

Death of Randolph.

Randolph, in fast declining health, reached Philadelphia, whither he went to take passage from that port. He was too late for the Liverpool packet. He exposed himself to the inclemency of the weather, took cold, which aggravated his disease, and hastened its fatal termination. He was put to bed—his death bed—in his lodgings, at the City Hotel. The idiosyncrasies which had, of late years especially, marked his demeanor, distinguished the last hours of his life. The sudden bursts of petulance which disease wrung from him; the affecting kindness which disease could not wholly take from him; the rambling conversation in the intervals of acute suffering, in some passages as brilliant as ever—the last gleamings of the sinking lamp; the groanings of remorse which a review of his past life, at the bar of a stern self-judgment, drew from his contrite heart; the fervid prayer; the hesitating hope; the trust, qualified by self-condemnation, in the Saviour whose name he professed; the concluding act ere the curtain fell upon the last scene of earth; propped up by pillows, he called witnesses to his confirmation of his will providing for freedom and support for his slaves, and the last conscious words, which fired his eye and braced his sinking frame, as, speaking in this connection, he laid his skeleton hand strongly upon the shoulder of his faithful servant, John, and said with emphasis—"especially this man." And then—this last charge upon his conscience off—his mind wandered away to the light, and the scenes, and the friends of the early day; and, the mutterings of his voice growing gradually fainter, as he passed on into the thicker shadows of the DARK VALLEY, the fluttering shade stood still, and John Randolph, of Roanoke, was numbered with the dead!—May 24th, 1833, aged sixty.

ECONOMY IN WASHING.—Since the disagreeable rite celebrated as "washing day" cannot be dispensed with altogether, we remember to have promised some instructions to young housekeepers overlooking the ceremony for the first time.

The first grand requisite is plenty of good river or rain water; when it is necessary that hard water should be substituted, some simple chemical process can be used successfully to lighten the labor. If soda is chosen, the less quantity that will suffice the better. This should be dissolved by pouring boiling water over it before it is put in the tub; it will not answer so well thrown in in lumps. The soap should not be too new, or it will waste. The bars should be cut in pieces as soon as brought home, and so exposed to the air.

We give a recipe for preparing suds, recommended by good authority: To every eight gallons of water add an ounce and a half of yellow soap cut small, one ounce of soda, and one pint of lime-water. The clothes should be laid to soak in cold water some hours, then put on with the suds cold; let them come to boil slowly, and boil half an hour. Take them out, examine each article carefully, and rub with soap where necessary. Washing "Peggies," or "Jennies," are very destructive things, and nothing but rubbing, with judgment will clean some clothes.

Those who are not so anxious to save themselves trouble, will find it better to soap with good yellow soap and warm water, and rub them once or twice, or thrice as they are more or less soiled. Boil them well for half an hour, and rinse in blueing water. The best laundresses prefer hard water rinsings.—Ger. Tel.

INVALUABLE REMEDIES.—Here are a few simple remedies for prevalent disorders, which we have no hesitation in recommending as infallible:

For sea sickness—stay at home. For drunkenness—drink cold water. For health—keep in "out of the wet." For accidents—keep out of danger. To make money—advertise in the UMPQUA GAZETTE. For coughs and colds—take cherry Pectoral. To keep out of jail—pay your debts. To be happy—subscribe for a newspaper. To please all—mind your own business. To have a good conscience—"pay the printer."

THOROUGHLY PATRIOTIC.—The Panama Star, giving the incidents of the recent earthquake there, says: "One patriotic individual rushed to his national flag. In vain a friend told him he would be no safer there; that earthquakes respect no flag.—'I'll be damned if they shan't ours, though,' he replied. 'If any earthquake dare touch that flag the whole Union would rise to put it down.'"

Christianity is not a theory to be criticised so much as a life to be copied.

Poetry.

Owed to the Steam Fire Engine.

Suggested by Seeing it Skewit. BY A. STOIC. Great engine you have eradicated Fire machines Worked by human muscle—Great engine you skewit on the tops of houses where the flames protrude, and you immediately extinguish.

