assessor shall give three weeks notice in some newspaper printis respective county; if there be newspaper, then by posting up in six conspicuous places in his setting forth that on the first in October the board of equaliwill attend, at the court house county, and publicly examine the ent rolls, and correct all errors mtion, description, or qualities s, lots, or other property assessed assessor; and it shall be the persons interested to appear at ne and place appointed. Proof notice, if published in a newsshall be made by affidavit as proby law, filed with the clerk of the where the newspaper is printed. before the first Monday in Octothe year when such notice is d: if such notice be posted, proof shall be made by the affidavit essessor or his deputy, setting stime, manner, and place of postch notices, filed with the clerk of enty on or before the first Mon-October in the year when such

ages the date of meeting of the board of nges the date of meeting of the board of atten as specified in the notice, from the endsy in August to the first Monday in arr; provides for perpetuating the fact of iction of the board by requiring proof to Len the giving of notice, and prescribge form Section 2000 contains language as the duty of the board to make correcte, which is almost a literal duplicate of 1,280, R. & C. Comp. This has been das not properly belonging in a section merely prescribes what notice shall be also meeting. "assessor" shall include his

ion 37. The word "assessor," as n this act, shall be taken to in-

his deputy.

sty court may appoint special asrin event of failure of assessor

tion 38. In event of the failthe assessor to commence or conusly and vigorously prosecute the ng of the assessmer t in the manner ded by law, the county court may sarily appoint a special assessor, shall qualify in the same manner assessor, and who shall have all uties, rights, privilgees, and emolts of the assessor in making the sment for the current year, and eacts shall have the same effect as same had been done by the as-

aded to provide a way to escape from mation in which one county of the state shell in 1955, when the assessor did not the assessment and the county court flood to appoint a deputy who actually the assessment. The validity of the assessment the validity of the assessment that the property of the assessment to the same and the thought not be prejudiced by the failure assessed to act as neither mandamus nor or to act as neither mandami

ealing section.)

tion 39. That sections 2709, 3041, 3042, 3044, and 3059 of odes and Statutes of Oregon, comlinger and William W. Cotton, nd the same hereby are repealed. all acts and parts of acts in conrewith be and the same hereby

ing clause as to assessment for cor-

ction 40. That, notwithstanding

hing to the contrary in this act ained, the provisions hereof shall apply either as to the property subassessment or the mode of assessthereof, to the assessment which 1907 upon the basis of ownership been in force shall continue in lorce as to the assessment for that antil all things in and about the necessary to a valid assessment axation, shall have been done as as if this act had not been enacted.

A BILL. and the provide a more efficient and smalle system for the assessment of bank ea, shares and banking capital for taxable to define what bank stocks, shares, and sing capital shall be subject to assessment daxed; the county assessor that the duties of the county assessor formers to the assessment of the same; freezhe the manner of determining the value of such banking stock, shares, and sing capital; to prescribe the duties of the spanies, corporations, associations, copartially, and persons subject to the problem of this act, and the cashier, managems; officer, or accounting officer of either of m; and to provide penalties for the violog of such duties; to create a charge for provide such duties; to create a charge for a primer of taxes on dividends, stock, and banking capital; to provide for the stocks, and other interests; to amend set entitled "To fix the place of assessing the Checket." an act to provide a more efficient and stable system for the assessment of bank

The Cheerful View. -But, Herbert, dear, do you think can afford to go to housekeeping on

a-Sure. After we're married, you I won't have to buy you any more rs, chocolate creams, or theater

Hadn't Lost Much. by do you look so worrled?" bare swallowed a pin." fell, good gracious; they're two ts for a nickel!"—Houston Post.

national bank stock and private banks, loan national bank stock and private banks, loan and trust companies," approved February 24, 1903; to repeal sections 3049, 2063, 8064, 8065, 3067, and 3068 of the Codes and Statutes of Oregon, compiled and annotated by Hon. Charles B. Bellinger and William W. Cotton, and to repeal all acts and parts of acts in conflict herewith.

