BAD

WEEKLY OREGON STATESMAN.

FRIDAY - - JUNE 23, 1876.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

Some enterprising literary character is writing up extended papers on the subject of "American Colonists in Oregon," for the Astorian. These papers are decidely interesting, especially to old settlers.

Mr. Bush says he thinks he will not be a candidate for United States Senator. It is a matter of modesty, but if called upon to make the sacrifice, it is pretty safe to conclude that he will accept. Gov. Watkinds is not regarded as specially favorable to the election of Mr. Bush.

The Daily Astorian "steps down and out" of the newspaper world. The people of Astoria should have sustained the lively little sheet. It was well managed and ably edited, and we regret to lose it from our exchange list.

The coming 4th of July will be celebrated in almost every town and neighborhood in the United States. A large number of people who cannot leave home for a whole day, should organize for a nice celebration in Salem. Who will move in the matter?

JUDGE HAYDEN withdraws from the Senatorial contest, but will make a most determined effort in the "third house," for the election of Judge Daily. This is a new feature in the Senatorial fight and Gov. Watkinds will have to keep an eye upon Judge Hayden or his political goose will soon be cooked.

JUDGE DAILY, of Polk county, has a Democratic record which few members of that party in Oregon can get over. He was incarcerated in Camp Douglass for defending the Southern Confederacy, during the war, and has really suffered in the cause of Democracy. If a Democrat is sent to the Senate it should be Judge Daily

There is an effort being made to organize an Independent party for the Congressional campaign in November. There are now two candidates in the field, and certainly no occason for a third one. All the principles involved in a canvass rest with these two men as representatives of the two great parties, and no third party business means any good to the people at large. If a few adventurers attempt to thwart the will of a majority by means of a third ticket every good citizen should frown down their efforts, and secure a fair contest between the candidates who are now before the people.

IN POLK.

The Campmeeting at Dallas will continue to the 26th, over next Sunday. Up to date some 8 or 10 have been immersed.

The Lewis Bros., appear here on the 22nd and 23rd inst., with their great combination sensation troupe.

Fine growing showers all around in the county.

They claim in Polk county that Col. Nesmith will be the next United States Senator.

The Dallas Hotel is getting vastly popular in the county patronage.

The STATESMAN stands very high in Polk. Talk of enlarging the Dallas hotel. Several artists, Photos, have pitched their tents on main street during campmeeting, etc. Fishing parties are in order now, and chickens suffer during the rush. Mr. Holman, on the mail line (daily) from Salem, proposes putting on an 11 passenger stage to accommodate everybody since the fare was reduced, etc. Everybody wants to go to campmeeting.

A Lesson from Japan.

It is a mistake to confound the Japanese with the Chinese, or to suppose that the same squalor, filth and vice characterize the former that are so marked peculiarities of the latter. Indeed, the orderly and tidy Japanese find as much fault with filthy John when he migrates to their island kingdom as we do in this country; and our recent Japan exchanges inform us that in consequence of the filthy habits which the Chinese have introduced at Kanagawa, Ken, the following regulations have been promulgated from that Kencho:

All decaying flesh, fish and vegetables are to be removed, and no undried skins of animals are to be kept in their houses. All accumulations of offal, dust, straw, etc., are to be cleared away, and all decayed or offensive articles of food are not to be allowed in the houses or shops. Dangerous or explosive articles, such as powder and kerosene, are not to be stored in quantities in city or village.

No oil dealer shall keep more than five cases of kerosene at one time on his premises.

Household furniture and merchandise shall not be left to obstruct the streets. Sign boards shall not project over the public street.

No kind of filth or litter may be cast into the street.

The foregoing must be strictly observed and the occupant of each house must sweep the street in front of his own place morning and evening.

Any infringement of this regulation will be punished according to Japanese law.

These stringent police regulations from afar off Japan might be copied in this city.

The net immigration to the United States last year was 191,281, of which two-thirds were males. It was to merely that the proportion was in favor the females.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

The Umatilla Reservation.

WASHINGTON, June 8, 1876.

