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Population, 3500. The County Seat of Douglas County. Oregon Soldiers Home. U. S. Land Office and U. S. Weather Bureau are located here. S. P. railroads, divisional headquarters, educational advantages. Gateway to the Coast Bay and Coquille country.

**Roseburg Plaindealer**  
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**WORK IS PROGRESSING ON GOOD ROADS PROGRAM**

**Big Meeting In Roseburg Thursday Promises to Be a Very Enthusiastic One. State Officials Will Attend.**

Good roads is a leading topic in Roseburg just now. Committees having in charge the local management of the Good Roads Convention scheduled to be held in this city next Thursday, June 29, are pushing their work along enthusiastically. Several hundred special invitations have been sent over the county and state, besides a large number of posters, including the program for the day and evening. Besides the officials and experts of the National Good Roads Association who will be present, Gov. Geo. E. Chamberlain, Judge John H. Scott, of Salem, president of the Oregon Good Roads Association; Hon. E. L. Smith, president of the Oregon Development League; County Judges, Commissioners, Road Supervisors, Mayors of cities and other prominent citizens are expected to be present. Interesting programs have been arranged for each of the three sessions, and everybody is urged to be present and help to inaugurate a widespread system of good road building in this county and state. Don't let harvesting or anything else prevent your attendance at this meeting.

Mr. Moore moved that as the constitution was very weak for such a large organization, and was in reality worthless, that the two contesting presidents withdraw for the present, allowing Judge Scott to take the chair. This was done, and then the convention voted to refer the present constitution to a committee consisting of a representative from every state. This committee met last evening and drew up an improved constitution which will be referred to the meeting which will be held in the Auditorium this morning.

**COTTAGE GROVE WATER BONDS**

Cottage Grove, Or., June 21.—The issue of \$20,000 worth of bonds advertised for sale a short time ago for the purpose of increasing the water supply, has been sold to the firm of Morris Bros. and Cristenson, both of Portland. They were the highest bidders, giving \$112 premium for the issue. The city will get this money July 1, and then work will commence on the water plant. The water supply at present is getting low.

**MASONS ELECT GRAND OFFICERS**

The Masonic Grand Lodge of Oregon, which had been holding its regular sessions in Portland since Wednesday afternoon late Friday afternoon to meet again in that city next June. The following grand officers were elected to hold office for the coming year: Dr. W. H. Flanagan, Grand Master; Dr. W. F. Williamson, Portland, deputy grand master; Lot L. Pearce, Salem, senior grand warden; Ed. Kiddle, LaGrande, junior grand warden; W. A. Cleland, Portland, grand treasurer; J. F. Robinson, Eugene, elected grand secretary; J. B. Cleland and J. M. Hodson, Portland, and M. S. Woodcock, Corvallis, were re-elected trustees of the educational fund.

**KLAMATH FALLS GETS RAILROAD**

Klamath Falls, Or., June 22.—The necessary \$100,000 bonus to secure the Week Railroad line's extension into Klamath Falls was completed yesterday, and the chief town of Klamath County will now be afforded the transportation so long desired.

**BIG CLEANUP IN BOHEMIA**

G. B. Hengen, secretary and treasurer of the Oregon Securities Gold Mining Company, has written from his New York office that late reports from the property, which is situated in the Bohemia district, show 20 stamps of the new battery in the mill are merrily pounding day and night on ore assaying an average of \$9 a ton. The stuff being milled is being taken from the ledge on the Champion claim, and Superintendent Wood has been instructed to increase the force on the property, so as to secure sufficient ore to place all of the 20 stamps in operation at an early date. He expects the production of the plant for the month will be \$13,020, and he expects an increase of 50 per cent when the ore from the Musick claim is run through. For there is \$1,500,000 in ore already blocked out there, and a large tunnel with double tracks is being driven through a saddle in the mountain to tap the ledge beneath.

Work commenced last week on the site of the new smelter, which is located at Savage Rapids, about five miles from Grants Pass. A gang of men under H. A. Corlies, the company's superintendent of construction, started last week to clear the ground for the buildings and for the railway sidetrack, which will be a necessary adjunct of the big operations of the Rogus-River Smelting & Power Co. have in contemplation.—Grants Pass Observer.

**WILL EUGENE DRAW PRIZE**

Portland, June 23.—Later information from the forces in the Central Oregon field working under the direction of the Western Pacific indicates that Eugene, by way of the military wagon road, is the objective point of the Gold interests, the connecting line to start from point on the main road in Nevada, probably at Eureka. The road will not tap Salt Lake, but is to take a diagonal course across the country to San Francisco, and besides the northern branch to Eugene, a second is being suggested for Colburn to strike from the Eugene branch near its terminus. Of the two routes being given deep consideration—the one by way of Eugene and the other northward directly through Central Oregon—greater attention of late has been paid the plan to cut across the southern end of the state. When B. A. Worthington, who has been in the service of the O. R. & N., and general manager of the Southern Pacific Oregon lines, to enter Eugene's employ, he carried with him valuable data concerning the Eugene plan, also statistical information with reference to the general lay of the Central Oregon locality. It is not prospective that Gould will begin actual construction work at once in this state unless Harriman's sudden energy in the direction of Bend by way of the completed portion of the Columbia Southern ends in the latter starting to build the extension, in which event it will be up to Gould to make known his purpose—either to take the trade waiting in Central Oregon or come into the southern-western portion and parallel the Southern Pacific into Portland.

