



# Roseburg

# Plaindealer.

Published on Mondays and Thursdays---Established 1868.

Vol. XXXIII.

ROSEBURG, DOUGLAS COUNTY, OREGON, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1902.

No. 88

**Advertising**

In busy seasons brings you your share of trade; advertising in dull seasons brings you your share, and also that of the merchant who "can't afford" to advertise.

**Job Printing**

Is a very important factor in business. Poor printing reflects no credit on a good business house. Let us do your Job Printing—we guarantee it to be in every way satisfactory.

**Douglas County Bank,**  
Established 1883. Incorporated 1901

Capital Stock, \$50,000.00.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS  
F. W. BENSON, R. A. BOOTH, J. H. BOOTH, J. T. BRIDGES  
J. E. KELLY, A. C. MARSTERS, K. L. MILLER.

A general banking business transacted, and customers given every accommodation consistent with safe and conservative banking.  
Bank open from nine to twelve and from one to three.

**HEATING STOVES**

The place to find them is at

**STRONG'S FURNITURE STORE**

A complete line of Blankets and Comforts that are excellent in quality and reasonable in price.

Just received a new line of rugs ranging in size from small up to 9x12 and in price from \$1.25 to \$30.

Our store is full of good things and we can fit up your home complete and it will be up to date if you buy of us.

Remember the place  
**B. W. STRONG,**  
32 1/2 Jackson St.

**Bring Us Your ...**

**CHICKENS,  
EGGS,  
BUTTER.**

FOR CASH OR TRADE

**J. F. BARKER & CO.**

**Cole Bros. FURNITURE**

130 SIXTH STREET  
Opposite Oregonian Building,  
Portland, Ore.

A few reasons why we can sell for less than others.

We do our own work.

We have but few expenses.

We buy our goods right.

We are satisfied with a small profit.

We can save you money on desks.

Call and see for yourselves or send for cuts.

We guarantee you satisfaction.

In Desks, Office Tables, and Office Chairs we want your trade. Desks similar to above only drawers on both sides and without pigeon hole cases, 50 inches long, combination lock, a first class desk in every respect, \$26.00. Others from \$10.50 up.

**WANTED**

All interested in

**SHOES**

To call at Flint's Shoe Store and try a pair of Walk-over or Queen Quality Shoe

**FLINT'S POPULAR SHOE STORE.**  
Opposite First National Bank

**Hints to Housewives.**

Half the battle in good cooking, is to have good fresh Groceries, and to get them promptly when you order them. Call up 'Phone No. 181, for good goods and good service.

**C. W. PARKS & CO.**

**FARMERS' LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLES**

—AND—  
**EMPIRE**

Very, Feed and Sale Stables

C. P. BARNARD, Prop.

Saddle Horses, Single and Double Rigs at all hours  
Transient Stock given very best of care  
Rates always reasonable

Take the Roseburg, Marshfield Stage Line for all points on Coos Bay. Good Spring Hack leaves Roseburg Every Morning at 6 o'clock.

**MINE OPERATORS REPLY.**

They Contend That Miners' Demands Are Unjust.

**WAGES GOOD AS IN OTHER MINES**

No Trouble Until the Miners Unions Were Organized. Conditions Now Intolerable.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—The reply of President Baer, of the Reading Coal Company, to the charges of President Mitchell, of the United Mineworkers, which has been presented to the anthracite coal strike commission, was today given to the public.

Mr. Baer makes no reference to Mr. Mitchell as the president of the miners' organization, but refers to him simply as an individual. Taking up the specifications in Mr. Mitchell's charges seriatim, Mr. Baer first admits that his company owns 37 collieries and that before the strike employed 26,829 people. Following is a brief summary of the response to Mr. Mitchell's other specifications.

Second, the demand for 20 per cent increase in wages on piecework is denounced as "arbitrary, unreasonable and unjust." The company contends that after making all necessary allowances for different conditions, the rate of wages paid for mining of anthracite coal is as high as that paid in the bituminous coal fields.

Third, the company denies that the present rate of wages is lower than is paid in other occupations in the same locality and controlled by like conditions.

