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JUNE 23, 1904.

ROOSEVELT AND FAIRBANKS.

In the nomination of Theodore Roosevelt and Senator Fairbanks for president and vice president respectively on the Republican ticket in national convention at Chicago this week by a unanimous vote, the delegates struck a popular chord and their actions will meet with the universal endorsement of the party throughout the country as well as the independent voter. The enthusiasm and harmony prevailing in this great political gathering was a fitting endorsement of President Roosevelt's splendid administration, evidence of the high regard in which he is held and confidence reposed in his wisdom and leadership by his party.

As the new platform relates, the McKinley administration was marked by a new tariff law which restored prosperity; a gold standard act, which gave stability to our currency; the annexation of Hawaii; a short and triumphant war with Spain, which brought freedom to Cuba and placed Porto Rico and the Philippines under our flag. The Administration of Roosevelt has brought to an end the cry of "imperialism," with growing civil government in the Philippines, and a free and independent government in Cuba; the purchase and authorization of the Panama Canal; the arbitration of the coal strike and the decision that trusts are amenable to the authority of law. These are some of the acts of the Republican party under the administration of President Roosevelt, and there is not a responsible American citizen who dares deny that they have one and all been for the general good of the people; and that they are one and all indorsed by the people. No stronger ticket could have been named and success in November is assured.

REPUBLICAN PARTY AND LABOR.

Nowhere is the beneficent result of Republican legislation more conspicuously seen than in its relation to the laboring classes of our country. It began at the outset by freeing four million slaves and giving them the opportunity to labor, to acquire, and to enjoy the rewards of their own exertions. Coming down through the decades after the War to the present time, it has, through its various tariff laws, given opportunity to the workmen of the United States such as is enjoyed by the laboring classes of no other country on the face of the globe. It has, by its legislation concerning immigration, given to millions from foreign lands an equal opportunity for advancement in their standard of living, through high wages and constant employment, increasing our home market, which is the envy of the entire commercial world. This home market has awakened and maintained competition to such an extent that our people in large measure have done their own work and reaped the consequent fruits of their toil. There need be no proofs given of the assertion that the workmen of the United States are far better off than the laborers of any other country. Not only has the Republican party given the laboring man the chance to work; not only has it given him the highest wages paid on earth for that work, but it has seen to it that this wage money is paid in dollars of full value, equal in every case to one hundred cents.

The Republican national platform adopted at the Chicago convention Wednesday is solid from its very foundation, strong in every particular and will be unanimously approved by the Republican voters of the entire country. It covers all questions of national import and clearly defines the position of the administration and party upon these important issues.

The crew of the twelve-inch guns on the battleship Wisconsin, at target practice in the Philippines, fired ten shots in ten minutes, hitting the target 10x16 feet, nine times at 2,000 yards. It establishes another world record.

It is while you are patiently toiling at the little tasks of life that the meaning and shape of the great whole of life dawn upon you. It is while you are resisting little temptations that you are growing stronger.

When those Colorado affairs take place in China they call 'em Boxer uprisings.

On the 19th, President Roosevelt delivered a very impressive speech on the historic spot at Valley Forge where Washington and his "gallant boys of '76" suffered in order that the United States might become a nation. The President said in part: "The vital thing for this Nation to do is steadily to cultivate the quality which Washington and those under him so pre-eminently showed during the winter at Valley Forge, the quality of steady adherence to duty in the teeth of difficulty, in the teeth of discouragement and every disaster, the quality that makes a man do what is straight and decent, not one day when a great crisis comes, but every day, day in and day out, until success comes at the end."

In our editorial of last issue entitled "Three Great Policies" the last seven lines were badly mixed by the printer who attempted to correct the proof of the article. The sense of that particular portion of the article intended to be conveyed was as follows: Progress—not only in a material upbuilding, but in a mental and moral elevation as well. This is what the Republican party stands for and what it has accomplished and we cannot afford to trade these certainties for any uncertainty.

It's amusing how excited some papers become over a new gold find. Some of the papers are reporting stories from Grants Pass to the effect that whole families are carrying off gold nuggets by the 12-quart milk pan full, but little of the ledge is exposed at present, but that indications point strongly to the fact that when uncovered a ledge of pure polished gold seven feet high and a half mile long, will undoubtedly be revealed. That a good find has been made is no doubt a fact, but some of the extreme reports should be taken in homeopathic doses.

William J. Bryan is furious. He gave vent to his feelings at a convention of protest of purported loyal Democrats against the methods of Judge Alton B. Parker, August Belmont and others held in New York City Monday. Bryan said he was defeated both times for President because he was compelled to carry the sins of a traitorous President who betrayed his party. Bryan admits his weakness but says, "the sins of Grover Cleveland killed me."

