900 DROPS

CASTORIA

A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of

INFANTS CHILDREN

Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.

Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor

A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.

Fac Simile Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
NEW YORK.

At 6 months old
35 DOSES – 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

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For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
The Kind You Have Always Bought.
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Society Meetings.

ROSEBURG DIVISION NO 476, B. OF L. E., meets every second and fourth Sunday.

WOMEN'S RELIEF CORPS NO. 10, MEETS first and third Fridays in each month.

RENO POST, NO. 29, G. A. R., MEETS THE first and third Thursdays of each month, at 2 p. m.

ALPHA LODGE, NO. 47, K. OF P., MEETS every Wednesday evening at Odd Fellows Hall. Visiting Knights in good standing cordially invited to attend.
JOS. MICELLI, C. C.
C. H. FISHER, K. R. S.

LAUREL LODGE, A. F. & A. M., REGULAR meetings the 2d and 4th Wednesdays in each month.
EUGENE L. PARROTT W. M.
N. T. JEWETT, S'ecy.

ROSEBURG CHAPTER, NO. 8, O. E. S., MEETS the first and third Thursdays of each month.
MRS. E. J. STROUD, W. M.
MAUDE RAST, Sec'y.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA, MEET on first and third Tuesday of each month in the old Masonic hall.
H. W. MILLER, V. C.
H. L. MARSTERS, Clerk.

WOODMEN OF THE WORLD, Oak Camp No. 125, meets at the Odd Fellows' Hall in Roseburg, every 1st, 3rd and 5th Monday evening. Visiting neighbors always welcome.
J. A. BUCHANAN, C. C.
N. T. JEWETT, Clerk.

PHILETARIAN LODGE, NO. 8, I. O. O. F. meets Saturday evening of each week at their hall in Odd Fellow Temple at Roseburg. Members of the order in good standing are invited to attend.
CHAS. OLESON N. G
N. T. JEWETT, Sec'y.

B. P. O. ELKS, ROSEBURG LODGE, NO. 326, hold their regular communications at the I. O. O. F. hall on second and fourth Thursday of each month. All members requested to attend regularly, and all visiting brothers cordially invited to attend.
DOUGLAS WAITE, E. R
IRA B. RIDDLE, Secretary.

ROSEBURG LODGE, NO. 16, A. O. U. W. meets the second and fourth Mondays of each month at 7:30 p. m. at Odd Fellows Hall. Members of the order in good standing are invited to attend.
H. T. McCLALLEN, Recorder.
D. S. WEST Financier

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE.
Roseburg, Oregon, February 19, 1900.
Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3rd, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon Nevada and Washington Territory."
OLAF M. OLSON,
Of Washburn, County of Bayfield State of Wisconsin, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 856, for the purchase of the SW¼ of Section No. 12, in Township No 24 south Range No. 3 west, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Roseburg, Oregon on Thursday the 3 day of May, 1900. He names as witnesses: Sivert Ole, of Washburn Wisconsin, Jacob Johnson, of Washburn, Wisconsin. Oscar Lundgren, of Washburn, Wisconsin, David Hedland, of Washburn, Wisconsin.
Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 5 day of May, 1900.
J. T. BRIDGES,
m3p Register.

Notice for Publication.

United States Land Office,
Roseburg, Ore., March, 1, 1900.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before Register and Receiver United States Land Office at Roseburg, Oregon, on April 14, 1900, viz:
EMILY J. CENTERS,
formerly Emily J. Tolrush, on her H. E. No. 7718 for the N. W. ¼ Sec. 8, Tp. 29, S. R. 8 W.
She names the following witnesses to prove her continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: J. R. Wilson, W. H. Thompson, Frank Huntley and C. W. Mecum, all of Camas Valley, Oregon.
J. T. BRIDGES,
p Register.

Points East.

The "Portland-Chicago Special," which leaves the Union depot at 8 p. m. daily is equipped with strictly up-to-date roomy Pullman sleeping cars, and free reclining chair cars, steam heated and electric lighted. The European plan dining car service is a special feature of excellence on this line. Delicate china, flowers, spotless linen, first class cooking and attentive servants add to the comfort of travelers

A new library car is attached to these trains.

As the name indicates, these cars are fitted up as a library and reading room. Book cases containing all the standard works, the current periodicals and daily papers are at the disposal of all first and second class passengers.

