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LAWLESSNESS AND FEAR

Will Reign in Nome's Gold Fields This Summer.

MUST HAVE PROTECTION.

Postmaster Wright Believes That 60,000 People Will Be in the District This Summer.

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—There will be lawlessness and a reign of terror in the new gold fields at Cape Nome, Alaska, next summer. In the opinion of John G. Brady, governor of the territory, and George N. Wright, postmaster at Cape Nome, unless congress takes steps to establish civil government on a firm foundation and makes laws defining the property rights of claims. Governor Brady and Mr. Wright are in the East endeavoring to obtain the appointment of United States judges at Sitka, Circle City and Cape Nome.

An extraordinary rush of goldseekers to the last named place is expected next May when communication with the outside world is reopened. Mr. Wright believes that before the end of the summer, there will be 60,000 persons in Cape Nome.

"We want the general land laws extended to Alaska, so that we have homestead rights," said Mr. Wright last night, "otherwise we cannot help having a great deal of trouble. We are without the legal form of government. We have organized one of our own, electing a mayor, a council, a chief of police and other officers, but it has no standing in law. There were 2000 men there last year, and they agreed among themselves to observe each other's rights, but it will be different when we have 60,000.

"In law, nobody has any right to the beach between the high and low water marks, where there are rich deposits of gold. It ought to be laid off in small plots for the sale of the mineral rights.

Though gold was discovered in Cape Nome a year ago last September, we did not get the news in Seattle until last May. We suspected at first that it was a scheme of the steamship companies to get passengers, as the Yukon business was getting slack. I telegraphed to Washington to be appointed postmaster and was over night by wire. I got to Nome July 4, when there was not a sluice box in the district.

"Lumber came in later, and about $3,500,000 of gold was taken out last summer. One claim in Anvil creek paid $175,000 in five weeks. I know because I handled the money. Three claims in Snow gulch paid $500,000. On the Yukon the gold is well below the surface, but at Nome it lies near the top of the ground. Many claims have been staked out, but there is a vast region still to be explored. The formation is very peculiar. Back of the beach, which is white sand, and rising 10 feet above it, is a flat strip called Tundras, which extends from two to four miles back to the mountains. This has a layer of moss or peat on top, then comes a layer of blue clay from 6 to 8 inches thick, and then the white sand to bedrock 25 feet below. The gold in the white sand runs from 50 cents to $1.50 a pan, and the pay streak of ruby sand on the bedrock runs $5 to to the pan, besides coarse gold.

"One of the steamers took 350 tons of sand shoveled at random from the beach to San Francisco last year. It was put into a smelter and yielded $9000 in gold. The beach has been prospected for 15 miles. Nobody knows where the gold came from. Some think it was from hills brought down by glaciers, and some think it was thrown up by a volcano.

"Governor Brady wants Alaska to come in as a state when the population has been increased by the rush next summer. He is the one man that all the people there have absolute confidence in. If we are admitted to the Union we can take care of ourselves. Miners began coming down from the Yukon last fall, and more will come. If we do not get authority to protect ourselves we shall have trouble."

In Delaware last week the National Cape Nome Mining & Transportation Company was organized with a capital of $5,000,000 to establish a steamship line and work with machinery claims covering 920 acres of beach and tundras. Frances B. Thurber, F. L. Loring and Geo. Crawford are the incorporators.

Alaska Civil Code.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 5.—Senator Carter today reported from the committee on territories the bill for a civil code of Alaska, and providing for courts of that territory. Three district courts with the necessary officers, and United States commissioners are provided for. Three judicial districts are created. No delegate in congress from the territorial legislature is allowed under the bill.

FUSION UNCERTAIN.

Middle-of-Roaders in Nebraska, Bryan's Home.

LINCOLN, Neb., Feb. 4.—Nebraska populists who favor fusion are anticipating trouble in the selection of nominees for the presidential ticket. J. H. Edmonston, of this city, has been assured that at least 150 members of the populist national committee will attend the meeting to be held here February 9, and, while it is generally believed that the Western delegates will favor holding the national convention at the same time and place with the democrats, there is no doubt that the combined strength of the middle-of-the-roaders will amount to a great deal when it comes to deciding upon a location.

It is not at all certain that the fusionists who favor nominating Mr. Bryan and demanding in exchange the vice-presidency, will be in the majority. If they shall be, the convention will probably be located with that of the democrats, but if the middle-of-the-roaders shall predominate, the convention will be held a month or so earlier. The scheme provided to defeat the opponents of fusion is to have Senator Allen nominated, with the national committee holding the power to fill any vacancy that may occur on the ticket, so that, upon the withdrawal of Mr. Allen, the name of Mr. Bryan might be substituted. It is also asserted that by pursuing this plan there will be a possibility of having Allen nominated for vice-president by the democrats.

REBELLION IS RIFE.

The Wild Men of Borneo Attack British and Chinese Shops.