Grate Engine— Stupendous steam pump. You suck. You Draw up, and you skewit water on the raging and devouring element commonly known as Fire. And you suckseat in quenching the aforsed Stupendous Steam pump.

Mitey destroyer of ignited kombustibuls when you Get to a sistern, you run your suctions in. Your Enginear puts on additional steam. And you proceed forthwith to darken down the en-lighted matter.

Mitey destroyer of ignited kombustibuls. Grand ecksterminister of blaseeing materials, You Must feel proud becase you have plenty of water on hand and don't use Spirituous lickens—You don't work much becase you have nothing to do.

Grand ecksterminister of blaseeing material. Wonderful infantile Water Works. You have Superseded the laboreusefforts of individuals to perfect hand pumps. And you Now stand out in bass relief to the enemy Of Flame. Bebase you always come out first best!

Wonderful infantile Water Works! Thou spreader of the akweons Fluid—You Know full well, your hundred of feet of pipe in Your Niler, big wheels, little valves, &c., are death to the old fire boys and useful to Insurance Companies.

Thou spreader of the akweons Fluid! Steam Fire Engine—your useful. You use wood and coal—you make a big noise with your whistle, and You leave a streak of fire behind you in the street. But steam Fire Engine your Useful. Your a—trump. Go on—Go on Steam Fire Engine.

Go on—Grate old Skewit.

Vicissitudes of Fortune.

A writer in the London Economist, sums up a very able article on Napoleon III, as follows: "The same man who landed at Boulogne in 1840, with a single steamer and a few friends, on a desperate and abortive expedition, revisits in 1854, to review a vast army and receive the homage of countless spectators. The same man who six years ago lived in obscurity in London, scarcely able to pay his tailor's and quite unable to pay his horse dealer's bill—whom many looked upon as stupid, and whom none looked upon as wise, of whom few augured well, and whom few would trust much, we have just seen receiving visits and compliments of the consort of our Queen, entertaining three royal guests at his table, one of them the son-in-law of the very monarch whom he had succeeded, and admitted beyond all denial into the social circle of royal personages. Nor is this change in his singular fortunes the only one, nor perhaps the greatest. We can imagine him smiling, with even more grim satisfaction as he contrasts the language of the English press regarding him in 1832 and now; sitting with the Times or Examiner, of December, 1851, or of August, 1854, before him, and marveling at the metamorphosis, the unmeasured abuse showered upon him at the former date, and the decorous respect and cordial praise with which he is spoken of now. The 'swell' and the 'sanguinary ruffian,' is now the polite and sagacious Emperor, and tete-a-tete with Prince Albert and King Leopold.

LARD.—The following remarks, which we find in the Dollar Newspaper, contain some suggestions, but the writer is mistaken as to the "great-grandfather" part of the business, for it is absolutely necessary to keep the rough lard hot for several hours, or else a large portion of it will stay behind. If taken off the fire as it appears to be melted, at least two-thirds of the lard will remain unseparated. It is true there is nothing in the whole routine of housekeeping that requires more attention, in keeping the lard at the melting point without burning;

I find in the "Newspaper," of late, several communications in regard to curing hams. This is all very well, but not one has given us a hint in respect to frying out lard. To a farmer's family this is certainly an important item, and I propose to give your readers practical experience on this point. When the fat is over the fire, it requires all attention. In this section, some hold on to the opinions of their great grandfathers, and believe in the old practice of boiling the lard for hours; yes, a whole day before it can be in a proper state to put away. This is a mistaken idea. All that is necessary is to put the fat in thick iron pots; let it simmer over the fire, and as soon as melted, skim the lard off, and put it in tin pots. By adopting this plan, much time and labor is saved, the lard is sweet, white and good, and can be kept for years.—Cultivator.

"John," said a tinner to his oldest apprentice, "I am going to the country, and shall be absent several days. I want you to take my place while I am away." "Well, sir, I'll do so, but—" "What, John?" "Why, sir, I'd rather sleep with the boys."

BUSINESS CARDS.

W. W. CHAPMAN, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, and Proctor in Admiralty. Will practice in the Courts of the Third Judicial District and the Supreme Court of the Territory. Office—at Elkton, Umpqua County, O. T. Feb. 21. n43f.