Be it enacted by the people of the state of Oregon:

this state or of the United States, shall shares. be assessed and taxed on the value of 6. All other property pertaining to on the first day of March, at the hour and taxed). of 1 o'clock a. m., in each year, at the place required by law.

cashier or accounting officer.)

amount and number of such shares of the same as other property is assessed, the capital stock of such bank, the at the place required by law. amount of its surplus or reserve funds, and the amount of its undivided profits at the hour of I o'clock a. m. of the first day of March preceding, the actual and cash value of all real estate owned by it in this state, or elsewhere, and the location of the same; also the cash value of the securities of the United States owned by it.

property.)

its full and actual cash value.

within state exempt.)

Section 4. The shares of capital be required to be assessed or taxed.

(Bank to keep and furnish list of stockholders.)

full and correct list of the names and transfer of stock when sold on execution residences of stockholders, owners, and shall apply to such sale. and annotated by Hon. Charles number of shares and the amount held, parties interested therein, showing the owned, or controlled by each party in interest, which list shall be subject to the inspection of the officers authorized to assess property for taxation. It association, copartnership, or person shall be the duty of the cashier of the difference of the cashier of the seesans of the state in annual conversion which is converted to the state in annual conversion which is converted to the state in annual conversion which is converted to the state in annual conversion which is converted to the state in annual conversion in the section 3042; and see see of this act. 4. Section 3044 is included then 3046, providing for the assessment of states. 5. Section 3059 is merged with a state of the section 3059 is merged with a state of the section 3059 is merged with a state of the section 3059 is merged with a state of the section 3059 is merged with a state of the section 3059 is merged with a copy of such list annually, between the first day of April and the fifteenth day of May in each year, showing the facts in this section specified as of the hour of 1 o'clock a. m. on the first day of March previous.

(Assessment of foreign banks, etc., and local companies and persons not printween the first day of April and the fif- within the time and in the manner by ing the facts in this section specified as of \$1,000 for each offense, to be recov

local companies and persons not principally engaged in banking.)

Section 6. Every company, association, building and loan association, trust company, or other corporation, joint stock company, or copartnership, or person, not incorporat ed for banking purposes under the for this act would be made in the corporation laws of this state or of the United States, who shall keep taluation of property March 1, an office or place of business and engage but the statutes which have heremoney, receiving money on deposit, buying selling bullion, bills of exchange, notes, bonds, stocks, or other evidences cashier, managing officer, and accounttrust companies, incorporated under repealed. the laws of this state which engages in, but not as its principal business, the business of banking, lending of money, the receiving of money on deposit, buying and selling bullion, bills of exchange, notes, bonds, stock, or other evidences of indebtedness, with a view to profit, between the first day of April and the fifteenth day of May in each year, to to stay home with me in comfort tomake out and furnish to the assessor a night," exclaimed his wife. statement, setting forth and showing such reference to such banking business his wife meant to call on us to-night, of the current year at the hour of 1 we could make them leave ours."o'clock a. m.:

> Suide Lights on History. Caesar had just crossed the Rubleon for the second time. "I may say," he a hint with such tact that it 's imjotted down, "that I have given it the double cross."

> This is the origin of the expression. Xerxes was holding the pass at Thermopylae. "Ha!" he muttered, "just freshment, and then brought in a plate like a general passenger agent!"

Then he withstood another attack.

India's population is 300,000,000-onefifth of all the people in the world.

