—The Twice-a-Week—
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FRED WRIGHT, City Editor, Solicitor.
T. G. RUTH, Foreman

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Advertising Rates on Application.
LIVE STOCK WORLD SPECIAL.

OCTOBER 30, 1902

IMPORTANT DEVELOPEMENTS.

The dispatch published telling of the bonding of the Spreckles interests in Coos county to the Great Central is the most important piece of news that has developed lately. While it has been expected, it is a gratifying confirmation of the theory that the Great Central means business.

A gentleman who was in Portland a couple of weeks ago says the deal was made at that time, though it has just reached publicity; also that the Southern Pacific was after the same property and it was only by a lively fight that the Great Central secured the option. It is a good thing for Coos Bay that the S. P. did not succeed.—Coast Mail.

FIRST INDIAN WAR PENSIONS.

Returns are coming in from the applications for pensions under the act of June 27, 1902. This act, an amendment to the act of 1892, is for the benefit of veterans of the Indian wars of Oregon and Washington. The first application from this city to receive favorable action was that of Patrick Maloney, of 342 Sherman street who was granted $8 a month from the date of the act. This makes it plain that pensions go back, not to the time of the filing of the claim, but only to the date of the passage of the act in question. Mr. Maloney saw ten years' service under the United States, and is now in civil employment at Vancouver, at a good salary.—Oregonian.

This season has demonstrated the fact that many varieties of grapes can be grown here successfully and many fine little vinyards may be seen throughout the Umpqua Valley. One variety which reaches the highest state of perfection in this county is the Concord, while the Sweetwater and several varieties of French and California grapes also thrive here. It is only a matter of a little time when flourishing grape vineyards will be seen extending to the very summit of many of the oak crowned hills of the Umpqua Valley.

Joaquin Miller comes back to the land of his youth and early manhood with compliments for the country and our women: He told a Telegram reporter in the course of an interview at Portland Tuesday: There are a thousand poems between here and California; beautiful forests, beautiful rivers, the stir of railroads, steamers, cities; there are beautiful girls and women. Oregon is greener han Ireland.

Attorney General Blackburn has rendered an opinion to Governor Geer, in which he holds that the initiative and referendum amendment is now in effect, and that the people can avail themselves of its provisions without any legislation prescribing a mode of procedure other than that prescribed by the amendment itself.

The Register of the Land Office at Roseburg has been directed by the Commissioner of General Land Office, to suspend all action upon any and all entries made for lands under the Timber and Stone Land Act, during the past quarter, ending Sept. 30, 1902.

The difference between the Republicans and the Democrats on what to do with trusts is told in a few words: The Republicans would regulate and control the trusts and hold on to prosperity; the Democrats would kill the trusts and do away with prosperity.

Again it seems necessary to inform those who are inclined to get excited over the Tariff-trust question that the duty on beef is only 2 cents a pound, and that there is no duty at all on anthracite coal or petroleum.

Prosperity is doing all kinds of deviltry. It has just ordered two mantels for Colonel Bryan's new house in Nebraska. They are to cost $2,500 apiece.

The legislature will probably leave the new governor free to choose his own private secretary, stenographer and boarding place.—Sentinel.

Too many words spoil the ad. A little white space in an ad. makes it stand out prominently on the printed page.

The extra session matter looks very much like a closed incident, or a last year's bird's nest.

The Salt Trust has gone to pieces right in the teeth of a Protective Tariff.

The successful farmers are those who resolve to improve matters each year.

The Congressional elections will be held next Tuesday.

LAND MATTERS AS THEY EXIST

FACTS, AND NOT FICTION, IS WHAT THE PUBLIC NEED

Yellow Journalism has Made a Mash on the Oregonian and that Fair Damsel has Found a Mare's Nest

The Oregonian following out the plans and specifications of W. R. Hearsts' New York Journal, Chicago American and the San Francisco Examiner has succeeded in creating a first-class sensation. Now the PLAINDEALER has always looked upon The Oregonian as a stayed, prim old-fashioned maid whose days of frivolity were a memory of the past, but human nature is the same in Portland as in the larger American cities and The Oregonian attempted to astonish the natives when she came out in flaring headlines:

"Lands Held Up."

"Frauds in Three Oregon Districts."

"Officers are Under Fire."

"Roseburg, Lakeview and The Dalles the Sections."

