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TELEGRAPHIC.

Very Latest News Reports.

National Bank Suspended. CHICAGO, April 3.—The Times' La Crosse, Wisconsin, special reports the closing up of the First National Bank of that place on Saturday afternoon. A run was commenced on the bank early Saturday on account of a notice in a Chicago paper to the effect that the bank had been thrown out of the clearing house with a report of no funds. It is stated the bank examiner was there a week ago examining into its affairs. It is impossible to give any correct statement at present, as all approach to the officials is cut off by bolts and bars, and all that can be ascertained is mere rumor.

The report published in the San Francisco papers of this date of the suspension of the First National Bank of this city is wholly untrue.

Ex-Congressman Ward Indicted for Whisky Frauds. The grand jury in the U. S. circuit court have found an indictment against Hon. J. D. Ward, formerly a member of Congress from the Third District of Illinois, and subsequently U. S. District Attorney here, for complicity in the whisky frauds.

Examination of R. B. Irwin Continued. NEW YORK, April 3.—The examination of Richard B. Irwin, charged with misappropriating \$750,000 of the funds of the Pacific Mail S. S. Co., was continued to-day. Ex-Judge Fallot testified that checks for the \$750,000 were received from Vice President Bellows. Witness had talked with A. B. Stockwell on the subject of the checks, and he (Stockwell) told him the Board had authorized him to extend \$500,000 to obtain the subsidy. Witness had paid Hon. W. S. King, of Minnesota, Hon. Jno. G. Schumaker and others, a total of \$750,000. These sums were disbursed under the direction of Stockwell. Stockwell made a contract with witness to pay all expenses sustained by witness in obtaining the subsidy.

Connecticut Election. NEW YORK, April 3.—Connecticut to-day received 1,000,000 of a reduced majority from 4,000 to 5,000. Walter, Republican, was elected to Congress to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Stockwater. The Legislature will be Democratic, the house by 30 or more and the senate 17 Democrats to 4 Republicans. The weather was very stormy which kept many voters at home.

Silk Importation. NEW YORK, April 3.—The circular of the Silk Association of America reports the total number of packages of raw silk received at New York during March, were 1,207, of which 329 were via England and continent, and 878 via San Francisco. Total gold value of silk and silk manufactures imported during the month \$3,296,877.

New Independent Democratic Paper. NEW YORK, April 3.—The Evening Press to-day announces the sale of a limited interest in its business, to a number of gentlemen who, with its old proprietors, have formed a joint stock company for the purpose of conducting an independent Democratic paper. Erastus Brooks is President of the company; Nathaniel Marsh, Secretary; A. J. Cummings, news editor.

Crucifixion at Davis' Landing. MEMPHIS, April 3.—The officers of the steamer A. J. White report a large crucifixion at Davis' landing on Saturday night. Yesterday morning water was running through, and three plantations were nearly submerged at Davis and a half a mile above Napoleon, on the Mississippi side. The water through the crucifixion ran into the old river water in the lowest portion. White river is already over its banks.

Memphis, April 3.—The effects of the flood are beginning to be felt on the Arkansas side. Numbers of families in Hopfield, immediately opposite this city, have been forced to leave their houses, and passengers who arrived by the Little Rock train this morning, report the water over the track near Edwinton; but the train went out to-day. The water is now below extreme high water ten inches, and about an inch below high water in 1874, when great damage was done.

A New Finance Bill. NEW YORK, April 3.—The Times' Washington special says: A new financial bill is to be proposed, authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to sell for legal tenders, to be immediately cancelled and destroyed, on the first Tuesday of each month, from February to November inclusive, in New York, to the highest bidder, the bonds of the United States to the amount of \$3,000,000, bearing 4 1/2 per cent. interest. The principal of these bonds is to be paid in thirty years in gold coin.

