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CHAMBERLAIN IS NOW GOVERNOR

Inaugurated Wednesday Afternoon—Addresses Made by Both the New and Retiring Governors

SALEM, Jan. 14.—In the presence of the members of the Oregon legislature, the state judiciary, state officials, a large number of distinguished citizens, and an assembly of people which filled every inch of the grand and ornate hall, Governor Chamberlain, democrat, of Portland, was this afternoon inaugurated Governor of Oregon. The oath of office was administered by Chief Justice F. A. Moore of the Oregon Supreme Court. It was found impossible to complete the canvass of the vote in time for the inauguration to be carried out this morning as had been intended. The joint session therefore was declared adjourned at 11:30 to await the result of the canvass. Upon its re-assembling at 2 p. m., the ceremony was carried out with dispatch and according to program. Governor Geer delivered his farewell message to the legislature before retiring, and continued the lawmakers not to indulge in too much legislation. He advocated special revenue measures to provide for the Lewis and Clark Exposition appropriation, and said we have had too many changes in the state land laws; that the state land office records should be investigated. Of course in conclusion he could but endeavor to eloquently impress upon the legislators the duty devolved upon them to elect him United States Senator, and in this connection he called special attention to the law on the Senatorship.

After his inauguration, Gov. Chamberlain delivered his inaugural address, in which he urged the passage of a law taxing corporations and legacies; favored a liberal appropriation for the Lewis and Clark Exposition; presented the needs of an open river from the upper Columbia to the sea; wants a law to abate the sailor boarding house nuisance, and he would revise the state official salaries. The messages of both the new and the retiring governors were very extended, occupying about two pages each in the Oregonian.

GOVERNOR CHAMBERLAIN'S STATEMENT.
 "My ambition is to give an honest and an economical administration of the affairs of state; protection of the public lands and safeguarding the funds which have been realized therefor, for the support of schools and colleges. I do not mean to say that the preceding administration has not been economical or well managed; I simply state what is to be my policy.

"I am going into office not as a partisan, with the view to building up a machine in the interest of myself, but as a servant, to do the will of the people and faithfully execute the laws as I construe them.

"My relations with the Secretary of State and State Treasurer are of the pleasantest character, and I have no doubt but that they will continue to be such during my whole term. If we disagree it will be on questions of policy rather than on account of diverging political views."

GEORGE E. CHAMBERLAIN.

ASSOCIATION ELIMINATED.

Woolgrowers No Longer Control the Allotment of Grazing on Forest Reserves.

The applications for the privilege of grazing sheep on forest reserves has been handled in two ways:

"(a) Where a woolgrower's association exists which includes a majority of the persons who are interested in the use of the reserve, the association may allot the range and sheep among the applicants."

"(b) Where such an association does not exist, or does not care to assume the responsibility, all applications are made to the Supervisor direct, who acts upon and forwards the same to the Commissioner of the General Land Office, with his approval or other recommendation." The said rules were established by the Honorable Secretary of the Interior's order of February 8, 1902. But on October 24, 1902, the Honorable Secretary of the Interior decided that in the future the "Woolgrowers' associations will be eliminated from the matter of allotment or other control, and that the grazing be placed directly in the hands of the supervisors, under existing rules, and that all penalties and obligations imposed by Department order of February 8, 1902, remain in force against all permit holders."

All applications should be submitted to the supervisor direct. And also for the privileges of grazing horses, and cattle in forest reserves, applications should be submitted to the Supervisor direct, and applicants will be required to state in their applications, the brands on their stock, that the stock may be identified by forest officers and rangers.

OREGON LEGISLATURE ORGANIZED

Continued from first page.

organized and was ready for business. Myers presented a concurrent resolution providing for an investigation of the affairs of the State Land Department, which was referred to a special committee composed of Myers, Mulkey, Daly, Smith of Union, and Steiner.

