

## EVENTS OF THE DAY

News Items Gathered from All Parts of the World.

PREPARED FOR THE BUSY READER

Less Important but Not Less Interesting Happenings from Points Outside the State.

A new gold field has been found in Nevada and a stampede is on.

A prominent New York physician says the depravity of Gotham's children exceeds that of ancient Sodom.

Three men were fatally injured by the collapse of a bridge being erected over the Cimarron river near Guthrie, Okla.

The forty-first annual convention of the National American Women's Suffrage association will meet at Seattle July 7.

New Mexico wool growers have just sold 700,000 pounds of their product at a price said to be over 20 cents per pound.

Specialists have found that Harrison's heart and kidneys are affected and ill health may compel him to quit business.

A violent earthquake in Southern France did much damage to property. A number of persons are reported killed and many injured.

Two \$50 gold pieces minted in 1877 have just been sold for \$10,000 each. They are the only \$50 pieces ever minted by the government.

A New York legislative committee is studying the direct primary laws of the various states with a view of recommending the best plan for that state.

Double tracking of the Northern Pacific line from Portland to Tacoma has commenced.

The dismembered body of a man has been found in New York bearing the deadly sign of the Black Hand.

Dr. Charles Ephraim Rice, formerly assistant to Dr. Hale, died at almost the same time as his one-time chief.

A large force of men is working hard to make repairs in the Soo canal wrecked by a steamer a few days ago.

Safety appliances will be installed at Panama to prevent accidents to the big lock like the one which damaged the locks.

A government meat inspector at St. Louis has resigned in disgust. He says the inspection is a farce and a useless expenditure.

It has been proven that in the selection of jurors at Chicago men with shavers stand a poor chance of being elected, owing to prejudice.

The Spanish liner Antonio Lopez has rounded off Fire Island, New York. The passengers were all saved but it is probable that the vessel will be lost.

Castro is organizing a filibustering expedition against Venezuela.

It is estimated that 85,000 people visited Portland during the Rose festival.

The town of Kirinchi, Sumatra, has been destroyed by an earthquake and 50 people killed.

Modjeska's theatrical mementoes were disposed of by giving them to friends of the late actress.

Announcement is made that Heney will be a candidate for district attorney in San Francisco on the anti-graft ticket.

The British colonies are willing to let the mother country in the matter of defenses, but want home rule in turn.

A movement has been started in Colorado to secure a large tract of land on which a negro colony will settle and allow farming.

An attempt at a wholesale jail delivery was made at Joliet, Ill., but the boldness of the guards prevented the escape of more than 100 convicts.

An Indiana boy has confessed to attempting to wreck a passenger train out of revenge for the burning of a sack of hay belonging to his father.

Taft has difficulty in finding a minister to China.

Fire is destroying large areas of timber on Vancouver Island.

The senate spent an entire day deciding on the wool schedule.

Judge Lawlor defended Heney in an altercation between counsel in the Calumet trial.

Two Portuguese statesmen fought a sword duel over politics. One was slightly wounded.

It is reported that Miss Mary Vanbrunt is betrothed to Prince Francis of Austria.

By the death of his mother, William Clinton, 5 years old, of Chicago, is heir to about six million dollars.

Charges that United States Attorney Quinn was implicated in conspiracy convict Perrin, causes senate to hold confirmation.

A strike in 22 hat factories in Connecticut has been settled and the manufacturers will withdraw from the National Association of Hat Manufacturers.

## DROWNS IN NIAGARA.

Man All But Dies in Effort to Save Suicide Wife.

Niagara Falls, N. Y., June 8.—Aaron Cohen, of Buffalo, N. Y., saw his young wife leap into the swirling river between Second and Third Sisters islands today, only 150 feet above the brink of the cataract.

Without a moment's hesitation, he followed her, caught her hand, and struggled desperately to save her. Mrs. Cohen probably died in her husband's arms.

Before it was possible to bring efficient help an hour had passed. All this time Cohen was making frantic attempts to reach the shore. But the struggle against the current—at this point it is about 20 miles an hour—was beyond his power.

Fortune aided him, however. With his wife tightly clasped to him, he bumped into a tree stump, and on this he got a grip with his one free hand. There he stayed and shouted for help.