Tariff Bill. WASHINGTON, April 3.—In the House Morrison introduced a bill to amend the existing laws in relation to duties on imports. It proposed the following changes: To insert iron ore sixty cents per ton. Also to insert in lieu of the words "hair of alpaca goat or other like animals," the words "alpaca goat, camel, cow or calf," also to insert beans 20 cents per bushel, peas 15 cents per bushel. In the provision for ivory to strike out "beeswax balls" and insert "billiard balls" to strike out the paragraph commencing "woks essential or essential" and insert "to put on the free list articles not used as jewelry or intended to be manufactured into jewelry."

Fall of Matamoros Not Confirmed. The navy departments received dispatches to-day confirming the press reports of the fall of Matamoros.

Revolutionists Capture Matamoros.

Brownsville special of yesterday says Porfirio Diaz presented himself with 100 men to attack Matamoros, Barrera coming to the town sent out 300 men to receive him; these pronounced for Diaz. The national guard 1,000 strong in the city, and the artillery, refused to fire at him. The ninth cavalry, however, held firm, and made some appearance of fighting. Barrera seeing he was betrayed, left with a squad of the ninth cavalry for Brownsville, where he now is. Diaz is in Matamoros, where he was received with enthusiasm. At the latest accounts fighting was still going on about Matamoros by the remnants of the government troops, under Gristo and Parroti, who refuse to surrender. Hundreds of families have arrived here from Matamoros during the past week. Soldiers crossing to Brownsville are promptly arrested and disarmed.

Canadian Pacific Railway. CHICAGO, April 3.—The Times' Ottawa special says the government has announced its policy respecting the Pacific railway, which is to ignore the ten-years' limit and build it as rapidly as the circumstances of the country will permit. The line has been located from Lake of the Woods across Red river via Fort Petty and Edmonton through the Jasper House Pass to Fort George in British Columbia. The difficulty is to decide on the route from Fort George to the Pacific coast, 200 miles. The Fraser river route has been abandoned as impracticable, so either Bate Inlet or more likely, Dean Channel, 150 miles north of Victoria in the Pacific coast, will be adopted for the western end. At the eastern end it is not at all probable that any attempt will be made to construct the section from Lake Neepigon north of Lake Superior and Lake Huron to Nipissing for many years, so that it may be looked upon as practically abandoned unless there is a change of government at the next general election two years from now.

Abyssinian News. LONDON, April 3.—A special from Alexandria says: The King of Abyssinia sent envoys to Egypt asking for peace; but afterwards made impossible demands for a treaty of commerce before the treaty of peace was signed and for the payment of war expenses. The Egyptians are horrified by the terms of the treaty, and are withdrawing the remainder of their troops during the rainy season. It is suggested that a neutral territory be formed to prevent future collisions between Abyssinia and Egypt. It is reported that Prince Tigre has revolted and is marching on Adowa, capital of Tigre. Many persons favor the idea of placing the late King Theodore's son on the throne of Abyssinia under a guarantee.

Grain Receipts. LIVERPOOL, April 3.—The receipts of wheat for the past week from Atlantic ports has been 6,700 quarters; Pacific ports, 17,250; other sources, 82,000. Receipts of corn, 3,500 quarters.

Pedestrian Match. SAN FRANCISCO, April 3.—O'Leary, the pedestrian, began his walk of five hundred miles this morning, and at 11:30 had completed thirty miles, his opponent, Harry Roe, having made but twenty-three. Both men are in first class condition. O'Leary's fastest mile was made in 9 minutes and 4 seconds. Roe's, 14 minutes and 13 seconds.

No More Chinese Immigration. SAN FRANCISCO, April 3.—At 1 P. M. to-day the following cable dispatch was sent to Tung Wah Hospital, Hong Kong: "Chinese immigration must stop. The excitement increases every day against our people. (Signed.) YUNG COMPANY"

Inhuman Treatment. The passengers by the steamer Constitution from Panama, report that a passenger came aboard at Mazatlan. Just as the vessel was getting under way it was found he had purchased a through second-class ticket to San Francisco from a passenger who had just landed. It had been issued in the name of the original purchaser, and was not transferable. On learning these facts there was great manifestation of indignation among several subordinate officials, and one of them, said to be the quartermaster, whose name is given as Odell, seized the individual and chucked him overboard. The man was in imminent danger of drowning, but seized a trailing rope, and on the intercession of the passengers, with the captain, and offering to be responsible for his fare, he was taken on board. The passengers unite in condemning the act as utterly unjustifiable and inhuman.

