Th

VOL. 21. NO. 42.

### UNPAID SUBSCRIPTIONS.

All subscribers whose subscriptions are not paid for the current year are requested to pay up.

Quite a number owe this paper since 1870 and the amounts so due would do it a great deal of good just at this time.

Lines drawn around this notice are intended to call your attention to the date on your tag and to urge you to pay up.

This appeal is meant in decided earnest and you are particularly requested to give it immediate attention.

The idea that newspapers are run without cash is fallacious—very.

The amount of individual subscriptions is so small that subscribers do not realize the importance of prompt payment, but the publisher has very forcible proof of it.

### BUSINESS NOTICE.

Hereafter, all communications to this paper should be addressed to C. P. CRANDALL, or to "STATESMAN."

In order that all the business of the concern may be settled as between the seller and purchaser of the paper, all persons in arrears for subscription or advertising, are earnestly requested to pay up promptly.

Agents are requested to observe that the price of the WEEKLY OREGON STATESMAN is $3 00 per year in advance. Where payment is delayed for more than six months, 50 cents extra will be charged for each six months of delay. Agents will please forward at once, any subscription monies now in their hands, and hereafter as promptly as possible.

All advertisements will be discontinued at the expiration of the time for which they were ordered.

## Republican Nominations '72

For President,

## U. S. GRANT.

For Vice President,

## HENRY WILSON.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS.

**A. B. Meacham**, of Umatilla County.
**W. D. Hare**, of Washington County.
**Jas. F. Gazley**, of Douglas County.

### GEN. GRANT'S PRINCIPLES:

"I would sum up the policy of the Administration to be a thorough enforcement of every law; a faithful collection of the tax provided for; economy in the disbursement of the same, and a prompt payment of the debt of the nation: a reduction of taxes as rapidly as the requirements of the country will admit; reduction of taxation and tariff to be so arranged as to afford the greatest relief to the greatest number; honest and fair dealings with all other people, to the end that war, with all its blighting consequences may be avoided, without surrendering any right or obligation due to the United States; a reform in the treatment of the Indians, and the whole civil service of the country; and, finally, in securing a pure, untrammelled ballot, where every man entitled to cast a vote may do so just once at each election, without fear of molestation or proscription on account of his political faith, nativity or color."

U. S. GRANT.

### PROFESSIONAL CARDS

**DR. E. Y. CHASE,**

BREVT LT. COL., LATE SURGEON U. S. Vol. Office—Durbin's block, up stairs. Residence, Commercial street, Salem, Oregon. March 28, '72, dtf.

**DR. CHAS. WILSON,**

OCULIST AND AURIST. Consulting and Operating Surgeon for all Diseases of the Eye and Ear. Office Rooms, 38 and 39, Starkey's Block, Salem, Oregon. au16tf

**WILLAMETTE UNIVERSITY.**

SALEM, OREGON, the oldest and largest incorporated School in the State. Classical Commercial, Normal and Scientific courses of study. For full information address the President, T. M. GATCH,
Or C. N. TERRY, Sec. of B'd Trustees.
Sept. 7, d&wly

**DR. E. R. FISKE.**

OFFICE—No. 5, Moores' Block. Residence—Court Street, Opposite University. oct21

**J. C. GRUBBS, M. D.**

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, offers his professional services to the citizens of Dallas and vicinity. nov2dwtf

**DR. H. CARPENTER.**

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON, Office and Residence on Liberty street, nearly opposite the Congregational Church.
Salem, Nov. 19th, 71. tf

**CAPLES & MORELAND,**

ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Portland, Oregon. Office, up stairs—S. E. corner Front and Washington Streets. Sept.23daw

**POWELL & FLINN,**

ATTORNEYS AT LAW and Solicitors in Chancery, Albany, Oregon. L. FLINN, Notary Public.

Collections and conveyances promptly attended to. dawtf

**JAMES A. RICHARDSON, M. D.,**

PHYSICIAN AN SURGEON, (Late Bellevue Hospital Medical College New York City.) Office in Moore's Brick, Salem, Ogn. —Residence, opposite the N. E. corner of Marion Square.

**J. W. VAN DEN BERGH, M. D.,**

**(Worm Doctor)**

LATE OF SAN FRANCISCO; HAVING made the entozoa which infest the human system a life-long study, and adopted his branch of medicine as a specialty, offers his services to the citizens of Salem and vicinity.

OFFICE ROOMS—28 and 29, over the Post Office. The celebrated Worm Syrup can be had at his office.
February 11, 1872.—d&wtf

### MISCELLANEOUS.

**1852. 1872.**

## PIONEER CASH STORE,

**F. LEVY,**

Corner of Commercial and State sts., Salem.

**Spring and Summer Goods.**

The Largest and Best Assortment of Dress Goods in Salem, to which I invite the attention of the Ladies. Also, a large stock of

**Men's and Boy's Clothing.**

And everything usually kept in a well assorted Store. To attempt to enumerate all the various kinds of Goods, would be out of the question; and I say to one and all call and see for yourselves. My motto will be to sell cheap for Cash or Trade.
Mar6'72tf

## DANIEL LOWER,

**135 Front St., Portland,**

## Commission Merchant.

Oregon produce sold to best advantage in Portland or San Francisco. Dealer in

**CALIFORNIA & OREGON**

**Produce.**

—AND—

**TROPICAL FRUITS.**

*Consignments Solicited.*
Jan. 25, 1872.

## W. H. WATKINDS & CO.,

**Salem, Oregon,**

Largest and most complete assortment of

**Harness,**
**Saddles,**
**Whips, Etc.,**
**OUTSIDE OF PORTLAND.**

Saddlery Hardware and Findings,
AT LOW PRICES.
May3dtf

**3,000 Bushels**

**Fine Seed & Table Potatoes.**

WE ARE IN RECEIPT OF A VERY Choice lot of Puget Sound Spuds, in equal parts of

**White Kidneys.**
**Pinkeyes and**
**Peachblows.**

The superiority of these Potatoes is well known, either for Seed or Table.

**HELD AT REASONABLE RATES.**

Orders from dealers and farmers from the interior will be filled with dispatch.

Direct or apply to

**ANDERS & ROWE,**

Grocers, Corner Fourth and Washington Streets, Portland.
April 1, 6&wtf

## MILLINERY.

**NEW GOODS FROM PORTLAND**

MRS. J. H. HOWELL takes this method of informing the public that she has just received a large and well-selected stock of

**Millinery Goods.**

The largest stock of

**Ribbons, Flowers, and Laces,**

to be found in the city.

**Dolly Varden Hats and Ribbons Just Received.**

Call and examine her stock before purchasing elsewhere. Rooms over Farrar Bros.
Remember the place.
May14tf

### THE RESULT.

Jos. G. Wilson is elected Member of Congress from Oregon. The next Legislature is Republican on joint ballot and it is not impossible that we have elected a majority in each of the two houses. The State of Oregon is redeemed from the mercenary rings. We are to have a Republican U. S. Senator for the next six years. Oregon has sounded another ringing note in the campaign for Grant. We have prepared the way for an overwhelming Republican victory in the State election of 1872. Our next Governor, Secretary, Treasurer, etc., will be Republicans. There will be no more school fund steals. The State lands will be preserved. The rights of settlers will be protected. Internal improvements on a fair, honest basis will be encouraged and protected. Things are as they should be.