In the Senate yesterday, Mr. Bogy (Dem.) from the committee on Indian affairs, reported adversely upon the bill providing for the removal of the Indians from the Umatilla reservation, and open the reservation to settlement; also, adversely upon the bill to provide for the sale of Indian lands within the Umatilla reservation, and on his motion both bills were indefinitely postponed. Senator Mitchell, at the time was engaged upon a committee. Coming subsequently into the Senate, he stated that he had not been notified that a report was to be submitted, nor that the committee had agreed upon a report. He had, he said, some farther evidence bearing upon the subject, which he desired to submit, and he asked for a reconsideration of the order postponing the bills, which was agreed to, and the bills were recommitted to the same committee.

RELIEF OF J. W. P. HUNTINGTON'S SURETIES.

The bill to provide for the allowance, in settling the accounts of the late J. W. P. Huntington, of two credits—$10,000 said to have been lost on the Brother Jonathan, and $500 transmitted to Wm. Logan, but never receipted for—was taken up yesterday and passed.

SENATOR MITCHELL'S LATE SPEECHES.

I sent you, some days ago, a copy of Senator Mitchell's speech on the Chinese question. It has been made the subject of much comment, here and elsewhere, in the west. The Gazette, the leading and the ablest Democratic paper of this city, spoke of it, in its last issue, as the ablest speech it had read in a long time, and said several other complimentary things of our Senator.

He made a speech in the Senate sitting as a court of impeachment, in favor of the proposition that the Senate has jurisdiction. Upon the conclusion of the speech, he was warmly congratulated by such eminent lawyers as Edmunds, Thurman, Whyte and others upon having made an extraordinary clear statement of the law and precedents bearing upon the case. Thurman, speaking as a lawyer, pronounced it the best argument made in favor of jurisdiction. I understand that nearly all the opinions pronounced on this question will be published for distribution, in which case I will see that you have copies.

BLAINE'S RAID ON THE CONFEDERATES.

The most extraordinary and sensational scene of the session, was witnessed in the House the other day when Blaine, rising to a privileged question, arraigned the Judiciary Committee on the charge of prolonging the examination of the charge against him, and of suppressing a telegram received from A. P. Caldwell, which exonerated him (Blaine) from all the charges in regard to Little Rock, Ft Smith and Union Pacific Railroad bond. He had not talked more than five minutes before the galleries, and even the floor of the House were packed with interested listeners. He was repeatedly applauded, and at the conclusion, when he walked down into the Speaker's area and charged J. Proctor Knott, with having received the telegram and suppressing it for five days, there was a general outburst of applause and cheers on the floor and in the galleries. The Speaker, little Sammy Cox, instantly ordered the floor cleared of all but privileged persons, but so great was the anxiety of all to stay and see the performance out that the doorkeepers were powerless and the capitol police had to be called in. Blaine's raid was magnificent, and it was impossible to restrain the outbursts of admiration that greeted him. It was the spectacle of a prisoner at the bar rising in mighty wrath at the injustice practiced upon him, and arraigning for trial the judge and jury. It was a grandly successful rising and arraignment, too, in which Blaine had the sympathies and gratulations of nine-tenths of all who heard and saw it. Hunton, an ex-confederate Virginian, got on his feet and talked against time, to give Proctor Knott an opportunity to recover his scattered wits. Finally, when Knott was spurred into an answer of Blaine's charges, he acknowledged the receipt and suppression of the telegram, but attempted to palliate his crime by saying that he didn't believe the telegram to be genuine nor he had suspicion that it was a put-up job. His defence was so thin that it evoked hisses from the audience. Blaine further pushed him to the confession that he had made no effort to discover whether the telegram was from Caldwell. He pleaded that he couldn't do anything! because he didn't know Caldwell's address. The episode has produce a wonderful revulsion of feeling in favor of Blaine, and a corresponding emphasis in the condemnation of the manner in which the ex-Confederate investigations are conducted. Blaine is stronger for the Cincinnati nomination than ever before. However, I still doubt whether he will get it. He is my choice among all the men talked of, but I fear the combinations against him will eventuate in the nomination of some compromise man. But you will know all about that before this reaches you.