Finally word was carried to the reservation police, and Policeman James Martin and three other men with ropes hurried to the scene. Three times they threw a rope before it fell within Cohen's grasp. When he did catch it, he was too weak to tie it about his own or his wife's waist.

The two were 20 feet away from shore, and it was extremely difficult, owing to the precarious nature of the footing, to make a good cast. Pinned against the tree by the terrific rush of water, all the strength had gone out of Cohen, and he had been unable to keep his wife's face above water.

Once Cohen had hold of the rope, the men ashore began to pull. Martin, who was in front, slipped and fell into the stream, but quickly regained his footing. When within 15 feet of the shore, Cohen lost his grip on his wife's body, and it was carried down stream and was lost to view.

## BRUTES TORTURE WOMEN.

Put Lighted Candles on Soles of Feet in Effort to Get Money.

Pittsburg, June 8.—The work of robbers today at Belmont, Pa., near this city, has so aroused the community that a lynching is threatened if the men are captured.

Five men, all masked, broke into the home of Mrs. Minnie Ashe, 90 years old, and ransacked the place. With the aged woman were her daughter, Mrs. Mary Ober, 60 years old, and her granddaughter, Miss Minnie Ober, 23 years of age.

The men found only \$3.50 in the house, and, believing there was more, bound the three women and tortured them. They used picture wire in fastening the women to chairs. Then they held lighted candles to their bare feet.

## BIG ARCTIC HUNT PLANNED.

Ten Austrians Charter a 2400-Ton Steamer for Expedition.

Seattle, June 8.—Dr. Hans von Kadic and Leo Mahler, of Vienna, left here tonight for Vancouver to prepare the steamer Transit, which has been chartered by Rudolph R. von Guttman, a wealthy coal operator of Vienna, for a four-month hunting expedition to Alaska and Siberia. The party will leave for the North July 1. The other members of the party, which will contain ten people, are still in Vienna.

The purpose of the expedition is to secure new specimens for Herr von Guttman's trophy room. Whenever duplicates are secured they will be given to the Smithsonian Institute, and if a third specimen is secured it will be given to the New York Zoological society. The Transit is a 2400-ton steamer.

## Disgrace Causes Suicide.

St. Louis, June 8.—Twelve hours after her husband, John Glaesser, had been arrested on a charge of embezzlement, Mrs. Martha Glaesser was found dead in bed by the side of the bodies of her children, Arnette, aged 8, and John, aged 5. The room was filled with gas, and the police believe the mother turned on the deadly vapor which ended the three lives. Glaesser was released today and the company which caused his arrest said there would be no prosecution. Glaesser was not advised that his family was dead when released.

## Two Drown From Canoe.

Vancouver, B. C., June 8.—The bodies of two young men, aged about 18 and 25, and a canoe were found about 11 o'clock today washed up on the shore half a mile west of the Point Gray wireless station. An invoice, rendered to Frank Stendth, was found in the pocket of the eldest victim. There was also a watch, which had stopped at 8:30. It is believed, judging from the condition of the bodies, that the accident occurred today.

## Defends American Colleges.

Ithaca, N. Y., June 8.—Warmly defending American colleges and universities from the severe criticisms of President Woodrow Wilson and other New England university presidents, who charge that the intellectual life of American universities is decaying, President J. G. Schurman, of Cornell, poured a broadside into the system of education at the older universities in his farewell address to the senior class today.

## Whiskey in Tomato Boxes.

El Reno, Okla., June 8.—Boxes labelled "tomatoes" and "gloss starch," but containing instead old bourbon whiskey, were seized here today at the direction of the United States district attorney, John Embury, because of false labels. There were 144 pints of whiskey in the consignment, which was shipped from Kansas City.

## PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS IN BRIEF

Friday, June 11.

Washington, June 11.—The income tax shared with the wool schedule the senate's attention today, and after discussion of an hour or more its further consideration was postponed until June 18 by a vote of 45 to 34. This action was the result of a motion made by Aldrich, which followed a charge by Bailey that undue influence was being brought to bear against the proposed income tax amendment to the tariff bill. Aldrich declared that he knew of no such effort, but pleaded for the postponement of the question until the schedules should be disposed of.