Time never hangs heavily on the passengers' hands while traveling on this train, and before one is aware of it the train pulls into the Union depot at Chicago.

For full information regarding the movement of these trains, rates, etc., call on or address
Y. A. SCHILLING, Portland, Or.
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A. C. Mars

Notice for Publication.

United States Land Office,
Roseburg, Oregon, February 20, 1900.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver, U S Land Office at Roseburg, Oregon on March 30, 1900, viz:
SCOTT LANDER
On H E No. 9307, for the E½ SE¼, NW¼ SE¼ SW¼ NE¼ Sec 8, T 26 S, R 8 W. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: William I. Lander, Archibald O. Rose of Melrose, Oregon, W. H. Hunter of Wardton, Oregon, Samuel Alexander of Cleveland, Oregon.
J. T. BRIDGES,
P Register.

Notice for Publication.

United States Land Office,
Roseburg, Oregon, February 20, 1900.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver, U S Land Office at Roseburg, Oregon on March 30, 1900, viz:
WILLIAM J LANDER
On H. E. No. 9305, for the N½ NW¼, SE¼ NW¼, NE¼ SW¼ Sec 8, T 26 S, R 8 W. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Scott Lander, Archibald O. Rose, of Melrose, Oregon, W. H. Hunter of Wardton, Oregon, Samuel Alexander of Cleveland, Oregon.
J. T. BRIDGES,
P Register.

Notice For Publication.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
Roseburg, Oregon, February 16, 1900.
Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory,"
ANDREW E. KARDELL,
Of Marshfield, County of Coos, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 846, for the purchase of the lots 3, 4, S½ NW¼, of Section No. 2, in Township No. 27 South, Range No. 10 West, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Roseburg, Oregon, on Saturday, the 12th day of May, 1900. He names as witnesses: Albert E. Bettys, of Marshfield, Oregon, W. H. Smith of Marshfield, Oregon, C. H. Herron, of Marshfield, Oregon, E. W. Kardell of Marshfield, Oregon.
Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 12th day of May, 1900.
J. T. BRIDGES,
Register.

Notice for Publication.

UNITED STATES,
LAND OFFICE,
Roseburg, Oregon, Feb 15, 1900.
Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada, and Washington Territory,"
FRANK W. POTTER
Of Ashland, County of Ashland, State of Wisconsin, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 839, for the purchase of the south east quarter, of Section No. 10, in Township No. 24 South, Range No. 3 West, and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Roseburg, Oregon, on Friday, the 27th day of April, 1900. He names as witnesses: Michael N Oistad of Washburn, Wis., John W. Holland of Washburn, Wis., Charlie Geisert, of Washburn, Wis., L. T. Dewolf of Woodland, Wis.
Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 27th day of April, 1900.
J. T. BRIDGES,
(4-26p) Register.

Administrator's Notice of Sale.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT BY VIRtue and in pursuance of an order and decree of the County Court of Douglas County, Oregon, duly made by the Hon. Joe Lyons, Judge of said Court, and entered of record on the 5th day of September, 1899, ordering and directing the undersigned administrators to sell the real property hereinafter described and belonging to the Estate of Karl Kimmell, deceased, the said administrators will proceed to sell on and after the first day of March, 1900 at private sale for cash in hand or part cash and credit, upon the said premises, in one body or in separate parcels as may be for the best interests of said estate the following described real property, towit:
The Donation Land Claim of William P. Hawkins No. 42 Notification 450 Tp. 30 S R 6 west containing 160 acres, also fractional lots No. 1 and 3 of Section No. 26 in Tp 30 S R 6 West containing 19.68 acres excepting from the above described premises a certain tract of land heretofore conveyed to Purdy Wilson containing 8.05 acres and 1 acre sold to School District No. 20; also the Donation Land Claim of James and Ellen Catching No. 43 being parts of Sections 25 and 26 in Tp. 30 S R 6 West excepting from the above described Donation Land Claim No. 43 that certain piece or parcel of land belonging to said claim lying and being on the North side of Cow creek heretofore conveyed to Wm. P. Hawkins; also 5 acres heretofore conveyed to L. C. Nichols; also 4½ of an acre heretofore conveyed to A. M. Beaty; also 24 acres and a fraction conveyed to Sanderson and Gilmore; also 1 acre of land sold to School District No. 20; the portion of the D. L. C. No. 43 hereby described and to be sold containing 122.54 acres; also the S W ¼ of the S E ¼ and lot No. 2 of Sec. 35 in Tp 30 S R 6 West containing 86.29 acres; also the N W ¼ of the N E ¼ of Section 35 Tp 30 S R 6 West containing 40 acres also the N E ¼ of the N E ¼ of Section 35 in Tp 30 S R 6 West containing 40 acres also Lot No. 1 and the S E ¼ of the S E ¼ of Section 26 Tp 30 S R 6 West containing 46.80 acres all of said premises being situated in Douglas County Oregon and containing in all 453.95 acres more or less
Dated at Roseburg, Oregon, this first day of February, 1900.
GEO. W. CARTER.
FRIEDERICKA KIMMEL.
Administrators of the Estate of Karl Kimmel, deceased.