Fourth and fifth, Mr. Baer denies that the earnings of the anthracite workers are less than average earnings for other occupations requiring skill and training and also the charge that the earnings are insufficient because of the dangerous character of the work in the anthracite mines.

Sixth, this specification made by Mr. Mitchell is referred to as too vague for specific answer, but in a general way it is stated that the anthracite regions are among the most prosperous in the United States.

Seventh, the company pronounces as unjust and inequitable the demand for a reduction of 20 per cent in hours of labor without a reduction of earnings for time employed, and this demand is pronounced impracticable. In this connection the following statement is made: "Because of the injury to the mines by the strike of the United Mineworkers the cost of producing coal has been greatly increased and a temporary advance in price was made by this company, but it will be impracticable to continue such increase when mining operations become normal."

Eighth, Mr. Baer says that his company has no disagreement with any of its employees about the weighting of coal, the quantity usually determined by measurement, and not by weight.

Ninth, replying to the fourth demand made by Mr. Mitchell, Mr. Baer says that the advent of the United Mineworkers' organization into the anthracite fields, business conditions there have been intolerable; that the output of the mines has decreased; that discipline has been destroyed; that strikes have been of almost daily occurrence; that men have worked when and as they pleased, and the cost of mining has been greatly increased. He also takes the position that the jurisdiction of the commission is limited to the conditions named by the coal company presidents, which excludes the United Mineworkers from any recognition in the proceedings. He says, however, that "when a labor organization limited to anthracite mines is created which shall obey the law, respect the right of every man to work and honestly co-operate with employers, trade agreements may become practicable."

**CLAIMS HONESTLY TAKEN.**

Prineville Banker Says no Timber Frauds Have Been Perpetrated.

PORTLAND, Nov. 11.—B. F. Allen, a banker and stockman of Prineville, who is in the city, does not think there has been any wholesale fraud perpetrated in the entry of timber lands in Oregon, as has been reported. "Most of the timber claims in our vicinity have been taken by men from Michigan, Wisconsin and Minnesota," he said last evening, "and they have evidently been taken up in good faith. The entrymen saw the timber in their own states taken up all around them by outsiders, before they realized the value of the forests, and so they have done the next best thing they could, when they came to Oregon to pick up what timber claims they found lying loose. If individual citizens had not done this, the timber land of Eastern Oregon would have all been 'scrapped' by the Northern Pacific Railroad and held in lieu of lands taken from that company in the Cascade Reserve. I think it is much better for the land to be divided among a large number of private citizens, than to be taken in lumps by a railroad corporation."

Mr. Allen, who lives near the edge of the proposed Blue Mountain Forest Reserve, expresses himself as strongly in favor of the Government taking possession of the proposed tract, as this reserve will save the forests from entire destruction. "I understand that the Government intends to allow settlers and miners to use what wood they may require, but the cutting of the timber is to be regulated in such a way as to preserve the forests for future use, as the governments of the older countries of Europe have long since done. Sheep and cattle may graze on the reserve, as heretofore, but precautions will be taken against overstocking, and the new regulation will put a stop to the deadly quarrels between sheep and cattlemen and thus the wholesale slaughter of sheep on the Government ranges will be discontinued."

He says all Eastern Oregon is now enjoying unwatched prosperity; that the bountiful Fall rains have started the buffalo grass on the bunchgrass prairies, and that the stockmen are well fortified against a hard Winter by big stacks of hay. Mr. Allen will spend the Winter with a married daughter in this city.

**TO PROBE FRAUDS.**

Interior Department Sending an Official to Thwart Timber-land Schemes.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—A special agent of the Interior Department is soon to be sent to Oregon to investigate the alleged frauds in making entries under the timber and stone act. Agents detected similar fraud in states further East and succeeded in straightening out some tangles months ago and suits are pending to cancel patents in certain cases now. Probably the same procedure will be followed in Oregon, under the order recently issued suspending entries under the timber and stone act in Oregon. Applicants will be obliged to show cause why the entries should not be rejected, and the special agent will make independent investigation for Secretary Hitchcock, who is determined to stamp out this fraudulent practice.