F. W. MERRITT, G. OPPENHEIMER, L. S. THOMPSON. MERRITT, OPPENHEIMER & CO., WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN DRY-GOODS, GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, HARTWARE, CLOTHING, Queensware Tinware &c. &c. COMMERCIAL STREET, SCOTTSBURG, O. T. Dec. 30, 1854. [36ly]

J. D. WADSWORTH, J. E. PETERS, E. J. LADD WADSWORTH, PETERS & LADD, CORNER COMMERCIAL STREET AND PLAZA SCOTTSBURG, O. T. WHOLESALE DEALERS IN DRY-GOODS, GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, CLOTHING, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, HARDWARE, TINWARE, Stores, Liquors and Cigars. Together with a general assortment of Merchandise, adapted to the wants of Farmers, Miners and others. [may19-1f.]

BROWN, DRUM & CO., Commercial street, SCOTTSBURG, O. T. WHOLESALE DEALERS IN GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, DRY-GOODS & CLOTHING, Boots, Shoes and Hats, Hardware, Crockery, Glass & Tin Ware With a general assortment of merchandise, suitable for the mining trade. Please call and examine as we will sell at the lowest market rates. [Dec. 30, 1y.]

SAMUEL S. MANN, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN DRY-GOODS, GROCERIES, Hardware, Queensware, Clothing, &c. &c. Front street, at McTavish's old stand, SCOTTSBURG, O. T. Dec. 30, 1f LEVI KENT, D. M. THOMPSON, A. W. MOORE.

KINT, THOMPSON & CO., MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN Leather, Harness and SADDLERY. A Large assortment of leather, such as skirting, Harness, Sole, Upper and Calf skin constantly on hand. Also every thing in the saddle and harness line. Saddler's hardware, &c., as cheap as can be afforded anywhere in Oregon. Cash paid for hides. [Dec. 30, 1f.]

MEDICAL. E. R. FISKE, M. D. Physician, Surgeon & Accoucheur, SCOTTSBURG, O. T. Office—at the "Scottsburg House," Main street. Jan 13, 37-1f.

THE STEAMER EXCELSIOR WILL make regular trips as heretofore, from Scottsburg to the mouth of the Umpqua, touching at Providence Gardner, Umpqua City, Pyramid rock &c. Dec. 30, 1f.

ADDISON C. GIBBS, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, Solicitor in Chancery, and Commissioner for the State of New York, Office and residence at GARDNER, UMPQUA COUNTY, O. T. [dec.2-1f.]

R. E. STRATTON, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Solicitor in Chancery. Office at his residence near WINCHESTER, Douglas county. [dec2-1f]

STEPHEN F. CHADWICK, Attorney and Counselor at Law, and SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY. SCOTTSBURG, O. T. June 25, 1854-1f. D. B. BERNAN, P. F. FRIM.

BRENAN & PRIM, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, OFFICES—At JACKSONVILLE and ROSEBURG. may26-1f.

More New Goods. THE undersigned has made arrangements to make additions to his stock of goods, by each arrival, which he sell at the lowest rates. He intends to keep— A Complete Assortment of DRY GOODS AND GROCERIES, Suitable for this trade. Call and see. GEORGE HAYNES, 575 Main st., cor. Yonocalla st. Lower Scottsburg, Dec. 16, 1854-1f.

BUSINESS CARDS.

Lumber! Lumber!! THE proprietors of the Lower Mill are prepared to fill bills for lumber of all kinds. Prices ranging from twelve to twenty-five dollars per thousand. A large lot of Laths and Pickets On hand and for sale Cheap. SHEEP & BOAT BUILDING Done to order. Orders for mill-wright work or machinery for mills will receive prompt attention. A share of the public patronage solicited. C. W. BAKER, JAS. CLARK. Mill Creek, Feb. 24-1f.

