

HEARST IS DEFEATED

Recount Leaves Mayor McClellan Good Majority.

MAY NOW SUE FOR DAMAGES

Decision Against Plaintiff Renders Him Liable to Suit for Heavy Damages for Slander.

New York, July 2.—George B. McClellan was declared to have been duly elected Mayor of New York over William R. Hearst in 1905 by Justice Lambert yesterday. By the justice's orders the jury returned a verdict to that effect. The recount left McClellan with a plurality of nearly 3,000 and counsel for Attorney-General Jackson, who brought quo warranto proceedings against the mayor, was unable to prove his contention that the ballot boxes were stuffed.

C. J. Shearn, counsel for the contestant, asserted that the ballot boxes were stuffed. Yesterday Mr. Shearn offered evidence in an effort to show that Mr. Hearst was defrauded of 6,953 votes. He then rested his case.

Counsel for Mayor McClellan offered in evidence the official returns of the election inspectors and the poll books and tally sheets from the county clerk's office.

In his address to the jury, Justice Lambert said that no fraud had been proved in the case and if he should permit the disfranchisement of citizens on such slight evidence, this country would last but a very short time.

New York, July 2.—The wind-up of the recount trial, which demonstrated conclusively that George B. McClellan did not steal the mayoralty chair, the property of William Randolph Hearst, is believed to be the signal for other interesting court proceedings. The mayor and his advisors are now contemplating the advisability of bringing a suit for damages. Eminent lawyers agree that a good sized verdict is more than a possibility as the plaintiff would be in a position to prove that he had been mentally and financially injured. Discussing the case, a leading member of the bar said:

"McClellan would be justified in suing for \$250,000, and a verdict of that amount would, I believe, be upheld by the highest courts. From election day until the present time the Hearst papers have alluded to McClellan as the 'Fraud Mayor.'"

JAP POACHERS NUMEROUS.

Many Small Craft Making Their Way to Behring Sea.

San Francisco, July 2.—Floating ice in the Bering sea is unusually heavy this summer and a distinct menace to shipping, reports Captain Hagen of the steamer Grace Dollar, which has returned to this port after a cruise of 45 days to Dutch Harbor. The flocs were so thick off St. George's Island that the Grace Dollar was forced to lie off that port several days before she could effect a landing.

Revenue officers on duty off the islands report that several Japanese sealers are already on the ground and over 30 more are making their way up the coast. The illegal practices of these ships last season resulted in a clash between the United States officials and the illicit traders, with the result that six Japanese were killed after landing contrary to government regulations.

The large number of Japanese craft now on their way to the grounds is viewed with suspicion by the revenue officers, who expect more trouble before the summer is over. To protect United States interests four cutters are now in northern waters.

MAKES LION ROAR.

Shah Demands Surrender of Refugees by British.

London, July 2.—The foreign office has refused the request of the Persian government that the political refugees at the British legation in Teheran be handed over to the local authorities and at the same time it has protested with warmth against the action of the shah in posting troops in the neighborhood of the legation. Sir Edward Grey, the foreign secretary, said the refugees would not be given up without definite and reliable guarantee of their proper treatment.

Will Fly for Prize.

New York, July 2.—Arrangements have been completed here for what it is said will be the first publicly tested flight ever made in America for a prize offered for the successful navigation of the air by heavier-than-air machines.

The test will be made next Saturday at Hammondsport, N. Y., by Glenn H. Curtiss in his new machine, the "June Bug," which made its notable flight of 1,140 yards last Saturday. Mr. Curtiss has challenged for the Scientific American cup offered last year for competition of all types of heavier-than-air machines.

\$100,000 for Aeroplanes.

Paris, July 2.—The Journal des Debats says that the Wright Bros. of Dayton, O., have signed a contract with Lazare Weiller, who is acting for a syndicate which offers the Wrights \$100,000 for their patents, provided, first, that their aeroplane, with two persons on board, flies 31 miles in an enclosed circuit, and, second, that it repeats this performance within eight days in the presence of a committee.

