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Thursday, November 7, 1912.

The Folly of 1912

The tide has turned in Wilson's favor, and now that we are going to live, suffer and probably starve to death during a democratic regn, the time is at hand to make a prediction of this country's future. Although the American people, or a portion of them, fully realized the danger that confronted them in the possibility of a democratic administration, they deliberately elected a democrat for president of the United States. The democratic party, in its platform, adopted at Baltimore, declared that the protective system is unconstitutional. Professor Wilson is a confessed free trader. He testified before the tariff board in 1882 that he was in favor of the repeal of all protective laws, and made the absurd statement that because the states in this Union allowed free interchange of commerce, there should be a similar free interchange between the United States and all the producing countries of the world. This will no doubt be put into effect after Wilson is inaugurated. He will be ably seconded in his efforts by Champ Clark, speaker of the democratic house of representatives, who publicly declared upon the floor of congress that he was in favor of destroying every custom house in the land. Wilson will be obliged, at the very outset of his administration, to face the alternatives of dishonesty or disaster, the alternatives of refusing to carry out expressed pledges of the democratic platform, or else of causing such disaster to every worker in the country as would mean nation-wide ruin.

It seems almost impossible to believe that the intelligent American people are going to allow the fair sunshine of prosperity to be obscured by the black and somber clouds of business paralysis and enforced idleness under democratic administration. It is sad but nevertheless true. Coming events cast their shadows before them.

Free Trade Bubbles

The role of "assistant Democrats" is not a pleasant one for life long members of the Republican party.

There were many amusing things in the political situation, but the prospect of free trade is not one of them.

Business men remember 1893 when the last Democratic administration caused universal distress and bankruptcy.

By demolishing our tariff fence we may get out of our own pasture, but we cannot get into the pasture of foreign nations until we have demolished their tariff fences.

The New York World said it is not the custom of the country to turn down the administration in a year of great prosperity, but sad to relate, the World made a mistake, and so did the people.

During the last Democratic administration working men could buy a pretty good suit of clothes for \$8 but they did not have the price. Under Republican rule since the workers have been buying \$25. suits of clothes and they had the price.

VICE-PRESIDENT SHERMAN
ANSWERS FINAL SUMMONS

After Long Illness Noted Man
Breathes His Last in the
Presence of His Family



Vice-President Sherman.

Utica, N. Y., October 30.—After a long illness, Vice President Sherman died at his home in this city at 9:42 o'clock tonight of uraemic poison, caused by Bright's disease.

All the members of the immediate family were witnesses to the final scene. In addition to Mrs. Sherman, there were in the chamber their three sons—Sherrill, Richard U. and Thomas M. Sherman—and their wives; R. M. and Sanford Sherman, brothers of Mr. Sherman, and Mrs. L. B. Moore and Mrs. H. J. Cookinham, sisters of Mr. Sherman. The announcement of the Vice President's death spread quickly through the city. Universal sorrow was expressed and immediate steps were taken for the proper recognition of the sorrowful event. Mr. Sherman was regarded as the first citizen of Utica and all differences growing out of politics died with him.

The twenty seventh Vice President of the United States, and the only one renominated, was christened James Schoolcraft Sherman. But in nearly a quarter of a century of public life, "Jim" Sherman he was to his intimates, and probably half the nation referred to him as "Sunny Jim," a soubriquet earned by a never failing, all year round sunny disposition.

Mr. Sherman belonged to the school of Republicanism now a days popularly called "regular," and he fought his political battles without compromise or flinching. The events he helped to shape are so comparatively recent that history cannot assign him to his proper place until it also records the work of his contemporaries.

To the House of Representatives of the Fiftieth Congress he came in the winter of 1887, just passed his 22d birthday, with the energy and optimism of youth college bred from the halls of Hamilton, which has given to public life many more statesmen and public figures, none without some mark of distinction. He had been elected Mayor of Utica two years before. Like many others who came to the National legislature, he brought with him an education in law. He was well born and well bred.