COOK, FOLGER & CO., MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN OILS. OIL WORKS—114 Broadway. OFFICE—86 Battery, corner of Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. [dec. 23-3m]

HINSDALE & CO., Wholesale Dealers in General Merchandise. CORNER OF MAIN AND NELSON STS., LOWER SCOTTSBURG, WOULD invite the attention of Traders, Packers, and Farmers to their large and well selected stock of Clothing, Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Hardware, Groceries, &c., which they offer for sale at prices which will be an inducement to those wishing to purchase. Call and inspect our stock. [ap28-1y.]

ALLAN, LOWE & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, 132 CLAY STREET, San Francisco. ALLAN, MCKINLAY & Co., OREGON CITY, O. T. SCOTTSBURG, [ap28-6m]

J. B. COWLES, HOUSE, SIGN, FANCY AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTER. Glass cut to order. Commercial Street, Scottsburg, O. T. Dec. 30, 3m.

AMOS E. ROGERS, EMPIRE CITY. HAS on hand a well assorted stock of Dry Goods, Groceries, Boots & Shoes, &c., &c. He is anxious to sell, and wishes it to be understood that he is prepared to offer goods extremely low for cash. If any doubts are entertained about the matter, he will be exceedingly obliged, if persons doubting, will speedily call, and at once put it to the test. Empire City, May 5, 1854-1f

PROBATE COURT. REGULAR terms of the Probate Court of Umpqua County, will be held on the first Tuesdays in each month, at Scottsburg precinct. Persons having business in vacation will call at the office on Long Prairie, where the Judge may be found. S. F. CHADWICK, Judge. July 17, 1854-1f.

WILLIAM E. LEWIS, BOAT BUILDER AND SPAR MAKER. MILL CREEK, UMPQUA RIVER. BOATS Repaired, and all kinds of Carpenter Work done at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms. April 25, 1854-1f

ROSILIAN HOUSE. THE Trail is now open between Winchester Bay and Rosilian, opposite Providence. Animals can be brought through with safety. Persons wishing to spend a few days pleasantly at Rosilian, will find the best accommodations that the country affords, got up in the best style by Feb. 17. 1f. WM. CRAZE.

UMPQUA GAZETTE Job Printing Office. THE Proprietors, having a good variety of JOB TYPES on hand, are prepared to do all kinds of PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL JOB PRINTING, On the SHORTEST NOTICE, and on the most REASONABLE TERMS; such as Books, Pamphlets, Circulars, Handbills, Showbills, Concert Bills, Programmes, Ball Tickets, Bill Heads, Address Cards, Business Cards, Bills of Lading, Steamboat Bills, Blanks of all kinds, &c., &c., &c. Job work done in BRONZE, RED, BLUE OR BLACK INKS to suit customers. Orders solicited. BOYD & BLAKELY. Feb. 3.

Post Office. THE Post Office has been removed to the "Scottsburg House," upper Scottsburg.—Any person wishing to receive their letters and papers at Lower Scottsburg, can have them left at Allan, McKinlay & Co.'s store; they can also mail their letters there, if preferable, as the carrier will call on going and returning on his trip to Umpqua City. E. R. FISKE, P. M. Jan. 27, -1f.

PROSPECTUS OF THE UMPQUA WEEKLY GAZETTE.

The only Newspaper published in Southern Oregon.

THIS PAPER is devoted to the principles of the Democratic Party, and to the interests of Southern Oregon; to Literature, Agriculture, Foreign and Domestic News, the Markets, &c. &c. Located in the flourishing town of Scottsburg, the Metropolis of Southern Oregon, and at the head of navigation of the Umpqua river—the natural outlet of the Umpqua and Rogue river valleys—and with a certain prospect of being speedily placed in communication with San Francisco by means of STRAM, our position will give us unrivalled advantages for the early receipt of news and commercial intelligence.

While we shall uphold the principles of the National Democratic Party, we shall not descend to the position of an organ of a clique, faction or individual; believing that such a course is foreign to true Democracy, and that a paper which takes such a position is unworthy of the confidence of the party. We shall also further by every means in our power, the interests of the community in which we are located,—claiming for Southern Oregon the rights due to her position and increasing population, and watching, with jealous care, the development of her resources.

Our commercial and news departments shall also receive proper attention; and we shall endeavor, by careful selections from the principal States and European papers, to keep our readers constantly informed of events as they occur in all parts of the world. TERMS.—Liberal inducements to clubs.

