

THE Roseburg Plaindealer

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The Editor of the PLAIDEALER has no intention of making a false statement reflecting upon the life or character of any person, officially or otherwise, and any statement published in these columns will be cheerfully corrected if erroneous and brought to our attention by the aggrieved party or parties. Our intention is that every official statement shall be news matter of general interest and for the welfare of the State at large.

MARCH 24, 1904.

Call for Primary and County Convention.

Persuant to a call of chairman, the Republican County Central Committee met at Roseburg on March 12, 1904, and set the 2nd day of April for the holding of the primary elections and the 9th day of April at 10 a. m. for the convening of the County convention at the court house in the city of Roseburg and proportioned the representation at one delegate at large and one delegate for every ten votes or major portion thereof cast for R. T. Bean candidate for supreme judge on June 2nd, 1902, and make the following suggestions that all proxies should be represented in the convention by a resident of the precinct so far as practicable, and each precinct select a Central committee. The various precincts are entitled to the following number of delegates:

Roseburg	10
Deer Creek	7
Umqua	7
West Roseburg	12
Yoncalla	3
Conestock	4
Riddle	6
Pais Creek	11
Myrtle Creek	7
Oalla	5
Willbur	3
Millwood	3
Oakland	8

K. L. MILLER, Chairman.
J. A. BUCHANAN, Sec'y.
Roseburg, Oregon, April 15, 1904.

CANDIDATE'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

Being authorized the PLAIDEALER announces that M. L. Moore is a candidate for the office of treasurer of Douglas county, subject to the nomination of the Republican party at the County convention on April 9, 1904.

AN UNHOLY ROLLER.

A news item from Corvallis, the holy place of rollerism, says: "Officers and others here are on the alert for Joshua Creffield, wanted by Portland authorities. The theory is that he is in hiding in this vicinity, though there is no reliable information to that effect. He is reported to have been seen approaching the suburbs of Corvallis from the northward, but the man who saw him never saw the apostle before and only surmises it to have been Creffield, from the latter's description. A circumstance that lends interest to the matter is that Mrs. Creffield has disappeared from her father's home, and all attempts to locate her or to unravel the method or means of her going have proved futile. If Creffield is in the vicinity, he is likely to be apprehended, for the watch for him is constant."

It seems that Creffield and the other self deluded fanatics have not only been preaching the gospel of "to the pure all things are pure," but have put into practice a most damnable heresy, and the immediate parties to the lamentable transaction let their carnal natures overcome the purity of the lives they professed to live; and at once it became apparent that they by their actions most successfully controverted either their own professions or the peculiar tenets of their faith.

No man or woman can break the Mosaic, Christian and State law or commandment: "Thou shalt not commit adultery," and be a pure man or woman, much less be a holy saint. But the showing made of the fall of a young, immature woman, and her condition, appeals to charity in judging the case. For the man there can be no pity, for he stood for her as the oracle of God and by such pretensions ingratiated himself into the affections of the young woman whose life has been blasted by the withering influence he possessed.

But, after all, this case differs only from ten thousand cases of a like nature. Creffield attempted to start a new ism or a new branch of an ism that has cursed the Christian church through all ages; and because Creffield's ism was weak numerically and had no political standing, and therefore could be exposed by the newspapers without any danger of financial loss, it was exposed, while holy men of holy churches having a tremendous political pull are doing the same thing every day, and no notice is taken of such affairs, because the press is afraid that it would be placed under the ban. When it comes down to actual fact, the frailties of human nature are about the same the world over, and in semi-religious affairs and actions the Holy Rulers, Mohammedans, Mormons and a score of other cults attempt to back up human desires and ambitions by a revelation of Deity. But, in spite of human weakness, the religion of the Nazarene, as

expressed by James: "Pure religion and undefiled before God and the Father, is this, to visit the fatherless and widows in their affliction and to keep himself unspotted from the world," is spreading and is destined to be the religion of the world.

It May be Justice But It is Setting a Bad Precedent.