His father, Richard W. Sherman, was an editor and public figure in New York State.

Mr. Sherman went to reside over the Senate just about at a time when what popularly is known as "Senatorial dignity" was beginning to feel its first break. In the chair Mr. Sherman was dignity itself, fair in his rulings, his colleagues said, quiet, firm, sure, and seldom reversed on appeal.

But dignity, so far as the traditional Senatorial frock coat and silk hat were concerned, generally was absent. He regarded

his time presiding over the Senate as a day's business, to be attended to as if he were sitting in his bank in Utica, or at the treasurer's table of one of the many enterprises in which he had found a fortune and laid the foundation for another for his sons. He usually appeared in a business suit, on a hot day he came in flannels.

Others Senators, reluctant perhaps to transgress staid custom, fell in with his ideas, and now adays on a blistering Washington summer day the Senate looks quite like a business gathering.

The illness which proved fatal was little known in Washington until the last few months. Mr. Sherman was not present during the closing days of the last session, and the Senate—without a president protem, by the death of Frye, and unable to agree upon a successor—got along by temporary agreements, placing some Senator in the chair for two weeks at a time.

Vice President Sherman was born in Utica on October 24, 1855. He married Carrie Babcock at East Orange N. J. in 1881. They have three sons, Sherrill, Richard U. and Thomas M. all living and in business in Utica.

The Vice President was an Elk, a trustee of Hamilton College, a member of the Dutch Reformed Church, a member of many clubs, and a business man of wide interests.

Should Take an Inventory

That an annual inventory day should be observed by every farmer who wishes to attain the highest degree of success in the business management of his plant is the doctrine preached in an address by Dean J. A. Bexell, which was presented before the International Dry Farming Congress at Lethbridge, Alberta this week.

"This opinion is not based on theory, but on experience," said Professor Bexell. "Last year the legislature of Oregon made an appropriation for statistical research, and a preliminary agricultural survey was undertaken last summer under the direction of the Agricultural College. Field agents secured about 1600 interviews, but, valuable and varied as the information is, the financial end of it is very inaccurate and incomplete.

"In the 1600 interviews secured a very small number reported that the facts furnished were based on actual records; a large number reported that no records were kept except a simple bank account; while the great majority reported that no records were kept at all. It is perfectly evident that if an attempt is to be made to secure annual information, a uniform system of reports will have to be adopted, and these must be based upon a uniform system of records or accounts.

"My experience has been that even where records are obtainable for statistical purposes, they are often worthless because of the variety of classification.

"Every census enumerator and every survey worker will bear me out in the statement that it is practically impossible to secure satisfactory answers to the various financial schedules in the rural census.

"A system of records which could be universally adopted as what might be called a standard system must have at least three objects in view: First, to furnish adequate and reliable information to the farmer himself as to his financial operations, and cost of production, for the purpose of being able to forecast results, and upon which he can base future operations; secondly, to furnish complete and reliable statistical data to the various organizations interested in the general uplift of rural life, and thirdly, to furnish adequate reports upon which to base agricultural credit."

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R. Emil Falkenhagen.
11-7-1t-pd.

School Report

School report for month ending November 1st. The names of pupils perfect in attendance follow:

Primary—Miss Lowther, teacher—Georgie Jackson, Percy Culp, Chas. U'Ren, Paul Larson, Wilma Jones, Margaret Robinson, Inella Culp, Margaret U'Ren, Francis McTaggart, Eugene Cook, Oswald Bergland, Waldsee Richardson, Wendell Gray. Per

cent of attendance 90. Intermediate pupils:—Miss Arensmeier, Teacher;—Miss Larson Nita Davis, Hazel Clark, Edward Dodd, Mary Thielman, Paulson Auston, Smyth Davis, D. D. Rutledge, Morris Milner. Advanced—Miss Alva J. Smith teacher—6th. Grade—Roscoe Crosby, Eddie Jackson, Floyd Stanton, Charles Kilgore. 8th grade—Marion Long, Maurice Snook, Floyd Smith, Bessie U'Ren, Bernice Grant, Georgia Waite, Billie Booth. Per cent attendance 96.