TACOMA, Feb. 6.—Mat So Sellob, the rebel leader of North Borneo, has again stirred the natives there into rebellion, according to Oriental advices received here. They commenced warfare last month, attacking Gaya bay, when the British and Chinese shops were looted. The rebels then retreated into the jungle. Several days later they were followed by a force of 250 bluejackets and Sikh policemen. Five miles inland these were attacked and driven back by Sehlob's men, who fired at them from a dense growth of underbrush. A number of the British were killed and wounded.

W. S. Philpot, Albany, Ga., says, "DeWitt's Little Early Risers did me more good than any pills I ever took." The famous little pills for constipation biliousness and liver and bowel troubles.
A. C. Marsters & Co.

FRANKFORT AT PEACE.

Republicans And Democrats At Last Agree.

TROOPS ARE TO BE SENT HOME

This Virtually Means That Governor Taylor and Lieutenant-Governor Marshall Must Step Out.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 6.—The peace conference held at the Galt house last night between seven republicans and seven representatives of the democrats resulted in the signing of an agreement embodying seven specific propositions which promise a settlement of the party difficulties which have been brought about between the two state governments in Kentuckey. This agreement is, in substance, as follows:

First—That if the general assembly, in joint session, shall adopt a resolution ratifying their recent action adopting the contest reports seating Goebel and Beckham, the contestees, Taylor and Marshall shall, submit without further protest.

Second—That all parties shall unite in an effort to bring about such modification of the election law as will provide for nonpartisan election boards and insure free and fair elections.

Third—That conditions shall remain in statu quo until Monday, the general assembly meeting and adjourning from day to day until that time.

Fourth—That nothing shall be done to hinder or prevent a joint session of the general assembly for taking action on the ratification resolution.

Fifth—That the state contest board shall meet and adjourn from day to day until Tuesday, without taking any action on the contest for minor state officers. This postponement is suggested in order that the action of the general assembly on the ratification resolution may be taken first.

Sixth—The state troops shall be removed from the state capitol at once, though with all necessary precaution for the public safety. This matter is to be under the direction of General Dan Lindsay, of Frankfort.

Seventh—That the republican officials and officers of the state guard shall have immunity from charges of treason, usurpation, court-martial or any other such offenses.

The agreement was signed by the following: Republicans, John Marshall, Judge J. W. Barr, General Dan Lindsay, T. L. Edelen, Dr. T. H. Banter, David W. Farleigh, C. T. Ballard; democrats, J. S. B. Blackburn, J. C. W. Beckham, Sam J. Schackelford, Urey Woodson, James B. McCreary, Phil Thompson, Robert J. Breckinridge. The agreement in full was not given out last night, as it was desired first to submit it to Governor Taylor for his signature. It was stated by republicans present that Governor Taylor would agree to anything that all of them signed.

It was stated in the conference that the London session of the general assembly would be called off at once until Monday. While the situation is in statu quo, Taylor will remain in possession of the executive building, while the republicans will recognize him and the democrats will recognize Beckham as governor.

PROGRESS OF FREEDOM.

General Wood is Giving Cubans Every Chance to Learn Self-Government.

NEW YORK, Feb. 5.—A special to the Herald from Washington says:

Though gratified at the excellent conduct of the residents of Cuba since American occupation began, the authorities are still unable to name the date when American sovereignty shall end and the inhabitants of the island shall commence the administration of their own affairs.

Under instructions given by the president and the secretary of war, before his departure, General Wood is doing everything in his power to educate the people of the island in self-government, not only by example, but by placing them in positions of responsibility.

It is believed that after the Spanish subjects of the island have registered their intention of continuing their allegiance to Spain or of becoming citizens of Cuba, the people will be ready for the election which will commit the municipal governments of the island to the officers elected by the people. These elections will, of course, be conducted under American supervision.

The operations of he municipalities will be carefully watched by the administration in order to determine if the people are ready for a larger responsibility and if it should be shown that such is the case, then a representative convention will be called to draft a constitution and to establish a general system of independent government.

In his annual message, the president declared that the United States "must see to it that free Cuba be a reality, not a name, a perfect entity, not a hasty experiment, bearing within itself the elements of a failure."

The year allowed by the treaty of Paris for the Spanish population of the island to elect whether they will be Cuban or Spanish citizens will expire on April 11 next. It was believed that by that time the results of the census would have been computed and tabulated, when this government would then be ready to provide for municipal elections.

INDIAN WAR VETERANS.