Smith introduced a concurrent resolution providing for investigation of the penitentiary, which was referred to a special committee composed of Kuykendall, Smith of Multnomah, and Sweek, to which also were referred similar resolutions to investigate the Reform School and the Laerne Asylum. Resolutions also were presented providing for investigation of the office of Secretary of State and State Treasurer.

A resolution was presented providing for a committee to investigate the Columbia river fishing industry in conjunction with a similar committee from Washington.

A resolution was adopted extending the courtesy of the Senate to the press of the state.

SECOND DAY OF THE LEGISLATURE.
 SALEM, Jan. 15.—The work of the twenty-second biennial session of the Oregon legislature is now launched. One of the first measures introduced in the senate was a bill appropriating \$500,000 for the Lewis and Clark exposition, in Portland, in 1905. Opposition is materializing to an appropriation of this magnitude for such a purpose. During a brief discussion, Marsters, of Douglas, moved that the matter be submitted to the people under the referendum law. No action was taken, but this course may yet be adopted, in case it is found there is not strength enough to put the measure through in its present form.

RESOLUTIONS WEDNESDAY.
 The canvass of the vote for governor will be made today, and Hon. Geo. E. Chamberlain will be inaugurated tomorrow as the state's chief executive. Appropriate ceremonies will be observed on this occasion, the usual formalities being observed by the retiring governor, Hon. T. T. Geer.

BILLS INTRODUCED.
 Among the more important of the flood of bills now being introduced are those for a new primary law, a measure providing flat salaries for state officers, one for a canal and locks on the Columbia river, and others of lesser general interest.

The fight on the R. S. senatorship is a leading topic, and there are many conjectures as to the outcome of the first ballot next Tuesday. The choosing of a successor to the late Congressman Thos. H. Tongue may soon become an important feature in the senatorial fight, as it is expected deals will be made between the followers of prominent aspirants for the two positions.

The list of officers elected by the two houses follows:

IN THE SENATE.
 President—G. W. Brownell.
 Chief Clerk—S. L. Moorhead.
 Journal Clerk—D. H. Jackson.
 Reading Clerk—Frank Motter.
 Calendar Clerk—F. C. Middleton.
 Staff-clerk—T. C. Gowan.
 Mailing Clerk—Wm. Smith.
 Doorkeeper—J. L. Calbreath.

IN THE HOUSE.
 Speaker—T. H. Harris.
 Chief Clerk—A. C. Jennings.
 Journal Clerk—Fred Drager.
 Reading Clerk—C. A. Murphy.
 Calendar Clerk—F. A. Northrop.
 Signetarius—W. R. Bishop.
 Mailing Clerk—T. W. Walin.
 Doorkeeper—A. M. Pierce.
 Fulton, McBride, Geer, Heumann, Bourne, Moody and a host of other senatorial candidates, avowed or otherwise, have wire-pullers at work, yet there is no probability that more than three will open entry the race at first.

The first article to be presented for adoption in the house was a resolution relative to the death of Congressman Tongue, and upon its adoption the house adjourned until tomorrow at 1:30 o'clock out of respect to the deceased statesman.

A House concurrent resolution was presented providing for the preparing of a suitable tribute to the memory of the late Congressman Tongue.

NEW BILLS.
 Bills were presented and read as follows:

To amend the law relating to special road tax; to prescribe the manner of execution of the death penalty; to repeal the small school tax and substitute a tax of \$15 per district or \$7 per pupil.

By Myers—To authorize establishment by the City of Portland of a free ferry at

Sellwood; to amend the quarantine law, by Sweek; to enact a law to govern filing of supplementary articles of incorporation.