Simultaneous vs. McCrelish. When the case of J. W. Simintou vs. McCrelish et al, action for damages for libel, was called in the United States circuit court this morning, counsel for defendants said it had been agreed that the demurrer should be withdrawn and ten days given to answer.

Dead Lock Over the Appropriations Fence. WASHINGTON, April 3.—The members of both Houses are looking forward with apprehension to the anticipated dead lock over the appropriation bills. A growing disposition is manifested in each House to have its own way. As to the appropriation bills already sent to conference committees, the military academy conference had no meeting; but nothing like agreement was manifested. The difference on the consular diplomatic bill is still more serious. The impression prevails that the Senate rather than yield will let the appropriation bills fall and the House after this letting the Senate go on the record as unwilling to yield and make the Senate action a campaign document. Acting Postmaster G. Marshall at the close of to-day let it manifest the importance of immediate action on the appropriation. Randall would not listen. Marshall says the postoffice of New York, Boston,

where must close at sundown and that the misfortune will bring incalculable loss, injury and delay to the mails throughout the country. He said the Postoffice Department had sufficient funds; but no authority to use them. A simple resolution would accomplish the purpose.

Investigation of General Merrill Resisted.

NEW YORK, April 4.—A special to the Times says the House military committee have decided to investigate the charge so frequently made that Major Merrill of the army accepted a fee of twenty thousand dollars for persecuting the Kuklux, while stationed in South Carolina, during the administration of Governor Scott. Merrill, who is now serving at the Centennial Exposition, was accordingly summoned and testified before the committee to-day. He explained that the proclamation was issued by Governor Scott, offering a reward to persons who should secure the arrest and conviction of the Kuklux, and under that proclamation he received for his services in a number of cases an aggregate sum of \$21,000. He did not appear as a lawyer; but testified on the officers and by making an affidavit against them secured their trial and conviction. This he claimed he had a right to do. He said he did not think it improper to take the rewards offered by the State, simply because he was an officer of the navy. A number of witnesses will be examined, among them General Curtis. Merrill acknowledges he was admitted to the bar in South Carolina, but says he never practiced nor ever expected to. Curtis, in conversation with one of the committee, charged Merrill with taking a bribe from the accused before a court-martial, of which he was Judge Advocate in Texas a year or two ago, and proposes to be able to substantiate the charge which Merrill to-day denied before the committee.

Dana Rejected. Dana has been rejected. The intimation of secrecy is not removed, and it is safe to say the vote was about 17 for to 31 against him.

General Forey to be Retired. WASHINGTON, April 4.—The House committee on military affairs agreed to-day to allow General Forey to be retired in full rank with reduced pay.

Gen. Sherman Recommends a Transfer of the Indian Bureau. CHICAGO, April 4.—The Times' Washington special contains a letter from Gen. Sherman to the committee on Indian affairs. He recommends a transfer of the Indian Bureau to the War Department, and says: "As the military authorities are already charged with the duty of keeping the peace, and I am sure they will be better able to accomplish this, and if entrusted with the issue of annuities, whether money, food or clothing, the Indians, more especially those who occupy the vast region west of the Mississippi, from the Rio Grande to the British line, are natural warriors, and have always looked to the military, rather than to the civil authorities of the government, for protection or punishment, and were the troops to be withdrawn, instant war would be the result. If it be the policy of the government, as I believe it is, to save the remnants of these tribes, it can only be accomplished through the military authorities. These will obey orders and enforce any line of policy that may be prescribed for them by law or regulations. Sooner or later these Indians—say the Sioux, Arapahos, Cheyennes, Kiowas and Comanches—must be self-supporting. And farming and mechanical arts so obnoxious to their natures and traditions, that any hope of their becoming agriculturalists can hardly be expected. But the Indians see the buffalo, elk, antelope, deer and all the large game fast disappearing, and they must raise cattle and sheep or starve. In my opinion this is the proper direction to turn their attention and which is the best friend the Indian ever had."