It was agreed to admit animals for breeding free of duty and an amendment offered by Aldrich putting fruit in brine on the free list was adopted.

The consideration of the free entry of hides was postponed for later consideration. An amendment offered by Dick admitting miners' safety appliances free until January 1, 1912, was agreed to as amended by Culberson, eliminating the restriction as to the time.

It was decided to pass over the question of free refined petroleum. Orange oil was stricken from the free list and nut oil and oil of nuts were placed on it. The restriction on the value of oils admitted free to 60 cents a gallon was stricken out and palm kernel was added to the list. Oleostearine was also included in the free list.

Thursday June 10.

Washington, June 10.—Time and time again today Dolliver and others of the so-called progressive Republicans went down to defeat in their efforts to break the ranks of the Aldrich forces on the wool schedule of the tariff bill. Dolliver offered numerous amendments looking to the reduction of the finance committee's rates, but in each instance the amendment was voted down and the committee sustained.

The debate throughout the day was good-natured and Dolliver seemed to have real feeling over the possible tears in the eyes of the Irish potato.

The wool schedule occupied the attention of the senate throughout the entire day and on this account consideration of the proposed income tax, which had been set for today was postponed until tomorrow.

Wednesday, June 9.

Washington, June 9.—The woolen schedule of the tariff bill was still under consideration by the senate today when the recess for dinner was taken. The committee amendment increasing the house rate on wool tops and other wastes from 20 cents a pound to 30 cents a pound was adopted by a vote of 40 to 30. This was a finance committee change and the committee scored its usual majority. Gamble and Crawford deserted the "progressives," but with these exceptions the ranks of the contingent remained unbroken. The committee amendment increasing the duty on shoddy from 20 cents a pound to 25 cents, and that on tops from 8 to 20 cents also prevailed, by 42 to 31.

Tuesday, June 8.

Washington, June 8.—Much good humor and pleasantries were injected into the debate on the woolen schedule in the senate today. Dolliver, the central figure, offered several amendments and announced his intention of preserving others, appealing to Republican members to vote with him because, he said, the amendments would justify the attitude of the Republican party in advocating a protective tariff.

One of the interesting features was a lecture on the woolen industry from beginning to end by Carter, who brought forth a large box filled with samples of various grades of wool. To senators who gathered about him he explained each step in the manufacture of woolen goods from the raising of sheep to the making of the garment. He familiarized members of the senate with the uses of shoddy waste, soils, tops and various grades of wool.

Monday, June 7.

Washington, June 7.—The senate chamber was again today the scene of a lively debate, Aldrich leading the conservatives and Beveridge heading the progressives, did most of the talking. Both senators were frequently on their feet and there were many sharp conflicts between them.

Beginning the session with a vote on the recommendation of his committee for a duty of 3 cents a square yard and 20 per cent ad valorem on the fabric known as window holland, Aldrich was apparently somewhat encouraged over the prospect of making decided headway with the cotton schedule.

About the middle of the afternoon the senate reached its second vote, which was on an amendment by Senator Dolliver to strike out the committee provision fixing a duty of one cent a square yard for the process of mercerization. The amendment was lost by the unusually close vote of 32 to 38. The narrowing of the margin was, however, due to the absence of senators rather than to the conversion of the progressives to the Aldrich standard.

At the night session Dolliver argued

Legation Secretary Out.

Washington, June 11.—Algernon Sartoris, secretary of the American legation to Guatemala, has resigned. The cause assigned is ill health. That there may have been other reasons than ill health for the resignation was strongly intimated tonight. The Times is authority for the statement that while he was on leave in Paris recently he received in response to a request for extension of leave a curt message that his resignation would be acceptable

against a duty of 50 per cent ad valorem on cotton tapestry and jacquard figured goods as affording too much protection to American manufacturers. Aldrich then offered an amendment making the rate of 40 per cent ad valorem on goods valued at more than \$1. These rates were adopted.

Saturday, June 5.

