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 Vegetable Preparation for Assisting the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of INFANTS CHILDREN
 Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.
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 The Kind You Have Always Bought
 NEW YORK
 35 DROPS - 35 CENTS
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CASTORIA
 For Infants and Children.
 The Kind You Have Always Bought
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 J. C. Watson
 The Kind You Have Always Bought
CASTORIA



Success in Poultry-Keeping.

We hear more about luck in keeping poultry than we do in any other business. Few people seem willing to admit that in this department, success depends almost entirely upon the individual, yet a little examination of the circumstances attending the good luck would readily explain the latter.

The successful poultry-keeper studies the wants of his flock. He puts himself in the place of the fowl, metaphorically speaking, and thus learns the secrets of their constitutions and dispositions.

The first thing he sees to is cleanliness. He knows how his own comfort and well-being depends upon it, and he understands that the hen that is reporting clean, can neither lay eggs nor put on flesh. For these reasons, he dusts his fowls with insect powder once a week, keeps the roosts clean and sweeps out the poultry-house daily. As dampness and cold conduce to roup, rheumatism and other ills, the poultry-house is made dry and warm. As sunlight is necessary to the health of fowls as well as of man, the poultry-house is built with a south-eastern exposure and plenty of windows so arranged that the sun will shine in for the longest time during the long winter months. Draughts over the roosting places are to be carefully guarded against, therefore the windows should be double and made tight all around so that there is no chance for the cold wind to blow in. Besides, unless the windows are double they will admit but little light on the coldest days, as they will be obscured by a covering of ice from the freezing of the moisture in the breath of the fowls. Sunshine and warmth are cheaper than medicine, and stimulate laying.

Except when the ground is covered with snow, the fowls are to be turned out every day for a short time to scratch in the sunshine. But the wintry blasts of the north wind are kept and the run should have a windbreak which will protect them from its sharp edge. Where boards are scarce, cornstalks piled against the wire netting fence to the north and west will allow the fowls to sun themselves in comfort. It is the little things of this kind which tend to health and egg production.

The temptation to overcrowd is one that besets the owner of a flock, and is sternly repressed by the successful poultry-keeper. It is much more trouble to keep one hundred birds in one flock rather than two, but it is better to be sure than sorry, and sickness means expense and worry. Only as many fowls should be kept as can be comfortably housed and cared for. Overcrowding means the loss of all profits. Each fowl should be allowed, at least, five square feet of ground room, and ten would be better.

The accommodations having been duly considered, the supplies for poultry are to be seen to. A liberal supply of sharp grit will prevent the attacks of indigestion from which so many fowls suffer. Plenty of clean, fresh water is so arranged that the birds can help themselves without fear of wetting, the water renewed daily. Charcoal is supplied by a charred corncob thrown in among the flock for the birds to peck at, or it is given them occasionally in their food.

The food given by successful poultry-keepers varies, depending largely upon what he has on hand. The general rule, however, is to give a warm breakfast in the morning. This usually consists of table scraps, meat scraps, potatoes and other vegetables cooked up and thickened with cornmeal. This mash should be fed as warm as the fowls can comfortably eat it. If the morning meal is not a very hearty one, they may be given something at noon, but generally some grain is scattered about the floor and the birds are kept scratching all day.

In the evening before going to roost, a hearty grain ration is fed to keep out the cold and promote egg production. This is most important, as self-preservation is the first law, and the elements intended for the production of warmth for shivering birds.

The above are the salient points in the winter care of poultry. To these must be added the exercise of good judgment at all times and attention to details which are apt to be regarded as too trifling to merit care. Yet it is attention to detail which makes the successful man in any branch of business.

We prefer good wheat for laying hens in preference to screenings. Care in feeding it must be exercised, however, or too much will be given.

The poultry raiser who has an inherent love for the business, takes a deeper interest in it than he who only sees the gain in dollars and cents, and is almost always more successful. A love for any work helps to make it a success.

A clean, warm, draft-proof poultry house saves feed, saves expense of poultry remedies and tonics, increases egg production and makes the business profitable. See that you have such a house and you will not complain of the poultry business, saying that it does not pay.

Where large numbers of fowls are compelled to run in a limited enclosure, it is a wise plan to use air-slacked lime liberally. It scattered late in the evening after the birds have gone to roost it will greatly counteract the decomposing matter which is so deleterious to the health of the fowls.