Wyckham a Candidate for Vice President. NEW YORK, April 4.—The Sun says, editorially: "It is announced that Wm. H. Wyckham, Mayor of this city, has taken sumptuous apartments at a hotel in St. Louis, for his use during the meeting of the Democratic National Convention. His idea is to obtain the nomination for Vice President. His chief hope is said to rest in the rebel element, founded principally on the circumstance that he employs as his private secretary, Col. Barton B. Harrison, who was private secretary to Jeff. Davis in the days of the Southern Confederacy." The Sun writes: "The credits of the rebellious element, and intimates that bad as Grant is, it is chieftainly between him and rebel sympathizers, Grant would be elected."

Dastardly Murder. CARLISLE, Ill., April 4.—One of the most dastardly acts ever occurring in this part of the country was committed by Thos. Tracy, of this place, who shot his wife, then struck his child with the gun, killing it, as he supposed, and then cut his own throat. A family quarrel is supposed to have been the cause. There were no witnesses to the act. They were all found by one of the neighbors lying on the floor. The wife and child are not dead, but cannot live.

Loss of Registered Mail Matter. ST. LOUIS, April 3.—Between 30 and 40 registered packages have recently been stolen from the mails, and special agents Foster and Booth, of the Postoffice Department, have been working up the case for a week past, and yesterday arrested the express agent at Parsons, Kansas, named Dismore, who confessed and made restitution of between \$700 and \$800.

Municipal Elections. CINCINNATI, April 3.—The city election to-day was the quietest held in many years. The indications are that the Democrats elect their entire ticket by small majorities, with the exception of one member of the board of public works. The

vote was considerably less than that of last fall.

April 4.—In the election yesterday for members of the board of public works, the Democrats elected three and the Republicans two. The Republicans will have a majority in the City Council and in the school boards. The Democrats will retain a majority on the board of aldermen, and probably have a small majority on joint ballot. The returns from the interior of the State indicate that the elections generally turned upon local rather than upon party questions.

Complete returns show that the Republicans have elected the water works trustees, police commissioner and six out of eleven members of the city council.

Returns from 54 towns show a general Republican majority in 22 and a Democratic majority in 15. Of the rest 70 are divided. Local questions entered so fully into the contest that the result is no test of party strength.

CLEVELAND, April 3.—The municipal election passed off quietly to-day. The indications are that the Republican city ticket is entirely elected by a large majority. The Republicans also probably elect 11 out of 18 councilmen.

CLEVELAND, April 4.—The general Republican ticket was elected by a majority of 2,500 on an average. The council will stand 22 Republicans to 14 Democrats. The Republican ticket elected 15 out of 18 councilmen yesterday. The vote cast was about medium. The returns generally showed Republican gains all through. Politics were ignored in many cases.

DENVER, April 4.—The municipal election here to-day passed off quietly. The vote polled was not very heavy. Dr. Buckingham, Democrat, is elected Mayor over F. M. Crocker, Republican, by a majority of 180. The Republicans elect four aldermen out of six.

CALAIS, Me., April 3.—The Republicans have elected the Mayor by 200 majority.

Revolution in Mexico. GALVESTON, April 4.—A special to the News from Brownsville, Texas, says: Gen. Toledo has taken service with Gen. Diaz. That besides the question mooted to-day as to his having betrayed Gen. Labarra. The wounded number about twenty-four. The losses on the government side are not known. Gen. Labarra has been joined by his family, and occupies the house recently occupied by Gen. Diaz in Brownsville. Col. Cristo and a great many other officers are in this place.