"Are Officials in Collusion?"

Then in a bordered editorial to look more bewitching the fair maid simpers:

> "On what was said to be positive evidence of fraud in the entry of timber claims in the Lakeview, Roseburg and Dalles land districts, Secretary Hitchcock yesterday issued an order suspending further entries in those districts. The land officers are also to be investigated to see whether there has been official collusion to promote the alleged frauds. Entrymen against whom evidence has been obtained will be prosecuted."

Then follows a special dispatch from their correspondent in Washington which we reproduce:

"The secretary of the interior has just received positive evidence of extensive frauds being perpetrated in Oregon under the timber and stone act, whereby certain persons are seeking to acquire absolute control of the richest timber lands in the public domain in that state. The most flagrant violations of the law have occurred in the Roseburg, Lakeview and The Dalles land districts. According to the secretary's advices people are being shipped into these districts by carloads and are immediately entering the forested lands under the timber and stone act. In other instances large tracts are being denuded of their timber by parties who are doing assessment work on what they assert to be mineral developments. There is strong proof that a large number of these alleged mineral locations are on non-mineral land and have been made purely for the purpose of acquiring the timber. When this is accomplished they are abandoned.

So positive and convincing is the evidence now in the secretary's hands that immediate steps are to be taken to prosecute every one of the fraudulent entrymen. As a first step in this direction Secretary Hitchcock today ordered that all entries in Oregon under the timber and stone act be suspended pending specific investigation, and directed that each timber entryman be served with a notice to show cause why his entry should not be cancelled. If, during this suspension, any entryman attempts to cut or remove timber from the tract sought by him, he will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

The ordered investigation will include the land officers at Roseburg, The Dalles and Lakeview to determine whether or not they have been in collusion with the prepetrators of the extensive frauds.

The department some time ago prepared blanks upon which was to be taken testimony of witnesses in all entries made under the timber act, and these blanks were sent in large numbers to every land office in the United States. It was noticed that in the returns from these Oregon offices testimony was not submitted on regulation blanks, and many vital questions and answers which were intended to show the good faith or the illegal purpose of the entryman were omitted each time. The land officers assert that they never received the blanks, but all other offices experienced no such inconvenience. Because of the coincidence of the failure of the blanks to show up and the immediately ensuing flood of timber entries, mostly of a questionable nature, the department feels that a thorough investigation must be held to establish the status of the land offices in question.

One of the land offices under investigation reported cash receipts for timber and stone entries for the quarter ended September 30 exceeding those of the preceeding quarter by over $100,000, and another office reported an excess of more than $60,000 for the same quarter. For the whole of the last fiscal year the Lakeview district returned only $11,297 from sales of timber and stone lands: Roseburg returned $71,456 and the Dalles $5752.

While it will be easy to reach the fraudulent entrymen under the timber and stone act, it is more difficult to prosecute fraudulent mineral entrymen, but adequate steps have been provided to investigate each alleged mineral entry and in cases where timber is being cut from alleged mineral claims upon which no mineral exists prosecutions will follow.

The opinion seems to prevail in the department that if the local land offices are innocent of all collusion, they have been decidedly negligent in not detecting evidences of fraud long before they became apparent at Washington and were confirmed by investigation. While the precautionary steps being taken will save to the Government hundreds of thousands of dollars in timber lands, it will yet temporarily retard the timber developement of the state, as bona fide entries will be suspended along with the others."

FACTS IN THE CASE.

The PLAINDEALER knows nothing about the surrounding circumstance at the Lakeview and The Dalles land office, but it does know the true inwardness of affairs at Roseburg, because it has done the utmost it could to bring in settlers and timber claimers as a matter of business, and has heralded abroad the wonderful advantages the great southwest section of the state has to offer in this country where "Uncle Sam is rich enough to give us all a farm" and he is not particular whether that farm consists of valley land or mountain slopes, whether it is covered with scrub oak or myrtle groves, or the choicest of fir, spruce or cedar. It is public domain and the public at large is taking advantage of the fact that "Uncle Sam is not a fool for the people do the voting and the children go to school," and that the millions upon millions of acres of choice lands now open to settlement in southwest Oregon is all the fortune left in this country for the asking and grasping. Now

THE TIMBER LAND ACT

of June 4, 1878, provides that every citizen of the United States over the age of twenty-one years may enter for timber purposes, one hundred and sixty acres of land, provided that the applicant complies with the rules governing the same.