### THE REPUBLICAN LEGISLATURE.

According to present indications we have elected Republican members of the Legislature as follows:

BENTON COUNTY—Ben. Simpson and Jas. Gingles, Representatives.

CLATSOP—John West, Representative.

CLATSOP, COLUMBIA and TILLAMOOK—Samuel Corwin, Representative.

COOS, CURRY and DOUGLAS—Joint Senators, G. Webster, J. F. Watson. Representative, M. Riley.

DOUGLAS—Representatives, D. Bushey, J. F. Cooper, George Riddle.

LANE—Senator, W. W. Bristow. Representatives, N. Martin, C. W. Washburn, A. S. Powers.

MULTNOMAH—Senator, J. N. Dolph. Representatives, J. F. Caples, Sol. Hirsch, J. B. Congle and John D. Biles.

MARION—Representatives, R. Mallory, T. McF. Patton, Wm. Darst, John Downing, Joseph Engle.

POLK—Senator, Richard Crystal. Representatives, A. Stephens, John Allen and Jesse Stump.

WASCO—Senator, Z. F. Moody. Representative, G. W. Waldron.

WASHINGTON—Senator, T. R. Cornelius. Representatives, Geo. H. Collier and Thos. Stott.

YAMHILL—Senator, J. W. Cowles. Representatives, A. R. Burbank and T. R. Harrison.

The above list gives us eight majority in the House. Counting elected and hold over Senators, we have a tie in the Senate, without counting Witham of Benton, who was wrongfully displaced two years ago, and who will probably be given his seat next fall. At present advices, we are not certain but we may have a gain of one or two in Jackson and one in Grant. Whether so or not we have a sure majority on joint ballot, sufficient to elect a Republican U. S. Senator, and to defeat further intended depredations upon the funds and lands of the State, and to prevent the Lock and Dam Swindle Co. from consummating their proposed further swindle upon the State by the sale of their works "at the cost of construction." We shall have a repeal of the oppressive and unjust Litigant law, and we shall have a proper and just apportionment of the Senators and Representatives in the Legislative Assembly. We shall hope also to have the necessary appropriations for State buildings and some practicable and good law regulating our common school system. There are numerous features of our statutes that, as "fixed" by the last Democratic Legislature, are vicious in their operation; these we shall expect to see corrected.

### OUTRAGE UPON CITIZENSHIP.

Gen. Joel Palmer who has lived for many years continuously in Yamhill county, was denied the privilege of voting (except for Congressman) by a Democratic board of election judges, on the ground that he was a citizen of Siletz, Benton county. Gen. Palmer's home is in Yamhill, but he is Indian Agent at the Siletz Reservation having a part of his family with him. Under the constitution he could not be deemed to have lost or gained a residence by reason of his employment in the service of the United States. His bona fide residence was, therefore, in Yamhill county, and he was entitled as clearly as any other citizen of the county to vote there. Several other residents and voters of Yamhill were also disfranchised in the same arbitrary manner, on account of being employed at the Siletz Reservation. We are informed that the election board—two Democrats—stated that they acted upon the advice of Gov. Grover who told them that Gen. Palmer having removed his domicil to Siletz had lost his residence in Yamhill. Gov. Grover is politically dead now, or it might be worth while to speak in fitting terms of the unworthy trick by which he accomplished the disfranchisement of Gen. Palmer and his employes.

In Yamhill, Democratic judges of election ruled that a person having left the county in the service of the United States, thereby lost his residence and the right to vote. Thus several old citizens were disfranchised. In Lane and Douglas, judges of similar politics ruled that persons employed on the railroad in those counties did not gain a residence thereby; in other words, if they wanted to vote they must go back to the place they came from. This is State law; but the principle seemed to work quite contrariwise in different places. But after all this "chopping" on the administration of the law to secure Democratic advantage, the State has gone with a sweep for the Republicans. The victory was won at an up-hill fight, and is, therefore, all the more glorious.

To-day the Republican National Convention will meet at Philadelphia, and name the man, by acclamation, who is to be President for the next four years. Grant is already the nominee of the Republican party of the whole country, and giving authoritative expression to the nomination will be only matter of form.

Nearly two years ago Horace Greeley, in the Tribune, making note of the greatly reduced Democratic majority in 1870, in Oregon, from the election of 1868, predicted that in 1872, the State would go Republican. Horace has lived to see his prediction verified; but Oregon is in great doubt whether, after all, she has voted to suit Horace. H. G. is in the Dolly Varden line now and Oregon decidely is not.

e Weekly

SALEM, OREGON,

FisherLP Z

# ELECTION RETURNS

## J. G. Wilson Elected to Congress.

## Large Republican gains Everywhere.

## LEGISLATURE REPUBLICAN.

## Republican U. S. Senator Secured.

## Corrupt Schemes of the Rings Checkmated.

## Grover, Miller, Teal & Co., Politically Bankrupt.

### CLACKAMAS COUNTY.

Democratic Sheriff and Clerk elected. Senator and one Representative doubtful. Balance of Republican ticket elected without much doubt.

### POLK COUNTY.

The most nearly authentic account we have was received yesterday noon. It stated the entire Republican Legislative ticket elected. Reports were current, later in the day, of uncertain origin, to the effect that two members of Legislature were doubtful.

### MARION COUNTY.

The following are the Republican majorities in Marion county: Wilson 395. Humphrey 183. Representatives—Mallory over Allen 131; Patton over Allen 96; Darst over Allen 146; J. Downing over Allen 167; Engle over Allen 160. County Commissioners—Case over highest Dolly Varden 125; Porter, ditto, 100. Sheriff, Scott 302. Treasurer, Boynton 316. School Superintendent, Knight 134. Assessor, Shaw 290. Judson elected Surveyor and Shelton Coroner without opposition. D. H. Murphy, Democrat, beats J. J. Murphy Republican, for Clerk, 330.

### YAMHILL.

The following are Republican majorities on official count: Wilson 87. Humphrey 57. State Senator, J. W. Cowles 83. Representatives, A. R. Burbank 82. T. R. Harrison 45. Sheriff, R. P. Bird 50. Clerk, Roswell H. Lamson 23. Treasurer, J. M. Kelty 104. Assessor Isaac Davis 196. County Commissioners Wm. Dawson 28, J. M. Hurley 56. School Superintendent H. H. Hewitt 46. Surveyor Chas. Handley 17. Coroner H. V. V. Johnson 65.

### MULTNOMAH.

For Congress J. G. Wilson 914 majority.

Douglas, Lane and Benton counties have elected Republican tickets—majorities not definitely ascertained.

The Republicans will have not less than eight majority of members of Legislature.