Gen. Puro is on his march from Monterey to Matamoros; Gen. Labarra expects him in five or six days. Gen. Diaz has issued a proclamation requesting the citizens to remain at home and attend to their business. He promises them security and all the rights guaranteed by the constitution of 1857. Gen. Labarra anticipates leaving the frontier. Gen. Diaz has not forwarded a communication to Gen. Potter; he was writing one yesterday. It is probable that trying the Rio Bravo on the Mexican side will not be thought a violation of neutrality. Arms and ammunition were received to-day; some consigned to Gen. Labarra, and some to the commanding officer at Matamoros. Gen. Diaz is reported to have received \$40,000 by the last steamer from New Orleans.

Examination of Quartermaster-General Meigs. WASHINGTON, April 5.—Quartermaster-General Meigs was before the House military committee to-day, and was examined concerning the removal of the quartermaster-general's office from the G street building to the building corner of Pennsylvania Avenue and Fifteenth street. He thought there was no occasion for the removal, and if he had been here, he should have objected to it. The cost of the fitting up of the new building for the office, the expense of removing to it and the cost of restoring the old office to its original condition, in accordance with the terms of the lease, made a great bill of expense, while no advantage was gained by the change. He said General Ingalls had expressed his mortification at the expense attending the change, which was much more than anticipated.

Spencer Investigation Case. The committee on privileges and elections decided to-day not to admit in evidence a number of letters written by Spencer to a number of political friends in Alabama.

Contested Election Case. The committee of the House on elections heard the reports of the sub-committee in the case of Lemoyne vs. Farwell of the third district of Illinois and will decide the case on Saturday. It is understood that a majority of the sub-committee favor giving the seat to Lemoyne, Democrat, the contestant.

The General Deficiency Bill. The House committee on appropriations further considered the general deficiency bill. No conclusion was reached, and the committee have called upon the heads of departments for further information with regard to the necessity of various deficiencies. This is the bill which contains the provisions for water, light and other deficiencies.

Tariff on Wool. The committee on ways and means completed their consideration of wools and woolen products, being part of the Morrison tariff bill, to-day, making only one alteration, striking out the word "like" in the following clause: "Wools of the second class, and all hair of the Alpaca goat and other like animals, the value whereof at last port or place whence exported to the United States, including the charges to such ports, shall be 32 cents, or less, per pound, 5 cents."

Rhode Island State Election. PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 5.—The election is progressing quietly. The vote is light. The latest reports indicate that the Democrats elect their entire ticket by small majorities, with the exception of one member of the board of public works. The

Secretary Chandler Denies Bell's Statement.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—Secretary Chandler was before the Clymer committee to-day, and testified that the statements of Detective Bell, as far as they related to himself, were wholly false. To the best of his recollection he never had any conversation with him and did not know that he had been employed to help Babcock. He disclaimed Bell because he believed he was a scoundrel, and gave preemptory orders that his account should be paid by the pension office, because he had been engaged in illegitimate work. He was not aware until a few days ago that he had been paid. Lucky never spoke to him about Bell, as alleged by the latter, and Bell's story in this respect is a total falsehood. Chandler testified fully, and contradicted Bell in every statement. In his answer to a question by Clymer, Chandler said that after the termination of the Babcock trial, he received from ex-Secretary Borie a letter saying that the expenses of the trial was more than \$40,000; that Babcock was totally ruined financially, and desired his trials to be continued to delay the expenses of the trial. Acting on this suggestion he sent Babcock a check for \$1,030.

Municipal Elections. ST. JOSEPH, April 5.—In the municipal election to-day the Democrats elect the Mayor and most of the ticket, and 3 out of 6 councilmen.

LAWRENCE, April 5.—R. W. Ludington was elected Mayor to-day. The other city officers were chosen from among the very best class of citizens irrespective of politics.