The first of the Roosevelt campaign buttons have appeared. The button is in four colors, handsomely engraved, showing a red steer in the center of the button bearing the three Roosevelt brands, with a representation also of a cattle rancher in the Bad Lands in North Dakota. Encircling the steer are the words: "Don't be a Maverick—Join the Presidential Roundup, 1904."

The gold find near Medford is creating much excitement among mining people and many are flocking to that locality. \$5,000 was taken out last week and thus far two shipments of what is supposed to be very rich ore has been made. The result and development of the discovery will be watched with interest.

A man who prefers the metropolitan daily to a home paper because "it's get more in it," reminds us of a man who picked out the largest pair of boots in the box because they cost no more than a pair that fitted him.

The Drain Nonpareil, published at Drain, by A. T. Fetter, is a credit to northern Douglas county. Mr. Fetter, its enterprising editor, gives the people over there an all-at-home, well-printed news paper.

Bradstreet finds that 84 per cent. of the merchants who failed last year didn't advertise in the newspapers. The other 15 per cent. probably didn't advertise enough.

Word comes to us that the Salt River Camp is mostly occupied by democrats, but the informant admits the presence of a few republicans up there.

Roosevelt and Fairbanks make a strong team, and are true types of patriotic, loyal Americans.

At the Republican National Convention the first of the week there were five acres of seats.

Our manufacturing interests deserve the best promotion of the capitalists of the city.

The Eagle is plumed to scream at several different places in the county July Fourth.

When honest men divide at the polls the exploiters consolidate at the spoils.

There is a good indication for rain—the farmers have began haying.

A winning pair—Roosevelt and Fairbanks.

Thursday was Roosevelt day at Chicago.

ROOSEVELT AND FAIRBANKS

Chosen as Standard Bearers by Chicago National Republican Convention

GREAT ENTHUSIASM AND HARMONY PREVAILED

Nominations Were Unanimous—Speaker Cannon Chairman of Convention.

CHICAGO, June 22.—Although the general expectation had been that the Republican national convention would close its labors today, as everything had been practically arranged for that program, the Chicago representatives succeeded in creating such a sentiment for a hold over that another day will be used.

The day's proceedings moved with clock-like regularity, but consisted in the main of various committee reports and a speech by "Uncle Joe" Cannon.

Developments have made it certain that the ticket will consist of Roosevelt and Fairbanks. Whatever doubt may have been felt in the latter part of the ticket was removed today by the withdrawal of Congressman Hitt from the race for second place on the ticket.

This it is expected will be followed

the announcement of the chairman that nominations for president of the United States were in order, Ex-Governor Black of New York stepped to the platform and was introduced by the chairman amid great applause. He proceeded in a brilliant speech to nominate Theodore Roosevelt for president, which brought the delegates to their feet. At this juncture Chairman Cannon appeared on the platform with the tattered flag emblematic of the famous Santiago campaign and the valiant charge of the Rough Riders at San Juan Hill, headed by the gallant Colonel Roosevelt. This inspired a scene of the wildest enthusiasm. Bands played, delegates cheered and flags were waved. A massive picture of President Roosevelt was displayed across the platform, which brought forth renewed applause.

no other name mentioned but that of Theodore Roosevelt for the nomination for president, he therefore being the unanimous choice of the convention for the nomination, having received the total of 994 votes of the convention.

Fairbanks for Vice President.

At 1:24 p. m. today Senator Chas. W. Fairbanks, of Indiana, received the nomination for vice president, Senator Dooliver, of Iowa, making the nominating speech, which nomination was eloquently seconded by Senator Dewey. Other seconds to the nomination were made by Governor Pennypacker of Pennsylvania and former Senator Carter, of Montana.

At the conclusion of roll call and the withdrawal of other candidates Fairbanks was made the unanimous choice of the convention for the

claims played with the locals. Sullivan claims that he has never signed to play with Albany and what little contract has been made between him and the Albany management has been violated by the latter, hence he is at liberty to play where he chooses. Manager Morrow claims that President Schriof of the league sustains Sullivan, in his statement.

Derrick the well known umpire who allows no rag chewing will be "it" at the grounds today and we are assured of a good clean game. Blyven will be in the box for the locals and Howard for the visitors.

Mrs. Dora Drake of Aberdeen, Wash., is in this city visiting her sister, Mrs. J. C. Twitchell, who is quite seriously ill.

E. F. Loomis and wife, of Ashland were the guests of G. C. Morris and wife this week as they were returning home from a visit to Portland.

The largest summer school in the world will open at Knoxville, Tennessee, on June 28, for three months. It will consist principally of teachers from 24 states, and there will be 100 skilled lecturers on the various phases of educational work. The attendance last year was more than two thousand.