The Portland Telegram's correspondent from Salem reports the following case:

"The second case against Charles (Chic) Houghton, in which the defendant was convicted of assault with intent to rob and sentenced to a term in the penitentiary, was the most important of those rendered, and in this the court affirmed the judgment of Judge A. L. Frazer. This was the second appeal of this case. After the first appeal had been taken and the cause remanded for new trial, it was discovered that the new trial was conducted before the mandate of the Supreme Court had been returned to the court below, and defendant's counsel urged that the court had no jurisdiction to try the case before the mandate arrived. The court holds that when the cause was reversed and a new trial ordered, and the appeal finally disposed of, the court below was thereby given authority to proceed with a retrial. It also holds that it is the judgment reversing the cause and ordering a new trial which gives the trial court authority to proceed, and no certified copy of such judgment is required to be returned to the clerk of the lower court."

Evidently the defendant's money gave out or he had not influence enough, political or otherwise, to prevent the case being railroaded through. Doubtless the man was guilty and ought to have been sent to the penitentiary but that is no reason why a bad legal precedent should have been set and one at variance with not only accepted law procedure but common sense. The venue of the case was in the circuit court until the papers and documents had been filed in the supreme court, then so far as the prisoner and the circuit court was concerned the whole cause was under the direct venue of supreme court. The supreme court annulled the sentence but held the prisoner for a new trial before the lower court. The case could not legally be transferred to the circuit court from the supreme court until the mandate from the supreme court had been properly filed in the circuit court. The mere report that the supreme court had reversed the circuit court was all the authority that the circuit court had because the documents had not been sent back so that the case could be properly re-docketed. If the man had been sentenced for murder and had appealed from the gallows, as it were, to the supreme court and a report had been sent out that the supreme court had failed to find error in the lower court and if the circuit court hurried the matter and ordered the defendant to be executed and he was sent to glory before the arrival of the supreme court mandate confirming the action of the circuit court this would be good law according to the ruling of the supreme court. There seems to be too much bias and we are afraid for political effect in the above case and the supreme court must have overlooked that sometime that law decision will run that court up against a stump.

HOW IT WILL BE DONE IN FUTURE.

Following out the intent of the primary election law, the following taken from the North Bend Citizen shows how candidates will have to come before the people if the proposed law becomes effective: "Mr. D. Home, the Rogue River salmon king, in this issue announces himself a candidate for the nomination for Joint Senator from Coos and Curry counties. Mr. Home is well known all over Oregon and if nominated, will make a winning race."

ANNOUNCEMENT.

Wedderburn, Ore., March 4, 1904. I hereby announce myself a candidate for Joint Senator for Coos and Curry counties, subject to the approval of the Republican County conventions.

R. D. HOME.

By the above method the man has to come squarely before the public on his record or merit. Under the present plan of running politics a man who does not stand in with or is part of a machine has not the shadow of a chance for nomination.

The Light and Water Rates.

The PLAIDEALER has interviewed the new management of the consolidated plans, and found that the charges are as follows: For monthly water service: \$1.50 for the first faucet and 50 cents additional for every extra faucet in bath room kitchen or outhouse. Water for irrigation purposes to be charged for extra.

The electric lights: twenty-five cents each for every 16 candle power burner used, monthly.

It was stated that just as soon as possible meters would be put in every house using electric light and the company will charge 25 cents per month for the rental of the meter. Every electric light bulb will have to be paid for by the customer if burned out or broken from any cause.

The persons who are now using the meter system will be continued at the old rates.

SHERIFF STORY OF MULTNOMAH COUNTY.

Of all the political shysters that Portland has produced, and that burg is long on the genus homo, Sheriff Story is entitled to be regarded *pari passu* with the rest. He says that he was part of a political machine and in going through the mill has been ground into powder. He aspired to be nominated on the republican ticket, for re-election, but he had played fast and loose with the Mitchell and Simon factions, on the principle of being "all things to all men." Sheriff Story politically has played the part of pig and puppy and has started a feud with his erstwhile Portland and Multnomah political friends. He has raised hair on his own back as thick and strong as the "bristles on a fretful porcupine." He has laughed and cried and declared that he will be an independent republican candidate and smash the state; that he will see that the laws are enforced against gambling and skin games and grafts in Portland. He has discharged an army of under sheriffs and men at work in the tax collecting office and vowed eternal vengeance on the political machine; and as a tailmasher he is going to make his mark in politics. Sheriff Story by his political perjury sowed to the wind and the harvest is a whirlwind. Had he been a faithful official; had he performed his duty in Portland; had he done in times past what he now threatens to do, the Mitchell faction nor any other faction would have dared to turn him down, and he would not have been the political, sniveling monstrosity he is today.