During the six months just passed there has been a very great rush to enter land in the Roseburg district, and the reason for this rush may be summed up as follows:

First. The people who are coming in such large numbers, as a rule, come from the states where large fortunes have been made on timber land, for the purpose of using their right of entry under the timber act before the same has all been entered. Many of them have remarked to the Editor that they are surprised that the people of this section of the country do not take advantage of the wonderful opportunities to secure it at the government price.

Second. Another reason for the tremendous exodus from Eastern and Northeastern central states is a united effort on the part of the business men of the State in connection with the railroad companies to advertise the great natural resources of Oregon. For this purpose much money has been raised and expended in sending millions of pamphlets which have been scattered broadcast over the United States and Oregon is now reaping the harvest from the good seed sown. These pamphlets have shown men where to locate, how to locate on both homestead and timber claims and hundreds of people who want homestead lands for future use take advantage of the timber claim act to secure land at the nominal price of $2.50 per acre without being compelled to live on it for the term of five years. To persons who have come to Roseburg, and there were seventy-three who came in on Wednesday evening's train to take up land in this district—the statements made in The Oregonian seems most ridiculous. People who read the daily newspapers are aware of the fact that thousands of prospectors and locators are now coming to the Pacific Coast, and when they consider that the present time is their last chance to secure a bonanza, a gift a blessing from our good Uncle, they likewise become affected as "Westward the Star of Empire leads the way" and they join in the glad procession to enjoy the glories of the Pacific slope. To say that the land officials and emigrants and homeseekers are standing in to rob the United States of valuable timber lands is such a bald falsehood, so thin and apparent that we are inclined to believe that the old maid must have been hanging over the gate and some bold Lothario passing by and not particular about age, charms or beauty chucked her under the chin and she believed it to be the real thing. It is passing strange at times "What fools these mortals be."

In publishing the land notices for applicants in this section of the country we are brought into contact with the persons making the entries and we find them nine times out of ten to be the very best class of citizens—men and women who are amply able to pay for a timber claim many times over. So that to a person who is familiar with the facts in the case as we are, the statement published by the Oregonian is an insult to homeseekers and the land officials; and also shows that if the land department at Washington made the statement as stated by the chipper Oregonian of yesterday's date that the facts in the case must have been misrepresented to the higher officials.

However the case may terminate, or what may be the future ruling of the Washington department, this fact stands out boldly: The Oregonian has dealt a foul blow to the settlement of the southwest. The PLAINDEALER does not believe the Oregonian to have made a mistake, but to have worked up the scheme in an effort to down a prominent aspirant for senatorial honors, and for that beauty with long paper curls to be playing the part of an innocent little minx instead of a Delilah with a pair of scissors, ought to cause a smile to cover the face of every politician in Oregon.

Robbers Got $5000.

GARDNER, Illinois, Oct. 29.—At an early hour this morning five masked men surprised the city marshal, taking him prisoner. He was gagged and bound and taken by the men to the Exchange Bank, into which they broke.

Then they blowed the safe open with dynamite, securing $5000. They left the marshal locked up in a room in the bank building and openly boarded a Chicago-bound train.

Joy for Miners.

SCRANTON, Pa., Oct. 29.—Many thousand coalminers are parading here and at Shamokin, Tamaqua and Wilkesbarre today in honor of John Mitchell, President of the United Mineworkers of America, through whose efforts mainly the strike was brought to a close and arbitration secured. The cities are profusely decorated with bunting.

TOWNSITE PLAT FILED.

Streets Dedicated to Public Use By The Great Central.

Chief Engineer Kinney, of the Great Central Railway, has dedicated to the city of Roseburg the improved plat of the old Bushey place, recently acquired from Al Creason and Gaddis Bros., by purchase and option respectively, and on which building operations incidental to the establishment of an inter-terminal station have begun. The dedication, as recorded in the county Clerk's office, reads as follows:

State of Oregon, } ss
County of Douglas, }

Know all men by these presents that we, L. D. Kinney and M. G. Kinney, do hereby make, execute and file for record, the annexed plat, and we do hereby dedicate to the use of the public forever for highway purposes all streets and alleys shown on this plat, reserving, however, for the use of the Southern Pacific Company and the Great Central Railroad Company the right to use in common the alley designated as "Railroad Alley" for its entire length for single track railroad purposes with necessary switches and spurs; also reserving for use of the Great Central Railroad Company right of way along the entire length of Third avenue north, as shown on said plat hereby granting and reserving to the said L. D. Kinney all of the rights and privileges on all streets and alleys not herein expressly described. In witness whereof we have hereunto set our hands and seals this 28th day of October, 1902.