By Marsters—To have constitutional amendments submitted to the voters at an election.
 By Wehrmann—To re-establish the boundary of Washington county.
 By Steiner—Governing the matter of transporting sheep on railroads.
 By Johnston—For construction of a portage road at The Dalles rapids.
 By Croisan—To incorporate the City of Salem.
 By Sweek—To amend the Code relating to shipping horses and bicycles.
 By Hunt—To appropriate \$500,000 for the Lewis and Clark Fair, and to authorize that celebration.
 By Pierce—To abolish the office of Recorder of Union county.
 By Smith, of Umatilla—To abolish the office of Recorder of that county.
 By Pierce—To amend the law relating to labor lien against railroads.
 By Miller—To centralize schools.
 By Hunt—To regulate trusts.
 By Pierce—To provide the manner of election of prosecuting attorneys.
 By Miller—To fix and regulate salaries of state officers.
 By Croisan—A bill to amend the primary law.
 A joint resolution by Mulkey was adopted providing that the ways and means committee be required to report the appropriation bills not later than five days before the close of the session.

SENATE ROUTINE, WEDNESDAY.
 STATE HOUSE, SALEM, Jan. 14.—A minister was on hand to open the Senate this morning. He was Rev. Mr. Kantner, of the Congressional church of this city. All the senators stood with bared heads while he prayed. Senate resolution No. 6, in regard to the handling and disposal of committee clerks, was adopted. A resolution was adopted that the Senate adjourn at 11 a. m., to the House, to witness the canvassing of the vote for Governor and the inauguration. A communication was received from the House stating that body would be ready at 11 o'clock to proceed with the canvass of the votes for Governor.

House bill No. 1, the Portland charter bill, was then introduced; on motion it was placed under suspension of rules on first, second and third readings, and finally passed all within the space of about five minutes. Bills were introduced as follows:

By Sweek, to amend the law relating to the handling of estates of deceased persons.
 By Marsters, to amend the servant law.
 By Smith, of Multnomah, providing for creation of State and County Boards of Health.
 By Holston, to incorporate the town of Stayton.
 By Mulkey, providing for taxation of express, telephone, telegraph and oil companies.
 By Croisan, to regulate the running at large of stock in Marion county.
 By Sweek, regarding proof of public documents.
 By Mulkey, certain eccle amendments.
 By Sweek, to tax foreign corporations.
 By Mulkey, to prohibit the exhibition and sale of obscene pictures.
 By Sweek, regarding proofs of foreign records.

A joint memorial to Congress was presented by Mays, praying the passage of Senator Mitchell's bill for relief of the settlers of Sherman county.

A little ripple was created over the matter of a proposal to supply Senators with copies of Bellinger's code.

A resolution to the effect that the Secretary of State be induced to deposit his first introduced by Croisan of Marion, and lost. Later Myers of Multnomah introduced a resolution providing that a copy of Bellinger's code and copies of the House and Senate journals of 1901 be placed on each Senator's desk.

Booth of Douglas moved as an amendment that these documents be supplied every second member. The motion was voted on and a tie resulted, whereas there was considerable merriment. The original motion was then carried on an aye and no vote.

At 11 a. m. the Senate adjourned to the House.

MINING OFFICIALS MAKE REPORT

To the Little Chieftain Mining and Investment Company of Myrtle Creek, Oregon.

GENTLEMEN—During the time of our existence as a Mining and Investment Co., I have been present at every meeting and used my best endeavors to advance the best interests of the company, in organization, directing work and general management in developing of the property.

I congratulate the company in having made so good a selection of directors for the first term of its existence inasmuch as harmony in all discussions have been the ruling nature of their business meetings throughout, and the large amount of work and improvements have been done in the short time of three months, for the money expended is enough to insure confidence in the ability and tact of the management. In looking over in review of what has been accomplished under the trying times of winter at the beginning of operations, I take pleasure in stating that there is not an undertaking of this kind on the continent carrying with it the same degree of success even with decidedly more favorable conditions of weather and finances.

Since Oct. 4, you will find by the Secretary's report we have every obligation paid to Jan. 1, 1903, as well as all preliminary expenses, and from the Treasurer's report you will see that there is funds on hand to continue development work day and night until the roads are in condition to haul ore to the Southern Pacific at this point, for shipment. By that time the management is confident it will have a train load of 16 cars ready for the smelter making best bids for same.