1. The amount of money on hand and amount of money in transit.

2. The amount of funds in the hands of other banks, bankers, brokers, or others subject to draft.

3. The amountt of checks or other cash iten , not included in any of the preceding tems. 4. The amount of bills receivable,

discounted, or purchased, and other credits due or to become due, including accounts receivable, interest due and unpaid; also the value of such bills receivable, notes, and credits.

shares in national and state banks.) and shares of the capital stock or Section 1. The stockholders or share- joint stock or other companies or holders of every corporation bank locat- corporations held as an investment, ed within this state, engaged princi- or in any way representing assets, pally in the business of banking, lend- showing and deducting therefrom seing money, receiving money on deposit, curities of the United States and other buying or selling bullion, bills of ex- such stocks, bonds, and shares which change, notes, bonds, stocks, or other are exempt from taxation, if any, and evidences of indebtedness, a view to also showing those subject to taxation, profit, whether such bank be organized and the amount of each; also showing for banking purposes under the laws of the value of such bonds, stocks, and

shares shall be assessed only with re- (which real estate shall be assessed and ing to set it to rights." gard to the ownership and value thereof taxed as other real estate is assessed

7. The amount of deposits.

8. The aggregate amount of the above first, second and third items shall be (Statement to be furnished assessor by listed, and the aggregate amount of the taxable property embraced in the fourth, Section 2. To aid the assessor in de- fifth and sixth items above shall be terming the value of such shares of listed, and from the aggregate sum of year, verified by oath, showing the at its full amount as money and credits, may."

(Taxes to be a charge on dividends, stock and banking capital-Sale for Whitton. She wanted Mr. Baumgarten tax.)

Section 7. To secure the payment of taxes on bank stocks or shares, or upon banking capital, such taxes are hereby made a charge upon said shares of stock or banking capital or interest against which the said taxes are assessed and Ascertainment of value of stock -De- levied, and upon any dividend or diviductions for real estate and exempt dends thereon. It shall be the duty of every bank, or the maraging officer or Section 3. Real estate owned by officers thereof, to retain so much of real estate is assessed and taxed. The owners as shall be necessary to pay any ing for him when the upshot came." assessor shall deduct the amount of all tax assessed and levied upon their To judge by Lord Avon's face just now, gregate amount of such capital stock, until it shall have been made to appear himself. surplus fund, and undivided profit, and to such bank or its officers that such "I was sorry myself," said Mr. Brice. the remainder shall be taken as a basis taxes have been paid. Any officer of "Lady Avon talked to me and Mrs. Dane for the valuation of such shares of stock any bank who shall pay over, or autho- talked to me, lamenting your capricein the hands of the stockholders sub. rize the paying over, of any such divi- if I may presume to say it, my lord," ject to the provisions of law requiring dend or dividends, or any portion there- he added, with a twinkle. "It tried Mrs. all property to be assessed and taxed at of, contrary to the provisions of this Dane much." section, shall thereby become liable for Mr. Baumgarten the living; that is, I (Shares of national banks not located paid before the same become delin-within state exempt.) quent, on or immediately after the first terward retracted the promise and gave Monday in May in each year, the tax it to Elliotsen. Of course it looked like stock of national banks not located in collector of the county where such bank caprice, and very shameful caprice; but this state, held in this state, shall not is located shall proceed to sell such but," Lord Avon hesitated, "you will beshare or shares, stock, or interest to lieve me, I dare say, when I tell you I pay the same, together with interest, was not to blame." ning interest, penalties, and other Section 5. In every bank and bank- other personal property is sold for de- you. How was it?" ing office mentioned in section 1 of this linquent taxes, and in case of such sale act there shall be kept at all times a the provisions of law in regard to the

> (Penalty for neglect or refusal to furnish statement required.)

Section 8. The cashier, managing or other accounting officer of any company, who shall neglect or refuse to make and furnish any statement required by this act of such person or such company, as-

(Penalty for making or furnishing false or fraudulent list or statement.)

Section 9. The cashier, managing or other accounting officer of any company, association, copartnership, or person who shall willfully present to or furnish the county assessor with any statement required by this act, which statement shall be false or fraudulent, shall be deemed guilty of perjury, and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by law as otherwise provided for such

(Repealing clause.)