Notice for Publication.

United States Land Office
Roseburg, Or., February 3, 1900
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver, U. S. Land Office at Roseburg, Oregon, on March 14, 1900, viz:
GRANVILLE S. MAY
On H. E. No. 8462, for the SW¼, NE¼, SE¼ NW¼, N½ SW¼ sec. 26, T. 26 S., R. 4 W.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: J. F. Thomason, Horton Shoemaker, of Roseburg, Oregon, William Tipton, James Brett, of Glide, Oregon.
J. T. BRIDGES,
(15p) Register.

POULTRY YARD.

How to Keep Poultry.

Every poultry keeper should remember that cleanliness is one of the most essential points to be secured in the management and care of poultry, if success is desired.

Fowls will not thrive in a dirty, foul house. The floor should be kept scrupulously clean and dry, and the walls should be white or lime-washed two or three times a year to prevent lice and other insect pests from giving trouble. Bad smells are injurious, not only to the owner, but to the fowls. Some slacked lime should at all times be kept in a box near at hand so that some of it may be scattered over the droppings and injurious smells will be banished. Poultry kept in damp and dirty situations are easily attacked by catarrh, and this often ends in roup, whilst young chickens confined in cold or dismal places are liable to be attacked by scrofula.

Poultry keepers often experience a difficulty in securing a dry floor for their stock. Brick and stone floors are too cold, and floors constructed of the former material imbibe the foul moisture that is cast upon them. A dry floor may be made by digging out the site a foot deep, and then filling this up with gravel or burnt clay well pressed down. Over this another coating of gravel or cinder ashes may be placed, together with lime and water, the whole being well mixed and properly leveled. Wooden floors, although dry, get foul in time, and damp arising from the washing of same, if cleanliness is to be secured is objectionable.

All droppings should be brushed away frequently. If the food be thrown on a a foul surface the poultry will swallow the filth with it, and undoubtedly serious results will sometimes ensue.

When fowls have an unlimited range, and can go where they please, there is comparatively little trouble with them, but when they are confined in a limited space their welfare requires consideration. It should be impossible for their excrement, and this can only be avoided by strict attention to cleanliness.

It has been proven over and over again that a few fowls well housed, kept clean and regularly attended to will prove much more remunerative than a larger number crowded together in an insufficient space.

Perches should always be placed low. From eighteen inches to two feet is sufficient height from the floor. Flying from high perches is conducive to bruised feet, and heavy birds occasionally fracture their breast bones. A pole three or four inches in diameter, split in two equal parts, and fixed with the round side upward, will make an excellent perch.

Dry dust or ashes is an absolute necessity in every house so that the fowls may roll in the same to clean themselves and get rid of the fleas or other parasites with which they may be infested.

Where white fowls are reared sand is preferable to cinder dust, as the latter makes the plumage dirty. Fowls allowed to roam at will, always make dust heaps, and retire to them daily to enjoy the luxury of a dust bath.

Feeding For Eggs.

Here is a subject that one would think would become threadbare from over use, but yet it is one which is of great importance, and if experiences are given, we are not fearful that too much can be said on the subject. We feel very much as does the writer in the Michigan Fancier who says:

The best way of feeding to induce hens to lay has not been discovered as yet, we feel sure. There are flocks that lay well, and flocks that do not, and the difference is usually due to the difference in the care and quality of food they get. We have been interested in these matters for a good many years, and sometimes we have been le to think that we knew a great deal on the subject, and just as we were considering whether it is our duty to give the world the benefit of our knowledge, or keep it for our own special use, something has turned up to convince us that we did not know very much about it.