The Port Orford Tribune is putting politics before its readers in a practical manner. It announces five candidates for sheriff of Curry county subject to the County Republican nominating convention, two for joint representative of Coos and Curry counties, one candidate for judge of Curry county, one for treasurer and three for assessor. The method is

The nomination of William R. Hearst is more to be dreaded by the business interests of the country than the "cross of gold and crown of thorns" nominee was. Hearst's yellow newspapers have always stood in with the labor element, right or wrong, and if he is nominated by the democratic party the vote he will receive in all the large cities will be an astonishment to the parties who are now making light of the yellow journal man. The writer was in Chicago during a labor riot, and Hearst's paper, the Chicago American, did more to inflame the strikers to violence than all the labor agitators in Chicago.

Thought Enemies Sought His Life

EUGENE, Ore., March 23.—William R. Kemery, a resident of Fairmount, a suburb of Eugene, committed suicide last night at 7:30 o'clock by shooting himself through the head with a rifle. Kemery had suffered for some time with a recurrent mania which usually took the form of an expressed fear that enemies were seeking to kill him. All day yesterday he was restless and said he had a presentiment that he was going to die that evening. His wife and friends tried in vain to comfort him, but the unfortunate man was helplessly deranged upon the matter. A number of neighbors were in the house when the tragedy occurred and had been trying to reassure him that he was all right and without danger, but he rushed into the bedroom and placed the muzzle of a rifle behind his right ear and fired, blowing the whole back of the head off. He was 44 years of age and a man of family, leaving a widow and three little children. He was a member of the Fraternal Tribune, holding an insurance policy for \$2,500.

FAIR NOTICE.

If the reports being circulated about a certain public institution are true regarding the attempted inveig-

McGILLIEN HOUSE SOLD.

Popular Hotel Purchased by Thomas Bloomer, of Albany.

That Roseburg is a good hotel town is demonstrated by the fact that the McGillien House is considered a "plum" by the traveling public. This week three prospective buyers for this popular hostelry were in this city, dickering for the purchase from John R. Sutherland. They were: C. Bloomer, of the Revere House, Albany; J. P. Bradley, a prominent hotel man of Chelatis, Wash.; and R. F. Wilde, of San Francisco, Cal. Arrangements were made whereby on the first of April Mr. Sutherland will transfer the McGillien House and the Van Houten House leases, with the turriture and business, to Thomas Bloomer, who is one of Oregon's best known hotel men, having for a number of years conducted the Revere House, of Albany, with great success, it being known at present as the best stopping place in the Willamette valley. S. W. Dugger, well known in base ball circles, having been a pitcher on the Albany team of the Willamette valley league, during the first of last season, will have charge of the bar, while the office, dining room and entire hostelry will be under the personal supervision of Mr. Bloomer. Mr. Bloomer will retain the Revere House, at Albany, but will make Roseburg his headquarters. Mr. Sutherland, the retiring proprietor, with his family, intend to soon leave for California, where it is his intention to locate.

What is It?

At first sight, the stranger to the word "osteopathy" gathers from its etymology (osteo; bone, and pathos; disease) that it means a treatment of bone-diseases. Its meaning is much broader. Dr. A. T. Still, the founder, used the word because he discovered the importance of maladjustments in the bony framework of the body in causing disease. He studied the skeleton as the foundation of anatomy, and grounded his science upon it. He extended the meaning of the word to apply not only to disturbances in the skeleton, but also to disturbed relations of ligaments, tendons, muscles, blood-vessels, nerves, and other body tissues. Thus, the word has come to mean that science which finds in disturbed mechanical relations of the anatomical parts of the body the causes of the various diseases to which the human system is liable; that science which cures disease by applying technical knowledge and high manual skill to the restoration of any or all disturbed mechanical relations occurring in the body.

Osteopathy is skilled engineering of the human machine. An acceptable definition is: "The science of treated disease through a technical manipulation by which the practitioner intelligently directs the inherent recuperative resources of the body to the restoration of health. It rests upon the theory that every diseased condition not due to a specific poison is traceable to some mechanical disorder, which, if corrected, will allow Nature to resume perfect work."

