of anarchy is sure to follow.

Hon. R. F. Hayden, Messrs. D. Logan and R. W. Williams are in town.

If Democracy will only assure us that California will be allowed to stay in the Union, and that the property of the General Government will be respected by the party coming into power we will feel less anxiety, and submit to the will of the majority without a murmur.—Sentinel.

No doubt you would. The Democracy never having violated its pledges. But you fellows, having solemnly, loudly, indignantly, screechingly, and often calling God to witness your sincerity, pledged and promised to keep certain States in the Union, which you are now exercising your every ingenuity, by fair foul means to prevent from being "allowed to stay in the Union," on the principle that the rogue thinks every man a rascal, we don't wonder that you will feel simply "less uneasy." We give you the required assurance and trust with this, and "lethe" you may "sleep well at night."

Washington County Correspondence. HILLSBOROUGH, Sept. 28, 1867.

EDITOR COURIER:—I send you a few lines to inform you that the Democracy of Washington county still live. We held a meeting here yesterday, had a full house, and were very ably addressed by Dr. Bailey and Mr. Wright.

The Dr. reviewed the speech made here sometime previous by George, the 3d; alias Flaxbrake Williams—the great *fat* *otum*, I am, and the Father of the Five Monarchy Act and with due deference to the giant powers of the mammoth Guster, the Dr. so exposed the fallacy and error of the Senator's speech that we do not believe there was a man present, irrespective of race or color, who could have found a greasy spot made by the oil of joy and truth in the Senator's "piece" with a telescope. Yours with regard, WATATO.

SELLER SITERSUNS: The African may be our brother. Sevily hily respectable gentlemen and sum talented females, tell us so, and for arguyment sake I bite me inclined to grnt it, tho' I don't believ it myself. But the Afrikan isn't our sister, and our wife, and our uncle. He isn't sevill of our consine, and all of our wife's relatives. He isn't our grandfather and our aunt in the country. Scarcey. And yet numris persons would have us think so. It is true, he runs Congress, and sevill other public grossery's. But we've got the Afrikan, or he got us rather; now, what are we going to do about it? He's an orful noosance. "Praps he isn't to blame for it." Praps he was created to sum wise purpose, like George Williams and New England rum, but it's mighty hard to see it. At any rate he's here, and it's pity he couldn't go off sum whares quietly by himself, where he could grtterly his ambishun in varie wase, without havin a eternal fass kick up about him.—Ward.

PLEASE TELL.—You are a "Radical"—a genuine "Republican." Tell us, How do you restore the Union?

How do you preserve a Constitution? How have you benefited the negro?

Who was benefited by the war?

How much better off is the poor man than before the war?

Do you believe in equal taxation?

Why not exempt the poor workingmen as well as the rich bondholders?

Which benefited this country, the most—Democracy which made, or Republicans which destroyed it?

Why tax the poor soldier, who fought for his country, and exempt from all taxation the bondholder who staid at home and stole from his country?

NEW DRINK.—The host of the White House, Schencktopol, has lately concocted a cooling beverage, which is now very popular in that burg. Its component parts we have not learned, but the name given to it sufficiently proves of its excellency. The obliging host favors us with the name of the beverage, which is as follows:

Koldofefrezyertooneafskhi.

It is not one glass will make a man burn hot-store. The beverage is decidedly Russianish in temperature as well as in name, and was gotten up in commemoration of Seward's late purchase. So says the *Napa*, Reporter.

Truth is a NURSELL.—Under the head

"Read the Advertisements," the Columbus Journal has the following:

"The man who does not read the advertisements can never be said to be well posted. Advertisements indicate the enterprise of the advertiser. When you see a man who advertises liberally, you may ascertain of his selling a good stock of goods in his store; that he keeps up with the market, and sells cheap; whereas those who do not advertise."

They have a pairlach in Taunton, Mass., who says that he once raised a flock of wild ducks from a pond, when he took aim at them with his gun and fired. They flew away with much clamor, and surprised to find that none of them dropped, he examined the field of battle. He picked up four bushels of legs. There was a torch of paroxysm in the old man's voice as he added: "I fired too low."