Turkeys dry pickled best and command better prices than scalded lots; the appearance is more attractive. Ducks and geese should be scalded in water as near the boiling point as possible, and it requires more time for the water to penetrate the feathers than those of other fowls. Leave the feathers on the head, and for two or three inches on the neck. Do not singe the bodies, as the heat will give them an oily and unattractive appearance. After picking, hold in scalding water a few seconds, for the plumping, then rinse with cold water.

Poultry Points.
 Table scraps go far in producing a big crop of eggs.
 Close quarters, warm and well lighted are now needed if the flock is expected to pay for their keep during the winter season.
 Clean, pleasant and suitable quarters with proper food, have much to do in determining the flavor and quality of both egg and flesh.
 How to keep hens laying right along, all that is needed is warm and clean quarters, a variety as well as proper food and pure water.
 Scratching pens, with plenty of litter-wheat or good screenings scattered in it, are one of the necessities to successful poultry raising.
 It pays to feed young fowls liberally. Young poultry, like calves, colts, etc., once stunted never regain their vigor, no matter how well fed.
 Foul water should not be allowed around your pens at any time of year. Give them water with the chill taken off during the cold weather.
 Don't trust the bird man or boy to look after the chickens. They will neglect them. If you want the poultry attended to properly do it yourself.
 If your chickens are kept in pens throw in all the vegetables and garden truck you can spare. It is a profitable way in which to use all such refuse.
 One advantage in keeping thoroughbred poultry on the farm is that in a majority of cases it tends to induce the supplying of better quarters and better care.
 Every failure, every mistake need not be very discouraging to the poultryman. He learns from these where he has made mistakes, and should profit by them.
 Poultry and eggs vary greatly in palatableness and flavor. Food has a great influence on both, which makes it necessary to use judgment in what you feed your birds.
 One of the best ways of using the refuse and parings from vegetables is to cook them thoroughly and then add sufficient wheat bran to make the quantity desired to feed.
 A supply of bone meal is an absolute necessity, in some form, to fowls confined in small yards; and, therefore, unable to provide for themselves as when at liberty.
 Sulphur can be used to a good advantage, yet care must be taken not to feed to much at any one time, as in damp weather it may cause leg weakness and rheumatism.
 Do not let the chickens roost on small roosts while they are young. If they do before their breast become firm and hardened, they will be sure to have crooked breast bones.
 Experience is a great school in poultry raising, and the mistakes are guide posts to keep everyone in line. Get all the experience you can and avoid making the same mistake twice.
 As a usual thing, scalded chickens sell best on the home market, while dry picked are best for shipping. Dry picking must be done while the bodies are warm, to do with the greatest ease.
 If hens stop laying at this season of the year, as is often the case, a change of feed for a few days will often start them again. Always and with all kinds of hens, variety in feed brings the best results.
 It is reported that a young college man of Massachusetts failing in health engaged in fancy poultry raising for outdoor recreation. In a few years he owned a number of poultry farms and had an income of \$10,000 a year.
 If the fowls are confined do not fail to give them a supply of grass or other green stuff. They will appreciate it if fresh every morning. If you have never tried it, you will be surprised at the amount fifty hens will eat in a day.
 Always have your products, whether it be eggs or fowls, in an attractive shape when you take to market. It is the attractive goods that command the best prices. Be sure there are no stains on the eggs when you take them to market.
 The success of many a man in the poultry business, both commercially and from a fancier's standpoint in show records, is due to women, who get no credit. They have been the power behind the throne many a time when men have received the honors.
 Edward Atkinson says that the product of the hen is greater in value than the product of the iron furnace; is about twice the value of the wool product, and three or four times the value of our output of silver. While the mines of silver own our senators, he asks who crowns for the American hen in the halls of congress?
 Do not expect eggs during the winter unless your hens are in a bright, healthy condition and do not expect to keep them in plenty condition without giving them healthy of good, wholesome food, and of such a kind as will produce eggs. Systematic feeding of poultry is as necessary as systematic feeding of other kinds of stock.
 It is estimated that seven-tenths of the fancy poultry breeders are residents of some city or village. Farmers are not dispersed as a general thing, to go into the fancy. The city lot gives a fair opportunity to those who have a liking for the business to engage in it, sometimes a good profit being realized on the money invested and the time devoted it.
 Any poultry yard in which fifty or more birds are kept should be provided with a place for sick fowls where they can be separated from the others as soon as the first symptoms of disease appear. This place should be warm and dry, and you will then stand a good show to save the sick bird as well as keeping the others in a healthy state. This is one of essentials of the poultry yard which should not be neglected.
 At this season of the year the market poultryman begins to plan for the hatching of early chicks, since there are so many good incubators on the market, it is an easy matter to have chicks hatched early and put on the market when they command a good price. If you expect to use an incubator this year and have never had any experience with one you should get it as soon as possible and make a trial hatch, so as to learn the best manner in which to run the machine before filling it entirely full.