Wilson will go up the Columbia with near 1400 majority, and his majority in the State will be not less than 600 or 700.

*From Daily of Thursday June 6.*

## ELECTION NEWS.

### CLACKAMAS.

The vote on Congressman was nearly a tie. The Republican Representatives are all elected. At latest news Senator in doubt.

### COLUMBIA

Gives a small majority for Burnett—probably not to exceed 20. The Democratic Representative and county ticket. Small majority against Cornelius for joint Senator and against Corwin for joint Representative.

### CLATSOP.

Astoria gave Wilson 40 majority; West, Republican Representative 25 majority, and Corwin, joint Representative (with Tillamook and Columbia) Republican 35 majority.

### DOUGLAS.

Wilson's majority about 125. Republican Representatives about 75 majority.

### JACKSON.

Mason (D.) elected to Legislature, running on both Democratic tickets. Two Republican Representatives and county ticket elected. Burnett's majority estimated not to exceed 250.

### POLK.

Crystal, Republican Senator, elected beyond question by 15 or 20 majority. Stump, Republican Representative, elected, probably, by a majority of 5 or 6. Both sides claim the other two Representatives. Official count required to decide. Wilson's majority about 30.

### MARION.

Humphrey's majority in this county is 241, instead of 183, as we published it yesterday. Patton's is 89 instead of 96.

Humphrey is elected Prosecuting Attorney by not far from 150 majority, in the District.

### BENTON COUNTY—OFFICIAL.

John Burnett, 613; Wilson, 609. Representatives—James Gingles (R.), 624; Ben Simpson (R.), 600; Jacob Modie (D.), 562; John Foster (D.), 548. Sheriff—J. S. Palmer (D.), 588; J. C. Alexander (R.), 577. Clerk—B. W. Wilson (R.), 696; W. J. Robertson (R.), 441. Commissioners—Jas. Chambers (R.), 607; James Edwards (R.), 612; John Wells (D.), 574; Ira Hunter (D.), 538. Treasurer—Wm. Groves (R.), 630; M. Jacobs (D.), 518. School Superintendent—A.R. Brown (R.), 613; — Henkle (D.), 538. Surveyor, Geo. Mercer (R.), 627; L. Locke (D.), 537; W. H. Johnson (D.), elected Assessor by eleven majority. District Attorney, 2d District—F. A. Chenoweth (R.), 649; C. W. Fitch (D.), 525.

Chenoweth is undoubtedly elected Prosecuting Attorney in the 2d District.

*From Daily of Friday June 7.*

## ELECTION RETURNS.

The following is the latest reliable news from all sources:

### WASCO.

The Democrats claim this county by a small majority. There is a probability that Wilson will run ahead of Burnett, and a possibility that Moody, Rep., will be elected State Senator.

### WASHINGTON.

HILLSBORO, June 5.—Wilson's majority is 202; Durham, 162; Cornelius, 135; Colier, 133. The balance of the Republican county ticket is elected, except one Commissioner.

### LINN.

In this county the Democratic majority is as follows: Burnett, 270; Legislative ticket, from 220 to 240; Tandy, County Judge, 153. The remainder of the ticket is about the same as the Representatives.

### BAKER and UNION.

Three precincts in Baker county gave Burnett 90 majority. Union county gave him 1 majority in two precincts. His majority in the county will be very small. He is behind his ticket badly. Union and Baker trade him off for the county ticket. Burnett's majority, so far, 148, with a poor chance for increase. All three county tickets will probably be Democratic.

### JOSEPHINE.

JACKSONVILLE, June 5.—Returns from Josephine county give Burnett 30 majority. The Democrats elect the whole county ticket.

### JACKSON.

Returns from all precincts in Jackson county, except Lost River and Goose Lake, are in. Burnett's majority is being reduced, and now it is improbable that it will reach 200. Langell and Walker, Republican Representatives, will have 150 majority.

### CLACKAMAS—OFFICIAL.

OREGON CITY, June 5.—The following is the official vote of Clackamas county: Wilson, 744; Burnett, 741. Durham, 708; Bellinger, 678. State Senator—Cochran, Rep., 665; Myers, 672. Republican House Members—Barrin, 679; Matlock, 677; Crawford, 671. Dem. House—Shipley, 650; Martin, 662; Ringo, 660. County Clerk—Paquet, Rep., 636; Caulfield, Dem., 685; Sheriff—Ramsby, Rep., 606; Hedges, Dem., 721.

## APPORTIONMENT.

Among the things which will claim the attention of the next Legislature, whether it be Republican or Democratic, will be a law to apportion the representation in the Legislative Assembly, among the several counties or districts according to population. The last Legislature, for the purpose of securing Democratic advantage in the Legislature of 1872, refused to make a new apportionment though it was well known that the old one was exceedingly unequal and unjust to many parts of the State. To show how unequal is the present apportionment we need only to make a few simple illustrations. The whole population of the State upon the census of 1870, was 90,923. This was divided then among Republican and Democratic counties in the proportion of 51,202 to 39,721. The Republican districts with a population of 51,202 had a representation of 8 Senators and 24 Representatives—aggregate 32. The Democratic counties with a population of 39,721 had a representation of 14 Senators and 25 Representatives—aggregate 39. Eastern Oregon, with a total population of 12,832, had 5 Senators and 9 Representatives; aggregate 14, or about one-fifth of the Legislative Assembly while its population is less than one-seventh of the entire State. Multnomah county with a population of 11,510, almost as many as all of Eastern Oregon, has but two Senators and four Representatives, or less than half the representation of the same population in Eastern Oregon. Multnomah's 11,500 has no more Senator's than Lane's 6,426; and no more than Jackson and Josephine's 5,981. Columbia has one Representative to 862 population, while Marion has only one to each 1,992; and Multnomah has only one to each 2,877. With a population of less each than Multnomah's ratio for one member, Umatilla, Grant and Wasco have, each, *two* members. We might point out still many other unjust inequalities in the apportionment; but these are perhaps sufficient to show the necessity there is for the Legislature to take action in the matter at the next session. We have pointed out the unequal representation of Democratic and Republican counties simply to show the motive which actuated the last Democratic Legislature in refusing to alter the apportionment law.

## NATIONAL REPTBLICAN CONVENTION.

As we expected, the delegates to the National Republican Convention, are so near a unit for is neither any discussion among the Grant for President that there delegates or speculation among the quid nunes, on that point. Every one takes it for granted that the nomination for President is already settled, and all attention is turned toward the question of the Vice Presidency. Grant was nominated by the people months ago, by the unanimous voice of all but the traditional enemies of the Republican party and a few soreheaded, disappointed politicans. It is the spontaneous movement of 1868, repeated. And Grant whose name will be upon a nation of tongues to-day will be re-elected next fall by the triumphant acclaim of 1868, repeated. It matters less who shall be with him on the ticket—whether Colfax, Wilson, Blaine or any other of the eminent men who have been spoken of in connection with that office. Grant's name alone and the record of his administration, will be the rallying cry with which the great Republican party will march to victory next November, as irresistibly as Grant himself closed in upon and crushed the great rebellion.