C. P. CRANDALL.

When Louis XIII. passed through the little town of Languedoc, the mayor and consuls were very much embarrassed about his reception. They consulted a butcher of that place, who was reckoned a very Solomon. This fellow, proud of being sought after, offered his services to introduce them to the King, and performed his duty by saying, "Sire, I am a butcher by trade, I bring you a few of my beasts."

"Whose portrait was dat?" asked a Teuton of a friend, as they were going through a picture gallery. "Dat! Henry Clay," was the reply. "Herr Clay?" "Yes, to be sure, Henry Clay." "O, der great cigar man," said he after a moment's reflection.

On June 1st the Portland Journal says the body of John Wall, who committed suicide about a week ago, was found floating in the river. Remains were buried by Fire Company No. 5.

METHOD IN CONFEDERATE MADNESS.

There is a motive in the apparent malice of the South, as now manifesting itself in the violent speeches made at various points on Confederate "Memorial Day," or in the more infamous acts recently committed in Northern Louisiana and Southern Mississippi, in South Carolina and Georgia, and latest at the Petersburg, Va., municipal election. There is a method in all this fury and outrage. Let us see if it can be made plain.

There are two purposes sought; to "fire the Southern heart," and to frighten the negro into subjection, so far as his political rights are concerned. Hence the violent speeches; hence the murderous intimidations. The White Leaguers are everywhere learning the skill with which the Georgian Democrats do their manipulation. As to speech they are all on par. "What's bred in the bone must come out in the flesh" is an old adage. "Out of the abundance of the heart the mouth speaketh" wrote the inspired Hebrew, and when a community like the white South have been so long indurated by the teachings of slavery and rebellion—opinions burnt into them by the fierce ordeal of civil war and the fiery trials of defeat—it is not to be expected that speech will not sometimes be fierce and vindictive even to extreme unwisdom. The folly is, on our part, in not seeing that to defeat a man does not necessarily change his opinions still less does it make a community submissive. The true policy is to be always "on guard;" tolerant toward the inevitable expression, but sternly repressive of all manifestations thereof that lead to mischief, while sedulously cultivating all forces, ideas, and institutions which may tend to create other conditions in the South. This is our duty. Would that we pursued it as steadily as the Confederate Democracy do their mischievous courses and purposes.

Just now they are finding that free institutions have their inevitable effect, in making more manly and courageous the mass of the citizens who were enfranchised by the war. Everywhere, even in Mississippi, so lately overpowered and overawed, the Republicans of the South are showing that they are more and more determined to assert themselves, and to act together, and vigorously, that the present onesided game of intimidation and murder may be checked and perhaps suppressed where it occurs. It is the evident growth of this feeling which has induced the present revival of violence. The hope of possible triumph at the November election has led perhaps to undue elation. This may account for the recent outbursts of rebel spleen as well as confidence, but it is not necessary to account for it on such a basis.

The first and chief aim of the Southern Democratic leaders is to extend, preserve and maintain the control they have now reobtained over the Southern States.

The Democratic party, as a national organization, has been and always will be (while the confederate leaders rule) sacrificed to this purpose. The south, knit together by a sectional policy, may again be able to control the Union—or, is it unjust in the view of history as well as recent utterances, to attempt to divide and destroy it. The aim, then, of the Confederate Democracy is just to keep what they have got; next to obtain control where they have not yet succeeded and lastly to unite and crystallize the sectional and Democratic South, no matter what becomes of the party in other portions of the Union.

Under this policy the south is and will continue to be a menace to the stability of the Union, that for which three hundred thousand Northern lives were given, and to defend which two million men mustered under arms.

The Union defenders must remember this at the ballot box. They must not fail to recollect also that the southern Republicans are the advance guard of that new political civilization by the growth of which it is alone possible to make that homogeneous Union, the existence of which is the best security for the highest diversity in ideas and politics.—Republican

AFRAID OF BEING LAUGHED AT.

Among the miners going into the Black Hills, a party of ten started from Cheyenne, not long ago, which lost one of their number by death on the road. They couldn't take the body along, and as they had no means of obtaining coffin, they buried their comrade without one. Among the number was an "old-timer," who was a particular friend of the dead man, and he mourned deeply his loss, and swore about at a fearful rate because he had to be buried in that uncivilized way. Finally he blubbered out: "I know a good prayer, but if I was to get it off, some of d——d fools would laugh at me."