Any man can take a newspaper. It is the cheapest thing he can buy. Every time a hen cucks and has laid an egg his paper is paid for that week. It costs less than a postage stamp—less than to send or receive a letter. It comes to you every week rain or shine, calm or storm. No matter what happens it enters your door a welcome friend, full of sunshine, cheer and interest. It opens the door of the great world and puts you face to face with its people and its great events. It is your advertiser's gossip and friend. No man is just to his children who does not give them the local paper. No man is good to himself who does not take newspapers.—Ex.

Now that local option has been adopted in Oregon, the next question to be decided is how much of the state will be closed prohibition and in how much shall license for the sale of liquor still be granted. The law provides that a vote on this question may be taken on the day of the Presidential election next November, and in those parts that give a majority against license, prohibition shall go into effect on January 1, 1905. The vote may be taken by counties, or each precinct may decide for itself or several precincts may unite in one district and take a vote on the question. It is probable that November will witness a much harder struggle over prohibition than was that which has just closed with the adoption of local option. A large number of the electors did not vote on the matter of local option while on the question of prohibition it is likely that both sides will put forth efforts for their party, sufficient to bring out nearly a full vote for a national license. Besides this there is no doubt that many of the favor local option are opposed to prohibition. The question to be brought up every two years as the law provides that another vote on prohibition may be taken in June, 1906, and every two years thereafter.—Florence West.

It is promised from the White House that President Roosevelt will make only two public addresses from now on until after the election in November. This, of course, barring contingencies which may call for rapid fire oratorical work. But the purpose is to discourage political pilgrimages to Oyster Bay and Washington. The one political speech scheduled for utterance prior to the national election will be at Oyster Bay, and in reply to the committee that will notify him of his nomination to the presidency. In that speech Candidate Roosevelt expects to crowd all he wishes to say regarding pending issues, and so great care will be given to his preparation. The plan will be to give a text and keynote for the Republican spellbinders to follow in the speeches to be made in the campaign to come after. The President expects to leave Washington July 1, so as to be at Oyster Bay to receive the committee from the national convention.

Fairbanks and Reciprocity.

Senator Fairbanks when asked if he had seen the statement made to the newspapers the other day by Senator Boise Penrose, Republican state chairman of Pennsylvania, who declared that Fairbanks will stand for the vice-presidency, the senator replied: "Yes I read his remarks. It is good of Penrose to nominate me for office, but I have, as you know repeatedly and publicly stated my refusal to become a candidate for the post, and I still have no intention of becoming one."

"Who do you think, then, would be a good man for the office?"

"Well, I really can't say. Seeing that Penrose, however, has been kind enough to proclaim me for the place, perhaps I cannot do better than reciprocate. I believe in reciprocity."

Pardicaris The Morocco Captive.

The capture by Morocco bandits of an American citizen, who is held for a ransom, and for whose release the governments of the United States, Great Britain and France are bending their best energies arouses some curiosity as to the personality of the man who thus becomes a center of interest and attention on the world's stage. Ion Pardicaris is one of the most distinguished residents of Tangier. He has lived in this country, and his family were well known at Trenton, N. J.

Pardicaris, now 70 years of age, is the son of a Greek, George A. Pardicaris, who came to the United States some 50 or 60 years ago as a refugee from his native land, under sentence of death, for some political offense. George A. Pardicaris became an instructor of Greek at Harvard, but resigned and became interested in the formation of gas companies in various cities. He organized the gas company at Trenton, which proved very profitable, a large block of the stock of which is now owned by the captive of the Morocco bandits. During the civil war the elder Pardicaris contributed liberally to the Southern cause.

Ion Pardicaris went abroad many years ago, and was so fascinated with the white city of Tangier, within 35 miles by steamer from Gibraltar, that he decided to take up his residence there with a little colony of Europeans and Americans. Within a short distance of the town he purchased from the sultan a palace, where with a retinue of servants and attendants and almost unlimited wealth, he lived like an Oriental prince. He cultivated the arts; paints well and has written books on the country and the people. That he should be captured by rebel brigands seems like the irony of fate, as he has always upheld the rights of the natives against the harshness of taxation, on one occasion defying on their behalf, the United States consul.

ROOSEVELT THE TYPICAL AMERICAN.



The President Mounted on his Favorite Charger

by other withdrawals, leaving Fairbanks a clear field.

At 3:51 Wednesday the convention adjourned to reconvene at 10 o'clock Thursday.

Organization Effected.

Permanent organization was effected by the selection of Hon. Jos. G. Cannon as permanent chairman, who was received with a great outburst of enthusiasm. The various committees reported promptly, the national platform being presented, read and adopted. It proved to be a sound, logical enunciation or exposition of republican principles and policies, protection, gold standard, trusts, and a strong endorsement of President Roosevelt and his successful administration being some of its strong features.