There was a report circulated here yesterday that the official count of the votes of Polk county, had given Grant, the Democratic candidate for Senator, three majority. Mr. Lewis, the mail carrier informed us that the official canvass had not been made yet. The report was, therefore, merely upon outside authority and altogether unreliable. A similar report was also in circulation to the effect that a re-count of votes in Clackamas, had given the Democratic candidates for Representative, majorities. The truth of the latter report was positively denied by residents of Clackamas who came up on the afternoon train. The reports, however, galvanized the defunct Democracy into some show of life, during the afternoon. They are living now, from hour to hour, on the juice of the grape-vine telegraph.

We see some talk in the bed-roc Democratic newspapers of an intentio to split the Democratic party rathe than endorse Greeley. That is solel the business of the Democracy; but i strikes us as very absurd to talk abou splitting the Democratic party. Really we can't see where there is any fraction of it big enough to split.

Thompson, of the Mercury, has bee wearing a white hat for the last two o three days; but it is understood tha he does so with the distinct understanding that it is subject to the approval o the Baltimore Convention.

Mr. William Watkins, Esq., pledge himself the other day that if To Patton were elected, he (William might, with his consent, be set dow as the d—dest fool in Marion county It is so set down.

The two Democratic tickets in Jackson county had one man in common—Mason. Mason was what made th tickets twins, and twins is what ai Jackson county.

"Anything to beat Grant" is what the matter with *Bob* Grant in Po county.

# Oregon St

WEDNESDY, JUNE 12, 1872.

## The Republican Victory.

### Torchlight Procession and Jubilee.

### Grand Ratification Meeting at Portland.

### ALL REPUBLICANS INVITED.

### HALF-FARE ON RAILROAD, ETC.

*To the State Central Committeemen, or any other Republican;*

The Republicans of this county will have a grand torchlight procession in this city on Saturday evening next, to rejoice over the glorious victory we have just achieved in the State, and to ratify the nomination of the National Republican Convention. A cordial invitation is extended to the Republicans of your county and throughout the State to participate. Please extend the invitations. Arrangements have been made with the Oregon & California and Oregon Central Railroad companies and the Willamette Transportation Company to carry passengers attending the meeting at half-fare.

S. J. McCormick,
J. N. Dolph,
O. N. Denny.

### THE NEXT LEGISLATURE.

As far as heard from the next Legislature will stand politically about as follows:

| | Senators. | | Representa's. | |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | R. | D. | R. | D. |
| Jackson | – | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| Josephine | – | 1 | – | 1 |
| Douglas | 1 | – | 3 | – |
| Douglas, Coos & Curry | 1 | – | – | – |
| Lane | 1 | 1 | 3 | – |
| Linn | – | 2 | – | 5 |
| Benton | 1 | – | 2 | – |
| Polk | 1 | – | 1 | 2 |
| Marion | 2 | – | 5 | – |
| Yamhill | 1 | – | 2 | – |
| Clackamas | – | 1 | 3 | – |
| Multnomah | 2 | – | 4 | – |
| Washington | 1 | – | 2 | – |
| Columbia | – | – | – | 1 |
| Columbia, Clatsop & Tillamook | – | – | 1 | – |
| Clatsop | – | – | 1 | – |
| Eastern Oregon | – | 5 | – | 8 |
| Total | 11 | 11 | 39 | 18 |

Republican majority on joint ballot, 12.

The Senator in Clackamas and two Representatives are still in doubt; but in the above calculation we have given them to the Democratic columns. We do not think it certain that the Democrats will carry all of Wasco or Grant, though we have counted them Democratic. The chances in relation to changes which the official count may make are certainly in our favor.

The passage of the bill removing the duties on tea and coffee takes twenty millions of dollars taxation from the people. The law goes into effect on the first of July.

### DEATH OF HARVEY MEACHAM.

#### Letter From his Brother—Particulars of the Sad and Fatal Accident.

Mr. C. A. Woodworth received, Monday, the following letter from Mr. A. B. Meacham, which explains the manner in which his brother came to a sudden and untimely death:

"Lee's Encampment,
May 29, 1872.

My Dear Woodworth:—Realizing your anxiety about the sad bereavement that has fallen on our once happy family, I will try to give you the particulars. We were engaged yesterday making fence of pine logs and poles, and had divided our forces, Harvey, with two men, leading, or going on with one row of logs, and I, with two others, following. We were racing; and my gang was close up to his—say within six 20-foot panels. Just before 5 P. M., falling a small tree at right angles with the fence, it struck against a small dry tree and caused it to fall parallel with the fence and close to it, and striking my brother Harvey on the left side of the head, fracturing the skull and felling him to the ground, senseless, and I think entirely unconscious of suffering. He did not speak or struggle. He lived until fifteen minutes after 8 o'clock, P. M., when his great, kind heart ceased to beat. My more than twin brother—Oh, my God! is it true that he is dead! We sent for a physician at La Grande, Levy running there and back in four hours; but too late. I dispatched a messenger to Walla Walla, also, for a physician, and with a dispatch for Mrs. M., informing her of the terrible calamity and asking her to come. We are packing the corpse in snow aad salt and expect to bury it at La Grande; will endeavor to keep it until Mrs. M. and the girls arrive. The Odd Fellows have already sent a Committee to make arrangements for the burial * * * Harvey was born at Paoli, Indiana, Oct. 25, 1829."

### "AS GOOD AS A PLAY."

The N. Y. Commercial Advertiser thinks there is no reason to fear that Mr. Greeley will produce any serious split in the Republican ranks. He will doubtless get votes in some of the bucolic districts, and among the negro population of the Southern States, but thinking men are not to be seduced from their allegiance to the great underlying principle of Republican Government in order to sustain the pretensions of a candidate who proved himself a traitor in the nation's darkest hour. Who clamored for peace at any price when our soldiers were fighting and dying in the field, who has brought ridicule upon the American name in a thousand ways, and whose eccentricities and absurdities long since stamped him as a base coin is stamped. Moreover, no political party can hope to win respect when its leader is laughed at; and Greeley, in his gravest moments, is sure to inspire mirth. Though not intentionally funny, he is the cause of fun in others; and now there is no possibility of serious mischief through his support of an armed foe, the righteous anger which he excited in '63 is changed to the placid and genial titilation of the popular midriff which finds expression in broad grins in '72. On the whole we are glad Greeley has won the nomination. The people who have sustained the Republican Administration in three well fought campaigns, and to whom the fundamental principles of true Republican democracy, are not to be turned aside to follow a mere will-o'-the-wisp, whose light at best is but the glimmer of a farthing candle. We shall have great fun with the Philosopher of Chappaqua, and we are grateful to the Fates for giving us the services of so excellent a comedian.

The Vice-Presidency.—Senator Wilson's friends claim that delegations to the Philadelphia Convention will vote to nominate him as Vice-President from the following States: Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Vermont, Connecticut, Rhode Island, Maryland, Virginia, South Carolina, Louisiana, Missouri, Georgia, California, Arkansas, Kansas, Mississippi and West Virginia—sixteen States in all. They confidently expect Maine on the second ballot. Kentucky and North Carolina also, with a fair prospect of New York. The Senator's prospects of support from New York are improving. It is believed Alabama, Florida and Tennessee will support his candidacy. The vote claimed so far is at least two-fifths of the Convention. Only thirteen delegations are actually instructed on this head.

*From Daily of Wednesday June 5.*

### STATE NEWS.

We hear of a rough and tumble fight at Butteville on election day. No funeral.

The Waldron troupe is expected to arrive at Portland from Olympia this week.

The State Horticultural Fair will open at Portland on the 19th inst.

Olmstead and Bixby, the persons suspected of robbing Goodwin & Smith of gold dust, have been held to answer in the sum of [illegible].

Capt. Doty, of Yamhill, a pioneer of [illegible], died at his home in Yamhill a few days since, aged [illegible].

Peter Roberts was drowned in the Willamette river near Milwaukie, last Sunday. He was a son, aged 21, of Mr. A. B. Roberts of Portland.

Mr. Samuel Guthrie, Supervisor of Inspectors for the Pacific coast, who has been on a visit to Oregon, left for San Francisco by the steamer, Monday.

Col. Ludington, Paymaster, and Major Eggleston passed through Jacksonville last Friday, en route to Ft. Klamath, to pay off the troops.

The West Side says the dispute about right of way at North Yamhill led to a serious difficulty, in which Mr. Perry snapped a loaded gun at one of the railroad men and was arrested and put under $500 bail for trial at the next term of Circuit Court.

The Sentinel says: An U. S. mail bag was found last Sunday, the 26th ult., on Evans creek, by two boys while fishing. It was about 100 yards from the stage road, and had been opened and the letters scattered around generally. The letters bear date of the first of March.

*From Daily of Thursday June 6.*

The cars on the O. & C. Railroad will run to Oakland within a month.

Tuesday, T. O. Hutchinson shot himself in the arm, with a derringer, at Portland.

The body of young Roberts, drowned Sunday, near Milwaukie, has not yet been recovered.

Steamship Ajax arrived from San Francisco, Tuesday evening.

The steamship California sailed from San Francisco, Tuesday, for Sitka, and will call in at Portland.

The Jap jugglers are going to go through Oregon. So we are to be tricked at last.

Larry Lynch killed Wm. Cropp, at Eldorado, Baker county, a few days since, by stabbing him, during a bar-room scuffle.

The General M. E. Conference strongly recommended the establishment of a Book Depository at Portland and appropriated for that purpose $1,000, on condition that the Church in Oregon should raise the necessary balance.

J. Dart, W. Pickering, W. R. Matthews and D. Lynch, were elected Tuesday the 4th inst., Directors of the St. Helens Milling and Lumbering Co. J. L. Ladd has sold out his interest.

*From Daily of Friday June 7.*

A Mr. A. M. Kellar has gone to San Francisco for some pure blood Lincolnshire bucks which he will bring to this State.

Benton county has nineteen hundred and fifty school children between the ages of four and twenty years.

A man named Sloan was knocked down by a gravel train at East Portland Wednesday, and one of his arms falling across the track was crushed off. It is thought he will die.

### THE TERRITORIES.

Seattle has a Musical Union.

Olympia has a soap factory.

The Port Gamble mill is turning out 150,000 feet of lumber per day.

King county is said to have $1,567,729 assessable value of property.

A butter maker near Port Townsend will make this year 10,000 pounds of butter.

Hon. James M. Cavanaugh is Democratic candidate for Congress in Montana.

The Seattle coal company is getting out now about one hundred tons of coal daily.

Waitsburg, Walla Walla county, contemplates building a Methodist Church, which will cost $2,500.

The man McAllister, sentenced at Walla Walla to seventeen years imprisonment for murder, is reported to be worth $40,000.

More capital is being invested in buildings in Walla Walla this season than during any previous two years in the history of the town.

Judge J. R. Lewis will deliver the oration at Walla Walla on the 4th of July.

Messrs. Murphy & Harned of Olympia are getting up a business directory and Guide for Puget Sound.

There are five Indians under the Lapwai Agency who own over four hundred head of cattle each.

The assessable property in the county of Walla Walla, for 1872, will come very near reaching four million dollars.

A new and very promising silver district has been struck on the head of Greyson creek in Meagher county, Montana.

Two butchers in Olympia, W. T., are trying to see who can sell meat the cheapest, much to the amusement of Olympians. Cannot our marketmen try the same experiment here?

C. W. Pettyjohn, of Olympia, W. T., says he will shoot against any man on the Pacific slope, three best in five shots, forty yards, off hand, with an open-sighted rifle, for one hundred dollars.

A company has been formed and incorporated in Washington Territory to navigate the Skagit river and tributaries and take up land along its shores for purpose of trade and traffic. The capital is $20,000; time of existence twenty years.

Beef cattle are selling at Olympia at 8 to 10 cents on foot. Sheep $3 50@$4 per head; scarce. Milk cows, $40@$50. Work oxen $150@200 per yoke.

The Olympia Transcrip says: The crops are said to be looking well, and the farmers are much pleased over the prospects of a bountiful harvest.

J. C. Frisbie boasted the other day that he could swim the Cowlitz river. The next day his friends were dragging the river for his body.

A number of Puget Sounders have just learned that they were victimized by speculators who came out last year and bought tracts of land, paying therefor worthless Eastern paper.

The Puget Sound Dispatch, referring to the rumor of Capt. Geo. D. Hill's appointment to the Indian Superintency of Washington Territory, says: Capt. Hill has received no intimation of such appointment, either in fact or intention, and does not credit the rumor.

### THE AMNESTY BILL.

[From the S. F. Chronicle.]

The final passage of the Amnesty bill is a tardy recognition of the fact that the war of the rebellion is ended. Only some few hundred of all engaged in the civil war are now exempted from a law giving a full pardon to those who took part in the long and bloody struggle to divide the Government. These are members of the Senate and Congress, officers in the army and navy, who, being in official position and under oath to discharge their duties to the Government, are not deemed worthy of this general act of clemency. We are not prepared to express any great sympathy for those political bodies who precipitated the civil war, but to the great body of the Southern people, rank and file, led away by the sophistries of ambitious and designing men, we are prepared and more than willing to extend to them a generous and complete amnesty for their offenses. The people of the South have suffered enough; thay have lost their sons in battle, their property in war; they have been humiliated in a great defeat in the overthrow of their cherished institution, and to longer burthen them with oppressive laws, and to exclude them from participation in their local governments, is unwise and ungenerous. We hail the passage of the Amnesty bill as a measure calculated to unite the nation and give heart and courage to the South. Let us forget the differences, overlook the errors, and forgive the crimes of the past. Let us inaugurate a new era, and as an united people enter upon the new career of a generous rivalry of the divided parts of our common country—in a career of prosperity and peace.

### OREGON FINANCES AS VIEWED BY A CALIFORNIAN.

A San Francisco paper, which of late has taken considerable interest in Oregon affairs, and more particularly in our finances, has the following on that interesting and weighty subject: "Oregon is growing so rapidly that the capital available is insufficient for its business, though the rates of interest have risen considerably. A usury law limits the legal interest to 12 per cent. annually, and for the sake of securing loans the borrowers pay a bonus of five per cent., equivalent to 17 per cent. A quarter of a million could be loaned in 30 days at that rate, as we are informed on good authority. The influence of railroads, immigration, good crops and high prices of grain, has induced the farmers to purchase large stocks of agricultural implements, and the merchants of Portland have erected fine buildings. That town has doubled its population in six years, and has now 13,000 inhabitants. There is not an empty business house in the place, and its banks, with an aggregate capital of $250,000, are not able to accommodate the banking demands of the State."

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## SHEEP FARMING.

A writer in the Overland Monthly says:

A glance at the following table will show how rapid and steady has been the increase in the production of wool since 1854. California produced:

| Year. | Lbs. of wool. | Year. | Lbs. of Wool. |
|---|---|---|---|
| In 1854 | 175,000 | In 1863 | 6,857,109 |
| 1855 | 300,000 | 1864 | 7,238,514 |
| 1856 | 600,000 | 1865 | 6,445,078 |
| 1857 | 1,100,000 | 1866 | 6,546,750 |
| 1858 | 1,428,350 | 1867 | 8,028,289 |
| 1859 | 2,378,250 | 1868 | 12,920,761 |
| 1860 | 3,260,000 | 1869 | 15,409,171 |
| 1861 | 4,600,000 | 1870 | 19,472,666 |
| 1862 | 5,530,000 | 1871 | 22,181,228 |

With one exception, it will be seen that this increase has been uninterrupted. The great drought of 1864 caused the wool clip of 1865 to be smaller than that of the preceding year. Notwithstanding an occasional step backward, on account of severe droughts, the increase of the production of wool in California compares favorably with that of other countries. In Australia, the wool clip increased from 53,000,000 pounds in 1859, to 158,000,000 pounds in 1869—equal to an average increase of twenty per cent. per year; while in California it has, in that time, increased from 2,378,250 pounds to 15,409,171 pounds—or an increase of about fifty five per cent. per year. Wool-growing already occupies a leading position among California pursuits, the value of last year's clip amounting to $6,078,275.

The price of wool, like that of all other commodities, has been subject to considerable fluctuation. The following table exhibits the minimum and maximum prices of both spring and fall clips during the last eight years:

| Year. | Spring clip. Cts. ⅌ lb. | Fall and Lambs. Cts. ⅌ lb. |
|---|---|---|
| 1864 | 20 to 24 | 16 to 19 |
| 1865 | 16 to 23 | 16 to 20 |
| 1866 | 16 to 22 | 14 to 16½ |
| 1867 | 14 to 22 | 10 to 14 |
| 1868 | 16 to 19½ | 13 to 19½ |
| 1869 | 17½ to 21½ | 12 to 15 |
| 1870 | 17½ to 21 | 13 to 19 |
| 1871 | 25 to 32 | 21 to 32½ |

The price of wool in 1867 was quite low, and the business of wool-growing was then considered so unprofitable that many million of sheep where slaughtered throughout the United States, merely for their tallow. The new tariff on wool coming then into operation gave the producers of American wool a great advantage over importers.

Most of the California wool is sent east by rail, but some is still sent by way of Panama, and some by Cape Horn. The rate of freight by rail is 2½c ⅌ lb; by Panama, 2c; by Cape Horn, 1 to 1½c. As those who send their wool via Panama and Cape Horn have to insure it or take dangerous risks, and as they are also longer out of their money than if they sent by rail, the opening of the overland railroad has, on the whole, benefited the wool-growers. Eastern buyers now come more frequently to San Francisco, thus creating more competition than formerly existed. They can supply a sudden demand more readily by sending to California than by sending to South America, Africa or Australia; while before the opening of the railroad, California was almost as far from market as any of these. The price of combing and delaine staples in San Francisco for the year 1871 may be set down at 46c ⅌ lb. Three-fourths of the merino wool of this State averages, as classified at the east, as half-blood merino. The average price for spring wool in San Francisco was 30c, and for fall, 27c. The staple, on the whole, was rather a poor one, being short and tender, on account of the scarcity of feed that resulted from the droughts of 1860-70 and 1870-71.

## THE EARLY DAYS.

In chapter fifty-seven in "Rouging It," Mark Twain pays a beautiful, and, I think, merited compliment to the early pioneers of California. That chapter brings back many a reminiscence fresh to the recollection of your correspondent. His description of the scarcity of women in this land at that time is graphic, and leads me in memory through the experiences of twenty-one years ago.

April 11, 1850, I landed on the overflowed plains where Sacramento City stands. I was sick both physically and pecuniarily—if the proprietorship of only two silver half-dollars constitutes financial indisposition. And I think it does, for I did, indeed, feel very sick, financially. The height of my ambition was to reach Barns' Bar, North Fork of the American river. If I could only reach there I could pick up gold anywhere along shore. But the pinch was to get there. To do so was to travel two hundred miles in a sick and weary state—for in the somewhat depleted state of my finances no line, except that of Foot & Walker's courted my patronage. I made the journey, investing my dollar in a rabbit dinner on the second day. I remained at the bar one year, during which time neither myself nor my comrades saw a woman. But there was something in that year's experience, that we all relished. It was the very romance of novelty. But at the end of the year we had enough of it—novelty was satisfied.

In accordance with the programme we began making preparations to leave the mountains. We longed for one more look at civilization. We started, and as the sun was sinking behind the tall pines on the evening of the second day—*we saw it*. It was too brilliant a sight to come upon us so sudden. It dazzled our eyes. We had walked all day, and were indeed weary. Finally, we came to where a large creek crossed the road, on either bank of which there stood a log cabin hotel in competition with its neighbor. Being tired we naturally made tracks for the first, but lo! there stood a woman in the door, the first one we had seen in one year. We stopped at once as if we had been transfixed. Finally I said, "John I can't face that glimpse of heaven, unless I do so by going around the house and coming upon it by degrees." "Nor I," answered John. "Well, what's to be done?" I asked; "Back out incontinently and go over the creek to the other hotel. There will surely not be two women so close as as these two cabins. We did so, and, as we had hoped and expected, that was kept by a bachelor. So uncouth were we in exterior that we could not command sufficient courage to meet the dearest object of our hearts. A day or two afterwards, we reached Sacramento City, where the fair sex were in such large numbers that we could not go around them, but they were not over-anxious to capture us until after the barber had completed his contract to exhume us from beneath the "costume of savage life."—W. V. in Russian River Flag.

## POSTAL MATTERS.

Following are the latest postal changes in Oregon and Washington Territory:

Post Offices Established—Butte Disappointment, Lane county, Oregon, Samuel Handsaker, Postmaster; Cuttingsville, Clackamas county, Oregon, Maxwell Ramsby, Postmaster; Kellogg's, Douglas county, Oregon, Ziber Dimmick, Postmaster; Stayton, Marion county, Oregon, Samuel D. McCauley, Postmaster; Chu-we-lah, Stevens county, Washington Territory, Thomas Brown, Postmaster; Patahla, Walla Walla county, Washington Territory, Joseph M. Pomery, Postmaster.

Postmasters Appointed.—Junction City, Lane county, Oregon, Thomas Thompson; Canby, Clackamas county, Oregon, Albert H. Lee; Rattlesnake, Lane county, Oregon, Henry C. Morgan; Sublimity, Marion county, Oregon, Philemon Morris; Willamette Forks, Lane county, Oregon, William Landreth; Pumphrey's Landing, Lewis county, Washington Territoay, Edwin A. Stevens; Fort Tongass, ——, Alaska, A. Martin.

Discontinued—North Powder, Union county, Oregon.

## "SHERIDAN'S RIDE."

This great poem was written under peculiar circumstances. It was in 1860. I tell the story as they told it to me. There was to be a great war meeting at Pike's Opera House in Cincinnati, and James E. Murdock was to speak. In the afternoon he called at Read's studio and asked him if he couldn't write something for him to read that evening.

"What, to-night?" exclaimed Read.

"Yes, to-night, and I must have it," said Murdock.

"But, the devil! I can't think of anything."

"What, can't think of anything about Phil. Sheridan, and Sherman, and Grant? Can't—?"

"Yes, Murdock, here's this twenty-mile ride of little Phil's from Harper's Ferry down to Winchester, telegraphed to the Times and Chronicle this morning. I'll write about that." Then the poet took a few decoctions of strong tea, which Mrs. Read always gave him, and in an hour out came the ride.

That night Murdock appeared at the Opera House. He told the audience how, at 4 P. M., he had met a gentleman who said he couldn't write anything about Sheridan. (Then they all stood up and shouted for Sheridan, for his famous ride and victory over Early was in every mouth.) "What?" said I, "can't you say something about Phil. Sheridan—not a word for Winchester?" "The gentleman," continued writing, and a few moments ago Thomas Buchanan Read handed me this for gallant Phil. Sheridan."

There was a thunder of applause, while the audience stood on tiptoe—some with the very telegram of Sheridan's exploit in their hand—and listened to the patriotic, fiery Murdock as he read:

Up from the south at break of day,
Bringing to Winchester fresh dismay,
The affrighted air with a shudder bore,
Like a herald haste to the chieftain's door,
The terrible grumble and rumble and roar,
Telling the battle was on once more,
And Sheridan twenty miles away.

There was a terrible applause, and the whole audience shouted, some with their hats in the air, and some with patriotic tears streaming down their cheeks. And then Murdock was called out to read Sheridan's ride again, then again, and, in fact, the famous poem was the beginning and end of the evening.—[Eli Perkins.

## CEOP PROSPECTS OF 1872.

The last monthly report of the Department of Agriculture gives rather a melancholy promise for the crops of this year, although the season was not yet so far advanced that better prospects might not follow with favorable weather. The almost unprecedented cold of March and the late continuance of frosts retarded the starting of the winter grains. The April returns as a whole indicate stunted appearance, retarded growth, and rather more than an average amount of destruction by winter killing, but a sound condition of the roots of the planets in suitable soil, or that covered uniformly with snow, which, with favoring weather, may secure a vigorous growth and a good yield. Farm animals, horses, mules, cattle and sheep have, in many of the Western States and Territories, especially in Kansas, Texas, Nebraska, Colorado and Wyoming, suffered severely, and many have died from the severity of the season and want of shelter, and in the Eastern States more or less trouble has arisen from the same cause.

WHAT WE NEED.—In America there are hundreds of millions of acres of unoccupied land. In Europe there are millions of industrious, well-disposed people, who are unable to obtain employment, and are suffering for want of the requirements of life. England has some millions of pauper population—not criminal, but poor—to whom an acre of land would be God's best gift. America needs immigrants to till her soil and develop her unoccupied domain. England is the great commercial nation of the world—has innumerable ships. Why should not the two nations make a national effort, combine their fleets, and from England bring to America a million or two of our suffering brethren? The award for Alabama spoliations might be expended in this great scheme of humanity.

WORMS.—We are not speaking now of "worms" in office-seekers, but in the oat and wheat fields of some of our farmers. We have heard of two or three instances, in which large portions of fields of these grains have been destroyed by a small worm, which does its work below the ground, and cuts off the stalk of oats or wheat. The worms make a clean sweep of the crop as they go, leaving not a single thing in their way that they can destroy. Will some one in posession of particulars give them to us?—Willamette Farmer.

When the new frontier fortresses of Germany are finished it will probably be the strongest line of defenses in the world. The line will run from Cologne through Cobleutz, Mayence, Metz, Bitsoh, Strasburg and New Brisach to a new fortress which will be built somewhere in the Black Forest region.

A drunken Scotchman, returning from a fair, fell asleep by the roadside, when a pig found him, and began licking his mouth. Sawney roared: "Wha's kissing me, noo? Ye see what it is to be weel liked amang the lasses."

A marble-cutter recently received, from a German, an order for a tombstone with the following epitaph: "My vife Susum is ded; if she'd had life till next Friday she'd been ded shust two weeks. As a tree falls so mush she stand. All tings is impossible mit God."

"Go it, old fellow," said two idle scape-graces to an honest laborer at work. "Work away, while we play; sow, and we'll reap." "Very likely, my lads," replied the old man, coolly, "I'm sowing hemp."

A vetern observer says: "I never place much reliance on a man who is always telling what he would have done had he been there. I have noticed that somehow this kind of people never get there."

It was a brilliant boy who, seeing a dog with a muzzle on for the first time, exclaimed: "Mamma, mamma, I bet fifty cents the dogs are going to wear hoop-skirts; there goes a dog with one on his nose now.

SPRING TRADE OF 1872.

BREYMAN BROS. are now receiving their Spring Stock and offer to the citizens of Salem and surrounding country the most complete aportment of goods in their line, consisting of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS,
Clothing,
Boots and Shoes,
Hats and Caps,
Groceries, etc.

We call especial attention to our fine assortment and new styles of Ladies Dress Goods, such as

Fine Tamise Cloth, Poplins, Mozambiques, Black and Colored Alpaccas, Brilliants, Piques, Marsielles, Greandines, Floral Brocades, Lawns, and

Ladies Fancy Goods of all Descriptions.

OUR STOCK OF

Carpets, Lace Curtains, and Window Shades,

Are more complete than ever. Patterns are all choice and new and prices as low as anywhere on the coast.

We are still Agents for the sale of Woolen Goods, Manufactured by the Oregon City Manufacturing Co., and have now a full assortment of Blankets, Cassimeres, Tweeds, Flannels, etc., which we offer to dealers at Manufacturer's price. BREYMAN BROS.