Washington, June 5.—After devoting the larger portion of the day to listening to a discussion of the cotton cloth schedule, the senate entered upon a period of voting late in the afternoon and rapidly disposed of the entire subject of changing from ad valorem to specific duties for the purpose of preventing under-valuation. On all votes taken the finance committee was sustained by a majority of from 10 to 11. Three votes were necessary to accomplish the result and others would have been necessary but for Bacon, who seeing the futility of opposing the committee, suggested the grouping of the votes after the first two ballots had been taken. This was unanimously agreed to, with the result that so much was accomplished that a night session was not held.

Shake-up Badly Needed.

Washington, June 8.—Although conditions existing at the United States naval academy at Annapolis are giving the navy department officials much concern, it is not considered probable that Secretary Meyer will adopt radical corrective measures until Captain Bowyer relieves Captain Badger as superintendent this month.

The recent report of a board of five naval officers specially detailed at the academy, which was in substance that physical exercises now in vogue were responsible for poor physiques common among recent graduates and midshipmen, has been borne out in a measure by the failure of 43 out of 180 midshipmen to graduate this year on account of physical disability. Most of those who failed, however, were rejected, it is said, because of defective eyesight.

Turkey Makes Strong Denial.

Washington, June 8.—Emphatic denial was entered today at the Turkish embassy to reports that 20,000 or 30,000 persons had been killed in the recent troubles in Asiatic-Turkey. It was declared unusual efforts were being made to punish those responsible for the disorders. Deep regret was expressed that exaggerated reports had been printed in certain newspapers concerning the disorders. In contradiction of the reports, it was stated in the last official news that victims would not exceed 4,000. Not only had the minister of the interior asked for the appropriation of \$150,000 to aid the victims, it was stated, but the government, on its own responsibility, had sent \$10,000 at once.

Congress Begins to See End.

Washington, June 8.—Having acted upon most of the vexed problems in the cotton schedule last week, the senate expects to complete this schedule on Monday or Tuesday. This will bring the senate face to face with the woolen schedule, which is virtually a re-enactment of the Dingley rates but nevertheless will be fought by the "progressive Republicans" aided by Democrat senators.

On account of the progress made last week, the senate leaders are predicting the bill will be voted upon in the senate by June 19, and congress will be ready to adjourn before July 11.

Taft Will Visit Coast.

Washington, June 9.—President Taft said today that he expected to be in San Francisco on October 19. He said he had decided not to visit Alaska, as he would be obliged to start late anyway, and aside from that he desired to allow Mrs. Taft to take more time to recuperate from her attack of nervous prostration due to her activity in social matters since entering the White House. He thinks the Alaska trip may come at some future time.

Five Destroyers Ordered.

Washington, June 10.—The following companies were today awarded contracts to build one torpedo boat destroyer each:

Bath Iron Works, \$659,500; New York Shipbuilding company, \$648,000; William Cramp & Sons, \$637,000; Newport News Shipbuilding company, \$620,000. The Fore River Shipbuilding company also will be awarded a contract for one at \$644,000.

Gift to Miss Boardman.

Washington, June 10.—The famous "Taft Philippine party" showed its appreciation of Miss Mabel Boardman by presenting her tonight with a diamond studded watch and chain. President Taft made the presentation. He spoke of the kindly feeling which every member of the party had toward Miss Boardman, because of what she had done to make the trip pleasant for everyone.

\$250,000 Asked for Juneau Building.

Washington, June 12.—Delegate Wickersham today introduced a bill authorizing the erection of a \$250,000 public building at Juneau, Alaska, to be used as territorial capitol, and to accommodate all government offices located there. He has also introduced a bill providing a new system of mine inspection in Alaska.

Federal Building Contracted.

Washington, June 12.—The Treasury department today awarded the contract for the Baker City, Or., Federal building to the Campbell Building company, which bid \$57,600.

## AIRSHIP RUNS AWAY.

Inventor Drives Damaged Craft to Earth and Slides Down Rope.

East St. Louis, Ill., June 7.—A castaway in the skies through the breaking of his guide rope, which formed his only connection with the earth, and later an aeronaut on the ground, with his ship floating away through space, pursued on the ground by an automobile, Claude M. Zellers, a one-legged inventor, tonight contributed new pages to the history of aeronautics.