Going further the writer gives some experience, which we consider of value and says:

A friend who got a mixed feed made to order that was composed of wheat, corn, oats, barley and Canada peas, told us on the q. t. that he was going to get a lot of eggs in the near future, but the hens did not seem to understand what was expected of them. They laid, but no better than they had got into the habit of doing. Then we bought a part of that flock and turned them in our back yard and did not feed them anything but the scraps from our kitchen and those that the neighbors on other side threw over to them, and the neighbors have been pretty liberal in this respect. Once in a while we threw the hens some cracked corn or a little wheat and every day they got a head of sunflower seeds as a dainty. These hens were common to fair Plymouth Rocks a year old. We have had them six weeks and in that time they have laid on an average more than three-quarters the number of eggs every day that there were hens, and they show no signs of being weary of well doing. They have running water from the hydrant to drink, and there is a good place for them to get a dust bath in a place where we had a lettuce bed in the spring. There is a plentiful supply of grass in the yard for the flock, and they take advantage of it. They have a comfortable place to sleep, and are not bothered with lice. They are the best investment we ever made in the way of poultry, for we have all the fresh eggs we can use in our family, and the cost is nothing. We believe it is the grass and the variety of food that makes them lay. They get everything, from stale bread and cold potatoes to scraps of meat and bits of pies and puddings, and can choose what they like best.

One of them was killed a few days ago and she was the fattest hen we ever saw. Heart and gizzard were absolutely covered with fat, and the indications were that she was laying regularly. This, by the way, knocks the props out from under the theory that an over-fat hen will not lay.

We hope to know more about feeding hens some time, but just at present our theory is, the more kinds of food a hen gets the better she will lay, and if she gets enough to make her fat she will continue to lay.

Poultry as a Farm Industry.

Secretary Morton writes that his Department is now engaged in collecting statistics upon the poultry industry when published we are satisfied that many who now think poultry cuts no figure will be convinced of the fact that there is something in it. And as the department has placed the poultry industry among its important branches, it will in the future receive more attention, and farmers will take a greater interest in the welfare of this department.

Our annual importation for the past six years has averaged to exceed $1,250,000; counting our own production gives us a yearly consumption of over $320,000,000.

Our friend, Theodore Stenberg of Ellsworth, Kansas, has been stirring up the department. He induced them to investigate the poultry in various foreign countries through the American Consuls.

Consular reports No. 159 is more than half taken up with the reports of the poultry industry. We make the following extracts:

"Taken as a whole but little interest is taken in poultry aside from home consumption. A few of the countries pay particular attention and eggs and poultry are exported in great numbers, which affords quite an income to the producers.

The kingdom of Belgium, a little larger than the state of Vermont, exported in 1891 poultry and eggs to the value of $1,152,000. The small republic of Switzerland imports from Italy and France eggs and poultry to the value of $2,000,000 yearly."

What is the matter with the American farmer that he cannot supply this demand to a greater extent than $76,000? The value of poultry and eggs in France is $76,000,000 yearly. From the manner raising, cheap feed, cheap land and success in rearing which the United States possesses there is no reason why Americans cannot take the English trade in this product from France.

Freights are high, but they will be offset by the success of the American breeder. The French breeder is contending with high priced land, limited range, wet climate and none too cheap feed, yet they succeed.

You notice that where an interest is taken in raising poultry, there success attends them. The common people of the European countries who follow the raising of poultry are better off financially and educationally than those countries which do not follow this industry.

There is in the West one of the broadest fields for the proper and thorough cultivation of poultry to be found anywhere. It is an immense industry and should be treated as such, for upon it depends the future of many a person.

We should all work for common good and we should work earnestly and faithfully for the advancement of whatever our hands find to do, so that it may be both successful and profitable.

Hens and Blackberries.