CHRONIC MALARIA
 In the result of repeated acute attacks. The liver and spleen are principally affected. They act as storehouses for the malarial poison and the blood takes it from them. The poison must be driven out of the system. HUDYAN will destroy the action of the poison and eventually drive out the last particle of it from the system. In addition to this, HUDYAN will restore the lost appetite. It will build up the weakened system. HUDYAN will make new blood and new flesh. The pains in the bones will disappear. HUDYAN has cured others and it will cure you. We describe the symptoms. Study them carefully. They are yours. Do not delay longer, but take HUDYAN now and you will be cured.
HERE ARE YOUR SYMPTOMS:
 1. CONSTANT HEADACHE AND TROUBLED BRAIN. Take HUDYAN and your headache will disappear.
 2. PALE OR YELLOWISH COMPLEXION. HUDYAN will establish a free circulation of pure blood and cause the cheeks to assume their natural color.
 3. LOSS OF APPETITE AND SLOWING IN THE STOMACH. HUDYAN will restore the appetite and the digestion of food will become perfect.
 4. FEELING OF WEIGHT OVER THE LIVER. This is due to the enlargement of the liver. HUDYAN will drive out the poison and cause the liver to assume its natural size.
 5. HEAVINESS IN THE REGION OF THE SPLEEN. The spleen becomes greatly enlarged. HUDYAN will lessen the congestion and cause the heaviness to disappear.
 You are suffering from Chronic Malaria and you can be cured. HUDYAN will relieve your every symptom and make you well. HUDYAN can be obtained of all druggists for 50c per bottle and 4 packages for \$2.00. If your druggist does not keep it, send direct to the HUDYAN REMEDY CO., 100 N. W. 1st St., San Francisco, California. Remember that you can consult the HUDYAN DOCTORS FREE. Call and see the doctors. You may call and see them, or write, as you desire. Address HUDYAN REMEDY COMPANY. Cor. Stockton, Market and Ellis Sts., San Francisco, Cal.

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Fish and Game in Season,
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STATE OF OREGON,
 EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.
 SALEM, November 21, 1899.
 In accordance with the provisions of an act entitled "An act submitting to the electors of the State of Oregon at the general election to be held on the first Monday in June, 1900, the pending proposed constitutional amendments," approved February 18, 1899, I, T. T. GEER, Governor of the State of Oregon, do hereby cause the following proposed amendments to the constitution of the State of Oregon, as certified by the Secretary of State, to be published for five consecutive weeks in "The Roseburg Plaindealer," a newspaper published in the Second Judicial District of the State of Oregon.
 Done at the Capitol, at Salem, Oregon, this twenty-first day of November, A. D. 1899.
 T. T. GEER, Governor.
 By the Governor: F. I. DUNBAR, Secretary of State.