Representative-elect Williamson called on Land Commissioner Hermann and the Director of the Geological Survey regarding the commencement of irrigation work under the Hanshrough law in Oregon. It was told that special agents of the latter bureau are now on the way, and what is the plan for starting the work mapped out. Williamson pointed out the special necessity for irrigation work in Eastern Oregon. It is probable work of construction of irrigation works can be begun for some time.

Cases involving wagon-road grants in Oregon are assigned for argument in the Supreme Court on December 8.

**MOLINEUX IS INNOCENT**

Jury Acquitted Him After Half Hour's Deliberation.

VERDICT GREETED WITH CHEERS.

Man Who Has Spent Four Years in Jail on Poisoning Charge Will Now Be Given Freedom.

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—The Molineux jury was brought into court at 3:35. At the same time Molineux was taken from the Tombs into the court, and District Attorney Jerome was summoned. On his arrival the courtroom was locked and no one was allowed to leave or enter it.

The jury returned a verdict of not guilty after having been out just 25 minutes.

When the foreman announced the verdict of acquittal there was much applause and the cheering extended to the crowd waiting outside in the corridors and on the street. The Criminal Court Building was in an uproar. At least 3,000 persons were massed in the building.

Although the jury was out but 25 minutes, they agreed on their verdict within 10 minutes after leaving the courtroom. Notices were immediately given, but it took some minutes to reassemble the court.

Among the first persons to re-enter the courtroom was Assistant District Attorney Osborne, who seemed to be nervous as he waited for the verdict. Molineux stood while the jury was being polled, and apparently he was not affected. His attitude indicated that he had prepared himself for any verdict that might be given.

When the large crowd outside the court heard what the verdict was a great shout went up and three cheers for Molineux were given. Molineux was formally discharged a few minutes after the jury read their verdict. Some delay in this formality was caused by the enormous crowd. When the courtroom had been cleared the order of discharge was made out and Molineux left with his father, followed by a cheering throng.

The criminal trial in New York for years has engaged public attention like this, an account of the high standing of the prisoner's family, one of the first of the metropolis.

Molineux was indicted for the murder of Mrs. Katherine J. Adams by means of a poison package sent through the mails. On the first trial he was convicted, no evidence being offered for the defense. A new trial was granted, and this has been in progress nearly a month—since October 15th. Molineux went on the witness stand this trial.

**LANE'S HOP PRODUCTION.**

EDGEWATER, Nov. 10.—An estimate has been made of the number of bales of hops produced in this county this season and by the best count that can be made the number is between 5800 and 5900 bales, or about 1,100,000 pounds. Few growers here sold their crop under contract, and nearly the entire crop yields the growers from 20 to 25c per pound.

**Big Prune Sale.**

FOREST GROVE, Nov. 10.—Twenty-five tons of prunes were delivered here yesterday by A. Ruter, Philip Lesser, William Bush, A. Anderson, John Peterson and Casper Holmeyer, and sold to Mason, Elman & Co at 45c for 35c, 45c for 40c and 4c for 45c.

**NO SPECIAL LEGISLATIVE SESSION**

Governor Geer States His Reason in a Six-Page Typewritten Letter.

SALEM, Nov. 11.—Governor Geer has issued a letter of six closely typewritten pages declining to call an extra session of the Legislature and giving his reasons therefor. He thinks it would be injurious to the Lewis and Clark Exposition appropriation to attempt to force it upon the people hurriedly. The Governor's letter is carefully and thoughtfully prepared.

The Governor sets out that four reasons have been advanced for an extra session: To make an appropriation for the Lewis and Clark fair, to enact a flat salary law, to pass the Portland charter and to make operative the initiative and referendum.

Speaking of the appropriation he says: "It will be the one most likely to be subjected to the operation of the referendum. The demand for the referendum has grown up from the desire of the people to vote upon large appropriations. I trust that it will not be invoked upon this one, but from what I know of the temper of the people, I am convinced that even to seem to guarantee an exemption of the fair appropriation from its operation will require a campaign of education, not only among the people, but among their representatives as well."

He says opposition to the appropriation is disappearing.