Last Day of Convention.

CONVENTION HALL, Chicago, June 23.—(Special).—By 10 o'clock a. m. almost every seat in the great convention hall was taken and fifteen minutes later Chairman Cannon called the vast assemblage to order, the convention being opened with prayer by Rev. Thaddeus E. Sneyley. Upon

The New York delegates made a circuit of the hall, flying banners, while the bands played "Star Spangled Banner" and "A Hot Time in the Old Town." As soon as the band ceased playing Chairman Cannon took up the strain and led in singing this popular national anthem, during which time hundreds of delegates with red, white and blue umbrellas marched around in a circuit about the hall. Not for half an hour was Chairman Cannon successful in restoring order and re-seating the delegates. Finally at 11:35 order was restored and Senator Beveridge, of Indiana, renewed the enthusiastic scenes by seconding the nomination of Roosevelt in an eloquent speech. Geo. A. Knight, of California, was next to second Roosevelt's nomination, in behalf of the great West, following which other seconds were made by Harry Stillwell Edwards, of Georgia, Ex-Governor Bradley of Kentucky, Jos. B. Cotton, of Minnesota and Harry S. Cummings, the famous colored orator of Maryland.

Unanimous for Roosevelt.

At 1:21 p. m. roll call ended with

nomination as Roosevelt's running mate.

A resolution was passed naming Jos. G. Cannon, chairman of the committee to officially notify President Roosevelt of his nomination, and Ellihu Root as chairman of the committee to officially notify Senator Fairbanks of his nomination. This practically completed the work of the most enthusiastic and harmonious national conventions ever held by the Republican or any other party, which presages a great and overwhelming victory for the party in November. At 2:25 p. m. the convention adjourned sine die.

Shamrocks vs Albany to Day.

The Roseburg Shamrocks are again pitted against the Albany ball team this week at Rose-Park and from the work they did last week and the weakened condition of Albany by the loss of Raymond the locals should easily win a majority of the series.

Manager Gregory who was so liberal as, so he says, to give away a few games in order to keep Roseburg in the league has regretted his liberality and is now trying to protect the games of the last series because Sullivan, whom he

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Utopian Mat Finish Pottery
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25 different designs. Various designs and assortments of Jardinier's at
WINSLOWS
JEWELER AND OPTICIAN

Gardiner News.
Deputy Assessor R. T. Ashworth was going business in Gardiner this week. Governor Chamberlain has appointed Dr. Alex. Patterson health officer of the port of Gardiner.

Miss Lily Lyster returned from Eugene this week. Since leaving Gardiner she has attended the state university one year and taught at Springfield during the past year. She will teach the Dewar school during the summer and return to university in September.

While the tug El Roscoe was towing the schooner Del Norte to sea over Siuslaw bar on Sunday the hawser parted and both schooner and tug went on the south spit. The tug Hunter took the Unquap life-saving crew to the rescue. The schooner was bound for San Francisco with a cargo of butter, lard, etc., which is a total loss. The tug was pulled off but the schooner is still aground.

There is to be a Fourth of July celebration at the John Nool ranch, Smith river. The committee of arrangements promise a good time to all who attend. There is already a spirited contest going on as to who shall act as Godfather of Liberty.

The following young ladies have been entered in the contest and rank in the voting in the order named: Laura Peck, Myrtle Wilson, Ethel Baker, Leigh Elliott.—Gazette.

The capture by Morocco bandits of an American citizen, who is held for a ransom, and for whose release the governments of the United States, Great Britain and France are bending their best energies arouses some curiosity as to the personality of the man who thus becomes a center of interest and attention on the world's stage.

The school children of the state may well be taken into counsel in connection with an event that is of future importance. The Lewis and Clark Exposition clearly comes under this head. The scheme first to interest and then instruct them concerning the Fair and the historical event that it will celebrate is a wise one, whether viewed from the standpoint of the present or future.

Enthusiastic, energetic, intelligent—to call the grand army of school children in the ranks of workers for the Fair is to increase immeasurably the influence that are working for its success. The Lewis and Clark story, phobias and legends in detail to those who acted while they wrote it, is to the adventurous schoolboy of today a fairy tale with wonderful embellishments; a historic tale eagerly seized upon and readily absorbed. With this story all of the school children of the Pacific Northwest, extending eastward even to Montana and the Dakotas, should be made familiar during the next school year.—Oregonian.

Throws From a Wagon.
Mr. George K. Babcock was thrown from his wagon and severely bruised. He applied Chamberlain's Pain Balm freely and says it is the best liniment he ever used. Mr. Babcock is a well known citizen of North Plain, Conn. There is nothing equal to Pain Balm for sprains and bruises. It will effect a cure in one third the time required by any treatment. For sale by A. C. Masters & Co.