Patent medicines of every description, pure drugs and chemicals of all kinds, strychnine, Hostetter & Walker's squirrel poison, and in fact everything that a farmer needs, at T. G. Smith & Co's on State street.

[Communicated.]

IN LINN COUNTY.

The late sown crops in Linn county are coming rapidly forward, the farmers there expect a good average crop. They promise not to be caught napping and defer the fall seeding, as last year. No allurements at the State Fair, or any other attraction can swerve them from duty again. The town or village of Lebanon includes three general stores, viz: Montague & McCally, J. L. Cowan & T. Morris, the latter formerly did business at Sheridan, Yamhill county. Besides these, three hotels, grocery, drug, boot and shoe shore, stone shop, billiard saloon, and good livery stable, academy, flouring mill and the various trades. Besides they are going to incorporate, improve the streets, put up hall for I. O. O. F. 60x28, new public school, centennial hotel, two new stores.

The curculo are beginning to destroy the plums in that section, and hence some intend to plant the German plum. They propose to get up a petition for an express office at Lebanon, which would be a source of profit to the Company, and a great convenience to the business houses and a large and flourishing section of country tributary thereto. During the warm weather there is a great amount of travel by stage, to Finleys, Waterloo and Soda Springs, and over the mountains to Ocheco. On Thursday last a band of horses reached there from John Days. On Thursday, 22d, the Granges have a big picnic in the grove at Lebanon, when that large and influential order will turn out en masse and get their strength renewed. A big time is anticipated. Capt. Doanen will run two or three stages from Albany for the accommodation of visitors, and the proprietor of Lebanon Hotel will be prepared to anticipate the wants of the large and popular crowd that usually call to see him on such occasions. He has it in anticipation to enlarge and elevate his house to accommodate increasing demands. On the arrival of his stage from Albany every Friday Capt. Doanen's stage every Saturday proceeds on to Sweet Home, Turleys Soda Springs or lower Soda, the popular resort for summer.

TWO WEBSTERS.

When Mr. Webster visited England, after he had attained fame enough to precede him, an English gentleman took him one day to see Lord Brougham. That eminent Briton received our Daniel with such coolness that he was glad to get away and back to his room. The friend who had taken him at once returned to Lord Brougham in anger.

"My Lord, how could you behave with such rudeness and discourtesy to so great lawyer and statesman? It was insulting to him and has filled me with mortification."

"Why, what on earth have I done and to whom have I been rude?"

"To Daniel Webster, of the Senate of the United States."

"Great Jupiter, what a blunder! I thought it was that fellow Webster, who had ruined the English language."

Then the great Chancellor quickly hunted up the American Senator, and having other tastes in common besides law and politics, they made a royal night of it.

We notice one of the Jefferson boys has not yet finished courting yet, although his colleagues have returned home.

Election Notice.

FIREMEN'S HALL,
SALEM, Oregon, June 22, 1876.

IN COMPLIANCE WITH AN ORDINANCE regulating the Fire Department of the city of Salem notice is hereby given that an election will be held at Firemen's Hall on the third day of July, A. D. 1876, for the following officers, to wit:
One (1) Chief Engineer.
One (1) Assistant Chief Engineer.
By order of the Board.

THOMAS H. REYNOLDS,
Secretary Salem Fire Department.

j23tf

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING under the firm name of Adolph & Herrman, of the Salem Brewery, has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. Business will hereafter be carried on by Samuel Adolph, who will settle all outstanding accounts and collect all debts due the firm at the present date.

SAMUEL ADOLPH.

Salem, June, 20, 1876. d&w tf

Just Published.

A New and Beautiful Sabbath School Song Book.

GOOD NEWS! GOOD NEWS! GOOD NEWS! GOOD NEWS!

Good news indeed to Sabbath School singers, young and old, who are waiting for just such a book. It is edited by R. M. McIntosh, and the contents contributed by eminent writers and composers.

GOOD NEWS! GOOD NEWS! GOOD NEWS! GOOD NEWS!