**MITCHELL'S SERVICES WERE NEVER PROMISED TO KRIBS**

**Judge Tanner Says Senator Mitchell Had Warned Him Not to Mix Him Up in Department Affairs.**

Portland, June 22.—Examination of Albert H. Tanner, Mitchell's former partner, and chief witness for the prosecution, showed that Mitchell had warned Tanner not to mix him up in any matters before the department of the government and not to take money for services the Senator might perform there. Tanner said there was no understanding with Kribs that the money paid by him to Tanner was in return for services by Mitchell, and that the latter had no direct knowledge of the sources of his monthly remittances, his share of the earnings of the law firm being sent to the Senator at Washington. Tanner said not to his knowledge did Mitchell ever see a check from Kribs to the firm for services rendered. Tanner further said he knew personally of no further services by Mitchell before the departments in regard to the Kribs claims than he had performed for hundreds of other claimants without pay.

“Mr. Tanner, I see in the contract dated March 5, 1901, that it refers to a previous contract,” was the opening sentence of the cross-examination by Judge Bennett, of the defense. “Have you that contract referred to?” A copy of this former agreement was produced and scanned by the defense. Tanner said this former contract referred to in the document of March, 1901, was the agreement made September 5, 1897. At the time the original contract was made Mitchell was not a Senator, he having left the Senate in March, 1897. The contract of 1901, in March of which Mitchell was returned to the United States Senate, was sent on to Washington for Mitchell to sign. Tanner said the reason the contract was revised in 1901 was due to the desire on his part to receive half the fee received by the firm, as in Mitchell's absence he had more work to do at home.

“The only contract drawn in which the sharing of any fees received for work before the departments was made in September, 1897, when Mitchell was out of office, was it not?” asked Judge Bennett. Tanner answered “yes.” He testified that in making the contract of 1901 there was nothing said about work before the departments.

“He never finished Monday, (today.)” Mr. Heney announced that he had finished sooner than he had expected. He explained to the court that it would not delay his side, and that he would rest his case on Monday, as he had expected. Judge DeHaven then adjourned his court until Monday morning. The first witness to be called by the prosecution will be Miss Spencer, who was a bookkeeper for Mitchell & Tanner, Robertson, who was Senator Mitchell's private secretary, to whom was intrusted the famous “burn this” letter, will follow. A. J. Breckons, private secretary to Senator Warren of Wyoming, and Commissioner Richards are also witnesses for the government.

“Ex Senator Thurston stated after the court was adjourned that he expected that the defense would be through by Tuesday evening. While nothing has been said by counsel for the defense, it is almost assumed that Senator Mitchell will take the witness stand in his own behalf. This seems to be indicated by the line that the defense has followed since the trial opened. Some time ago it was hinted that he might take the stand, but so far, not a word has escaped the defense on this point. The defense states that it will finish in one day, indicating that its list of witnesses is a short one, and that it is building its hopes of acquittal upon the Senator himself.

**BRANTON IS GUILTY OF ATTEMPT TO KILL**

Eugene, June 23.—The jury in the case of the state vs. John Branton, charged with assault with a dangerous weapon with intent to kill John Fletcher, yesterday afternoon, at 5 o'clock, returned a verdict of guilty, after deliberating a little over two hours. The attorneys for the defendant, L. Blyden and Medley & Johnson, have filed a motion for a new trial.

On the night of March 9 last, while Branton and Fletcher were returning from Cottage Grove to Branton's home, two miles out in the country, Fletcher was shot in the head, resulting in the loss of one eye and a badly disfigured face. Fletcher accused Branton of trying to kill him in order to get the \$3000 insurance money which he carried in Branton's favor. On the other hand, Branton said that Fletcher fired the shot in an attempt to commit suicide, because a certain woman of Cottage Grove had spurned his offers of love.

The case has created a great deal of interest, and the trial, which occupied three days, has been attended by immense crowds.

“Branton Gets 10 Years.” Eugene, Or., June 24.—This afternoon at 2 o'clock Judge Hamilton sentenced John Branton to ten years in the penitentiary, the maximum penalty for assault with a dangerous weapon with intent to kill. Branton received the sentence with calmness, and smiled at friends as he passed out of the courtroom. A motion for a new trial was argued several hours today, but the Judge overruled the motion.

**LODZ STREETS RUN RED WITH BLOOD OF SLAUGHTERED**

**Russian Revolution Growing. France Would Fight Germany. Terrible Tragedy in Umatilla County.**

Lodz, June 24.—Since the arrival of reinforcements this morning actual fighting in the city has stopped, but the outbreak is by no means quelled, and fresh collisions are expected momentarily. The city resembles a shambles, and the terrible scenes of the last two days will never be wiped from the memory of the Polish people. Altogether ten regiments are encamped in Lodz.