its inhabitants, is hereby declared to be a public use and subject to the regulation and control of the State.
 "Section 2. The right to appropriate the unappropriated waters of any natural stream to beneficial uses shall never be denied.
 "Section 3. The use of all waters now appropriated for sale, rental or distribution, also of all waters originally appropriated for private use, but which, after such appropriation, has heretofore been or may hereafter be sold, rented or distributed, is hereby declared to be a public use and subject to the regulation and control of the State in the manner prescribed by law. But the right to use and appropriate such waters shall be subject to such provisions of law for the taking of private property for public or private use as provided in Section 18, Article 1, of the Constitution of the State of Oregon.
 "Section 4. The right to collect taxes or compensation for the use of water supplied to any county, city, town or water district or inhabitants thereof, is a franchise, and cannot be exercised except by authority of and in a manner prescribed by law.
 "Adopted by the House Feb. 15, 1893. (Signed March 7, 1893.)
 W. P. KEADY, Speaker of the House.
 "Adopted by the Senate Feb. 17, 1893 (Signed March 28, 1893.)
 C. W. FULTON, President of the Senate.
 "Adopted by the House Feb. 6, 1895.
 CHAS. B. MOORES, Speaker of the House.
 "Concurred in by the Senate Feb. 13, 1895.
 JOSEPH SIMON, President of the Senate.
 HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 2.
 Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Oregon by repealing Section 35 of Article 1.
 "Resolved by the Senate, the Senate concurring: That Section 35, of Article 1 of the Constitution be and hereby is repealed.
 "Adopted by the House Jan. 11, 1893.
 W. P. KEADY, Speaker of the House.
 "Concurred in by the Senate Jan. 30, 1893.
 C. W. FULTON, President of the Senate.
 "Adopted by the House Jan. 30, 1895.
 CHAS. B. MOORES, Speaker of the House.
 "Concurred in by the Senate Feb. 12, 1895.
 JOSEPH SIMON, President of the Senate.
 SENATE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 13.
 Be it resolved by the Senate, the House concurring: That the following amendment to the constitution of the State of Oregon, in lieu of Section Ten of Article Seven (7) be and the same is hereby proposed, to wit:
 "The Legislative Assembly may provide for the election of Supreme and Circuit Judges in distinct classes, one of which classes shall consist of five Justices of the Supreme Court, who shall not perform circuit duty; and the other class shall consist of as many Circuit Judges as may be deemed necessary, who shall hold full terms without allotment, and who shall take the same oath as the Supreme Judges.
 "The Legislative Assembly may create as many Circles as may be necessary.
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 CHAS. B. MOORES, Speaker of the House.
 HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTION NO. 10.
 Resolved by the House, the Senate concurring: That the following amendment to the Constitution of the State of Oregon be and hereby is proposed:
 "That the Constitution be amended by adding Article 10 as follows, to-wit:
 ARTICLE X.
 "Section 1. The necessary use of lands for the construction of reservoirs or storage basins for the purpose of irrigation or for rights of way for the construction of canals, ditches, flumes or pipes to convey water to the place of use for any useful, beneficial, or necessary purpose, or for drainage, or for drainage of mines or for the workings thereof, by means of roads, railroads, tramways, cuts, tunnels, shafts, hoisting works, dunnop or other necessary means to their complete development or any other use necessary to the complete development of the natural resources of the State or preservation of the health of

its inhabitants, is hereby declared to be a public use and subject to the regulation and control of the State.
 "Section 2. The right to appropriate the unappropriated waters of any natural stream to beneficial uses shall never be denied.
 "Section 3. The use of all waters now appropriated for sale, rental or distribution, also of all waters originally appropriated for private use, but which, after such appropriation, has heretofore been or may hereafter be sold, rented or distributed, is hereby declared to be a public use and subject to the regulation and control of the State in the manner prescribed by law. But the right to use and appropriate such waters shall be subject to such provisions of law for the taking of private property for public or private use as provided in Section 18, Article 1, of the Constitution of the State of Oregon.
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 For further information apply to
 J. F. GIVANS, Agt., Roseburg, Oregon.
 C. O. Terry, W. E. Coman, Trav. Pass. Agt., Gen. Agt., 124 Third St., Portland, Ore.
Notice.
 UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, ROSEBURG, OREGON, NOV. 28, 1899.
 Notice is hereby given that the Oregon & California Railroad Company has filed in this office a list of lands situated in the counties of Deschutes, Wheeler, and Crook, Oregon, and has applied for a patent for said lands, that the list is open to the public for inspection and a copy thereof by descriptive subdivisions, has been posted in a convenient place in this office for the inspection of all persons interested and to the public generally: South of base line and East of Willamette Meridian.
 T. 24, R. 1, W. 1/2 SW 1/4, Sec. 21, South of base line and West of Willamette Meridian, Part of N. 1/2 Sec. 3; part of W. 1/2 Sec. 21, T. 24, R. 1, W. 1/2 SW 1/4, Sec. 21, N. 1/2 SW 1/4, Sec. 2 and S. 1/2 SW 1/4, Sec. 33, N. 1/2 SW 1/4, Sec. 3 T. 27, R. 2, W. 1/2 SW 1/4, Sec. 21.
 Within the next sixty days following the date of this notice, protests or objections against the claim of the Company to any tract or subdivision of this or any other part of section, described in the list, on the ground that the same is more valuable for mineral than for agricultural purposes, will be received and noted for report to the General Land Office at Washington, D. C.
 J. T. BRIDGES, Register.
 J. H. BOOTH, Receiver.
 (222110)

OREGON & N. CO.
 DEPART LBS ARRIVE

Fast Mail	Salt Lake, Denver, P. Ore. City, St. Louis, Chicago & East.	6:45 p.m.
Spokane Flyer	Walla Walla, Lewiston, Spokane, Missoula, St. Paul, Duluth, Milwaukee, Chicago and East.	8 a.m.
8 p.m.	OCEAN STEAMSHIP	4 p.m.
Daily Express	COLUMBIA RIVER STEAMERS To Astoria and Way-Landings.	4:30 p.m.
7 a.m. Tues. Thurs. and Sat.	WILLAMETTE RIVER Oregon City, Newberg, Salem & Way-Landings.	8:30 a.m.
6 a.m. Tues. Thurs. and Sat.	WILLAMETTE RIVER Portland to Corvallis and Way-Landings.	10:30 a.m.
Leave Riparia Daily	SNAKE RIVER Riparia to Lewiston	8:30 a.m.