The return from Selby Smelting and Lead Co., of a mill test, you can see before you was \$90.55 per ton of 2000 lbs., and the settlement check as reported by the secretary and treasurer, of the car load of 14 tons show you an average of \$77.40 per ton of all matter between walls of 5 feet to 8 inches to 6 feet in width. These are undisputable facts and knowing as the miners report that a considerable of the shipment was of coarse formation and should have been left on the dump for mill and concentrate treatment at the mine. We as a company may well feel that we have a property to be highly pleased with and worthy of zealous guarding as a dividend payer of no small proportions.

While I am proud of our progress and ability at any time to command the placing of reduction mills, Concentrators and smelting apparatus, I would advise the more conservative mode for at least the coming year, viz. To consult the S. P. authorities in regard to special rates for ore shipments, also the various special establishments as far east as Denver, north to Everett and south to Valejo Junction for lower treatment terms. As our ore has special qualities that is of material value to smelting works handling large quantities of varied ores. Another point of value I would draw your attention to is the freight!

Resolution of Condolence.
 WHEREAS, our neighbor John W. Moore has by the hand of death been removed from our midst to the Supreme Camp on high, and this camp desires to express and record a fitting tribute to his memory and virtues, therefore be it Resolved, By Oak Camp No. 175 of the Pacific Jurisdiction Woodmen of The World, that while we acknowledge and bow to the will of the Supreme Ruler of the universe, we nevertheless feel the loss of our respected neighbor and over hold his many virtues in grateful remembrance.

Resolved, That in the death of John W. Moore, this camp, as well as this community, has suffered an irreparable loss, and we extend our fraternal love and sympathy to his family who have lost a devoted husband and affectionate father.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be spread upon the minutes, and a copy be given to each of the Roseburg papers for publication, and a copy be sent to his family.

JOHN T. LOU
 J. A. BUCHANAN
 M. FICKLE
 Committee

V. R. Buckingham,

(Successor to W. L. Cobb, Mrs. Boy's old stand)

Extend a cordial invitation to the public and the many friends of the old firm to call and examine their new line of Staple and Fancy Groceries, Queens-ware, Etc. . . .

..Sole Agents for..

Chase & Sanborn's Coffees

Bring Us Your Butter, Chickens, Eggs.

Buy your Watches and Clocks at

SALZMAN'S

AND BE ON TIME

Buy your Jewelry and Silverware at

SALZMAN'S

AND CUT A SHIN

FURNITURE AND RUGS

We want to inform our people that we have the best line of Furniture and Rugs we have ever shown for you to select from.

Our Children's department has many useful articles for the little folks, among them being

- Boy's Express Wagon.
- Doll Carriages and Doll Carts.
- Rocking Horses and Shoo Flys.
- Blackboards.
- Rockers and Chairs.
- Bureaus and Sideboards.
- Red Tables and many other articles that we haven't room to mention.

OUR STORE IS FULL OF THE BEST OF EVERYTHING.

B. W. STRONG,

THE FURNITURE MAN

J. T. BRYAN'S

For Holiday Presents

I have no famous bargains to pan off old stock and out-of-date goods, I simply give you honest goods at fair prices, and mark them in plain figures. Call and inspect my goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

ROSEBURG, OREGON.

J. T. Bryan

H. D. GRAVES

wishes to announce to the people that he has returned from the East with the latest and best in photographic equipment.

THE RICHEST, DAINTEST EFFECTS IN PHOTOGRAPHIC PORTRAITS ARE TO BE FOUND IN OUR

New Style Up-to-Date

ARISTO PLATINO PRINTS WITH FOLDER COVERS

They individualize a picture and place it in a class by itself—an artistic class—that has only to be seen to be appreciated. Their popularity is increasing because it is based on quality.

We Are Always Glad to Welcome Visitors to Our Studio

REMOVAL NOTICE

HARDWARE

This is to inform old and new patrons that I have taken up my quarters in the Stanton brick building on Jackson street, next door to the Wells, Fargo & Co. Express office, the change being made necessary to secure room to accommodate my constantly increasing stock. In connection with a general line of Hardware, I will also carry a large stock of

Farm Implements, Wagons, Buggies, Hacks, Etc.