The fighting spirit of the people is fully aroused. They have lashed blood, and want more. Certainly the revolution is abroad, and it remains to be seen whether military measures will have the same effect as previously.

Today at Baluty, a suburb of Lodz, four Cossacks were killed and 10 wounded by a bomb, which was thrown into their barracks. Twenty-three of their horses were killed.

Occasional volleys are still fired by police or gendarmes in response to shots from houses.

The soldiers are showing what appears to be waning courage. Late this afternoon they shot and killed two women, a mother and her daughter. The funeral of victims of the shooting of Thursday and Friday took place today surreptitiously in various outlying villages.

“Dead May Number Two Hundred.” It is quite impossible to give the exact number of killed and wounded, as reports vary according to the quarters from which they are obtained. Certainly the killed number more than a hundred, possibly 200, and the wounded five times as many.

After White had fired upon his wife he evidently concluded that she was dead, and, turning his horse, he rode back toward the city about a quarter of a mile, where he dismounted from his horse and after reloading his revolver placed it in the middle of his forehead and blew his brains out.

“France Would Fight Germany.” Paris, June 24.—For the first time since the Fashoda incident the French public is in the throes of the war fever. Whether it will result in anything serious depends on Germany's response to the French note on Morocco, but without considering the exact status of the diplomatic negotiations a considerable element of the public and press seriously discuss the possibilities of a resort to arms.

Army circles are particularly active, and at the military clubs the officers are mainly engaged in making comparisons of the forces of France and Germany.

The official view is that the situation, while delicate, does not present any aspect of danger or a crisis involving a rupture of relations. This is the governmental view, and naturally presents the most favorable aspect of the controversy. However, the Ambassadors of the leading powers express impartial opinions fully sustaining the view of the government building.

**Grand Military Ball**

The first public dance to be given in the new armory in the Elks building will be on the evening of June 29 and will be a grand military affair under auspices of Co. D, 1st Separate Bat., O. N. G. Guard mount and inspection will be held at 8:30 o'clock and dancing will commence promptly at 9:15. Music by Roseburg orchestra. Tickets \$1.00.

**Fruit Growers Notice**

A shipment of Douglas county fruits for exhibit purposes will be sent to the Douglas county exhibit at the Lewis and Clark Exposition Sunday night. All fruit growers are requested to contribute to this shipment fresh, dried and preserved fruits. Leave all donations for this purpose at either the Review or Plaindealer office.

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**LOCAL OPTION IS UTTERLY IGNORED**

Coquille, Or., June 22.—In face of the fine and imprisonment imposed upon him in the Justice Court here, from which he appealed to the Circuit court, J. P. Tupper has posted notice of intention of applying to the City Council for a license to sell intoxicating liquor. Speculation is rife as to whether the Council will grant him license or not. The prohibition people are discussing by what authority the District Attorney had to file the motion that all further cases be dismissed. Nothing will be done by them until the Attorney General is communicated with. The saloons are running and the prohibition people are non-plussed as to how to proceed to close them in view of the action taken by the District Attorney.

**ACCUSED BARBER ARRESTED AT EUGENE**

Eugene, June 23.—Joe Pierce, a stranger, was arrested in the Matlock lodging house at 5 o'clock last evening by Chief of Police Stiles, charged with the larceny of about \$25 worth of tools from the barber shop of Glenn Woodruff at Roseburg. Woodruff formerly worked in Bert Vincent's shop in Eugene.

**PORTLAND OR BUST THEIR SLOGAN**

A Cadet Corps, comprising 60 of Eureka, California's most athletic lads, have started on their long overland march to the Portland Exposition and will pass through Roseburg the latter part of this month. Of this big tramp the Eureka Standard says: “Promptly at 9 o'clock Monday morning June 12, in front of the Congregational church at Eighth and G streets, the fifty and odd boys of the Congregational Cadet Corps of Eureka, formed ranks and were ready for the march from Eureka to Portland, Oregon a distance of 482 miles, and which will be covered in easy stages in about five weeks, arriving in Portland July 20th, or possibly sooner.” There was some delay in the parting scenes between the boys and their parents and friends and again to have themselves photographed, but at 9:15 Captain Emery gave the command and to the march began, along Eighth street to H. out of H to Seventh and thence to Arcata.

**NATIONAL GUARD WILL PLAY AT WAR**

Portland, June 24.—What promises to be the most realistic sham battle in the annals of mimic warfare is scheduled to take place at the Lewis and Clark Exposition July 21, constituting the crowning feature of three days of military maneuvers in which at least 1,500 troops of the Oregon National Guard will take part. The battle will be made realistic by the shooting of cannon and small arms loaded with blank cartridges, and is expected to prove one of the most popular of the many features which have been arranged to make every day until the close of the Exposition, Oct. 15, a special day.

Adjutant-General W. E. Finger, in conference with President H. W. Goodrich of the Exposition, has arranged the more important details. The guard will go into camp at Gearhart Park on July 13, remaining there six days and then proceeding to Portland. During the first two days of the encampment at the Exposition; there will be a dress parade each day, and a grand review in honor of Governor Chamberlain and staff. A number of competitive drills also will be held.

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