J. F. Givans, W. H. Hurlburt.
 Agent, Roseburg, Ore. Gen. Pass. Agt., Portland, Ore.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON, for Douglas county.
 Nora Helm, Plaintiff, vs. Fletcher Helm, Defendant. A divorce.
 To Fletcher Helm, the above named defendant: In the name of the State of Oregon, you are hereby notified to appear and answer the complaint filed against you, and to file your answer on or before the first day of the next regular term of the above entitled court to-wit: Monday March, 6th, 1900, and if you fail to appear or answer said complaint, within said time, your default will be taken and judgment rendered against you as prayed for in the petition filed in support of said complaint as follows:
 For a decree of divorce dissolving the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, and to grant either party as to the court may appear equitable.
 This summons is published by order of Hon. J. W. Hamilton, Judge of said court, which order is dated January 6, 1900, and the time prescribed for the answer to this summons is the first day of the next regular term of said court, and the day of the first publication of this summons is January 8, 1900.
 F. W. BENSON, Attorney for Plaintiff.
Notice of Appointment of Executor.
 Notice is hereby given that the undersigned has on the 14th day of November, 1899, duly appointed executor of the last will and testament of George T. Russell, deceased, the said executor, to-wit: Francis L. Russell, and hereby required to present the same verified, to said court, at the County Court of Douglas County, Oregon, within 15 months from the date of said appointment.
 Dated this 15th day of November, 1899.
 FRANCIS L. RUSSELL, Executor.

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 J. F. GIVANS, Agt., Roseburg, Oregon.
 C. O. Terry, W. E. Coman, Trav. Pass. Agt., Gen. Agt., 124 Third St., Portland, Ore.
Notice.
 UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE, ROSEBURG, OREGON, NOV. 28, 1899.
 Notice is hereby given that the Oregon & California Railroad Company has filed in this office a list of lands situated in the counties of Deschutes, Wheeler, and Crook, Oregon, and has applied for a patent for said lands, that the list is open to the public for inspection and a copy thereof by descriptive subdivisions, has been posted in a convenient place in this office for the inspection of all persons interested and to the public generally: South of base line and East of Willamette Meridian.
 T. 24, R. 1, W. 1/2 SW 1/4, Sec. 21, South of base line and West of Willamette Meridian, Part of N. 1/2 Sec. 3; part of W. 1/2 Sec. 21, T. 24, R. 1, W. 1/2 SW 1/4, Sec. 21, N. 1/2 SW 1/4, Sec. 2 and S. 1/2 SW 1/4, Sec. 33, N. 1/2 SW 1/4, Sec. 3 T. 27, R. 2, W. 1/2 SW 1/4, Sec. 21.
 Within the next sixty days following the date of this notice, protests or objections against the claim of the Company to any tract or subdivision of this or any other part of section, described in the list, on the ground that the same is more valuable for mineral than for agricultural purposes, will be received and noted for report to the General Land Office at Washington, D. C.
 J. T. BRIDGES, Register.
 J. H. BOOTH, Receiver.
 (222110)

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IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF OREGON, for Douglas county.
 Nora Helm, Plaintiff, vs. Fletcher Helm, Defendant. A divorce.
 To Fletcher Helm, the above named defendant: In the name of the State of Oregon, you are hereby notified to appear and answer the complaint filed against you, and to file your answer on or before the first day of the next regular term of the above entitled court to-wit: Monday March, 6th, 1900, and if you fail to appear or answer said complaint, within said time, your default will be taken and judgment rendered against you as prayed for in the petition filed in support of said complaint as follows:
 For a decree of divorce dissolving the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, and to grant either party as to the court may appear equitable.
 This summons is published by order of Hon. J. W. Hamilton, Judge of said court, which order is dated January 6, 1900, and the time prescribed for the answer to this summons is the first day of the next regular term of said court, and the day of the first publication of this summons is January 8, 1900.
 F. W. BENSON, Attorney for Plaintiff.
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 Dated this 15th day of November, 1899.
 FRANCIS L. RUSSELL, Executor.

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 Dated this 15th day of November, 1899.
 FRANCIS L. RUSSELL, Executor.