In a machine of no type known to aeronautics, invented by William Smith, a cattle-dealer, and described as the largest aeroplane in the world, Zellers flew from East St. Louis this afternoon at 5:30 o'clock. When 100 feet up the guide rope became entangled in an apple tree and snapped, leaving the aviator a castaway. He sailed 40 miles in a zigzag course and succeeded in making a hazardous landing at Belleville, 20 miles from where he started.

Zellers was unable to stop his machinery, but pointed the nose of his craft toward the ground and allowed it to shoot down like a meteor until the end of the broken rope trailed on the ground. Just as Zellers slid down the rope, a distance of 70 feet, it broke and the dirigible, its engines going full speed, soared into the sky without a pilot.

Zellers pursued the bag for a time in an automobile, but could not keep up with it.

## TRAIN GOES THROUGH TRESTLE.

Plucky Engineer and Firemen Minimize Disaster.

Cottage Grove, Or., June 6.—When on the middle of Kern bridge, spanning Row river, on the Oregon & Southeastern, a mixed train crashed through and fell, all but the engine, 40 feet into the stream below at 4:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Seventeen passengers were hurt, all of them more or less seriously. All the available surgeons from Cottage Grove were rushed to the scene of the accident by special train, and the report from the wreck is that, while all the passengers are still alive, it is believed several are fatally hurt.

John Coates, the fireman, went down with the train, fell in the river, swam out, hurried to the nearest telephone and phoned for assistance and all the available doctors. The work train had just arrived and having steam up, a relief train was hurried to the scene. The wrecked train was due here at 5 o'clock, and the engine had just cleared the bridge when the center span gave way. The activity of Engineer William Ostrander saved the engine from piling on top of the other cars in the ravine. Ostrander set the brakes and the train parted at the tender, twisting the rods and the engineer was seriously injured by the reversing lever. The tender now rests on top of the coach, 12 feet of which is under water.

## \$100,000,000 FOR SUBWAYS.

That's What Complete System for Chicago Will Cost.

Chicago, June 7.—A complete system of subways for Chicago will cost from \$100,000,000 to \$112,000,000, and be able to transport from 509,960 to 529,120 passengers hourly, with seats for all; and with the present surface and elevated lines will supply adequate transportation until 1931 or 1950, according to plans adopted. These are the conclusions of City Engineer Ericson and Subway Engineer R. C. St. John, submitted today to Commissioner of Public Works Hanberg, in a supplemental report on subways.

The report has four distinct plans for construction, with two variations of each, and with the exception of collating engineering details practically completes the city's report on tunnels for passenger traffic in downtown Chicago.

## Packers in Law's Grip.

Topeka, Kan., June 7.—That the Cuba Packing company had paid \$2,000 to the government for alleged violation of the internal revenue laws, is announced by United States District Attorney H. G. Bone. Indictments on 695 counts are pending against the company. The company is charged with putting a one-fourth cent stamp on oleomargarine that required a 10-cent stamp. The paying of the amount due does not end the case, however, as the company is subject to a fine of from \$10 to \$1000 on each of the 695 counts.

## Blast Away Huge Hill.

Aberdeen, Wash., June 7.—Everything is in readiness for the firing of the big blast that is expected to blow away a hill a mile long on the Satsop river, near Elma, on the grade of the Grays Harbor branch of the Union Pacific. The dynamite and powder will all be placed in caches that have been made in a tunnel in the hill. All farmers have been warned, and all roads near the scene are guarded. About 100,000 yards of earth will be loosened.

## Demand Freeman Resign.

Orange, N. J., June 7.—Because he invited Emma Goldman and Alexander Berkman, anarchists, to a luncheon recently given by the exclusive Mayflower Descendants' Society, Alden Freeman, of this place, has been asked to resign from the Orange chapter, Sons of the American Revolution.

## Peru Sends Swede Home.

Lima, Peru, June 7.—The Peruvian government has canceled the exequatur of the Swedish consul-general, Luis Lemoboke, in whose house on May 1 Carlos Pierlos and others implicated in the rising against the government took refuge.

## SAILED 44 HOURS

Winner of Balloon Race Shows Great Endurance.