Section 10. That sections 3042, 3063, 3064, 3065, 3067 and 3068 of the ed and annotated by Hon. Charles B. brought vexation upon every one in the Bellinger and William W. Cotton, and two parishes than upon Mrs. Dane. ing officer of every company or associa- all acts and parts of acts in conflict tion, including building and loan and herewith, be and the same hereby are bother of this kind, she shall pay for it,"

(To be continued next week)

Stealing a March.

"Hang it all!" exclaimed Mr. Sububs. arriving home from the office, "we'll have to call on the Dubleys to-night." "Why, George, you said you wanted

"Yes, but Dubley told Balklotz he and Philadelphia Press.

Delicate Hint. "They say Miss Sharpe can convey

possible to take offense." "Yes, she has quite a gift that way. The last time Mr. Staylate called there she asked him to have some slight reof breakfast food."-Baltimore Ameri-

Bacon to the value of over \$30,000,000 was imported by Great Britain in 1904.

## The Minister's Wife By MRS. HENRY WOOD

these two, from the time when the boy, 5. The amounts of stocks and bonds Henry Carmel-for it was before his fath-(Assessment and faxation of stock and of every kind, and shares of every kind, er came to the title—would fall into no end of out-door random scrapes, and the him and brought him out of them. The earl then reigning was a valetudinarian, Henry's uncle, and the boy spent three parts of his time with him at Avon

"When did you come down?" asked Mr. Brice. "Only this morning. My mother seems

pretty well, I think?' "Y-es," assented the surgeon, with slight hesitation. "She would be much better, though, if she'd let the world wag their shares of stock therein. Such its business other than real estate its own way and not trouble herself try-

> "Meaning the new parson and his new ways?" laughed Lord Avon, who talked more freely with the surgeon than he would have done with any one else. "She has been treating me to a history of the

"Well, and it is nonsense; just that," said Mr. Brice. "I ventured to say a few words of remonstrance to Mr. Elliotsen stock, the cashier or other accounting said first, second and third items, and edly, but these new ways are all the rage one day, 'Oh,' answered he, good-naturofficer of every such bank mentioned in the aggregate sum of the taxable prop- in the fashionable world now.' 'Maybe the first section of this act is hereby re- erty embraced in the fourth, fifth and so, sir,' said I; 'but what suits a fashquired to furnish a statement to the as- sixth items, there shall be deducted the ionable congregation does not suit a russessor of the county where the same is amount of the above seventh item, and tie parish.' 'Not all at once,' he readily located, between the first day of April the amount remaining shall be assessed answered, but they'll get used to it. Brice and the fifteenth day of May in each to each company, association, or person -they'll get used to it.' Perhaps they

"I am sure my mother never will," spoke Lord Avon. "To begin with, she dislikes Elliotsen. At least, she disliked his coming to Great

to have it." Lord Avon looked surprised. "Did you know of that, Brice?"

"Most of us knew of it down here. For several days, I think, it was understood that you had actually given him the

"What-understood publicly?"

"Publicly and privately, too. Baumgarten began to make preparations for moving into the rectory; he arranged with old Mrs. Chester to take over some such bank and situate in this state any dividend or dividends belonging to of her furniture. It was the certainty shall be assessed and taxed as other such stockholders, shareholders, or he had shown which made it so mortify-

investments in real estate from the ag- shares of stock or interest respectively some of the mortification had traveled to

"In my own mind I could not at the lawful charges, in the same manner time think you were. It was not like

"It is a thing which I cannot explain, Brice, even to you. A mistake was made in-well, let us say in more quarters than one. It has been put down to my score hitherto, I find, and it can continue to be so. I am very, very sorry if it tried Mrs.

Mr. Brice recounted the past circumstances in a few words. Lord Avon listened.