Not long ago we visited a lady in Waldo county, Me., who we had heard was making a success of poultry and small fruits, and being much interested in the subject we sought an interview. We found the lady in question to be a widow with three small children. A farm of 20 acres, one cow, two hundred hens, about a quarter of an acre of blackberries, an ordinary farmhouse, a small barn and a hen house completed her worldly possessions. She told us that when her husband died there was a mortgage on the farm for nearly its value, and after she found herself alone in the world she began to look around for some way or means to support her children, and if possible clear the mortgage on their little home. She thought of everything a woman usually does under like circumstances, such as washing, ironing, dress making, etc., but none of them seemed to offer any inducement equal to the demand, and she finally concluded to try and do it on the farm. She knew by experience that she could make her hens pay, and had an idea that small fruit would too, if she could only manage to do the work herself.

After considerable inquiry among her friends she decided to try blackberries, and accordingly in the spring rent for 100 plants and set them out in her hen yards. When we were there the berries had just begun to ripen, and she told us that she had just picked them the day before, getting thirty-two quarts, and the plants were still loaded to over-bearing. I have never seen such blackberries as those, they were all large and of fine flavor. The plants had been set out two years when we saw them, and had never had any cultivation or care excepting what the hens gave. She told us she kept her hens in the yards until after haying, then let them run, shutting them out of the yards entirely, thus making the yards serve a double purpose. Her poultry houses were cheap, built on the side of a hill, and resembled a pair of stairs. Each house was about 10 by 12 feet, and there were six of them. They faced the southwest, and the yards were on the west side. Her hens paid her $1 86 per head above expenses, giving her the neat little sum of $372. From her blackberries she got 186 quarts which she sold at an average price of 10½ cents per quart at her door bringing her in $19.53, which added to her poultry profits make $392.53, of which she saved $200 and paid off the remaining mortgage. She said the first year was the hardest, and she had hard work to pay $50 and the interest, but she has just got things where she can handle them to an advantage. Her poultry is all pure blooded Plymouth Rocks of the brown egg strain, and she ships all her eggs to Boston, getting from four to eight cents above the home market price.

Here is an object lesson it would be well for us to copy, as it shows what pluck and perseverence can do, and is no more than any one might do under similar circumstances.—I. S. Cummings in Poultry Enterprise.

Some fowls are hard to keep within bounds, others are easy. It is well to remember this in making choice of a breed.

Leg weakness in young fowls comes from high feeding and forced growth. Bone meal and oyster shells will help to prevent.

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Notice for Publication.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFCE,
ROSEBURG, Ore., February, 28, 1900.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver United States Land Office at Roseburg, Oregon, on April 14, 1900, viz:
REUBEN E. SMITH,
on his H. E. No. 6957, for the S. E. ¼ S. E. ¼, Sec 6, and the N. E. ¼ N. E. ¼ Sec. 7, Tp. 29, S. R. 4 W.
He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land viz: Eli Miller, John Brown, John Miles, and T. L. Brewer, all of Myrtle Creek, Oregon.
np J. T. BRIDGES,
Register.

CHRONIC MALARIA

Is the result of repeated acute attacks. The liver and spleen are principally affected. They act as storehouses for the malarial poison and the blood takes it from them.

The poison must be driven out of the system. HUDYAN will destroy the action of the poison and eventually drive out the last particle of it from the system. In addition to this, HUDYAN will restore the lost appetite. It will build up the weakened system. HUDYAN will make new blood and new flesh. The pains in the bones will disappear. HUDYAN has cured others and it will cure you. We describe the symptoms. Study them carefully. They are yours. Do not delay longer, but take HUDYAN now and you will be cured.

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1. CONSTANT HEADACHE AND TROUBLED BRAIN. Take HUDYAN and your headache will disappear.

2-3. PALE OR YELLOWISH COMPLEXION. HUDYAN will establish a free circulation of pure blood and cause the cheeks to assume their natural color.

3. LOSS OF APPETITE AND GNAWING IN THE STOMACH. HUDYAN will restore the appetite and the digestion of food will become perfect.

4. FEELING OF WEIGHT OVER THE LIVER. This is due to the enlargement of the liver. It is filled with the poison of malaria. HUDYAN will drive out the poison and cause the organ to assume its natural size.

5. HEAVINESS IN THE REGION OF THE SPLEEN. The spleen becomes greatly enlarged. HUDYAN will lessen the congestion and cause the heaviness to disappear.