## MAY BREAK DISTANCE RECORD

Kentuckian Takes Shot at the Indiana, and Alabamian at the New York—Novices Win Trophies.

Indianapolis, June 8.—If the balloon Indiana has not been disqualified by touching earth it has broken the American endurance record by staying in the air more than 44 hours. Since the balloon started in the national distance race of the Aero club of America from this city Saturday two reports have been received from it.

One was that it had touched the earth in Tennessee and had taken on water and proceeded toward the south. If this is true the balloon is disqualified under the rules of the International Aeronautical Federation. A second dispatch signed by the pilot, Carl Fisher, and his aide, G. L. Bumbaugh, has stated that they dropped down near enough to earth to let down a lid and draw up a bucket of water. Under these conditions she has not been disqualified.

It is not possible according to available information, that the Indiana had broken the distance record of 852 miles, for it was traveling due south and would come to the Gulf coast almost 100 miles short of the record established by the German balloon Pommern in the international race nearly two years ago for the James Gordon Bennett trophy, which started from St. Louis and landed at Asbury Park, N. J.

The last of the six balloons entered in the national distance race from which a definite landing report has been received is the St. Louis III, which dropped at Kelo, Tenn., having covered about 340 miles. A. B. Lambert was pilot and H. E. Honeywell the aide. Other balloons landed are as follows:

New York, A. Holland Forbes, pilot; landed at Corinth, Miss., covering 375 miles in 36 hours, 10 minutes.

University City, of St. Louis, traveled 340 miles, landing at Blanche, Tenn.; time, 25 hours, 24 minutes.

Hoosier, Captain Baldwin, pilot, traveled 240 miles, landing at Green Brier, Tenn.

Cleveland, landed at Columbus, Ind., 40 miles, 2 hours 55 minutes.

Dr. Gotheink, pilot, and R. J. Irwin, assistant, flying the Indianapolis, won both the trophies in the handicap race, which started at 3:45 o'clock Saturday afternoon, just preceding the national race. The Indianapolis won the cup offered for the greatest distance by the Indianapolis Merchants' association, having approximately 16 miles better to her record than the Ohio. She also won the Fisher trophy for time in the air, having a margin of almost two hours over the Chicago. The victory of the Indianapolis men and their balloon is considered remarkable, inasmuch as they are new at ballooning. They started on their flight with but five bags of sand, and were lightly provisioned. They made 235 miles, and were in the air 19 hours.

A message from them says their highest altitude was 13,000 feet. They were shot at twice as they went over Kentucky, but were not hit.

The New York, which landed near Corinth, Miss., was also shot at Sunday night, while passing over Morgan county, Alabama.

## Utah Floods Still Rising.

Salt Lake, June 8.—Rain is feeding the overflowing streams in and about Salt Lake tonight, and there is no prospect of a recession of the floodwaters, which have already inflicted damage to the extent of \$80,000. The raging torrent has filled the bed of City creek with sand and gravel until the stream has overflowed. The street is two feet under water, sidewalks are buried in mud and lawns are quagmires. Street cars are operated with great difficulty. Jordan river is overflowing and driving residents from their homes.

## Aeronaut to Ape Columbus.

Chicago, June 8.—With the same northeast trade winds with which Columbus figured out his route to the discovery of America, Joseph Brucker says he will attempt to cross the Atlantic in an airship or dirigible balloon. He said: "I will spend most of the winter in building my airship and in the spring I expect to start my voyage from Cadiz, Spain. I expect to land either in Cuba or somewhere in the Middle states."

## Nebraska Suffers Heavily.

Lincoln, Neb., June 8.—Seven inches of rain at Hebron and four inches at Pleasantdale today caused floods and serious damage in and near those towns. More than 200 feet of Burlington track were under six feet of water, and trains were stalled for ten hours. A Burlington freight engine and four cars went into a ditch on account of the soft track.

## White Salmon Moves Back.

White Salmon, Wash., June 8.—The Columbia river at this place is high and still rising rapidly. It is expected the waters will reach the highest point in many years. A large part of the flat below the town is flooded and preparations are being made to move above the danger line many buildings and warehouses near the water's edge.