"So Baumgarten and Edith married on the strength of possessing Great Whitton!" he remarked. "I wish-I wish-'

"No; they got engaged on the strength sociation, copartnership, or persons, of possessing it, and were married all the same when they knew they should not this act provided, shall forfeit the sum have it," interrupted the surgeon. "Their prospects are not grand; the living is not in pursuit of him, but of a buil which ered by indictment, for the use of the small, as I dare say you know, and there's had got loose from Farmer Ulthorn's county in which said bank is located. Lord Avon nodded. Little Whitton

was in his gift, but he did not personally know Mr. Baumgarten.

"Naturally Mrs. Dane feels anxious about their future. When she dies, her ed in. I gave him my word I would not. Income dies with her. And two or three months will about bring the end. I have just left her sitting under the pear tree in the garden; she is out-of-doors most fine days. And upon my word, I must be going on," concluded the doctor.

CHAPTER VI.

Lord Avon strolled onward with a clouded face. When staying at Avon House, a boy, he used to go over to Mr. Dane to do Latin with him in the daytime; Mrs. Dane was very fond of the of indebtedness, with a view to profit; Codoes and Statutes of Oregon, compil- rather, now that he was a man, have boy, and he was fond of her. He would

'If ever Grace gets me again into a thought his lordship.

By and by he came in view of Whitton Cottage. Mrs. Dane was still seated un- dilly." der the pear tree. Seeing Lord Avon, she waved her hand to him, and he opened the gate and entered.

"What a stranger you are," were her first words.

He kept her hand in his as he sat down on the bench beside her. She had a light, fleecy kerchief thrown over her white net cap, and a warm shawl wrapped about her shoulders. Her face, always a deliin this state on the first day of March We can leave their house earlier that, was so changed as to give Lord Avon an unpleasant thrill.

"Dear Mrs. Dane, I am sure you have been very ill." "I have been, and am," she answered

"You see the difference in me, don't you?" "I confess I do," he acknowledged. "Cannot Brice do anything better for

"No one can in this world," she gently said. "The last days here must come for us all, and they are upon me. Ah, my for them. You see I talk to you with the familiarity of old days," she concluded, a smile upon her wan face,

"I hope you will never talk to me in any other way," he said, with earnest im-

CHAPTER V.—(Continued.)

They had always been good friends, you do this—'Henry, you must do the other!' Why, you know you were as good to me as a mother."

"I like to alt and think of the days gone by," she said, "and I very often little doctor, as far as he could, shielded think of you. When we old people are no longer able to employ our time at useful work, we find occupation in recalling the past; a great pleasure lies in it."

"You are not quite old, dear Mrs. Dane." "I am not quite fifty yet, my dear, but I am old in one sense—that I am close upon the end of life. Those who are so

may surely be called old, estimating age you see, by the duration of their time here. And, do you know," she added, in low, loving tones, "that when we reach this stage, we almost long for the final change-for the better, brighter life which is waiting for us."

"But you must have regrets," said Lord Avon.

"True. All must have them in a de-ree. We cannot help regretting this world, the only home we have known. It has not been all sunshine; rather, perhaps, one of storm; yet we know its best and its worst, and we are entering one which we do not know, and so there must always lie within us a half wish to stay here longer. And then-and then-"

She paused. "And then?" he softly whispered. "And then God's loving presence re-

Mrs. Dane's voice sank to a whisper.

sumes its sway within us with all its reassuring comfort, and regrets are lost in a glow of happiness. May it be with you, my dear, when your own turn shall

Lord Avon swallowed down a lump in his throat. Mrs. Dane's hand was still in his; he pressed it gratefully, and there ensued a silence.

"It must seem hard to you, though, to leave your children here."

"Yes, especially Edith. I have not seep much of Charlotte since her marriage; she is coming down now to stay a week or two. Edith is married also. I feel anxious about Edith. I cannot help fearing that she is not strong; that if the battle of life should prove fierce, she will not be able to breast it. She is lying down now. Their income is small, and they have no residence, as we had." "Let me say a word to you, dear Mrs.