L. D. KINNEY,
M. G. KINNEY.

The plat is designated as "Kinney's Improved Plat of the City of Roseburg."

Two mortgages are held against this property. One by the Great Central Townsite Company, composed of J. D. Hamilton, M. Schmidt and S. K. Sykes, for $26,400 and the other by Al Creason for $12,000.

About 100 lots were sold this week and 'ere long many neat, modern cottages and business houses will be in evidence in this new- sitely addition to Roseburg.

ENGINE WRECKED AT ASHLAND.

Engineer J. S. Silsby and Fireman Carroll Pratt Injured, But Not Seriously.

ASHLAND, Oct. 29.—Engine No. 2195, in charge of Engineer J. S. Silby and Fireman Carroll Pratt, was wrecked at 11:05 o'clock this forenoon, inside the city limits of Ashland.

The engine started down to help the noon passenger train from Medford to Ashland and was running backward at the usual rate of speed. When just beyond the whistling post, back of the Tolman residence, the engine left the track, caused by the spreading of the rails. The track was torn up for the length of four rails and the engine turned on its side just by the edge of the track.

As the wreck occurred Engineer Silsby leaped through the window and was injured by his fall. Pratt stayed with the engine and received a cut from a barbed wire fence, in his left foot, by the instep.

Pratt immediately started afoot for Ashland and the company's physician, Dr. J. S. Parson, went down to the scene of the wreck. Silsby had been moved to the Booth residence, near by, and there the doctor attended him, finding no paralysis. The muscles of the back are sprained and there is a contusion of the right lumbar muscle, also a contusion on the left side of the head.

At 11:45 o'clock Mr. Silsby was placed on a stretcher and carried home. It is thought his injury is not serious.

A new track was layed this afternoon, delaying the noon train about an hour.

As Others See Us.

A. Gardiner, of Plainview, was in town Saturday. He has just returned from the Roseburg country, where he and his son each located a homestead. Mr. Gardiner reports Roseburg on the boom and gave instances where parties had made several thousands by simply taking options on land.—Lebanon Criterion.

Big Apple Crop.

W. O. Ziegler has just warehoused his fall crop of apples. He has an acre orchard of 200 trees which has yielded him 530 boxes of fine apples of the Baldwin and King varieties. He has 16¾ acres of various kinds of fruits on the Junction road three miles from Eugene.—Guard.

Whitney's Horse Won.

NEW MARKET, England, Oct. 29—Ex-Secretary William C. Whitney's horse Palantrae, won the coveted Cambridgeshire stakes, first money today.

While the purse was $15,000, the honor of winning the event is esteemed very highly in British racing circles.

Smith' Dandruff Pomade

Sto ps itching scalp upon one application, three to six removes all dandruff and will stop falling hair. Price 50c. For sale by Marsters Drug Co. m1tf

Vetch, Vetch, Vetch.

The value of vetches to the Doulas county farmer cannot be over estimated. Leave your orders for seed at the Douglas county Creamery, and they will be promptly filled large or small. tf.

Out of Death's Jaws.

"When death seemed very near from a severe stomach and liver trouble, that I had suffered with for years," writes P. Muse, Durham, N. C., "Dr. King's New Life Pills saved my life and gave perfect health." Best pills on earth and only 25c at A C Marsters drug store.

then he introduced Mr. John Lamont who said:

America's Famous Beauties

Look with horror on Skin Eruptions, Blotches, sores, Pimples. They don't have them, nor will any one, who uses Bucklen's Arnica Salve. It glorifies the face. Eczema or Salt Rheum vanish before it. It cures sore lips, chapped hands, chilblains. Infallible for Piles. 25c at A C Marsters drug store.

An Industrial Awakening.