COMMUNICATION.]

Highly Probable.

The wisest philosophers of government of all times have loudly inveighed against the centralization of power as the sure stepping stone to absolute despotism, and just after a fratricidal struggle such as we have just had, is the time invariably embraced by designing politicians to grasp the liberties of the people and foist themselves into power.

Not are we an exception to the rule. The effort is now being made by parties in power to overthrow the Republic and the loud professions of maintaining the integrity and stability of the Union inviolate is but a "lullaby" to rock to sleep the just fears of the masses while they are flagrantly violating every trust reposed in them by the people and holding high carnival upon a large per cent. of the proceeds of the labor of the masses while the rich are exempted from the burdens of government. And while the poor man is laboring for subsistence and enough whereabouts to pay his taxes to supply them and the "freedom" they are weaving the meshes of the law closely over their unsuspecting victims, and I fear that nothing but the keen edge of the sword will free us from the thralldom.

Let the lovers of liberty from the whole United States rush to the ballot box, as the elections shall arrive, with the noble prayer "Vive la Constitution" deeply engraved upon their hearts, and an awakened understanding of the perils of time, and the proud tyrant dictators and their abettors who now rule one-third and who seek to rule the whole country with an iron rod will be hurled to a justly merited oblivion.

Yours &c., DISCIPLE OF BLACKSTONE.

COMPILED FROM THE HERALD.

Grant, in a recent conversation with two Republican Congressmen, in reply to a direct question, said if it should appear to be the will of providence, and the desire of the American people that he be President, that he would not feel at liberty to resist the one or disappoint the other.

Gen. Howe telegraphs Grant that the Convention is called in Louisiana by a small majority.

A dispatch from Montgomery says that 100,000 votes had been cast. Nearly all by negroes. All in favor of the Convention.

The President has pardoned Alex. H. Stephens and R. M. T. Hunter.

Chicago, Oct. 2.—Chicago has been agreed upon as the place of the National Republican Convention.

Silk Factory at San Jose. Messrs. Provost & Newman addressed the meeting on the subject of silk culture and of the condition, working and wants of the silk factory at San Jose. The building requires to be erected but the machinery is already on the ground. When completed, the factory will be 80 feet long, 45 feet wide and two stories high, of brick, to be furnished with a steam engine of 15 or 20 horse power. They require \$50,000, which they propose to raise by a joint stock capital in shares of \$100 each, to commence in California the manufacture of silk. A resolution was adopted by a unanimous vote, by which the association expressed its hearty endorsement of the last named proposition and recommended the members to take shares in it. The following subscriptions to the stock were immediately taken: Thos. Mooney, \$600; Gen. Cobb, \$100; Ed. Bosqui, \$100. A number of other gentlemen presented lesser sums.

Silk Factory at San Jose. Messrs. Provost & Newman addressed the meeting on the subject of silk culture and of the condition, working and wants of the silk factory at San Jose. The building requires to be erected but the machinery is already on the ground. When completed, the factory will be 80 feet long, 45 feet wide and two stories high, of brick, to be furnished with a steam engine of 15 or 20 horse power. They require \$50,000, which they propose to raise by a joint stock capital in shares of \$100 each, to commence in California the manufacture of silk. A resolution was adopted by a unanimous vote, by which the association expressed its hearty endorsement of the last named proposition and recommended the members to take shares in it. The following subscriptions to the stock were immediately taken: Thos. Mooney, \$600; Gen. Cobb, \$100; Ed. Bosqui, \$100. A number of other gentlemen presented lesser sums.

San Francisco Fall Races. The fall races at the Ocean House track opened on the 1st inst., with a racing match, mile heats, 8 in 5, for a purse of \$200. Entries, Dick Congle, Young America, Empress and Lady Don. Young America won the first heat, but Dick Congle took the last three, winning the race. Time, 2:38, 2:38, 2:37%.