Dane," he interrupted; 'I used to bring my secrets to you in the days of yore. Do you remember one in particular? A boy got into the pond of Great Whitton, and was nearly drowned, and I had the credit of having pushed him in, and was punished for it by Mr. Dane." "I remember it well, Henry," she said,

calling him unconsciously by the old familiar name. "It was Jack Whittaker." "Just so. Every one fell upon my devoted head, reproaching me with being a wicked and cruel youngster, safe to come to a bad end. I took their abuse quietly, and I took Mr. Dane's punishment-a fearful task of Greek, which to me was punishment in earnest; and when the thing was all over and done, I whispered the truth to you one day in your dressing room, as you were sewing up a rent which I had torn in my jacket sleevethat it was not I who had thrown Whittaker into the pond. Did you believe

"Yes, my dear, I did believe you; to me you were ever truthful. You would not tell me who it was that threw him in, though; I recollect that."

"I'll tell you now. It was Jack himself. He had been at some mischief at Mr. Chester's; stealing the apricots, I believe; and he was getting away when he heard a hue and cry behind him. In his terror, for Whittaker was an arrant coward, he dashed to the side of the pond, meaning to hide himself among the rushes; missing his footing, he dashed right into it. I was standing by and saw the process. After all, the noise was

"Why did you take the punishment?" "When he floundered out, like a drowned rat, I helping him, he begged and implored me not to say that he had jump-That's how it was. Well, you believed me then, dear Mrs. Dane, and I know you will believe me now. You have blamed me in your heart for promising Great Whitton to Mr. Baumgarten, and then annulling it by bestowing it elsewhere, but -the fault did not lie with me."

"No! With Lady Avon, perhaps." "No, no, no; she wished Mr. Baum garten to have it. The whole affair was the result of an unfortunate mistake. I committed it, but in unconscious error, which I and my mother alike regret, Suffer this explanation to rest quite between ourselves, please, I should not have made it but that I cannot bear for the dear old friend of my boyhood to think unkindly of me. I saw Jack Whittaker the other day," continued Lord Avon, his tone changing to a lighter one as he rose to depart. We met in Picca-

"How is Jack getting on?"

"Very well, I believe. He has his post in the Red Tape Office and a good income from his uncle's property. He told me he had married a charming girl, asked me if I would not go down to see her. They live on the banks of the Thames, somewhere near Richmond."

"How long shall you remain here?" questioned Mrs. Dane, as she held his hand in parting.

"Only a few days. I am going into Warwickshire for some shooting. Give my love to Edith-if that's a proper nessage to a young lady who is married," he concluded, laughing.

As he was walking homeward, a clergyman, walking quickly, met and passed bim. A young man, tall and stately, whose dark, deep-set, beautiful eyes looked somewhat inquiringly at Lord Avon, and the latter knew it must be the Rev. Ryle Baumgarten. But Mr. Baumgar dear, if we, all of us, can but be prepared ten did not guess that the unpretending, homely faced stranger was the nobleman who had served him that cruel trick.

> CHAPTER VII. Mr. Baumgarten came softly forth from

pulse. "Do you remamber how you used his house in the brightness of the early | deaths unnually in I wils.

summer morning, closing the door n lessly behind him, that he might not discurb his wife above. She was in delicate health, and he had left her asleep. He was on his way to a sick parishioner,

now lying in danger. When Mrs. Baumgarten awoke, not long afterward, she lay thinking of a dream she had just had. So real and vivid did it seem that at first she wondered where she was, and looked round at the familiar objects of the bed chamber in doubt.

"Why, it was only a dream!" she exclaimed. "I am at home, and in my own

Presently she got up, and dressed herself with trembling fingers. She was weak, and languid, and hot; always in a fever now. Looking about for the coolest dress sie had, she put it on; a black and white muslin. They were in mourning for Mrs. Dane. She had died the previous winter. Summer had come round again, and it was nearly a year now since Edith's marriage.