Fish Trust Pleads Guilty.

Chicago, July 2.—A. Booth & Co., one of the largest concerns dealing in fish and oysters in the west, pleaded guilty Tuesday to having accepted rebates from railroad companies. An indictment against the company was returned a year ago.

SOARS ALL DAY.

Zeppelin's Airship Flies Over Half of Switzerland.

Friedrichshaven, July 2.—Count Zeppelin today outdistanced all world records for steerable balloons. He remained in the air for 12 hours, traversed the greater part of Northern Switzerland, and visited Zurich, Winterthur and Lucerne, attaining an average speed throughout of 34 miles an hour.

His airship displayed splendid qualities of dirigibility, and answered the slightest movement of the helm, while its stability was quite up to the greatest expectations.

In the most desirable weather conditions, almost a dead calm, the airship manned by a crew of four, under the leadership of Count Zeppelin, left its floating home on Lake Constance at 8:30 o'clock in the morning. Less than five minutes later the balloon rose about 1000 feet in the air and turned her bows toward Constance. About 9 o'clock it had disappeared on the western horizon.

Telephone messages from Frauenfeldt, Winterthur and other towns soon reported the appearance of the airship and her passage over the Canton of Zurich. The giant craft remained ten minutes hovering over the town of Zurich and the lake, and then vanished from view at a rapid rate in the direction of Lucerne.

It was about 11 o'clock when the airship came into view at Lucerne, and the thousands of astonished tourists from all parts of the world, including hundreds of Americans, greeted her with loud cheers as she sailed quickly over the waters of the lake.

With the greatest precision, Count Zeppelin guided his airship and proceeded to carry out a long series of evolutions which included complicated figures, circles, the figure 8, sharp turns, descents and ascents. He then undertook a tour of the whole lake, visiting every bay and indentation along the shores. Finally he turned the nose of the ship homeward, crossing the Albis range of mountains.

HEARST WELL SATISFIED.

Says His Fight for Recount Was Only for Principle.

New York, July 3.—The following cablegram was received from W. R. Hearst in regard to the result of the New York mayoralty contest result:

London, July 1, 1908.—The result is more than satisfactory to me, and I hope it will sufficiently satisfy the citizens for whom this long and arduous struggle has been carried on. I have said from the beginning that the fight was not to make me mayor, but to secure an honest count of the vote cast by the citizens. In the face of enormous and unnecessary difficulties that count has been secured, and hereafter it will not be possible for election thieves to commit frauds in secrecy and security behind the barrier of the law.

"Whatever election crime is committed, be it great or small, must be publicly accounted for. That has been accomplished and it means much for the safety of the republic.

"WM. RANDOLPH HEARST."

Escapes Extradition.

Puerto Cortez, Honduras, July 3.—Francis D. Bailey, president of the Export Shipping company, of New Jersey, who, together with his brother, Albert W. Bailey, Charles H. H. Myers and Captain A. Oxley, was placed aboard the Norwegian steamer Ustein yesterday in custody of Lieutenant P. W. Berry, of the New York police department, made his escape in a small boat from the steamer last night. The boat was found on the beach this morning. Search is being made by soldiers in the woods and swamps near by.

Marooned for Months.

Victoria, B. C., July 3.—Twenty fishermen marooned for months on Victor island and rescued by two Brazilian training ships, were landed at Yokohama, according to news received by the Empress of China. The men were left with orders to fish by the Japanese fishery schooner Hokui Maru on January 1 last, and were abandoned. They were found on May 26, and were starving when rescued. The Japanese police have arrested the captain of the Hokui Maru at Yokohama for marooning the fishermen.

600 Lost in Storm.

Victoria, B. C., July 3.—News of a marine disaster involving the loss of over 600 lives at Batavia, was brought by the Empress of China. Many overboarded boats were overturned in the harbor during a storm. The shrieking passengers struggling in the water had no chance of rescue, as the more fortunate boats in the neighborhood were already crowded. Many were snapped up by sharks. About 50 were rescued by fishermen, but over 600 were drowned.