TOPEKA, April 5.—In the city election to-day the Republicans elect the Mayor and probably all the city ticket.

ATCHISON, April 5.—The election here to-day, for city officers resulted in the election of the entire Republican ticket and 3 out of 4 Councilmen. Last year the Democrats elected their entire ticket, except Mayor. Great rejoicing among Republicans. The first time in several years that they have elected their entire ticket.

ST. LOUIS, April 5.—Of the 13 Aldermen voted for yesterday, the Democrats elect 6, the Republicans 4 and the Independents 3. The latter, however, are also Democrats. Of the 9 school directors, the Democrats elect 5, Republicans 4. The People's Charter ticket, for freeholders, has a large majority.

CHICAGO, April 5.—The town election yesterday passed off quietly. Party lines were not closely drawn, but it is believed that the Republican or Municipal Reform ticket is elected in the South and Western towns, and that the vote was close in the Northern towns. The counting of the votes is still in progress.

Dana's Rejection. NEW YORK, April 4.—A Washington special says the reported opposition of Butler had no influence one way or another in determining his rejection. According to report, two letters are in existence, one currently known as the Dana letter, and another published in the Boston papers, the latter being original and genuine; for which reason the members of the Senate committee on foreign relations pronounced untrue the statement heretofore made that Dana didn't desire to go before the committee. Dana did ask, through two Senators, to be allowed to go before the committee; and moreover filed a letter published in Boston as coming from Dana, on the subject, but it is believed that he wished to appear before the committee, while that submitted here just took the opposite stand.

Regarding Dana's rejection the Times' Washington special says the unexpectedly large vote against confirmation shows how effectual are the means other than speech-making to secure results in that body. The session was exceedingly interesting, and brought to light some new elements of opposition to the confirmation of Dana that had not been seen before.

A Rascally Lawyer. In behalf of Miss Halpine, daughter of the late Charles G. Halpine, known more generally as Miles O'Reilly, all of Wm. C. Barrett's property that can be found has been attached. The fugitive lawyer was custodian of Miss Halpine's estate, and by his dishonesty the property thus entrusted, in amount \$40,000, is a loss. After his recent departure for Europe it was found the property had been entirely appropriated by him. His method in general had been to induce Miss Halpine to sign assignments ignorantly and then sell the property.

Distillery Forfeited. CHICAGO, April 5.—The South Branch Distillery property, owned by Haas, Powell & Co., has been declared forfeited to the government on account of frauds committed there. Simon Powell, one of the partners, pleaded guilty in the U. S. Court this morning, and the indictments as to the others, Haas and Bailey, were dismissed. The 14th cent charges conspiracy for the removal of spirits, etc.

Suicide. ST. LOUIS, April 5.—Barton Hendrick, formerly secretary to Gov. Warmoth, of Louisiana, was found dead in his room last evening, with an empty chloroform bottle at his side.

Robbery and Murder. The store of M. M. Freeman, at Spring Creek, Phelps county, was robbed Saturday night or Sunday. Freeman and several others started in pursuit of the thieves and overtook W. K. Bradford, having in charge some of the booty. M. M. Freeman and brother were in advance, and in the attempt to capture Bradford were shot and killed. Bradford escaped.

Anti-Chinese Meeting. SAN FRANCISCO, April 5.—Union Hall was crowded to-night on the occasion of the grand anti-Chinese mass meeting. It was estimated that in the hall and around the stands on the street over ten thousand people were present.

The meeting in the hall was opened by Mayor Bryant, who addressed the assembly, urging a moderate and dignified expression of public sentiment, and introduced Governor Irwin as the presiding officer. The Governor addressed the meeting at some length, claiming that Chinese immigration involved the subversion of Anglo-Saxon civilization on this coast and ultimately in the United States, and would result in forming two classes in the community—capitalists and Coolies; that in the economic conflict of races the whites must go to the wall; that if the object was to arrive at the greatest production at the least expense, Coolie labor would fulfill the conditions; but that a higher object was to develop better specimens of the human race; that the evil must be stopped by working on public sentiment on the opposite side of the continent, and secure a modification of the existing Burlingame treaty.