It has taken Western Oregon nearly sixty years to learn the simple fact that the country is better adapted for the production and maintenance of livestock than for either fruit growing or general farming, and that its best hold and its best future lie in the development of its stock breeding and stock keeping, says the Portland Oregonian. There have been reasons why this fact, which now appears so plain, has been slow in impressing itself upon the general mind. The pioneer period, which lasted practically until 1868, when the first railroad found its way up the Willamette Valley, taught us little in an industrial sense except that the climate was mild and the soil marvelously fertile, and that anything planted in the ground would grow if it had half a chance The second period, which lasted from 1868 until the early '80s, taught us nothing, since there was no commercial market for anything but wheat, and therefore no motive for experimenting in other forms of production and no means of determining relative commercial values.

It was not until the completion of the Northern Pacific railroad, by which we were brought into touch with the commercial world, that there was any motive for branching out into a varied industry excepting upon such narrow scale as was necessary to supply the local demands. When the era of wider markets opened, the effort to meet the new conditions was boldly made, but without anything approaching a true knowledge of the limitations of our situation. We were deceived by the demonstrated fertility of the soil, by the mild climate, and by the results of seasons of special advantage, into the theory that Oregon could beat the world in almost everything. We went into fruit growing, and, excepting in apples, in especially fortunate localities, we did not beat the world; and it was the same with a good many other lines of production. We found that while in special seasons our prunes, cherries and peaches were supremely fine, there could be no dependence upon product year in and year out. Oftentimes the rains persist so late in the spring as to wash the blossoms from the trees; oftentimes they come so early in the fall as to cause the fruit to rot at the pit before it is ripe for picking. We found that while our tenderer fruits fresh from the tree are more luscious than the fruits of California, they have not the toughness of skin and the strength of fiber which enable them to "stand up" under long transportation; in other words, that while immediately and intrinsically better than the California fruits, they have not the keeping quality which at this long distance from market is essential to commercial value.

And in relation to general farm production it dawned upon us at last that in comparison with the agricultural Middle West we are handicapped by the relative shortness of our working season. The rains last too late in the spring and come too soon in the fall to give time enough for the farmer to do his work or the land to develop its crop; and due to this fact are many things in which the Oregon farmer must work at a disadvantage whenever he has to meet the competition of other countries where the working and crop season is longer. For years the fact was cited that Minnesota eggs, Illinois hams and Iowa poultry sold in our markets at prices our own people could not meet, and the fact was charged against the Willamette Valley farmers to their discredit; and it was long before we realized that it was not lack of industry or thrift on the part of our farmers, but the shortness of our working season, which made competition difficult or impossible during part of each year.