Poisoned by Wholesale.

Saigon, Cochinchina, July 3.—Two hundred soldiers belonging to the French Colonial infantry were seized with a sudden nausea in their barracks here today. The unexpected illness cannot be accounted for, and it is believed the men are victims of an attempt at wholesale poisoning.

Prepare for Bridal Pair.

Turin, July 3.—It is reported here that preparations are being made at Royal chateau at Raconigi for the reception of the Duke of Abruzzo, and his prospective bride, Miss Katherine Elkins, daughter of Senator S. B. Elkins, of West Virginia.

Plague Still Raging.

Port of Spain, Trinidad, July 2.—Since June 21 there have been six new cases of plague at this place, three of them terminating fatally. Four cases are now under treatment, three of them improving.

OREGON STATE ITEMS OF INTEREST

HARVEST HANDS PLENTY

Pendleton Full of Men Looking for Work on Farms.

Pendleton.—Harvest hands were never more plentiful in Pendleton and Umatilla county than they are today. Last year it was almost impossible for the ranchers to get men to harvest their hay at the prices usually prevailing for that kind of work. The city is now teeming with men willing to work at almost any price.

A peculiar feature of this year's conditions is that the men all seem to be strangers. There are few old faces among them, the men who are accustomed to come in year after year not having appeared. When these men arrive the situation from the laboring man's standpoint will be even worse, though the farmers are rejoicing in the prospect of getting their help much cheaper than for a number of years.

Last year grain farmers were compelled to plead with laborers to go to work at anywhere from \$2.50 to \$3 a day. The distance from town, the number of hours and the liquid refreshments also figured. This year conditions seem to be reversed. The working man is pleading with the farmer and asking for a chance to go to work at any price.

The prevailing price is from \$1.25 to \$1.50 per day and there are plenty of men to be had at these figures. It is believed the large influx of men is from the east, having been thrown out of employment by the shutting down of mills and factories.

CREAMERY FOR CLATSKANIE

Farmers Sign Contracts for Output of Next Five Years.

Clatskanie.—A meeting of Nehalem valley farmers was held at Mist, nine miles from here, Tuesday afternoon, to make arrangements for the establishment of a creamery at that place. J. C. Lang, a practical creamery man from Wisconsin, has been working the proposition up among the farmers for the past three weeks, and has succeeded in interesting them to the extent of obtaining contracts for five years to take all their cream at within one and one-half cents per pound of the highest market price for butter, they also to put up suitable buildings and furnish the boiler for the operation of the plant. Between 4,000 and 5,000 gallons of cream are shipped monthly from this district to Portland creameries, and dairying is yet in its infancy.

Oil for River Steamers.

Portland.—Two large oil-carrying steamers, the Rosecrans and Colonel E. Drake, the former towing a big three-masted steel barge, also laden with oil, have arrived at the tanks at Ports mouth.

Greater quantities of oil are being brought to Portland each month on the dozen or more of tank steamers that are regularly employed in the oil trade of the Pacific coast. The Rosecrans and Colonel E. Drake each have capacity for about 40,000 barrels of oil.

This immense oil traffic has developed during the past few years. Ten years ago an oil tank steamer was unknown to this port and there were no large tanks along the river for the reception of the immense shipments of today. In those days the oil was brought here by rail. The great increase in the demand for oil is due altogether to the fact that most power craft plying out of here have discarded the use of wood or coal for the liquid fuel which is much easier to handle, a great deal cleaner and not nearly as bulky.

"Spotless Town."

Grant's Pass.—A ladies' auxiliary to the Grant's Pass commercial club has been organized with a large membership for the purpose of promoting civic improvement. It has already laid plans for beautifying the city. More shade trees, prettier yards, better fences, wider sidewalks, cleaner streets and more roses and flowers are on the program. The recent successful rose show and flower festival was the result of the women's work. The unsightly billboards of the town will be attacked. The women will also assist the council in getting the streets paved.