Regarding the Portland charter, the Governor says: "If the bridge and streets of Portland are in such a state of collapse now, it should have been at least partially known so short a time as three months ago, when many persons were daily informing the people of Oregon that the need of a special session now existed save in the mind of the Governor. If Multnomah County shall ask it, there can be no obstacle to securing the approval of the new charter within 48 hours after the organization of the Legislature."

The referendum amendment is disposed of by recounting that it is already operative.

On flat salaries the Governor says the regular session can meet the demands in all cases except as regards the State Printer, and that can be remedied by sending less business to him. He holds that the United States Senatorial question has been settled by the people and cannot therefore become complicated with legislation, and says: "Believing therefore that the Legislature as a whole has no thought of disobeying the instructions received from the people, I have considered the advisability of calling a special session, entirely disconnected from the Senatorial question."

"After weighing carefully every reason urged for and against a special session, and fully realizing that, after all the responsibility for the results rests not so much on those who ask for the call, nor yet upon the members themselves, as upon the Governor, who must decide, and fully believing that the needs of the state can well wait until the regular session, I am impelled so to decide."

**HEAVY INVESTOR AT BANGOR.**

Salt Lake Parties Interested in Coos Bay Country.

MARSHFIELD, Nov. 10.—Mr. J. C. McClain, president of the McClain Lumbering & Manufacturing Company of Salt Lake, Utah and Spokane, Wash., after a thorough investigation into the movements of the Great Central Railroad and Land Co's affairs has made investments in Bangor and on the Bay that in the aggregate run into the tens of thousands. Mr. McClain is a man who seems to know a good thing when he sees it.—Coast Mail.

**Brooklyn Bridge Fire.**

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—After a careful inspection today of the new East river bridge structure which was burned last night, the contractors now place the loss at not more than \$75,000. Some of the great cables were harmed. All the men supposed to have been lost have been accounted for. The fire was caused, Engineer Hildebrand says, by a workman carelessly throwing a lighted match among some oily rags.

**Miners Going to Work.**

WILKESBORO, Pa. Nov. 11.—Thousands of miners are returning to work in the coal fields. Industry dependent on the support of the mining population are starting up on every hand.

**SALT TRUST KILLED.**

Judge Morrow Will Sustain Permanent Injunction.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 10.—After United States Attorney Woolworth concluded his arguments in the United States Circuit court upon the petition to destroy the Federal Salt Company and its associates, as a trust, Judge Morrow ordered that the temporary injunction be made permanent as to all defendants except the Imperial Salt Company.

Judge Morrow intimated very broadly that should the decision be appealed from the United States Circuit Court of Appeals, he would sustain the injunction. The decision kills the salt trust.

**Big Smelter for Josephine.**

GRANTS PASS, Nov. 9.—Colonel T. W. Draper, manager of the mines of the Waddell Smelting & Mining Co., at Waddell, announces that his company has decided to put in a 100-ton smelter at once at its copper mines in the Waddell district. The smelter is to be erected at Takilma, the new town that has sprung up near the mines, and on the line of the proposed Oregon & Pacific railroad.

A smelter at Waddell will be of great benefit to the vast mineral district of that section, as aside from treating the ores of the Waddell Smelting & Mining Co's mines, it would also do a general custom business.

**Large Horse Shipment.**

Two big drives of horses will be made out of Lake County during the present week. 100 head have been bought by Los Angeles people from N. Fitzgerald, C. C. Loftus, Frank Bauers, S. T. Colvin and Harry Riggs. They will be driven to Mayville and then take the railroad to Los Angeles.

Another lot of 127 head will go to the City of Mexico. These animals were purchased from W. Z. Moos, N. Fine, Frank Bauers and others. They are a fine lot of 15 brands and upward. They will be driven to some point on the railroad, then shipped by rail to the city of Mexico via Los Angeles. Mr. Alvarez has a big horse ranch in Mexico and furnishes that government with horses. The Examiner says the lot averaged about \$22 per head.

**Oregon School Census.**

The biennial report of State Superintendent J. H. Ackerman discloses some interesting facts in connection with the schools of the state. It shows an increase in the school population of the state from 158,818 in 1901 to 168,490 at the date of the report that has just been compiled. In the same length of time the enrollment has increased from 97,759 to 100,949. The increased enrollment in the schools calls for the employment of additional teachers. In the year just closed the number of teachers was increased from 4018 to 4510. Of that number of instructors employed in the schools of the state, 1413 have either state certificates or first grade; 893 have second grade; 533 hold third grade; 65 are equipped with primary certificates and 203 have teachers permits. During the past year 1776 applicants took the teachers' examination for teachers certificates, and of that number 432 failed to pass.