Both music and words are new, fresh and attractive. Witness: "Sunny Shore," "To Canaan," "Christ a Hero," "Tell me again," "One astray," "Kingdom Coming," etc.

Price of *Good News*, 35 cts. Reduction for quantities. Mailed post-free for retail price.

CARMINA COLLEGENSIA.

(Cloth, $3,00; Gilt, $4,00).

New, Enlarged Edition. All the famous College Songs, forming the wittiest, most entertaining, musical and classical collection of genial Song and Glees for social singing ever brought together.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., BOSTON.

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ALONZO GESNER,
CITY AND COUNTY SURVEYOR
AND CIVIL ENGINEER.

OFFICE CORNER OF COTTAGE AND FERRY streets, Salem, Oregon. may24tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE ENEMY OF DISEASE!
THE FOE OF PAIN!
TO MAN AND BEAST!
Is the Grand Old
MUSTANG LINIMENT,

WHICH HAS STOOD THE TEST OF FORTY YEARS.

THERE IS NO SORE IT WILL NOT HEAL, NO LAMENESS IT WILL NOT CURE, NO ACHE, NO PAIN, THAT AFFLICTS THE HUMAN BODY, OR DOMESTIC ANIMAL, THAT DOES NOT YIELD TO ITS MAGIC TOUCH. A BOTTLE COSTING 25c., 50c. or $1 00, HAS OFTEN SAVED THE LIFE OF A HUMAN BEING, AND RESTORED TO LIFE AND USEFULNESS MANY A VALUABLE HORSE.

ma23-1-w1y

CENTENNIAL HYMN

As sung the Opening Ceremonies in Philadelphia, Words by Whittier Music by J. K. Paine. In 4 parts, for Mixed Voices. Price in Sheet Music form, 30 cts. In Octavo form for Choruses, 10 cts. No celebration this year will be complete without the singing of this magnificent Hymn.

Centennial, Machinery, Horticultural, Memorial, and Agricultural Marches, each 50 cts. Washington's Old 100 cts. Marches, Martha Washington's Waltz (75 cts.) Grand March, by Downing (60 cts). Centennial Waltzes by Fleps (75 cts.) and Grobe's Medly of National Airs (75 cts.) all have splendid Illustrated Titles and the best of music.

Centennial Collection of National Songs.

An elegant and attractive volume, contains the National Songs of this and twelve other countries, in convenient form for Solo or Chorus singing. In Paper 40 cts. Boards 50 cts.

GOOD NEWS! Charming New Sabbath

DALLAS HOTEL.

W. R. BLANCHARD, Prop.

DALLAS, OR.,

MR. B. THE NEW PROPRIETOR HAVING refitted and renovated this hotel, by supplying the table with the best of the market, and also strictly attends to the comfort of guests. It is the most popular house in the county.

TERMS LOW.

Traveling public cordially invited. june16 tf

IMPROVE YOUR POULTRY!

FULL BLOOD
Light Bramahs, Brown Leghorns, Partridge and Buff Cochins,
BIRDS AND EGGS FOR BREEDING.
For sale by
J. W. HOBART.
Feb1-3m Buena Vista, Orego

LABISH DAIRY.

THE UNDERSIGNED IS PREPARED TO furnish fresh milk, twice a day, to families and hotels. The milk from one cow is kept separate for children.

a28tf S. G. PUGH.

EXECUTORS NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been appointed and qualified as Executor of the last will and testament of A. J. Monree, deceased, late of Marion county Oregon. All persons having claims to present against said estate must present the same to the undersigned at the Bank of Ladd & Bush, in the city of Salem, in said county, within six months after the date of this notice.

June 16 1w JOHN H. ALBERT Executor.

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The only first class fire proof hotel in the city, containing 100 well furnished rooms. FREE coach to and from the house. Best tables, Billiards and Baths. [tf

ELEVENTH INDUSTRIAL EXHIITION,

UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE
MECHANICS' INSTITUTE,
WILL OPEN
August 8, 1876, at 11 A. M.
AT THE PAVILLION.