New Squirrel Killer.

Weston.—Edward Anderson, living on the foothills near Weston, has originated a cheap and successful method of exterminating squirrels, which have caused much damage in his locality. Locating a populous squirrel colony, he goes out with an equipment of newspaper scraps, sulphur and matches. At every hole he places a slip of paper and a teaspoonful of sulphur. Setting this fire, he covers the blaze with weeds and dirt. The result is that the squirrels are all smothered in their subterranean houses. One pound of sulphur will kill 200 squirrels.

Bridge Over Necanicum.

Astoria.—County Judge Trinchard and Engineer W. A. Grondahl, of Portland, went to Seaside yesterday to investigate the feasibility of bridging the Necanicum river near its mouth to complete the continuation of the automobile road along the Beach to Seaside. Mr. Grondahl had already secured tests of the river banks for the bridge foundations, and as soon as the measurements are forwarded to him will prepare the plans for the proposed structure.

Resume Work on Road.

Hillsboro.—Several contractors recently have been looking over the work on the Pacific Railway & Navigation between this point and Tillamook, and present indications are that construction is soon to be resumed. The road is completed for about 20 miles out from this point, and six months' uninterrupted work would complete the grade and bridge building into Tillamook.

EUGENE SUMMER SCHOOLS.

Large Attendance at University and High School.

Eugene.—The summer school at the University of Oregon and the high school are now in progress, the latter having opened Monday morning. The work at the University of Oregon summer school is progressing very satisfactorily, the interest and enthusiasm of those in attendance being very marked. The instructors are: Biology and nature study, A. R. Sweetser; general chemistry, F. R. Shinn; education, H. D. Sheldon; English literature, Angeline Williams; German, F. G. G. Schmidt; history, Joseph Schafer; mathematics, E. E. DeCou; physics, W. P. Boynton; French and Spanish, Professor Cloran. The laboratory work is done in the afternoon hours.

The Lane County Normal School, which opened Monday morning in the Eugene high school building, under the supervision of Superintendent Alderman and County Superintendent Dillard, had for the first day an attendance of 34, which will probably be increased soon to more than 40. The purpose of this school is to prepare teachers for their examinations and the studies in which they are to be tried out are taught here. The school will continue six weeks.

NEW FEATURE OF CHATAUQUA

Special Provisions Made for Young Women to Attend.

The State Board of the Young Women's Christian Associations are making it possible for young women to get the educational advantages of the Gladstone and Ashland Chatauqua Assemblies under economical and congenial social conditions.

They will open permanent headquarters for young women. There will be a central reception tent, and small dormitory tents (two single cots in each tent) completely equipped for comfort. The price per night will be 25 cents. Simple breakfast and lunches at 15 cents for those occupying the tents will be furnished.

It is hoped that a large number of young women will avail themselves of this pleasant arrangement. Miss Frances C. Gage, Northwest Secretary, will be in charge of the Gladstone camp, and Mrs. W. J. Honeyman of the Ashland camp. It is planned to make this a pleasant "house party" for the two weeks of the Assembly. It will be a delightful and profitable holiday for young women all over the state. All desiring to avail themselves of this splendid opportunity should send in their names as soon as possible to Miss Gage, 192 McMillan street, Portland, Oregon. The session is from July 7 to 19, inclusive.

Special to Cherry Fair.

Portland.—The Oregon Electric Railway company is negotiating with local business organizations to run a special train to Salem, Friday, July 9, for the benefit of visitors to the Salem cherry fair. Portland people have received an urgent general invitation to attend the Salem fair. The electric road has made special rates. It is proposed to run a special train that will leave Salem on the return trip at 10:30 p. m., and get the excursionists back to Portland about midnight.

Discontinue Drain Normal.

Salem.—Fearing that the people of the state would rise up and by initiative procedure abolish the entire normal school system of Oregon, the state board of regents voted to recommend to the legislature that the school at Drain be discontinued. The action was taken in the face of Secretary of State Benson and a delegation from Drain consisting of G. M. Bassett, banker; N. D. Cool, merchant, and W. C. Edwards, packer.