Osteopathy is a system of curing deformities and diseases without the use of drugs or knife. It regards the human system as capable of keeping itself in perfect health, when rightly aided. It holds that the vital processes within the body are capable of producing all chemical and vital fluids and substances necessary to the health and repair of the body. It therefore discards drug medicines, and trusts to Nature, intelligently aided, to maintain health.

Vancouver in It.

SALEM, March 24.—President Paul H. Shroat of the Oregon State Baseball League, last night received a dispatch from the manager of the Vancouver baseball team, announcing that he had completed the organization of his team, and was now ready to sign the contract to enter the league.

A Good Mormon.

George Teasdale of Nephi, Utah, an apostle of the Mormon church, the husband of six wives and a man who, under the cloak of religion, has violated the laws of his country and the laws of God, is wanted by the senate committee on privileges and elections and wanted to testify what he knows about the practices of the Mormon hierarchy and also as to what he knows of his own record.

George Teasdale is now 73 years of age. Since 1900 he has played a star engagement. Indeed, his whole life, since he reached the age of maturity, is illuminated with matrimonial incidents that makes exceedingly interesting reading.

In the early 60's he first ventured into the matrimonial business. His first wife was Emily Emma Brown. Emma blessed his career until 1874. In that year she died and "the light went out" of George Teasdale's life.

In 1876 George decided that time necessitated another match, and wedded Lillies Hook. Lillies failed to fill George's life. For eight years George's heart was troubled.

In 1884 "a change came over the spirit of his dreams." In that year he had "visions of a twin revelation. Geo. had a vision that recommended him to take two wives. He looked about him and his eye fell upon Mary Loretta Pimton.

George liked Mary Loretta. She reminded him a great deal of his first-beloved Emily Emma. He told her that he loved her.

Mary Loretta had a sister who was a comely woman with youth and amiableness. With George amiableness and youth were most excellent things in a woman. He would not only wed Mary Loretta but he would wed also her younger sister. He wedded them in the temple the same day, and same hour.

Teasdale soon afterward fled to Mexico after threats of arrest, and took with him many secret papers showing the acts of polygamists. He returned to the United States and is now supposed to be in hiding.

Notice.

An entertainment and box social will be given at Cleveland, Friday, March 25. All are cordially invited. Ladies to bring well filled boxes, gentlemen well filled purses. Mrs. IRENE MILLER, Committee.

CLOSING OUT SALE

Commencing March 7 the W. C. Hildebrand Stock of Merchandise will be

CLOSED OUT REGARDLESS OF COST

The balance of stock left will be shipped to our new store in Washington. This offer will not hold good for any definite length of time.

ASH & ATTWELL

Real Estate Transfers.