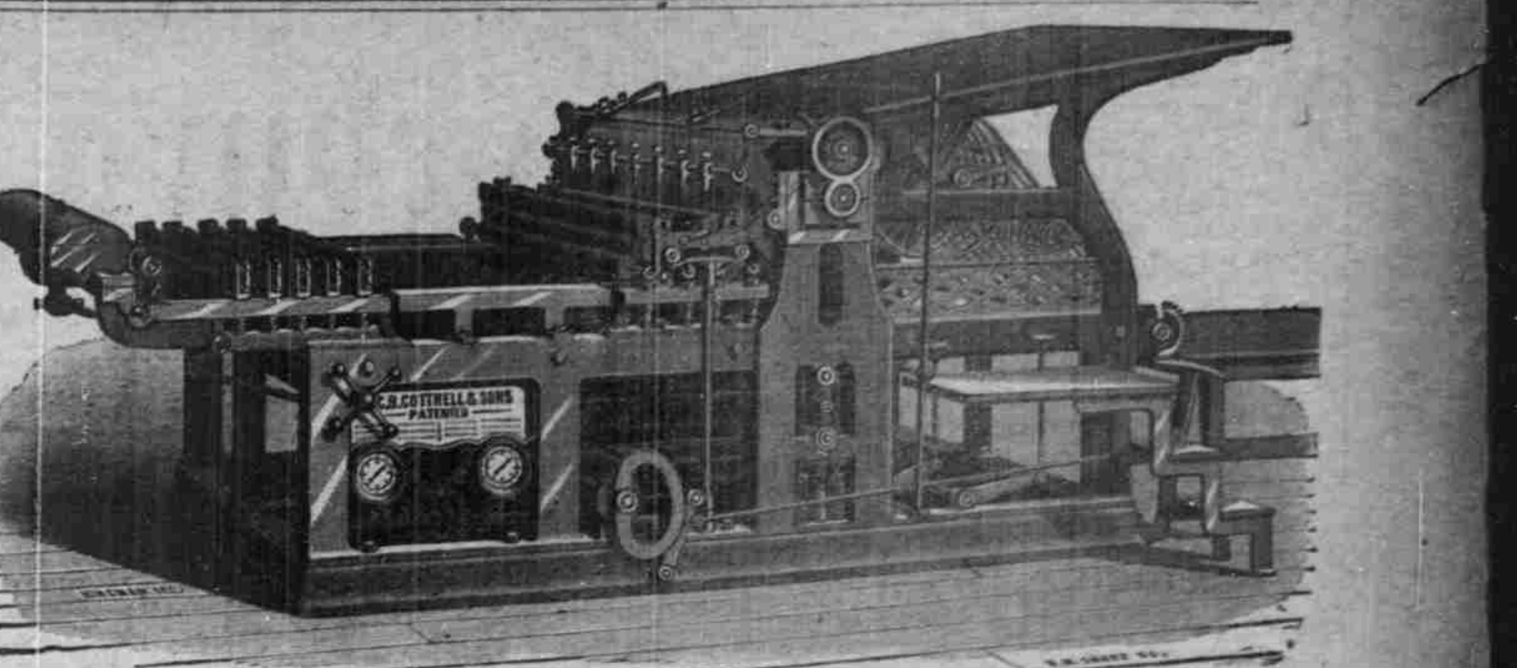
But the conditions which shorten our working season and so put us at a disadvantage in some respects contribute to our advantage in others. Much rain makes much grass. And much grass is a certain foundation for the stock business. And for livestock and its products the demand is insatiate. Domestic animals thrive in all the weathers known to this country, and its long season of rain puts no limitation upon the labors of the stock business. The stock industry is one in which our working season covers or may be made to cover every day in the year, and to which our moist climate is not a drawback, but on the other hand an amazing aid. And under these conditions it is not surprising that energy and capital are seeking the business.

Within the past five years the number of cows in the Valley has been doubled. Lands long cropped to wheat with poor returns have been given to pasture and have advanced in value. Forage crops, of which until lately even our most progressive agriculture knew nothing, are being widely cultivated; and as the capabilities of the country for feed production develop there is a natural disposition to multiply the numbers and the variety of herds. It is found that there is more profit in feeding the grain product of a Willamette Valley farm than in selling it in the market; and from this condition it is but a step to the importation of grain feed from the regions east of the mountains.

The livestock industry brings a multitude of profitable side industries into the country. The creamery has transformed our dairy practice, and is giving to Oregon a commercial reputation. The cheese factory is another source of large profit. Western Oregon is counted on nowadays as a source of beef supply. The country for the first time in its history produces more hogs than it consumes. In brief, the livestock industry has become one of the large interests of the country; and under this industry, which is making constant and heavy advances, the country is more prosperous than it has been at any other period in its history. It has found a department of production in which the supply can never crowd the demand; to which it is specially adapted by nature; in which this working season is not curtailed by the earliness, the lateness nor the persistence of the Oregon mists.

Little Ranch for Sale.

A good little home for sale; 17 acres adjoining fair grounds, 1½ miles east of Roseburg. Good buildings, 150 good bearing fruit trees, 10 acres in cultivation. Price $1225. For particulars inquire at Milikin's shoe store, Roseburg, Or. al tf



The Plaindealer Publishing Company decided two weeks ago to change its order for the press, the cut of which was published three weeks ago, and purchased instead a much finer one, the cut of which we print above. This press, outside of the newspaper perfecting presses in Portland, will be, when it arrives, the best in the State of Oregon.

THANKSGIVING PROCLAMATION.

Year Has Been One of Peace and Overflowing Plenty.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.—President Roosevelt today issued his proclamation designating Thursday, November 27, as a day of Thanksgiving. The proclamation is as follows:

"According to the yearly custom of our people, it falls upon the President at this season to appoint a day of festival and thanksgiving to God. Over a century and a quarter has passed since this country took its place among the nations of the earth and during that time we have had on the whole more to be thankful for than has fallen to the lot of any other people. Generation after generation has grown to manhood and passed away. Each has had to bear its peculiar burdens, each to face its special crisis and each has known years of grim trial, when the country was menaced by malice, domestic or foreign, when the hand of the Lord was heavy upon it in death by flood or pestilence, when in bodily distress and anguish of soul it paid the penalty of folly and a forward heart. Nevertheless, decade by decade, we have struggled onward and upward, we now abundantly enjoy material well being, and under the favor of the Most High we are striving earnesty to achieve moral and spiritual uplifting.