PORTLAND MARKET.

Wheat—Track prices: Club, 88¢ per bushel; red Russian, 86¢; bluestem, 90¢; Valley, 88¢.

Millstuffs—Bran, \$26 per ton; middlings, \$50.50; shorts, country, \$28.50; city, \$28; wheat and barley chop, \$27.50.

Barley—Feed, 25¢ per ton; rolled, \$27.50@28.50; brewing, \$26.

Oats—No. 1 white, \$27.50 per ton; gray, \$27.

Hay—Timothy, Willamette Valley, \$17 per ton; Willamette Valley, ordinary, \$15; Eastern Oregon, \$18.50; mixed, \$16; clover, \$14; alfalfa, \$12; alfalfa meal, \$20.

Dressed Meats—Hogs, fancy, 8¢ per pound; ordinary, 7¢; large, 6¢; veal, extra, 8¢; ordinary, 6¢@7¢; heavy, 5¢; mutton, fancy, 8¢@9¢; heavy, 7¢.

Butter—Extra, 25¢ per pound; fancy, 24¢; choice, 20¢; store, 16¢.

Eggs—Oregon, 171¢@184¢ per dozen.

Cheese—Fancy cream twins, 13¢ per pound; full cream triples, 13¢; full cream Young Americas, 14¢; cream brick, 20¢; Swiss block, 18¢; Limburger, 20¢.

Poultry—Mixed chickens, 11¢@11½¢ per pound; fancy hens, 12¢; roosters, 9¢; fryers, 16¢@17¢; broilers, 16¢@17¢; ducks, - old, 15¢; spring, 15¢@20¢; geese, 8¢@9¢; turkeys, alive, 16¢@18¢ for hens, 14¢@16¢ for gobblers; dressed, 17¢@19¢.

Potatoes—Old Oregon, \$1@1.10 per hundred; new California, 2¢@2½¢ per pound.

Fresh Fruits—Oranges, fancy, \$3.25 @3.75; lemons, \$4@4.75; strawberries, 50¢@1.25 per crate; grape fruit, \$2.75 @3.25 per box; bananas, 5¢@6¢ per pound; cherries, \$1@1.25 per box; raspberries, 5¢ per pound; apricots, \$1@1.25 per crate; cantaloupes, \$2.75 @3.25; blackberries, \$1@1.25 per crate; peaches, 90¢@1 per crate; plums, \$1 per crate.

Onions—California red, \$1.65@1.75 per sack; Bermuda, \$2 per crate; garlic, 15¢@20¢ per pound.

Hops—1907, prime and choice, 5¢@5½¢ per pound; olds, 3¢@2½¢ per pound.

Wool—Eastern Oregon, average best, 6¢@18½¢ per pound, according to shrinkage; Valley, 10¢@12½¢.

Mohair—Choice, 18¢@19¢ per pound.

KIDNAP RANCHER'S DAUGHTER

Captor Uses Her as Shield When Overhauled.

Fresno, Cal., July 1.—Using the body of the girl he had kidnaped from her father's house as a shield for his own body, Cleve Rogers held the posse that had run him down at bay for half an hour yesterday before finally surrendering himself and the girl. The girl, Edna Domingue, 16 years old, daughter of a wealthy stockman and oil man of Coalinga, was returned to her parents. She recently graduated from the Holy Cross College, in Santa Cruz.

Waked from a sound sleep by the firing of a dozen rifle shots in the yard of her ranch home in the foothills of the Coast range, she stumbled out into the night to find herself staring into the muzzles of two rifles held in the hands of a pair of desperadoes. Her father and mother had preceded her and they stood with hands up. The whole scene was lighted by the glare of a burning barn which the bandits had fired.

Clad only in her nightdress, the young girl stood terrified, staring at the grotesque scene that met her eyes. As she watched, before she had time to realize what was happening, two of her father's ranch hands came running to the spot. Instantly one of the bandits ordered them to "throw up their hands."