When she had quite finished-dressing and reading, and prayers—she sat down in an easy chair before the open window, letting the sweet morning air fan her hectic face. The sun shone in the blue sky: the scent of newmown hay came from a near meadow, the hum of bees sounded drowsily in the heat; butterflies fluttered across the green lawn from flower to flower.

As the clock struck 8 Mr. Baumgarten returned, he nodded to Edith from the garden, came in, and ran upstairs. It was their breakfast hour. "I hoped to find you asleep still, Edith," he said. "I wish you would breakfast in bed!"

"Oh, Ryle, I could not; I am glad to be up; hed tires me, I think. Ryle," she said, smiling, "I have had such a lovely dream."

"Indeed! It is not often you dream. What was it?"

"When Charlotte and I were children, she used to tell her dreams of a morning. I felt quite jealous, because I never had any to tell." "Well, what was this one?"

"I thought I had a long, long journey to take, and as I set out from the door here and walked down the path to the gate, I looked round and saw you in the parlor alone. I don't know where I went, or which way; it was all strange to me. It seemed as if I went miles and miles and miles; more than I can reckon; more than there are miles in the world. But, oh! the way was lovely. The air was so light and balmy that I seemed to float along in an ecstasy. The most enchanting flowers, sweeter and lovelier and more brilliant than we can imagine out of a dream, grew on each side the way. It seemed that I had never known before what happiness was, what enjoyment meant; and it was all so vivid that when I awoke I thought it was reality."

"A pleasant dream," remarked Mr. Baumgarten. "How did it end?" "It had no ending. I was still gliding along amidst the flowers when I awoke. It took me ever so long to realize that I was in my own bed and had not gone on

that beautiful journey." "I hope the journey has made you hungry," he lightly said. "Breakfast must

be waiting." That dream occurred on Friday morning. It was the last Friday in June. On the Tuesday morning following, Edith Baumgarten was lying in extreme peril; the doctors giving little hope of her life.

Mr. Baumgarten was sitting by her bedside, holding her hand in his; his tears were kept back, his voice was low with "Do not say we 'have suppressed grief. been happy,' my darling; say 'we are.' I cannot part with you; there is hope yet."

none. Oh, Ryle, my husband, it will be a hard parting!" She feebly drew his face to hers, and his tears fell upon it. "Edith, if I lose

you, I shall lose all that is of value to me

"There is none," she walled-"there is

(To be continued.)

A Camera Fiend.

A well known criminal lawyer one day sauntered into a police court just as a case was called. It appeared that the defendant had no attorney and the judge glanced about the room to see whom he might assign to the case.

"I'll take it, judge," the late comer said, wishing to pass away the time. "By the way, what is the man charged with?" the attorney presently

"He's a camera fiend of the worst sort, Mr. Brown," the judge said with a slight smile. "I expect to send him to the workhouse for about three months."

"What!" the lawyer shouted indignantly. "Your Honor must be joking. Send a man to the rock pile for three months for a little harmless amusement like taking pictures?"

"Well," the judge said mildly, "he don't take pictures much-it's the cameras he takes."

"Small Ad" Joke.

The honeymoen had just finished waning when he meandered home at

"I suppose," he remarked to his better half, "you will class me as a brute?" "Oh, no," she answered calmly. "You are too late to classify."-Columbus Dispatch.

Tough Luck. The pedestrian had just staggered tu his feet after being knocked down by a runaway horse.

"It's just my measly luck," he growted, "to be run over by a horse when there are "o many automobiles in town." And he limped slowly and sadly

Suspicious.

"Did you ever cast your bread upon the waters?" asked the parson. "No," replied Newliwed, "but I suspeet my wife has hers cast at an iron

foundry." Particulars Wanted.

"Ah, dearest," sighed young Brokeleigh, "I cannot live without you." "Why not?" queried the girl with the obese bank balance. "Did you lose your

Tuberculosis causes some