In order to increase the circulation of the Gazette, we offer the following liberal terms to clubs: Two copies, one year, \$5 Five " " " " " " " " 14 Ten " " " " " " " " 25 This must be paid strictly in advance, otherwise five dollars per annum will be charged for each copy. One copy, one year, \$5 " " " " " " " " 14 " " " " " " " " 25 No subscription will be taken for a shorter time than three months. Address, BOYD & BLAKELY, Scottsburg, O. T.

THE BRITISH QUARTERLIES AND BLACKWOOD'S MAGAZINE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., New York, continue to republish the following British Periodicals, viz: The London Quarterly Review (Conservative), The Edinburgh Review (Whig), The North British Review (Free Church), The Westminster Review (Liberal), Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine (Tory). The present critical state of European affairs will render these publications unusually interesting during the present year, (1854.) They will occupy a middle ground between the easily-written news items, crude speculations and flying rumors of the daily Journal, and the ponderous tone of the future historian, written after the living interest and excitement of the great political events of the time shall have passed away. It is to these periodicals that readers must look for the only really intelligible and reliable history of current events, and as such, in addition to their well-established literary, scientific and theological character, we urge them upon the consideration of the reading public.

Arrangements are in progress for the receipt of early sheets from the British publishers, by which we shall be able to place all our reprints in the hands of subscribers about as soon as they can be furnished with the foreign copies. Although this will involve a very large outlay on our part, we shall continue to furnish the Periodicals at the same low rates as heretofore, viz:

For any one of the four Reviews, \$3 pr. ann. For any two of the four Reviews, 4 " For any three of the four Reviews, 7 " For any four of the Reviews, 10 " For Blackwood's Magazine, 3 " For Blackwood and three Reviews, 9 " For Blackwood and the four Reviews, 10 " Payments to be made in all cases in advance. Money current in the State where issued will be received at par.

Discount.—A discount of twenty-five per cent from the above prices will be allowed to Clubs ordering four or more copies of any one of more of the above works. Thus: Four copies of Blackwood, or of one Review, will be sent to one address for \$9; four copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood for \$30; and so on.

Postage.—In all the principal Cities and towns, these works will be delivered, through Agents, free of postage. When sent by mail, the postage to any part of the United States will be but twenty-four cents a year for each of the Reviews. Remittances and communications should always be addressed, post paid, to the publishers, LEONARD SCOTT & CO., 54 Gold street, New York. nov18]

WELLS, FARGO & CO'S EXPRESS.

Between Oregon, California, the Atlantic States, and Europe. HAVING made advantageous arrangements with the United States and Pacific Mail Steamship Companies for transportation, we are now prepared to forward Gold Dust, Bullion, Specie, Packages Parcels and Freight, to and from New York, New Orleans, San Francisco and Portland, and the principal towns of California and Oregon. Our regular Semi-monthly Express between Portland and San Francisco, is dispatched by the Pacific Mail Steamship Co.'s steamship Columbia, connecting at San Francisco with our semi-monthly Express to New York and New Orleans, which is dispatched regularly, on the 1st and 16th of each month by the mail steamers and in charge of our own messengers, through to destination. Our Express from New York leaves regularly on the 5th and 20th of each month, also in charge of messengers. Treasure insured in the best New York Companies, or at Lloyd's in London, at the option of shippers.

Connecting Lines on the Atlantic Side. We connect at New York with the following well known lines, viz: The American Express Company, running via Buffalo and Dunkirk to Cleveland, Sandusky, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Toledo, Detroit, Chicago, Galena, &c. The Harnden Express to Boston, Philadelphia, Washington, etc. Pullen, Virgil & Co.'s Vermont and Canada Express; Danforth, Mason & Co.'s New Bedford Express; Livingston, Wells & Co.'s European Express; Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Oregon—New York, No. 16, Wall st.; New Orleans, No. 11, Exchange Place; San Francisco, No. 114, Montgomery street. W. H. BARNHART & Co., Agents. Portland, O., July 24, 1854. 1f.