Next came the trotting match, open to all horses who had not beaten 2:40 in any race, mile heats, 8 in 5, for a purse of \$200. The entries were Genevia Maid, Sorrel Charlie, Franklin, April Fool and Moscow. First heat won by Sorrel Charlie, in 2:42% second heat by April Fool in 2:40%; third heat by Sorrel Charlie in 2:41%. The fourth heat was decided a dead heat between Sorrel Charlie and April Fool. Time, 2:40%. The race was then postponed till the next day.

The trotting race which was postponed yesterday, was won by April Fool. The three mile race free for all trotters and pacers to harness, was won by Lowry Matthew, who took the second and third heats. Dick Gough won the first heat.

San Francisco Produce Market.

Fruit—For superfine, 1/2 cwt. \$5.00@5.75; 1/4 cwt. \$5.75@6. Extra, \$6.50@6.75; \$7.25.

Wheat—The upward tendency of the market restricts business, buyers being of the opinion that he price has reached an altitude and that it is not safe to operate extensively, and that the best way to restore steadiness to quotations is to temporarily cease from purchasing. Cleaning rates, 2,400 lbs choice, \$2.25; 1,000 lbs fair, \$2.17 1/2; 1,000 lbs middling, \$2.15; 1,000 lbs ordinary, \$2.10.

Bailey—Prices without change, new being quoted at \$1.75@1.85; and old at \$1.85@\$1.95.

Oats—We quote the range of market at \$1.75@1.80.

Wool—Selv. 130,000 lbs spring, good to choice, 140,000 lbs 100 lbs do 11@12cde. In New York, California wheat is quoted at \$15.50. California wheat, 24@26. California wool, 19@21cde.

Gold closed at \$145 in New York to-night.

Wool—Selv. 130,000 lbs spring, good to choice, 140,000 lbs 100 lbs do 11@12cde. In New York, California wheat is quoted at \$15.50. California wheat, 24@26. California wool, 19@21cde.

Gold closed at \$145 in New York to-night.

Portland Advertisements.

A CARD

To Young and Middle Aged Men.

THE COUNTRY AND THE AGE DEMAND OF YOU THAT YOU MAKE THE MOST OF YOUR TIME AND YOUR ENERGIES

You can be Successful.
You can make Money.
You can rise to Distinction.

Merchants, Farmers, or Bankers.

Bookkeepers Accountants or Clerks.

Engineers or Professional Men.

Educate yourself practically. Educate yourselves for the times. Educate yourselves in the best manner possible, in the shortest time, and at the least expense, to insure success.

You can accomplish all this in THREE MONTH'S TIME.

Read—Reflect—and Act.

The Future of this Coast demands it.

THE

National College

OPENS TO STUDENTS BUSINESS AND STATIONERY.

Books, Law Books, Medical Books, Blank Books, Miscellaneous Books, Photograph Albums, Printers' Ink, Writing Fluids, Copying Ink, Writing Paper, Blank Paper, Wrapping Paper and Stationery.

PRINTERS' MATERIAL!

Agents for Levey W. Fairchild & Co's Gold Pens, and Importers for George Washington & Sons' celebrated I. X. L. Cutlery.

We will keep constantly on hand a complete assortment of goods in our line.

Our entire stock is imported direct from Publishers and Manufacturers, and persons purchasing from us can at all times rely upon getting GENUINE ARTICLES and at Prices that Defy Competition.

Agents for the FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE.

BURTON & HARRIS,
No. 28 Front Street, Portland, Oregon.

Agents for the FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE.

BURTON & HARRIS,
No. 28 Front Street, Portland, Oregon.

Agents for the FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE.

BURTON & HARRIS,
No. 28 Front Street, Portland, Oregon.

Agents for the FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE.

BURTON & HARRIS,
No. 28 Front Street, Portland, Oregon.

Agents for the FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE.

BURTON & HARRIS,
No. 28 Front Street, Portland, Oregon.

Agents for the FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE.

BURTON & HARRIS,
No. 28 Front Street, Portland, Oregon.

Agents for the FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE.

BURTON & HARRIS,
No. 28 Front Street, Portland, Oregon.

Agents for the FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE.

BURTON & HARRIS,
No. 28 Front Street, Portland, Oregon.

Agents for the FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE.