

Roseburg, Oregon  
Population, 3000. The County Seat of Douglas County. Oregon Soldiers Home; U. S. Land Office and U. S. Weather Bureau are located here. R. F. railroad's division—excellent educational advantages. Gateway to the Coos Bay and Coquille country.

# Roseburg



# Plaindealer.

Roseburg Plaindealer  
The most widely read newspaper published in Southern Oregon and consequently the best advertising medium. Large, modern equipped job printing department in connection. Established in 1868. Subscription \$2 per year for local weekly.

Vol. XXXVII

ROSEBURG, DOUGLAS COUNTY, OREGON, MONDAY, AUGUST 14, 1905.

No. 65

## DISSATISFACTION IN SELECTION OF STATE TEAM TO NATIONAL SHOOT.

### Favoritism Given Preference Over Merit. Action of Adjutant General Finzer and Governor Chamberlain Severely Criticised.

Sergeant Sam Grubb of Co. B, O. N. G. of this city will not go as one of the 15 shooters from the O. N. G. to compete in the national tourney at Seagriff, N. J. That he won on his merits is clear enough but it seems that there was a nigger in the woodpile somewhere, says the Ashland Record.

The "system" used by the officer in charge was the selecting of the first twelve by the individual score, and the other three were selected "at random." As Sergeant Grubb was the thirteenth man on the list on his merits he was knocked off and three under him preferred—Corporal Horck of Roseburg, who stood 15th, the last on the list, and Sergeant Lively of Woodburn, who stood 18th and Capt. Scott of Portland who stood 19th. There were 20 contestants and 15 men were to be selected. The other member who won the honors of the trip but was deprived of the same was Corporal Johnson of Roseburg, who stood 14th.

Sergeant Grubb wishes his friends to know why he is in Ashland and not preparing for the trip to New Jersey.

The result of the "triumph" has caused severe criticism and an investigation may be asked from the higher officers. The selection of the team for the national shoot was made by Adjutant-General Finzer and Major Baker, state inspector of rifle practice, and was characteristic of the award of the state cup fairly won by the Roseburg team at Portland last year and awarded to Salem. Such work of favoritism should receive as much attention from the people of Oregon as the alleged timber land graft. As truly stated in the above article, Sergeant Grubb of Ashland and Corporal Johnson of Roseburg, were robbed of a trip east, which each had won fairly and squarely, and Lively of Co. I, of Woodburn, (Adjutant General Finzer's old company) was given a place as was also Capt. Scott of Portland.

These two men tied for 19th place in the tryout and in giving the list of the team to the Plaindealer reporter the adjutant general said: "The team of 12 were selected for the excellent scores and the alternates picked at random." Johnson, of this city immediately pro-

## GRANTS PASS BREWERY BURNED

Grants Pass, Aug. 11.—The Eagle Brewing Company's fine plant across the river at this place was destroyed by fire Thursday.

August Fetsch, the owner of the plant was absent in San Francisco at the time having been called there on business some time ago.

The plant was a total loss as nothing but a slot machine was saved from the flames. The loss is said to be about \$100,000, \$4000 of which is covered by insurance. It is probable the company will rebuild the plant in the near future.

Bartender is Under Arrest.  
Grants Pass, Aug. 12.—Henry Smith was arrested for arson as a sequence of the destruction by fire Wednesday night of the brewery, ice works and saloon, owned and operated by August Fetsch. Smith was bartender for Fetsch. He was arrested Thursday night as he was boarding the northbound train to leave the city.

Several features connected with the burning of the establishment, together with Smith's contradictory statements, led to his arrest. Fetsch had been in San Francisco for the past week, seeking a partner in his brewery business, and is to arrive home today. Smith's examination will probably be held Monday.

## FIND A CURE FOR LEPROSY

Manila, Aug. 12.—American surgeons, connected with the Board of Health declare that they have discovered a positive cure for leprosy. Of 25 cases treated, all have improved, six cases being absolutely cured. Several patients, portions of whose bodies were gone, have recovered.

All of the cases have been under observation for at least six months, and it is absolutely impossible to discover a trace of the germs of the disease in the blood of the patients. The method used is a system of X-rays.

The surgeons do not desire their names to be mentioned at present. They will not ask for the rewards which have been long offered by various governments for a cure for leprosy.

## OUTLOOK FOR BOHEMIA SMELTER

The Cottage Grove Commercial Club held a business meeting last Monday night with full attendance, A. B. Wood presiding.

A communication was read from F. D. Fuller of Sumpter, president of the Oregon Smelting and Refining Company, regarding the establishment of a smelter and the club ordered the secretary to write Mr. Fuller that they would like to have him visit the Bohemia district at the expense of the club and the Bohemia mine owners, at the earliest possible date with a view of the establishment of a smelter at this point. It is understood that this can be done very soon.

One thousand of the new pamphlets were ordered sent to Dr. Oglesby at Portland for distribution. A committee of four was appointed to attend to the proper distribution of the pamphlets issued by the club. The club is having a great demand for these pamphlets.

It was moved and carried that the proposition presented by Mr. Robinson in the interest of the Portland smelter house which has recently been reorganized, be referred to the mining committee, consisting of A. B. Wood, Frank Jordan and H. O. Thompson, for investigation.—Nugget.

## HOP PICKING BEGINS AUG. 21

As far as reported, Boggs Brothers of Harriburg will be the first to commence picking hops in the upper valley this year. They announce that they will commence on their early Fugles on Monday, Aug. 21, and are now advertising for pickers.

Work on the later varieties will not be begun for two or three weeks after that.

Rheumatism  
When pains or irritation exist on any part of the body, the application of Ballard's Snow Liniment gives prompt relief. E. W. Sullivan, Prop. Sullivan House, El Reno, O. T., writes June 6, 1902: "I take pleasure in recommending Ballard's Snow Liniment to all who are afflicted with rheumatism. It is the only remedy I have found that gives immediate relief." 25c, 50c, \$1. Sold by A. C. Marsters & Co.

Many new buildings are going up in Medford.

## WATER AND LIGHT PLANT FOR DRAIN

The Skelly Lumber Co. has been delayed in raising the planing mill on account of the new railroad route conflicting somewhat with their plans. However the permanent lines will be established in a few days and then the buildings will be rushed to completion.

This company has already invested \$100,000 in their enterprises here and have another \$100,000 to invest, and more if needed. They will soon be ready for business and employ a large number of men. They now express a willingness and desire to supply the town with water and light and no one will question that they are in a situation to furnish these needed improvements more advantageously than any other company. They can bring water from Bear creek, probably the best available water supply in the vicinity, at a minimum of cost. They will bring electric light wires from the Billy creek mill to the planing mill here for lighting the latter and can very easily wire the town. It is understood that the company will submit a proposition for water and light franchise at the council meeting next Tuesday night. They express a willingness to do the right thing. They have money invested here and expect to invest more. The town's interest should be their interest and on the other hand the town should appreciate the work the company is doing. When it comes to giving franchises, however, great care should be exercised by any town in granting them in order that the town may profit thereby and not suffer. But it looks like the Skelly Lumber Co. with the advantages they have as to location and environments would be able to make a satisfactory contract with the town if any company can do it.—Nonpareil.

## Oregon's Poultry Display

C. D. Minton, editor of the Northwest Poultry Journal and circulation manager of the Pacific Homestead, has been appointed commissioner for Oregon by the poultry department of the Lewis and Clark exposition. Mr. Minton will have full charge of the poultry exhibit from this state and will put forth his best efforts to have a large display of the feathered beauties in the coops when the show opens on Thursday, October 5.

## LOWEST LIGHT RATES IN OREGON

L. C. Robnett, the leading merchant of Central Point, was in the city today on his way home at the fair. Mr. Robnett has built up a fine general merchandise business at Central Point. He reports about the cheapest electric lights there of any city in the United States. The company furnishes light for Central Point, Medford, Gold Hill and Jacksonville from the Gold Key Power plant. The price for 16-candle power lights is only \$1.50 for 10 lights, being 15 cents a light for 10 lights, or \$1 a month for 5 lights. The city pays only \$4.50 a month for fifteen 32-candle power lights. Mr. Robnett is a former Lion county young man.—Albany Democrat.

## A COUNTY WHICH DOES THINGS

As a result of the correspondence between the Ashland Board of Trade and the Jackson county court over the matter of keeping up the fresh fruit supply from this section of Jackson's exhibit at the Lewis and Clark fair the county court at its last session agreed to stand four-fifths of the expense and the Ashland Board of Trade one fifth of the expense. The expenditure on the part of the county is not to exceed \$100 per month. The Board of Trade is to be charged with the amount and at the end of each month or at the regular session of the county court the bills will be audited. The county court is to pay only for fruit and none of the county money is to go toward the spending of any of this money for gathering or shipping the same. The county court thinks that if the people are not willing to do something for the exhibit at the Lewis and Clark fair that they should not expect the county court to do it all. As planned now the proportion of expenses is that the county court will pay \$100 per month to \$25 per month to be paid by the Ashland Board of Trade, the Board of Trade to attend to the gathering, purchasing and shipping.

This seems to be a reasonable allowance and our fruit raisers should meet the county court and Board of Trade in a fair spirit and give the best of their orchards and fields. Under this arrangement the grower is not expected to contribute his fruit but he gets his pay. This is surely reasonable and it is more than probable that none will object to giving the Board of Trade the best they have raised for this public-spirited purpose.

A bunch of three farmers on the corner of State and Commercial streets were talking about the crops Saturday afternoon. One remarked he only got eight bushels to the acre and that the wheat crop was a failure. The second man said he would get between 18 and 22 bushels, while the third said he had no kick coming on the crop this year. And there you are, says the Salem Journal.

Real estate is moving lively at Coos Bay.

## BEAN IS SELECTED TO FILL FEDERAL JUDGESHIP VACANCY.

### Appointment is Entirely Satisfactory to Senator Fulton and Attorney General Moody. The President Will Deliberate.

Portland, Aug. 13.—Robert S. Bean, Justice of the Supreme Court of Oregon, was born in Yamhill County, November 28, 1854, but has been a resident of Lane county from an early age. He graduated from Monmouth College in 1873 and from the University of Oregon in 1877. He was admitted to the bar in 1876 and practiced at Eugene until elected Judge of the Second District in 1882. He was re-elected in 1886 and was elected Justice of the Supreme Court in 1890. He has been re-elected whenever his successive terms expired.

Washington, Aug. 12.—There is reason to believe that Attorney-General Moody has recommended the appointment of Robert S. Bean, Justice of the Supreme Court of Oregon, as United States Judge for the District of Oregon. Although it is impossible to confirm positively this belief, the facts point to that conclusion.

Mr. Moody admits that he has sent all the papers in the case to President Roosevelt, and has recommended the appointment of a certain one of the candidates. He refuses to tell who this one is, but he is said to have informed Senator Fulton whom he has recommended. The President may delay action on this recommendation for several days, for he is insistent that the best man available be selected, and is likely to give the subject thorough consideration and to canvass the abundance of other material before finally making the appointment.

Until the appointment is actually made, no authoritative information can be obtained at this end of the line, for Mr. Moody says the President has instructed him that the subject be confidential. The first official information may, therefore, be expected to come from Oyster Bay.



JAPANESE AND THEIR RUSSIAN PRISONERS.  
In the illustration are shown a number of Russian prisoners among their Japanese captors, whose costume and customs they have in great measure adopted. It is not surprising that these underpaid, ill-fed soldiers of the czar do not regard captivity among the Japanese as an unmitigated evil.

## BENSON READY TO TURN TRAITOR

San Francisco, Aug. 11.—John A. Benson, the indicted land speculator, is said to stand ready to supply the land fraud evidence to the Government on condition that the charges against him are dropped. Benson is alleged to have offered to furnish Secret Service Agent Burns with damaging evidence against Senator Mitchell and to testify against Hyde and other Californians. The offer is under consideration at Washington. Benson is registered as the ringleader in the California land fraud cases, and the evidence is considered sufficiently strong to convict him. Francis J. Heney admits that Benson has letters implicating Senator Mitchell, but says the prosecutions does not need them. He said: "Court proceedings have already revealed plainly that Benson and his associates fraudulently obtained 120,000 acres of school land. We do not need his help."

Heney returns to Oregon next week to begin the third trial of Congressman Williamson.

## All's Well That Ends Well.

Wife: "I need a little money."  
Husband: "Why, it is only two days since."  
"Now, see here! I want you to understand that I wouldn't ask for money if I didn't need it, and I don't intend to be reminded that it's only two days since you gave me some. I am not a child, nor a mental, nor a slave, to be treated like an irresponsible being, and I just want you to know that I won't stand it either, so there now! I've got as much right to your money as you have, so there now, you—"  
"My dear, I was merely going to remark that it is only two days since I drew my salary, and you could have all you wanted."  
The hum of the thresher will soon be silenced.

## GRAND JURY SYSTEM DENOUNCED

Milwaukee, Wis., Aug. 10.—Mayor Rose today gave out an interview in which he attacked the grand jury and its methods bitterly. He took the Pfister and Schultz cases, with the statement of J. P. Stamm as a text, saying: "If it be true, as Mr. Perry, foreman of the grand jury, in a published interview, seems to concede that there was no evidence before the grand jury showing any criminal use of the \$14,000 by Mr. Pfister, and that he was indicted merely because the grand jury was suspicious that he had made some corrupt use of it, then a greater outrage was never perpetrated in the name of the law."

The Mayor said the indictment of Frank F. Schulz for perjury was "unjustifiable and inexcusable, as he only signed what his counsel prepared."

"In view of the proceedings pending before Commissioner Scheuber," said the Mayor, "and bitterness engendered by reason thereof, it looks very much as though the grand jury was moved by vindictiveness or revenge."

After charging favoritism for a local paper, the Mayor closed with a few remarks on the Stamm case. He said: "If the statement of Mr. Stamm and other witnesses, whose testimony can be obtained, showing in effect that the grand jury stands ready to promise immunity to indicted persons if they will give testimony involving public officials, can be believed, then such conduct can only be characterized as villainous. If it is not substantiated by perjury, it approaches so close to the line as to make the distinction a fiction."

The above fails to mind a similar proceeding enacted at Portland in the late timber land fraud indictments in which Mr. Heney employed some very questionable methods in order to bring about the indictment of certain Oregon politicians. The actions of the Portland grand jury and the prosecuting attorneys are no less subject to sharp criticism.

It is the prevailing opinion here that Governor Chamberlain will appoint T. G. Halley, of Pendleton, as Bean's successor, though the Governor has not expressed himself upon the subject.

## NO HENEYISM IN MONTANA

Helena, Mont., Aug. 12.—After deliberating about three hours, the jury in the case of the United States against R. M. Cobban, charged with subornation of perjury in the United States Court, this afternoon returned a verdict of not guilty and Judge Hill discharged the case against him.

There are still nine other charges against Cobban, and Special United States Attorney Maynard told the court he was ready at once to begin the trial. Judge Hill will consider the matter Monday or Tuesday.

## ACCIDENTAL SHOOTING NEAR RIDDLE

Riddle, Aug. 11.—James Finn, the young son of Mike Finn, of Riddle, was accidentally shot by B. F. Nichols, at the latter's farm, one mile south of Riddle, this morning. The accident occurred while Mr. Nichols was shooting some quail in a blackberry patch, with a shot gun. The injured boy will probably recover.

Mr. Nichols had just shot a quail when two more birds appeared from the blackberry patch and flew in opposite directions. As he turned to shoot the one that flew to his left, young Finn, who was with Mr. Nichols, ran forward unobserved and picked up the first bird that had been killed. At this juncture Mr. Nichols killed the second bird and instantly turned to kill the third bird. The boy was directly in range of Mr. Nichols' gun and received nearly the full charge of shot in his breast. One of the shot entered his face just below one of his eyes. The boy was immediately carried to Mr. Nichols' home.

Dr. Seelye, of Roseburg, was quickly summoned by telephone. The injured boy is resting easily and his chances for recovery are good.

## DRAIN NORMAL'S BANNER YEAR

Preparations are being made for opening the Central Oregon Normal school on September 12. The money for its maintenance the coming year was raised within 24 hours and the faculty elected last June. The school will have a larger attendance than ever before in its history, and indications are that it will be a banner year with the institution.

## NAUGHTY POSTALS BARRED FROM MAILS

Many souvenir postal cards have been dropped into the Portland postoffice since the Fair opened June 1, that have never reached their destination because they either bore the obscene or profane or were sent to play a joke on somebody. Some of these cards were sent on to the department at Washington by Postmaster Minto, who asked for guidance in the matter, and he was advised to refuse them the use of the mails.

## SHIPPING RICH ORE TO SMELTER FROM THE CONTINENTAL MINE.

### One of the Most Promising Properties in Douglas County Near Myrtle Creek. Ore Nets One Hundred Dollars to the Ton.

On his way north to the Tacoma smelter with another large shipment of ore from his mine W. B. Stewart, and the ore shipment, was given the following notice by a Portland paper: "The third shipment of ore from the Continental mine, near Myrtle Creek in Douglas county, has been made to Tacoma, and Manager W. B. Stewart stated this morning that the carload would net the company about \$100 a ton.

This ore is from the oxidized zone, which is close to the surface, and was all removed from the old tunnels driven on the Continental in the early prospect days of the mine. The company will realize about \$3,000 for the lot, which is a neat figure for the management of any young mine, and especially one that is just commencing shipment. The Continental, by putting on the market such a uniformly high-grade ore before the commencement of milling, is furnishing the best of all evidence that Myrtle Creek district will be an important factor in the gold production of Southern Oregon.

Grading for the concentrator site is well advanced, and the machinery for this plant is being delivered. The mill is to be situated just below the collar of the shaft, and above the portal of the lower adit. This will give ample dumping ground and a gravity run for the ore from the time it enters the mill bin until the tailings reach the waste launder.

Development, which is continued steadily, is revealing ore that assures a big reserve of both shipping and milling grades. The main shaft has reached a depth of 190 feet, 80 feet below the lower adit level. No crosscut has been made at the bottom, but a drive on the 150 level proved the walls to be 30 feet apart, and there the vein carried eight feet of good ore. This shaft will be put down to the 200 level before the next crosscut is made, and there drifts will be extended on the vein in both directions. On the 45-foot winze sunk on the portal of the 500-foot crosscut there is \$100 ore, and in the 80-foot shaft and two tunnels driven farther up the hill there is \$200 ore, some of which was recently sent to the Tacoma smelter. The \$200 product was sorted, but the ore that netted the company \$100 was not.

## SENTENCED TO KISS HIS OWN WIFE

"I am so glad Magistrate Higginbotham told George he must kiss me. I would rather he did not have to be told, but it is so long since I have been kissed that any kind would be better than none. And maybe he will turn sweet-heart again if he does as the judge says. I am ready to help my husband obey orders."—Statement of Mrs. George Lindsay, the unkind wife.

"Kiss my wife because I must? Not on your life. Jail me rather than let my freedom to kiss when and whom I choose."—Statement of Geo. Lindsay, who has been commanded by Magistrate Higginbotham to kiss his wife once a day.

These two statements outlined the situation last night in the Lindsay home, No. 125 Dresden St., Brooklyn. It seemed as if the magistrate's decision and well meant efforts to bring back happiness to the Lindsay home was a dismal failure.

The wife spent the day with her mother, but returned to prepare her husband's dinner. The meal over she disappeared in the matrimonial's quarters in the yard and the girl-wife, with her baby in the carriage, started to find companionship among the neighbors. The oil lamp burned dimly and dimly in the home until the two returned, driven back by the latecomer of the hour.

"Fanny, isn't it, how a man will change," said the young wife reflectively. "Now, when George was wanting me to marry him he did not need to be told by any one to kiss me. I did not even need to give him one little hint. He thought that I had the prettiest mouth in the world, or at least he said so. I believed him. Even now I think he meant it—then. But it is so long since I have had one little kiss. He got so business-like after we got married. For a while I coaxed him to kiss me goodbye when he left in the morning. But they were wooden kisses he gave when I asked for them. And by and by he quit altogether."

"I wonder how the judge understood things so well? Quess, wasn't it? I think maybe if George would get into the way of kissing me every day he would get to be my sweetheart again. We would not have a bit of trouble if he would, for he was jolly when we used to go out together. It seemed marriage spoiled him. He took everything for granted then. And a woman wants to be made love to a bit. It makes life easier."

"Rubbish, every word of it," declared the husband. "A man has to make a living, and he hasn't time to be making love all the time to his wife. He marries to have a home and be comfortable. He can't be trying to please a woman forever. He wants to come home to a good dinner. I had to cook my own dinner. She would be gone somewhere and there would be nothing to eat."

"As to kissing my wife because a judge says so—well, just see me do it. This is a new ruling in law, I am told. Fine time the judge will have if the women begin appealing to the court to compel their husbands to make love to them."

"Now, what do you think of that," asked the wife. "That is the way he always talks. There will be no kisses in the house, except those I give to the baby."

Mrs. Lindsay goes for sympathy to her mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Wilson. The latter is not permitted to visit the Lindsay, the judge having so ruled, because the son-in-law holds her responsible for the effort to make him kiss and support his wife. The Lindsay home is too new a ruling in law, I am told, being the first floor of a tiny cottage in East New York, consequently it will be doubly hard for the two to live as strangers. And as for bringing his wife a bunch of flowers as the magistrate suggests, Lindsay's face looks as hard as iron at the mere suggestion.—New York World.

Senator Heyburn STANDS BY PEOPLE  
Portland, Aug. 11.—After all it seems that Senator W. B. Heyburn of Idaho is still on the Roosevelt reservation, and there is no war between Idaho's junior Senator and the President regarding the forestry matters.

Senator Heyburn was here yesterday attending the Bar Association meeting and took occasion to enter some denials. "That's all rot, the talk that I have broken with the President," said he.

"While we may disagree in some matters in the main, there is nothing to warrant the statement that I am opposing the administration."

"Just what the President's forest reserve policy is to be I am not sure. I favor such protection to our forests as shall leave the land open to settlement by actual settlers. I believe in the Government's aid and assistance wherever it is necessary to protect against fires and waste of timber."

"I am opposed to the withdrawal of the Idaho forests from settlement. The settler certainly is the safest guardian of his own claim and the surrounding country against fires."

"I think the laws and departmental regulations which have transferred large portions of the railroad land grants in Washington, Arizona and other states and territories to Idaho by means of the exchange system are altogether wrong. Their effect is to transfer land grants in other sections to Idaho, which, under a misinterpretation of the spirit of the law by the Interior Department, has allowed the lands in alternate sections of such other states and territories to be exchanged for solid blocks, carrying vast areas of valuable timber lands of Idaho, disregarding entirely the limitation to alternate sections contained in the original railroad land grants."

"In Idaho the withdrawals for forest reserve include more than 700,000 acres of state school lands, which, under the act of admission and the constitution, have a minimum value of \$10 an acre. The lien privilege of selection of other lands for these is comparatively of little value, in view of the fact that the withdrawals from the selection cover the only class of lands which would be worth the price at which state lands could be sold for educational purposes."

"My action in Congress will be along conservative lines for the restoration of these lands to settlement by homesteaders. Already the withdrawals in Idaho amount to 25 per cent of the entire area of the state, and more withdrawals are promised."

"Oregon is worse off than Idaho. Over 15,000,000 acres is now in forest reserve and nearly 2,000,000 more acres withdrawn and the administration is determined to place it in the reserve. Nearly 30 per cent of the entire state of Oregon is to be placed in a forest reserve containing some of the best land in the state which would supply homes for thousands of worthy people if they were permitted to locate therein. Our state can never develop as it should with nearly one-third of it set aside and maintained as a game reserve for the benefit of college bred sports and eastern bloods. We are pleased to see the patriotic and manly spirit displayed by Idaho's able Senator, which will be followed by every honorable Representative of the states that are thus being robbed and despoiled of their rightful domain. The land is for the people use and should not be held to menace the development and advancement of a community."

Five lots 50x150 at Salt Lake City were placed in a forest reserve containing some of the best land in the state which would supply homes for thousands of worthy people if they were permitted to locate therein. Our state can never develop as it should with nearly one-third of it set aside and maintained as a game reserve for the benefit of college bred sports and eastern bloods. We are pleased to see the patriotic and manly spirit displayed by Idaho's able Senator, which will be followed by every honorable Representative of the states that are thus being robbed and despoiled of their rightful domain. The land is for the people use and should not be held to menace the development and advancement of a community.

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