Tony Lovell, one of the hold-up men, demanded \$5,000 from Domingue. Domingue declared there was no money in the house. Rogers thereupon forced the young girl to guide him through her home, pointing out the places where the family kept their plate and other valuables. In vain the child pleaded that there was only 10 cents in her bureau drawer.

When the search revealed nothing, the ruffians took her out, harnessed one of the teams belonging to Domingue, bundled the girl into it and drove off. Then Domingue, who had been released, after promising to produce \$5,000 ransom, made his way to Coalinga and spread the alarm. Immediately several posses started and at 4:30 yesterday afternoon Rogers was overtaken at Jacks Springs. He fired two shots, but seeing the armed oil men and officers swarming in, gave up.

He and the girl were brought to town in an automobile. A big crowd gathered and would have lynched Rogers had not Sheriff Chittenden pleaded with them not to take the law into their own hands.

Lovell managed to escape, but is still being pursued. Miss Domingue said the men offered no affront to her.

COLLAPSES IN COURT.

Prince von Eulenberg Overcome and Trial is Suspended.

Berlin, July 1.—The trial of Prince zu Eulenberg, on the charge of perjury and subornation of perjury in the scandal of last year, was continued in this city yesterday. The hearings are being held in private.

The prince pleaded not guilty and declared that the Munich witnesses had either been bribed or were mad. The court began yesterday by taking the testimony of Baron Alphonse de Rothschild, of Vienna, who was given precedence because he urged the necessity of his immediate return to the Austrian capital.

The prince was attended in court by a physician. During the afternoon session he was suddenly overcome with weakness and restoratives had to be applied. The sitting was suspended until today, the prince being removed in an automobile to the Charity Hospital, where he is held a prisoner.

FLOOD OF MONEY.

Big Corporations of Country Pay Out \$15,000,000 Dividends.

Chicago, July 1.—There will be distributed throughout the United States today a total of \$195,000,000, made up largely of semi-annual payments by public corporations such as railroads, large industrial concerns and banks.

This immense volume of money, cut loose from one end of the country to the other, will, it is believed, start a great business revival. It is expected to lead to widespread investments and general improvements, and will have a beneficial and bracing effect in many ways. One important feature is that railroads will have no trouble in getting funds for improvements and work is in sight for thousands of idle men.

At the present time the situation is peculiar in that not only in the United States, but in all great monetary centers of the world, money has never been more plentiful. A large part of the money is in gold.

Dying Wish Gratified.

Los Angeles, Cal., July 1.—Charles Green, a 15-year-old colored boy, who has been dying for several days at the Detention Home in this city, passed away yesterday clasping a letter from his father, who is serving a five-year sentence at San Quentin. Several days ago Judge Curtis D. Wilbur, of the Juvenile Court, was informed that the boy, who was suffering from tuberculosis, had begged for a letter from his father. Judge Wilbur communicated with the San Quentin officials and the letter was delivered a few hours before the boy's death.

Adams Pleads Poverty.

Grand Junction, Colo., July 1.—A petition was presented yesterday in the Steve Adams trial by the counsel for the defense asking the court to enter an order permitting the defense to subpoena witnesses at the cost of the state, based on the plea that the defense was without money and unable to bear the burden of this cost. The counsel stated that unless the state stood this expense the defense would be unable to produce the bulk of its witnesses.

Outlaws Held Fort.

Fort Smith, Ark., July 1.—In a fight Monday night between a posse and three men who escaped from jail at Slicer, Okla., Sunday, one outlaw and a member of the posse were wounded. The fugitives are entrenched in a cave,

COSSACKS TAKE CITY

Rebels Driven From Last Refuge and Houses Pillaged.

WOMEN FLEE IN FEAR OF LIVES

Russian Banks Shelter 1,500—Withdraws His Troops From British Legation.