You are suffering from Chronic Malaria and you can be cured. HUDYAN will relieve your every symptom and make you well. HUDYAN can be obtained of all druggists for 50c. per package, or 6 packages for $2.50. If your druggist does not keep it, send direct to the HUDYAN REMEDY COMPANY, San Francisco, California. Remember that you can consult the HUDYAN DOCTORS FREE. Call and see the doctors. You may call and see them, or write, as you desire. Address
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J. F. GIVANS, Agt., Roseburg.
C. O. Terry, Trav. Pass. Agt. 124 Third St., Portland, Or.
W. E. Coman, Gen. Agt.

EGGS AN CHICKENS. THREE MILLION DOLLARS.

The people of the Pacific Coast sent East last year over $3,000,000 in hard cash for eggs and poultry. This great sum of money ought all of it to have gone into the pockets of Pacific Coast poultry keepers. It pays to keep fowls, but they must be managed right No big ranch is necessary, thousands are making money with small and large flocks of hens in village gardens and small orchards. Fruit growing and poultry breeding go together finely. THE PACIFIC COAST FANCIERS MONTHLY tells all about it. Not thousands of miles away, but right here on this Pacific Coast. It tells how to make poultry-keeping pay, how to build coops, how to feed for eggs, how to cure diseases, how to tell good fowls from poor ones, in short, how to make money with hens. It's bright, practical, money-making, invaluable to all who keep fowls of any kind. It is brim full of good reading and beautifully illustrated. If you keep a dozen or a thousand hens you want the FANCIERS' MONTHLY. Take nothing else said to be just as good—get the best. It costs but little. One Dollar pays for it 2 years, or it will be sent on trial one year for 75 cents. Don't put off subscribing! Do it today Send one dollar for 2 years or 75 cents for one year, to

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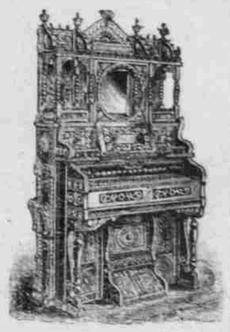

THE BLICKENSDERFER,

The favorite of the Army and Navy. A few of the ships equipped with the Blickensderfer Typewriter during the Spanish-American War.

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Notice for Publication.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE
Roseburg, Oregon, Jan. 22, 1900.
Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver, United States Land Officeat Roseburg, Oregon, on March 6, 1900, viz:
CHARLES CLARK
on H E No. 7308, for the S E ¼ S E ¼, W ½ S E ¼, S W ¼, N E ¼, Sec 11, T 26 S R 2 W. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: O. E. Smith, J. F. Wright, W. A. Smith, W. C. Tipton, of Glide, Oregon.
J. T. BRIDGES,
Register.

Railroad Time Table.

Northbound—Roseburg local, No. 17 departs 7:30 a. m.

Southbound—Roseburg local, No. 18, arrives 5:20 p. m.

Northbound—overland, No. 5, arrives 10:35 a. m.; departs 10:45 a. m.

Southbound—overland, No. 6, arrives 4:15 a. m.; departs 4:25 a. m.

FREIGHT TRAINS.

Northbound—fast through freight, No 221, arrives 4:10 p. m.; departs 5:20 p. m.

Southbound—fast through freight, No 222, arrives 7:00 a. m.; departs 8:00 a m.

Northbound mixed train No. 222 arrives at 2:55 p. m., Sundays, Wednesdays and Fridays, departs 9:00 a. m., Mondays Thursdays and Saturdays.

Southbound mixed train No. 226 arrives at 3:00 p. m., on Sundays, Mondays and Fridays, departs 7:15 a. m. Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

CHURCH SERVICES.

METHODIST CHURCH—corner of Main and Lane streets. Sunday Service: Preaching, 11 a. m and 8:00 p m.; Sabbath school, 10 a. m.; L. A. Walker, Superintendent; Class Meeting at close of the morning service; Epworth League 7:00 p. m. F. S. Godfrey, President. Prayer Meeting, Wednesday, at 7:30 p. m.
G. R. ARNOLD, Pastor,
Parsonage, corner Main and Lane.

UNITED BRETHREN CHURCH—on Fowler street. Sunday service, at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening.
MRS. LUCY M. CUTLIP, Pastor.

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH.—Corner Cass and Main streets. Services on second and fourth Sunday morning of each month and every Sunday evening. Special services announced from time to time. REV. JOHN DAWSON, Missionary.