U S to Jacob Luchingers, w/s w/s sec 24 tp 22 s 9 w, 100 acres.
U S to Bernard H. Riebel, s/s w/s and lots 3 and 4, tp 32 s, r 6 w, 154 acres.
U S to Maria Murry, lot 1 sec 2, lot 4, sec 3 tp 22 s, r 12 w, lot 5 sec 35 in tp 21 s, r 12 w, 93.42 acres.
U S to John A. Murry, ne 1/4 sec 33 tp 21 s, r 12 w, 40 acres.
U S to Gard Chism et als, sw 1/4 sec 35 tp 21 s, r 12 w and lot 3 of sec 3 tp 22 s, r 12 w, 40.32 acres.
U S to Joseph B. Lewis, lots 6 and 10, sec 34 tp 21 s, r 12 w, 33.34 acres.
U S to John A. Murry, lot 2 sec 3 tp 22 s, r 12 w, 49.80 acres.
U S to John A. Murry and John F. Clark, ne 1/4 sec 35, sw 1/4 sec 35 tp 21 s, and lot 7 sec 2 tp 22 s, r 12 w, 91.45 acres.
U S to Maria Murry, lot 8 sec 2 tp 22 s, r 12 w, 27.75 acres.
U S to John A. Murry, lot 6 sec 2 tp 22 s, r 12 w, 25.50 acres.
U S to John A. Murry, lots 5, 7, 8 and 9, sec 1 tp 22 s, r 12 w, 122.91 acres.
O & C R R Co to Levens Ledge Gold Mining Co., 400; lots 1 and 2 sec 5 tp 31 s, r 5 w, 73.36 acres.
C P Devore et ux to John Wamsley et ux, \$250; W/s of lot 2 blk 1 Devore's Addition to town of Yoncalla.
E E Covert et ux to D B Barker, \$1; sw 1/4 sec 24 tp 29 s, r 8 west.
A F Stearns et ux to Farn Alamo, \$400; land in sec 14 tp 25 s, r 5 w 12.246 acres.
Oscar Easley et ux to Mary E. Eason \$200; part of D C I No 44 in tp 22 s, r 6 w 32.50 acres.
Floyd H. Woodruff et ux to Agusta Schloeman, \$900; lots 15 and 16 blk 2 Chadwick's Addition to the City of Roseburg.
Maurice Abraham et als to W H Byars, \$1; all of the ne 1/4 sec 7 tp 32 s, r 7 west.
State of Oregon to Wm S. Barlow, \$400 e/s sec 36 tp 30 s, r 5 w, 320 acres.
Frank L. Moffett et ux to Thomas R. Stokes, \$270; 10.08 acres lying on the road from Looking Glass to Ten Mile in tp 28 s, r 7 west.
Etta and D R Cole to John Albrow, \$400; nw 1/4 sec 33 tp 31 s, r 4 west.
O & C R R Co to W W Kent, \$500; se 1/4 sec 1, ne 1/4 sec 1, nw 1/4 sec 5 tp 22 s, r 5 west.
L L Perdue et ux to A C Zachary and O C Sether, \$1; s/s ne 1/4 n/s se 1/4 sec 30 s, r 2 west.
State of Oregon to James Elliot, \$67.50; lot 2 sec 34 tp 23 s, r 7 w, 27 acres.
John Johnson et ux to F H Osgood, \$3000; s/s ne 1/4, lots 1 and 2 sec 4 tp 24 s, r 2 w, 161.45 acres.
Asahel Fenton et ux to Nathan Selig, \$1500; lot 8 blk 8 as laid down on Hall's plat of the town of Myrtle Creek.
Albert Abraham et ux to W H Byars, \$1; ne 1/4 sec 7 tp 32 s, r 7 west.
Frank E. Alley et ux to A E and E A Davidson, \$15; e/s ne 1/4, nw 1/4 ne 1/4 m-1-4, sec 14 tp 24 s, r 6 west.
State of Oregon to C L Chenoweth, \$200; nw 1/4 sec 4 and lot 3 sec 31 tp 25 s, r 5 w, 64.60 acres.
Maurice Abraham et als to C E Wilcox, \$1; \$175; lot 6 blk 14 of the town of Glendale.
F A Kribbs et ux to Chas S and John S Philibury, \$1; 1/2 interest in w/s sec 1-4, s/s sw 1-4 sec 26 tp 26 s, r 9 west.
F A Kribbs et ux to Chas S and John S Philibury, \$1; 1/2 interest in s/s sec 4, s/s sec 6 tp 29 s, r 8 west.
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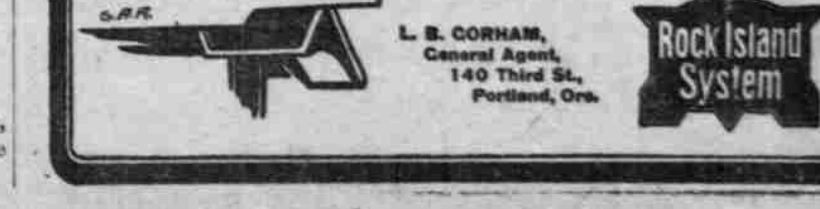
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S. K. SYKES, Roseburg, - - - Oregon

Where does it go?

That's a question we are asked a dozen times a day. Where does the Rock Island go? The answer is: Pretty nearly everywhere— To Peoria and Chicago. To Davenport and Rock Island. To Lincoln and Omaha. To Topeka and Kansas City. To St. Joseph and St. Louis. To Texas and Oklahoma. Three routes east—via Denver, Omaha and St. Paul.



L. B. CORHAM, General Agent, 140 Third St., Portland, Ore. Rock Island System