ALL PERSONS DESIRING SPACE TO Exhibit are requested to make early application at the office, 27 Post street, Institute Building, from 12 to 1 or 7 to 9 P. M. j02w

CALL ON
McKENZIE & ROBINSON
For one of their
HIGH LIFE,
OR
LITTLE CHURCH 'ROUND THE CORNER
CIGARS,
At P. D. PALMER'S old stand, Commercial St.

BEST OF LIQUORS.

DROP AROUND AND SAMPLE. ma18tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

HORSE MEN

LOOK
TO YOUR BEST INTERESTS
The Imported Percheron Stallions,
WHITE PRINCE,
AND
PRIDE OF PERCHE,

WILL MAKE THE INCOMING SEASON, from April 5th to July 15th, as follows: At the stable of BEAN & DAVIDSON, Salem, on Monday a. m., Friday p. m., and Saturday; at the stable of A. H. MARSHALL, Albany, Tuesday p. m., Wednesday and Thursday a. m., of each week during the season.

WHITE PRINCE

Has proven himself a superior stock horse, his colts are highly prized wherever seen, and are, and will be for some time to come in demand at good prices for stock purposes.

PRIDE OF PERCHE,

One of the horses I brought out from the East the past winter, came out from France to Ohio in 1874. Made the season of 1875 in Wisconsin; is a beautiful dapple gray, well formed, with good disposition, with a graceful free easy action that I have never seen equalled in any horse of his size; will weigh at maturity, in good condition, 1,800 pounds.

While in the east this last trip I made it an object to see and learn how the Percheron stock was filling the wants or expectations of the public and the colts of "White Prince" would compare with them.

It is now 25 years since its introduction in Ohio, and 19 years in Illinois; the one fourth and one half bloods made fine valuable animals, bringing at least double the price of good common stock, and not able to supply the demand for them at that, and that the colts from White Prince, bred in Oregon, equal any of this stock I saw while in the East.

I have not learned of a single person that has bred or bought a Prince colt but are well pleased with them and many that they do not have more of them. I do not wish to be misunderstood to claim that this stock of horses is the only one that all breeders should patronize exclusively; but that there is no breed or family of large horses known that cross so well with the common stock of the country, and their produce will equal them for compact, solid form, size, style and action; this is no doubt from the fact of their Arabian origin, as will be seen by the following:

"Lady," designated by sporting men as "Queen of the Turf," having made the three best heats on record. Her sire was a cross half blood Norman.

There was a Percheron stallion imported from France by Mr. Jeff R. Clark, of St. Louis, Mo., weighing 1,700 pounds, who trotted with two men in a barouche one mile in 3 minutes and 42 seconds. I have seen this horse.

The Germantown Telegraph states that at the Fair of Norfolk county, a pair of stallions of Percheron breed, attached to a omnibus containing 6 people, drew it one mile in 4 minutes.

This I think is better time than most horses bred from celebrated trotters could make with the same load.

TERMS—$20 each or four mares for $100 in U. S. gold coin the season, excepting White Prince &Sons, who will only be bred by special agreement.

W. C. MYER.

Ashland, Or., Mar. 18, 1876.—tf

C. A. BURCHARDT

36 Washington St., Portland,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
FINE WINES & LIQUORS,
OFFERS FOR SALE
40 Cases Genuine Rhine Wine
From the famous Bremen Rathskeller,
FRENCH AND CALIFORNIA CLARET
French and Sonoma White Wine,
The best in the Country.
ST. HELENA WHITE WINE
Light and Very Pleasant.
FRENCH COGNAC, RUM, WHISKIES,
By the Barrel, Gallon or Bottle.
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Send for Price List. Agents Wanted.
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MONTGOMERY'S
NEW GALLERY

This establishment is now open and ready to take pictures of all sizes, and newest styles.
Floats, Promenades, Cabinets & Cards, a Specialty.
No work leaves this gallery unless satisfactory. A large stock of frames, of all sizes.
Persons can have their pictures taken, finished and framed at the gallery,
State Street, - - lem
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INDEPENDENT HOTEL.

THIS HOTEL HAS JUST BEEN REFITTED and improved. It is the largest hotel at Independence. The table well supplied.

MRS. C. BAXTER, Proprietress.
June 14-tf