Wanted--300,000 Pounds of Wool, for which we will pay the highest market price in Cash.

apr.11:1m BREYMAN BROS.

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C. P. CRANDALL, Proprietor.

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Contains a summary of all the telegraphic dispatches and all the current State and Local news, editorials, correspondence, miscellany, poetry, etc., from THE DAILY STATESMAN.

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BOOKSELLER & STATIONER,
Largest Stock in Portland.
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Guns, Rifles Revolvers
of every description.
Fishing Tackle, Fancy Goods, Beads, Bird Cages, Baskets, Croquet Games and Baby Carriages.
Agents for the "California Powder Works;" also, for the "Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machines."

Beck, John A., 129 Front street, practical Watchmaker and Jeweler. Work done for the Trade.

BOOK AND JOB PRINTERS. Himes & Bacheider, 93 Front Street.

Brigham & Reinhart, First street, between Oak and Pine, importers of Stoves, Ranges, Kitchen Utensils.

Buchanan, W. A., s. w. cor. First & Taylor sts. Cheapest Furniture House in Portland.

CARPETS---WALTER BROS. 89 Front Street.

Clarke Henderson & Cook, 81 & 83 First St. Dealers in Dry Goods, Fancy Millinery, &c. &c.

Cohn & Rosenfeld, 148 Front St. Commission Merchants & dealers in Oregon and California Produce.

Congle, J. B., manufacturer and dealer in Saddles, Harness, and Saddlery Hardware, 96 Front St.

Currier, W. & Co., 103 Front street. Merchant Tailors & Clothiers, Hats, Furnishing Goods.

De Lashmutt & Oatman, 92 Front street. Real Estate Agents, money loaned houses rented.

DENTAL GOODS. C. H. Woodard & Co., 101 Front street, Portland.

DRUGGISTS, C. H. Woodard & Co., 101 Front St. Orders from any portion of the State or Territories carefully filled by mail or express.

Emil, Lowenstein & Co, Furniture and Carpet dealers—stores from 134 to 138 First street.

Employment Agency. Witherell & Holman, 89 Front street. Furnish all kinds of help.

Everding & Beebe, 10 Front street. Commission Merchants and dealers in Domestic Produce.

Fashion Livery Stable, corner First and Salmon sts., E. Corbett, Proprietor. Good turn-outs always on hand.

Fishel & Roberts, cor. First and Washington sts. Dealers and Manufacturers, Clothing, Furnishing Goods.

Freeland, Dr. B. R., Dentist. Office, No. 2, Dekum's Block, cor. First and Washington sts.

Gill & Steel, 75 and 77 First street. Dealers in Books, Stationery, and Musical Instruments.

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The largest Music House on the Coast.
STEINWAY PIANOS, BURDETT ORGANS,
G. L. DePRANS, Manager.
SOLE AGENTS FOR THE
"HOWE" SEWING MACHINE.
☞ Agents wanted. ☜

Hachney & Steeme, Grocers and dealers in all kinds of Seeds, corner First and Main sts.

Hamburger, B., 133 First street, importer and dealer in Staple Fancy Dry Goods, Millinery.

Headee, D. H., Photographic Artist, S. W. corner First and Morrison streets. Childrens pictures specialty.

Henrichsen, L. C. & Co., 109 First street, Manufacturers and dealers in Jewelry, Watches &c.

Hibbard, Geo. L., 98 Front street, wholesale dealer in Groceries, Doors, Wagon Materials, &c.

Hodge, Calef & Co., 97 Front street, wholesale dealers in Drugs, Paints, Oils, Glass, &c.

HOME Sewing Machine, straight needle, under feed, "lock stitch." Competition challenged. M. E. Traver, 112 Front Street.

Hurgren & Shindler, Nos. 166 to 172 First st. Importers Furniture, Bedding, &c.

International Hotel, cor. Front and Morrison sts. M. Rudolph, Proprietor. Free Buss attends steamers.

Kohn, J. & Co., 91 Front street, wholesale and retail dealer in Fine Clothing, Furnishing Goods.

Maison Doree Restaurant, private rooms for Families, cor. 1st and Pine streets. Q. Voos, Proprietor.

Martin, E. & Co., wholesale dealer in Wines and Liquors, O. S. N. Co's Block and San Francisco.

Meier & Schmeer, 111 Front street, wholesale and retail Confectioners.

Miller, John B., 93 First street. Watchmaker and Jeweler, offers to the public a fine assortment of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry.

Moeller, & Co., Front near C. street, dealers in native and foreign Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

Northrup, E. J., Hardware, Iron, Steel, Hubs, Spokes, Hardwood Lumber, &c.

Occidental Hotel, cor. First and Morrison sts. Smith & Cook, Proprietors.

Parrish, Watkins & Cornell, Real Estate Agents, 90 Front street, between Alder and Washington.

Photographic Goods, C. H. Woodard & Co., 101 Front street.

Rice, J. M., 127 First street, wholesale dealer in Tinware and Stoves.

Richter, Paul, 105 First street, importer of Berlin wooden Carvings, Parlor Ornaments, &c.

Rider, G. C., Real Estate and Money Broker, 92 Front street, Portland.

Rosenbaum, I. S. & Co., Tobacconists Importers of Foreign and Domestic Liquors

Russ House, Front street. On First Class Principles. Thos. Ryan, Proprietor.

Sherlock, S., 61 Front and 62 First sts. dealer in Harness, Saddlery, and Saddlery Hardware.

Simon, J., 56 Front street, dealer in Doors, Sash and Blinds, Window and Plate Glass

Sinsheimer, H., 157 First street, importer of Pianos, Organs, Sheet Music, Musical Instruments.

Skidmore, S. G., 123 First street, Druggist and Apothecary, a large stock of Perfumery and Toilet Articles.

Smith & Davis, 71 Front street, wholesale Drugs, Paints, Oils, Window Glass, Perfumery, &c.

Snow & Roos, 73 First street, Pictures, Moldings, Frames, Artists Materials, Drawing Instruments.

Smith, Put, Broker, 90 Front street, Dealer in Legal Tenders, Government Bonds and Gold Dust.

STONE, B. L., No. 107 Front Street. Watchmaker and Manufacturing Jeweler, is appointed agent for the Waltham, Elgin, E. Howard & Co., Chas. E. Jacot, and the California watches; also, for all the productions and imports of the California Jewelry Company, San Francisco. Send for a circular. Watches repaired in the very best manner and WARRANTED to give satisfaction.

Terry Bros., No. 176 First street, manufacturers and dealers in Furniture, Bedding, Carpets, &c.

The Clothing Store, 113 Front street, Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Boots and Shoes. Harris & Prager.

Tuttle, H. H., 142 & 144 Front st. Dealer in Wagons and Agricultural Implements

Tyne, E. D., n. w. cor. First and Oak sts., dealer in Fine Brandies Wines, English Ale and Porter.

Tyler, J. A., 147 Front street, wholesale dealer in Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Lard, Bacon, &c.

Williams & Myers, 3 Central block, Front street, Commission Merchants and dealers in Produce.