F. M. BEARD

Interview with Mr. A. D. Smith, Press Builder of the American Type Founder Company of Portland, Seattle and Spokane.

To show the utter disregard in which the truth is held by our esteemed contemporary, the Roseburg Review, and the falseness of its recent statements regarding the PLAINDEALER's new press—that it had been operated for years in the basement of the A. T. F. Co.'s auxiliary print house at Seattle, etc., we desire to call attention to the following interview with Mr. A. D. Smith, press builder of the American Type Founders' Company, of whom we purchased our press:

Q. How long has your company had a Seattle House, Mr. Smith?
 A. We have carried a stock at Seattle only since Sept. 1, 1902.

Q. How long have you had a ready print house in Seattle?
 A. Since September 1, 1901.

Q. When did you buy the press that was recently sold to the PLAINDEALER?
 A. June 19, 1902.

Q. When did you begin operating this press in your Seattle House?
 A. August 20, 1902.

Q. How long was it in service there?
 A. From August 20, 1902, to Nov. 1, 1902.

Q. Why did you separate it in your Seattle service?
 A. For the purpose of testing its speed and general working qualities.

Q. How fast could the press be operated and what was its general service?
 A. We operated the press at a continuous maintained speed of a little more than 1800 impressions per hour, or faster than any other press of that size in Seattle at that time, and the work turned out by the press was highly satisfactory to our ready print customers in that section and elsewhere.

Q. Was the press removed from your Seattle House for the purpose of putting in a new press?
 A. No, we have not put in a new press in our Seattle House, but a second-hand press, that was obtained from a Chicago dealer.

Q. How do you know all of these facts?
 A. Because they have been given me by John S. Pinney, manager of our branches in Seattle, Portland and Spokane.

It will therefore be observed that the PLAINDEALER's press is a NEW PRESS having only been given a practical working test covering a period of a little more than two months. The senior editor visited the Seattle House, saw the press in operation in October, and was so well pleased with it that it was immediately purchased, but as we stated last week, it could not be installed in our office until the new brick was completed which was delayed by inclement weather and scarcity of material until Jan. 1. It is now in order for the Review to crawl into a hole and pull the aperture in behind it.

A MISCELLANEOUS CANDIDATE.

Can it be that Governor Geer is a candidate not only for senator but the place in the lower house of congress made vacant by the death of Mr. Tongue, as reported in the Portland Telegram? We cannot believe that our ex-governor is such a miscellaneous candidate.—Ex.

The records of the Second Oregon, Spanish, American War Veterans, have recently been compiled and issued in book form in a single volume of 700 pages, bound in law library style and handsomely illustrated with full page pictures of the officers, various companies and Philippine war scenes. This very interesting and valuable volume was compiled and issued by Adjutant General G. W. Gantenlein, and is a very creditable work which will be of inestimable value to members of the famous Second Oregon and to the state. Further notices will be seen in another column over the signature of the adjutant general.

We confidently expect the present session of the Legislature to give the State some necessary laws upon the subject of road making. Bad roads are expensive, unsightly, dangerous to life and property, slow a lack of thrift in a community, retard its development, prevent the sale of its property, produce filth and disease and are a disseminator of bad morals, as they provoke profanity in those who see them. We shall have done a splendid work if we better the condition of the public roads of our State.

In connection with the duty of the present congress to elect a new speaker, some interesting statistics have come out. Mr. Henderson was the first speaker to be chosen from the territory west of the Mississippi. The oldest surviving speaker is Galusha A. Grow, who was speaker from 1851 to 1853. Another surviving speaker, John G. Carlisle, is now a resident of New York. The last democratic speaker, Charles F. Crisp, was a native of England. The state of New York has not furnished a speaker since 1827.

The special street car that will run every ten minutes for the benefit of the legislators has "state house" on one end and "state prison" on the other, —Salem Journal. Don't get that car turned around, Salem. A quorum might be hard to find at the capitol.