The City of Medford has been beaten in a legal suit with one Harry Normant, representative of a wholesale eastern hardware house who was arrested last spring for violating the bill-posting law. The proceeding in the recorder's office were nullified, and Normant was given judgment for the money he was compelled to pay together with his costs and disbursements.

The 55,000 barrels steel oil tank erected by the S. P. Co. in the Dunsmuir yard was finished the past week. It is a duplicate of the one built in Ashland and was erected under the superintendency of H. S. Stout. It took a short time over three weeks to complete the job. The construction crew have since gone to Bakerfield.

The Leonard meteors are due on or about the 13th of November, but there is no reason to anticipate any unusual display this year. The great body of meteors, deflected in its orbit by planetary attraction, has long since passed by the earth without meeting it, and whatever stragglers may appear this year will be so much obscured by the moonlight that only the brightest of them can be seen.

**Drain - Gardiner**

COOS BAY STAGE ROUTE

Commencing with Monday, January 20, '03, we will charge \$7.50 for stage fare from Drain to Coos Bay. Baggage allowance with each fall fare, 50 pounds. Travelling men are allowed 75 pounds baggage when they have 200 pounds or more. All excess baggage, 3c. per pound, and no allowance will be made for round trip. DAILY STAGE.

For further information address

**J. R. Sawyers,**  
Proprietor, Drain, Oregon

**Are you particular about your Coffee, Tea and Spices**

IF YOU ARE CALL AT

**CURRIER'S GROCERY**  
AND ASK FOR

**MONOPOLE BRAND**

Price is no higher and every can guaranteed

**Currier's,**  
Roseburg's Leading Grocer

**Pride of Douglas**

Is far more nutritive—that's what they say about the Pride of Douglas brand of wheat flour. Why not? It's "flake white," it contains the best elements of the wheat kernel; it "raises" beautifully, and browns to perfection on the top of the loaf. Pride of Douglas flour is the housekeeper's delight. Order Pride of Douglas flour.

**G. W. Bashford & Son**

**SIEVER'S BAKERY,** Jackson Street, near Cass

WE ARE STILL IN THE LEAD WITH OUR

**Fine Cream and Homemad Bread**

We came to Roseburg to stay, and if we get as liberal a share of the trade in the future as in the past, we will be here a long time yet. Join in the procession of well pleased customers who can be seen continually passing in and out of our store.

**THE BEST GOODS AT LOWEST PRICES.**

**J. SIEVERS, Proprietor**

**Physicians' Prescriptions and Family Recipes, Rubber Goods, Toilet Articles, Line and Cement, Paints, Oils and Glac, Perfumery, Trusses, Sponges, Brushes Etc., Rubber Bicycles and Sundries, School Supplies.**

**A. C. Marsters & Co.**  
Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals.  
**PHARMACISTS**  
Stationery School Books

**In Fashionable Attire.**

Your laundry is the most conspicuous feature of your apparel. Therefore requires more attention than other articles of wear. We'll do it up for you in a style that'll give you comfort and pleasure. We're experts in the art of hair dressing, and do work of the highest grade at lowest rates. Shirts, collars and cuffs laundered to perfection. Special attention given to fine linen. First class service.

**ROSEBURG STEAM LAUNDRY**

**KODAKS!**

They've gone and done it again Done away with the dark-room in developing. A little machine to develop film negatives in daylight without going to a darkroom. Any child can operate it. See this wonderful invention at our store.

**Churchill & Wooley.**

**Cause and Effect.**

Responsive to the touch, and perfect in tone and action, the Vose piano is secured a hold on popular favor accorded to none other. It is a standard instrument of the highest grade. Unexcelled in a single feature of merit. No better piano made. Not high priced, either. Sold at exceedingly low figures for cash, or on easy time payments. Everyone warranted.

**W. A. BURR & CO.**