High School—C. V. Kilgore, teacher—9th grade—Mabel Moore, Chester Teagarden, Alvin Powell. 10th grade—Frances U'Ren, Salena U'Ren, Florence White, Guy Powell. 12th grade: Ora Waite. Per cent attendance 99. Number pupils remaining last month 82. No. pupils remaining this month 81. No. tardy for month 16. Per cent of attendance for total 93. C. V. Kilgore, Prin.

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Sheriff's Sale on Execution in Foreclosure

By virtue of an execution and order of sale issued out of the circuit court of the state of Oregon for Crook county, upon a judgment rendered in said court on the 21st day of October, 1912, in favor of Madras State Bank, a corporation, plaintiff, and against W. F. Hammer, Fannie S. Hammer and R. L. Sabin, defendants, for the sum of \$2,706.45, with interest thereon at the rate of 10 per cent per annum from the 21st day of October, 1912, and the further sum of \$13.00 costs, which judgment was enrolled and docketed in the clerk's office of Crook county, State of Oregon, on the 21st day of October, 1912, commanding me to sell the certain mortgaged real property of the defendants described as follows, to-wit: sec 13, tp. 12s., r. 13 e., and the set of sw 1/4 and the set of sw 1/4 of sec. 14, tp. 12s., r. 13 e., and set of sw 1/4 and set of nw 1/4 of sec. 14, thence west 89 rods, thence south 18 3/4 rods, thence east 3 rods, thence south 5 rods, thence west 16 rods, thence north 23 3/4 rods, thence west 58 rods, thence south 160 rods, thence east 160 rods, thence north 150 rods to place of beginning; all in tp. 12s., r. 13e., W. M., in Crook county, Oregon. Notice is hereby given that I have levied upon and will on Monday, December 9th, 1912, at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the north door of the county court house in Prineville, Crook county, Oregon, sell to the highest bidder for cash, all the right title and interest the said defendants, W. F. Hammer, Fannie S. Hammer and R. L. Sabin, had in and to said mortgaged real estate on the 21st day of October, to satisfy said judgment in favor of Madras State Bank, a corporation and costs and accruing costs. Said sale to be made subject to redemption in the manner prescribed by law. First published November 7, 1912. T. N. BALFOUR, Sheriff of Crook County, Oregon

Sheriff's Sale on Execution in Foreclosure

By virtue of an execution and order of sale issued out of the circuit court of the state of Oregon for Crook county, upon a judgment rendered in said court on the 21st day of October, 1912 in favor of Olympia Beer Agency, a corporation, plaintiff, and against A. W. Howell, defendant, for the sum of \$678.24, with interest thereon at the rate of 8 per cent per annum, and the further sum of \$15.00 costs, which judgment was enrolled and docketed in the clerk's office of Crook county, State of Oregon, on the 21st day of October, 1912, commanding me to sell the certain mortgaged real property of the defendant described as follows, to-wit: N 1/4 of lot 3 in block 19 in the town of Madras, formerly Palmetto, as the same is of record in the clerk's office at Prineville, Oregon. Notice is hereby given that I have levied upon and will on Monday, December 9th, 1912, at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, at the north door of the county court house in Prineville, Crook county, Oregon, sell to the highest bidder for cash, all the right title and interest the said defendant, A. W. Howell, had in and to said mortgaged real estate on the 21st day of October, to satisfy said judgment in favor of Olympia Beer Agency, a corporation, and costs and accruing costs. Said sale to be made subject to redemption in the manner prescribed by law. First published November 7, 1912. T. N. BALFOUR, Sheriff of Crook County, Oregon.

For residence and business lots see O. A. Pierce. tf

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