"The year that has just closed has been one of peace and overflowing plenty. Rarely has any people enjoyed greater prosperity than we are now enjoying. For this we render heartfelt and solemn thanks to the giver of good and we seek to praise Him not by words only, but by deeds, by the way in which we do our duty to ourselves and to our fellow men.

"Now, therefore, I, Theodore Roosevelt, President of the United States, do hereby designate as a day of general thanksgiving, Thursday, the 27th of the coming November, and do recommend that throughout the land the people cease from their ordinary occupations and in their several homes and places of worship render thanks unto Almighty God for the manifold blessings of the past year.

"In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

"Done at the City of Washington, this 29th day of October, in the year of our Lord, 1902, and of the Independence of the United States the 27th.

(Seal.) "THEODORE ROOSEVELT.
"By the President,
"JOHN HAY, Secretary of State."

Do Good—It Pays.

A Chicago man has observed that, "Good deeds are better than real estate deeds—some of the latter are worthless. Act kindly and gently, show sympathy and lend a helping hand. You cannot possibly lose by it." Most men appreciate a kind word and encouragement more than substantial help. There are persons in this community who might truthfully say: "My good friend, cheer up. A few doses of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy will rid you of your cold, and there is no danger whatever from pnuemonia when you use that medicine. It always cures. I know it for it has helped me out many a time." Sold by A C Marsters, druggists.

Sheriff's Sale.

In the Circuit Court of the State of Oregon for Douglas county.

T. T. Geer, governor, F. I. Dunbar, secretary, and Chas. S Moore, treasurer of the State of Oregon, and constituting the State Land Board Plaintiffs
vs
Richard Cook and Clara Cook. his wife, and Douglas county, Oregon. Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an execution and order of sale duly issued out of the above named court and cause on the 24th day of October, 1902, upon a judgment and decree duly rendered and entered in said court and cause, on the 11th day of October, 1902, by foreclosure of a mortgage in favor of the above named Plaintiffs and against the above named Defendants and against the hereinafter mentioned and described mortgaged property for the sum of $624.36 with interest thereon at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from the 11th day of October, 1902 and the further sum of $25 special attorney's fees. Now therefore I will on Saturday, the 29th day of November 1902 at one o'clock p. m. of said day, at court house front door, in Roseburg, Douglas county. Oregon, sell at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash in hand, all the right, title and interest, which the said Defendants, or either of them had on the 21st day of September, 1897, or at any time thereafter in or to the following described real property, to-wit:

The south west quarter of section 10, and the northwest quarter of section 28, all in township 29 south of range 8 west of the Will. Mer., Douglas county, Oregon, containing 320 acres of land more or less, and will apply the proceeds of such sale first to the payment of the costs of such sale, and the sum of $25, special attorneys fees and the sum of $624.36, due the plaintiffs with interest thereon at the rate of 6 per cent per annum from the 11th day of October, 1902 and the over plus, if any there be, I will pay to the clerk of the court, as by order of said court in said execution to me directed and delivered, commanding me to sell said above described real property in the manner provided by law.

Dated this 28th day of October, 1902.

E. L. PARROTT,
Sheriff of Douglas county, Oregon

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS

Safe. Always reliable. **Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH** in **Red** and **Gold** metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. **Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations.** Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for **Particulars, Testimonials** and **"Relief for Ladies,"** in letter, by **return Mail. 10,000** Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists.

CHICHESTER CHEMICAL CO.
2100 Madison Square, PHILA., PA.
Mention this paper.

Society Meetings.

A. F. & A. M.—Laurel Lodge No. 13. Holds regular meetings on second and fourth Wednesdays of each month. E. J. STROUD, W. M.
N. T. JEWE Secretary.

A. O. U. W.—Roseburg Lodge No. 16. Meets the second and fourth Mondays of each month at 7:30 p. m., in the I. O. O. F. Hall. Members in good standing are invited to attend.
H. T. McCLALLEN, M. W.
E. H. LENOX Recorder.
D. S WEST, Financier.

