## IIalas and Agencey Plains MUST BE Representited at the Land Shows YOU RANCHERS MUST FURNISH THE EXHIBITS

## $\$ 5000.00$

## II CASH FOR 5 BUSHELS OF WHEAT AT ST. PAUL-RUMELY TRAGTOR TO BE CIVEN AT LETHBRIDCE-VALUABLE PRIZES AT ALL THE SHOWS

## ATTEND TO THIS MATTER PROMPTLY AND <br> HELP YOURSELF AND THE COMMUNITY

## 0-W.R.\& N.

## THROUCH (OW) SERVICE

 BETWEEN ENTRALOREGON ano P0RTLANDthuis arbive at and defart from umion depot, portland
 A. J. HALEY, Agent, MADRAS, ORECON
while in Portland

## VISIT NORTH BEACH

mindiliphtcul summer resort on the shores of the Pacific ocean.

## VIA O-W. R. \& N. STEAMERS

1. POTTER, OUT OF PORTLAND AT 10.30 P. M., OR
THE HASSALO AT 8.00 A,$~ M$.


## Alfalifa weevil IS

CAUSE OF TROUBLE


By Prof. Thos. Shaw. In the State of Utah an insect pest has appeared which is do-
ing much harm to the alfalfa ing much harm to the alfalfa
crop. This insect (Phytonomus posticies) has been known for a
long time in the old world long time in the old world. For many decades if not indeed
centuries, it has preyed upon centuries, it has preyed upon
the alfalfa of Southern Europe, Western Asia and Northern Africa. In this country it was Africa. In this country it was
first noticed on the outskirts of Salt Lake City, Utah, in 1904, Its ravages had become so extended by 1907 that the attention
of the Utah Experiment Station was called to it. By 1911 it had reached parts of Wyoming and Idaho adjacent to Utah. In 1909 the Governor of Utah appealed
to the United States Department of Argiculture to aid in fighting the pest. Since that time
the Department has, employed

ing may vary with the conditions from very slight to almost complete destruction of the cut-
ting. The hay obtained from infested fields is very woody because of the absence of leaves coughing when fed to horses. coughing when fed to horses.
Various methods of fighting have been tried. These have have been tried. They include: discing to stinulate growth, grazing with sheep, drawing a street sweeper or burning the stubbles. Attempts are also being made to introduce parasites from the Eastern Hemisphere which will prey upon the weevils. It is also considered imp"ortait te destroy all rast stach as graws along. he orders of irrigating canials, and in waste places generally. The nsects hide in these and also unor clods and about the crowns ornate.
The bulletin referred to does not say anything as to the measres that should be adopted in nanifest areas to prevent the course in areas near to infested course in areas near to infested
territory, the invasion will oceur through the migration of the weevils in the spring of theyear But the fact that the lieethes ame to Utah from the old world makes it clear that invasion mady come in other ways. It come in alfalfa hay.
calamity to have this insect in roduced into Oregon where th future promises so much in réard to the growing of alfalfa aem to be eminently wise to nake sure in allareas where alalfa is imported that it does ot come froman infestediregion Whether the insect can live in an area with winters like. Mon ana and the Dakotas has not outly hoped that this to be de ve to be prow in mont ern state by actual test.