M. E. CHURCH, SOUTH.—Services every Sunday morning and evening.
REV J T COTTON, Pastor

BAPTIST CHURCH—corner of Lane and Rose streets. Sunday service: Preaching at 11 a. m and 7:30 p. m. Sabbath School at 10 a. m., O. P. Coshow, superintendent. Prayer meeting at 7:30 Wednesday evening.
S. A. DOUGLAS, Pastor

FIRST CHRISTIAN CHURCH—Corner of Pine and Woodward streets. Sunday services Preaching both morning and evening. Sunday school at 10 a. m. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:30 p. m Prayer meeting each Wednesday evening at 7:30. A cordial welcome and greeting awaits all. W. A. WOOD, Pastor

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Corner of Cass and Rose streets. Sunday service: Public worship, 11 a. m., and 8 p. m.; Sabbath school, 10 a. m. Y. P. S. C. E. at 7 p. m. Prayer meeting, Wednesday evening 7:30 o'clock. J. A. TOWNSEND, Pastor

THE W. C. T. U. will hold its regular meetings on the second and fourth Mondays of every month at 7:30 p. m. in the Epworth League room of the M. E. Church.

O.R.&N.CO.

DEPART	LEAVE	ARRIVE
Fast Mail 8 p. m.	Salt Lake, Denver, Fort Worth, Omaha, Kansas City, St. Louis and Chicago.	Fast Mail 6:45 p.m.
Spokane Flyer 3:45 p. m.	Walla Walla, Lewiston, Spokane, Minneapolis, St. Paul, Duluth, Milwaukie, Chicago and East.	Spokane Flyer 8 a. m.
8 p. m.	OCEAN STEAMSHIP All sailing dates subject to change. For San Francisco—Sail Dec. 3, 8, 13, 18, 23, 28, and every 5 days.	4 p. m.
Daily Ex. Sunday 8 p. m. Saturday 10 p. m.	COLUMBIA RIVER STEAMERS To Astoria and Way-Landings.	4 p. m. Ex. Sun
6 a. m. Ex. Sunday	WILLAMETTE RIVER Oregon City, Newberg, Salem & Way-Landings	10:30 a. m. Ex. Sun
7 a. m. Tues. Thurs and Sat.	WILLAMETTE AND YAMHILL RIVERS. Oregon City, Dayton and Way-Landings.	3:30 p. m Mon. Wed and
6 a. m. Tues. Thurs and Sat.	WILLAMETTE RIVER Portland to Corvallis and Way-Landings.	4:30 p. m. Mon. Wed and Fri.
Leave Riparia 1:30 a. m. Daily	SNAKE RIVER Riparia to Lewiston	Leave Lewiston Daily 8:30 a. m

J. F. Givans, Agent, Roseburg, Or.
W. H. Hurlburt, Gen. Pass. Agt., Portland, Or.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE of Oregon, for Douglas county.
Nora Helm, Plaintiff,
vs.
Fletcher Helm, Defendant.
Suit in Equity for a divorce.
To Fletcher Helm, the above named defendant:
In the name of the State of Oregon, you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled suit on or before the first day of the next regular term of the above entitled court towit:
Monday March, 5th, 1900. And if you fail to appear or answer said complaint, within said time, for want thereof plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in her complaint as follows:
For a decree of divorce dissolving the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, and for such other relief as to the court may appear equitable
This Summons is published by order of Hon. J. W. Hamilton, judge of said court, which order is dated January 6, 1900, and the time prescribed in said order for the publication of this summons is once a week for six weeks preceding the first day of said term of court, and the day of the first publication of this summons his January 8, 1900.
F. W. BENSON,
(8-17.) Attorney for Plaintiff.

Notice for Publication.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
Roseburg, Oregon, February 16, 1900.
Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory,"
ERIC W. KARDELL,
of Marshfield, County of Coos, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 845, for the purchase of the lots 1, 2, S½ NE¼, of Section No. 2, in Township No. 27 S, Range No. 10 W., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Roseburg, Oregon, on Saturday, the 12th day of May, 1900. He names as witnesses: Albert E. Bettys, of Marshfield, Oregon; A. E. Kardell, of Marshfield, Oregon; W. H. Smith, of Marshfield, Oregon; Geo. H. Herron, of Marshfield, Oregon.
Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 12th day of May, 1900.
J. T. BRIDGES,
Register.