Report of Senator Gallinger on Their Relief Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 30.—The report of Senator Gallinger on Senator McBride's Indian war veteran bill contains a number of very interesting statements, and brings to light some facts that are not generally known. This bill, it will be recalled, provides not only for the survivors of the Indian wars of Oregon and Washington from 1851 to 1856, and the Cayuse war on the Pacific coast in 1847-48, but also for the survivors of the Florida and Georgia Seminole war of 1817-18; the Fevre Indian war in Illinois, in 1827; the Sac and Fox war of 1831; the Sabine wars of 1836 and 1837; the Florida Seminole wars from 1842 to 1858; the Texas and New Mexico wars of 1849; the California disturbances of 1851 and 1852; the Utah wars of 1850-63, and also the surviving widows of officers and enlisted men who served against the Indians in these wars, provided they have not remarried.

It has been estimated that the pension roll, should this bill pass, would be swelled to the extent of about $730,000 at this time, although the amount carried by this bill would decrease rapidly, owing to the great lapse of time since most of these wars occurred. For example, there are but five survivors of the Seminole war of 1817-18 and 120 widows. Of the Fevre war there are but 14 survivors and 107 widows. Two hundred and twenty-one veterans survive the Sabine war, with but 155 widows, and 141 survivors of the Cayuse war are now alive, and but 88 widows. The survivors of the Texas and New Mexico wars number up to 1448, with 890 widows and 476 survivors, and 239 widows of the California wars are yet alive. There are many more survivors and widows of the wars in Oregon and Washington than any of the other difficulties, and hence the Indian war veterans of those two states would derive the greatest benefit should Senator McBride's bill pass. There are 2389 survivors and 1340 widows of these latter wars.

It has been estimated that because the same person enlisted in different companies at different times during these Indian wars, there has been found to exist a great duplicity of names on the rolls, which will cut the total number of survivors down to about 4000 in all.

In its report on the bill the committee says:

"The last of these wars occurred 40 years ago, and the estimated age of the survivors is fixed at 65 years, while the estimated age of the Seminole survivors is 94 years. Of the inestimable services of these pioneer men and soldiers we deem it unnecessary to refer. History recognizes the results they have achieved. In the South and West they have endured the greatest privations, sacrifices and sufferings. We owe to them largely, if not entirely, the acquisition of the vast empire of the Pacific Northwest.

"It having been the policy of the government and the uniform course of the legislation that service pensions should be granted at the expiration of 40 years following the wars for which such pensions have been granted, it will be seen that this period has now been reached as to all the wars mentioned in the present bill. While as to some over 77 years have elapsed since the war. Most of these old survivors are in needy circumstances, while all are in old age, and, as estimated by the commissioner of pensions, the average pensionable period cannot extend beyond about seven years hence. Many of these aged men were omitted from the act pensioning survivors of Indian wars between 1832 and 1842 and for this reason the present bill is the more just, since it includes all the survivors of the recognized Indian wars prior to 1856.

"The language of the bill has the approval of the interior department."

Russian Diplomacy.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 5.—A campaign in favor of taking advantage of the present complications in South Africa to Russian ports on the Indian ocean and Mediterranean is being pushed with vigor. The newspapers openly advocate profiting by Great Britain's difficulty to realize a scheme upon which depends the ultimate prosperity of Russia and which Great Britain has always frustrated.

Rockefeller Resigns.

CHICAGO, Feb. 6.—A special to the Record from Cleveland says:

John D. Rockefeller is no longer president of the Standard Oil Co. Rockefeller resigned last December but the facts were kept a secret until now.

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5.00 P. M.	Lv.	Ogden	Lv.	5:45 A. M	
6:05 P. M.	Lv.	Denver	Lv.	7:00 A. M	
6:40 A. M.	Lv.	Omaha	Lv.	4:55 P. M	
8:15 P. M.	Lv.	Chicago	Lv.	7:45 A. M	
7.00 A. M.	Lv.	Los Angeles		1:20 P. M	
8:15 P. M.	Lv.	El Paso	Lv.	6:00 P. M	
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Corvallis Mail Daily (Except Sunday).

7:30 A. M.	Lv.	Portland	Ar.	5:50 P. M
11:55 A. M.	Ar.	Corvallis	Lv.	1:20 P. M

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Postmaster	W. A. Exater

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2nd Ward	F. W. Benson, W. R. Willis
3rd Ward	A. Fields, W. J. Lander
4th Ward	F. W. Woolley, H. C. Slocum
Recorder	D. S. West
Treasurer	Geo. Carey
Marshal	F. W. Dillard

CITY COUNCIL MEETING.

The Common Council of the city of Roseburg meets the first Monday in each month at 8 o'clock p. m.

COURT SESSIONS.

The Circuit Court for Douglas County meets three times a year as follows: The 3d Monday in March, the 4th Monday in June, and the 1st Monday in December. J. W. Hamilton of Roseburg judge, Geo. M. Brown, of Roseburg, prosecuting attorney.

County Court meets the 1st Wednesday after the 1st Monday of January, March, May, July, September and November, Jos. Lyons, of Drain, judge; M. D. Thompson of Scottsburg and Jas. Byron, of Olalla, commissioners.

Probate Court is in session continuously, Jo Lyons, judge.

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