B. P. O. ELKS.—Roseburg Lodge No. 326. Holds regular communications at I. O. O. F. Hall on second and fourth Thursdays of each month. All members requested to attend regularly and all visiting brothers are cordially invited to attend.
W. H. JAMIESON, E. R.
V. C. LONDON, Secretary.

CO. E, FOURTH REGIMENT.—O. N. G., meets at Armory Hall every Thursday evening, at 8 o'clock.
F. B. HAMLIN, Capt

DEGREE OF HONOR.—Mystic Lodge No. 13. Meets 2nd and 4th Thursday evenings of each month in Native Sons' Hall. Visiting members cordially invited to attend.
MRS. MERIT WEST, C. of H.
E. H. LENNOX, Rec.

F. OF A.—Court Douglas No. 32, Foresters of America. Meets every Tuesday evening in Native Sons' Hall. Visiting brothers always welcome.
CHAS GILVIN, C. R.
AUG J. KRANTZ. R. S.
E. V. HOOVER, Physician.

I. O. O. F.—Philetarian Lodge No. 8. Meets in Odd Fellows' Temple, corner Jackson and Cass streets, on Saturday evening of each week. Members of the order in good standing are invited to attend.
H. B. GILLETTE, N. G.
N. T. JEWETT, Secretary.

K. of P.—Alpha Lodge No. 47. Meets every Wednesday, in I. O. O. F. Hall at 7:30 p. m. Members in good standing are invited to attend.
G. W. KIMBALL, C. C.
C. E. ROBERTS, K. R. S.

K. O. T. M.—Protection Tent No. 15. Holds its regular Reviews the first and third Friday of each month in the I. O. O. hall. Visiting members in good standing are invited to attend. F. F. PATTERSON, Com.
E. E. BLODGETT, Record Keeper.

LILAC CIRCLE.—No. 49, Women of Woodcraft. Meets on first and third Thursdays of each month at the Native Sons, Hall. Visiting members in good standing are invited to attend.
IANTHA SEHLBREDE, Guardian Neighbor.
MINNIE OTEY, Secy.

LADIES of the G. A. R., Abraham Lincoln Circle No. 2, meets at Native Son's Hall at 2 o'clock on the second and fourth Fridays of each month.

L. O. T. M.—Roseburg Hive No. 11. Holds its regular reviews upon the second and fourth Friday eve. of each month in the Native Sons' Hall. Sisters of other Hives visiting in the city are cordially invited to attend our reviews.
JESSIE RAPP, L. Com.
MAUDE E. McCLALLEN, R. K.

M. W. OF A.—Myrtle Camp No. 6330. Meets first and third Wednesdays each month at Native Sons' Hall.
GEO. BYRON, Clerk.

O. E. S.—Roseburg Chapter No. 8. Holds their regular meeting on the first and third Thursdays in each month. Visiting members in good standing are respectfully invited to attend. MRS. CALLIE BEARD, W. M.,
MRS. LIBBIE COSHOW, Secretary.

REBEKAHS. — Roseburg Rebekah Lodge No. 41, I. O. O. F., meets in Odd Fellows' Temple every Tuesday evening. Visiting sisters and brethren invited to attend.
DELLA BROWN, N. G.
CORA WIMBERLY, R. S.

UNITED ARTISANS.—Umpqua Assembly No. 105 meets every Saturday evening, at 8 o'clock in Native Sons Hall. Visiting Artisans cordially invited to attend.
MRS. M. JONES, M. A.
MRS. F. B. HAMLIN, Secretary.

WOODMEN OF THE WORLD.—Oak Camp No. 125. Meets at the Odd Fellows' Hall, in Roseburg, every first and third Monday evening. Visiting neighbors always welcome.
JAS. E. SAWYERS, C. C.
J. A. BUCHANAN, Clerk

UNION ENCAMPMENT, I. O. O. F. Odd Fellow's Temple. Meets first and third Thursday evenings each month. Visitors cordially invited.
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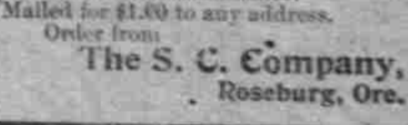

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