At the close of the Governor's speech, a list of Vice Presidents were elected.

Mark McDonald, President of the Citizens' Committee, after a brief address, introduced Frank Pixley, who read the resolutions prepared by the committee, which after preamble setting forth the extent of the evil they were called to combat; the degrading influences of the Chinese influx; the impossibility of assimilating them with the white population, and its demoralizing effect in fostering want, idleness and crime on the part of the working classes, demanded for this coast and country the protection of the general government, and recommended that a delegation be sent to Washington to procure the abrogation or modification of the treaty and the making of a new one of a strictly commercial character. All other remedies have been tried and failed. Recognizing the rights of the Chinese, now in the country, no violent measures would be countenanced, but redress must be sought by legal means, at the hands of the appropriate law-making power.

The resolutions were adopted amid great applause.

Hon. O. T. Ryland, of San Jose, next addressed the meeting, followed by Hon. Phil. Branch, Hon. Geo. Barton, Dr. J. Campbell Shorp, E. F. Highton, and Stewart M. Tupper. Thos. Ryan, Rev. D. Cox, Lieut. Gov. Johnson and O. M. Wagoner, also spoke. The speeches were all of the same tenor, moderate in tone, deprecating all attempts at a violent solution of the problem; but urging united, continued and energetic legal action to attain the desired end, the principal argument being directed to the necessity of action on the part of the treaty making power to modify the Burlingame treaty. Mr. Wagoner took different ground and struck the keynote by advocating recourse to legal tribunals to do away with all future immigration by attacking the system of contract by which all coolies are brought into the country, by contraction of treaty stipulations and the laws of the land, which he claimed was the most direct, feasible and proper course to be pursued. The remarks of the various speakers were well received and elicited frequent applause.

The street meeting was also addressed by a number of speakers to the same general effect. About 11 o'clock the assembly quietly dispersed. Perfect quiet reigned throughout the city during the evening. Ample precautions had been taken to prevent any breach of the peace, but no occasion arose for the interference of authorities.

Died of Wounds. The old German named Michael Mitchell, who was stabbed in Bull Run alley last Friday morning, with the blade of a pair of scissors in the hands of Jno. McCarthy, died at the county hospital this morning. A charge of murder has been registered against McCarthy on the prison book.

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FOUR KIAMATH ITEMS.

A correspondent of the Journal writing from Fort Klamath, under date of March 8th, sends these interesting news items: A shooting affray occurred near here on the 1st, between two hunters, resulting in the death of a man named Christopher Parker, formerly a resident of Portland. A man named West, did the shooting; and West's wife was at the bottom of it. The husband, several months ago discovered, in Josephine County, that there was a criminal intimacy existing between his wife and Parker. He left the woman as soon as he found she had signed against him, and came out here. Parker soon followed with a drove of cattle; and shortly after his arrival commenced boasting of his success with West's wife so that it could reach the latter's ears. This opinion added to West's agony, which had now become unbearable; and yesterday he procured a shot-gun and, hunting Parker up, literally riddled him with buck-shot, killing him almost instantly. Everybody here thinks Parker was served as he deserved to be. The fact that Captain Jack's grave sunk down last summer created considerable discussion; and to put all speculation at rest, the grave was opened a few days ago. Strange to say, nothing but an empty rule tin box was found in the grave. The opinion is now that the bodies of Jack and the other Indians hanged with him were taken East preserved in alcohol shortly after the Indians suffered death, and that they will be heard of again as mummies on exhibition at the Centennial display in the City of Philadelphia. The weather is comparatively warm and pleasant, grass is growing freely, and stock doing exceedingly well.

Even in the hardest times clocks employ their regular number of hands, and they are about the only employers that don't allow their works to be stopped by strikes.