St. Petersburg, July 4.—The foreign office here has received dispatches confirming the reports of recent despatches fighting at Tahriz. The quarters of the city in which the revolutionaries had taken up their positions were captured by Cossack cavalry. Among the slain forces was a detachment of the regular Cossack brigade, which was dispatched to the northeastern part of Persia some time ago on account of expected disorders. One thousand five hundred women and children are said to have taken refuge in the buildings of a Russian bank. The pillaging at Tahriz according to the latest information, still going on.

Tricked His Enemies.

London, July 4.—A special dispatch to the Times from Teheran, June 1, supplies a long history of the events that led to the recent coup d'etat. According to this announcement certain old discarded courtiers demanded dismissal from the palace of a eunuch conspirator. A delegation also called upon the Shah to expel certain court favorites, including Amir Bahadur and Chapsal Khan, two of the Shah's trusted councilors. The Shah granted feigned compliance and the conspirators prepared to escape from the capital. June 4 everything was ready and Bahadur's wild horsemen galloped through the main thoroughfares brandishing swords and rifles, causing a wild panic. Suddenly a whole regiment of Cossacks with guns ready for attack followed by the tribal cavalry with cries of "Long live the Shah!" "Down with the traitors," halted before the palace.

The bazars were all closed up as the people ran in fear of their lives. The Shah's carriage, driven by six horses, was seen issuing from the square surrounded by the six courtiers who it was supposed had been dismissed, escorted by every horseman of the Shah's could muster, each with his rifle ready to shoot anybody who might dare impede the Shah's passage.

All this happened within ten minutes and within another ten minutes the city was breathing the fresh air of Baghsah, the royal garden outside the western gate. Later in the day the queen and the crown prince went to the royal garden with an escort of 40 horsemen. This soon became the focus of the royalist activities and the surrounding gardens were appropriated as a regular camp formed which continually increased its forces. The people were taken completely by surprise, first, thinking the "whole thing" a joke but they soon discovered their mistake.

PUNISH JAP SOLDIER.

American Consul Severe Imposition of Several Penalties.

Seoul, July 4.—A Japanese soldier arrested Thursday through the American Methodist missionary premises at Poo Yang. He assaulted a Korean caretaker with a bayonet, chasing him through the missionary residence.

American Consul Sammons, when informed of the affair, called at the Japanese residence and demanded the punishment of the soldier.

By order of Prince Ito the soldier was arrested and immediately sentenced to two months' hard labor. The colonel major, captains and lieutenants of the regiment to which the soldier belongs will be disciplined by a confinement from three to seven days.

The prompt action of Prince Ito, significant of the determination of the Japanese resident-general that the soldiers maintain a proper attitude toward foreigners. The charge against the soldier was the violation of an American home and the disciplining of the officers was due to the fact that a part of the same regiment recently participated in the dumping of an American Presbyterian missionary school building at Wiju. In that case all damage was repaired by order of the resident-general.

Lone Mariner Gives Up.

San Pedro, Cal., July 4.—The ship Star, 18 tons register, has reported the custom house. Captain Nelson navigator and crew, reports that he left San Francisco June 18 for Unalaska on a prospecting tour. Ten days out from the Gate he met with an accident and suffered many hardships before he was port with a broken leg. In the light hours he called the Star the light he could at night be battered and he would be down, close reefed, the sail trusted to luck, and finally found himself 500 miles off his course, near the port.

Woman Saves Forest.

Pasadena, Cal., July 4.—Hiding through a wall of fire to get to her home in the mountains, Mrs. J. Swigert reached a telephone and notified the authorities of a serious forest fire in the Millard canyon. Mayor Early of the city sent 50 men to the scene and with the assistance of the fire rangers is reported to have the fire under control after a considerable territory was burned over. Mrs. Swigert escaped without serious injury.

Confirms \$5,000,000 Fine.

Caracas, Wednesday, July 1, by Willemstad, July 4.—The court of session has confirmed the decision of the civil courts of first instance in denying the New York & Bermuda Asphalt Company to pay a fine of \$5,000,000 to the Venezuelan government. No appeal from this last judgment possible.