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E. D. STRATFORD ..... Editor.
C. Y. BENJAMIN, ... Manager.

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AUGUST 18, 1898.

TO OUR SUBSCRIBERS

We are now making an effort to collect our outstanding accounts for subscriptions.

We will, within the next ten days send out to each person who owes for one years subscription or more, a statement of their accounts as the same is shown by our books.

We hope that every one receiving one of these statements will give the matter prompt attention and send us all or part of the amount due. If you have occasion to believe that the account is not correct, please communicate with us at once in order that we may make the proper investigation and correction.

We shall continue to give our readers a good paper at a reasonable price, but in order to do so we will be compelled, on account of the increased cost of material, to collect more closely in the future, than we have in the past.

No one would think it strange if a farmer or merchant, who had accounts due from 2000 people, should try to collect them. Neither should it be considered strange that a newspaper should do the same.

The soldiers who didn't get away may live to fight another day.

The race may not always be to the swift, but the loafer will never get beyond the quarter-post.

When a man meets his wife down town he begins to figure where the money is to come from to pay the bill.

The United States of America, Europe, Asia, Africa and Oceania will soon be in a position to produce all the tea, coffee she needs on her own territory.

Fame is very unfair in distributing her rewards. Lieutenant Hobson, who sank the Merrimac is being banqueted by the public and kissed and flattered by the pretty girls at a great rate, but who can tell the name of one of the eight common sailors who was with Hobson on the Merrimac.

Binger Hermann is coming home for a season, perhaps to look out for his chances for the senatorship of Oregon. Binger is all right. He made a good congressman, working faithfully for Oregon, and he would do as well were he senator. Mitchell or Hermann? Give us Hermann first, last and all the time instead.—Rogue River Courier.

Roseburg ought to have a chamber of commerce, board of trade, committee on manufactures or some other kind of an organization which would look after the interests of the city. This coast country is entering on a new era of prosperity, and if Roseburg does not reap her share of the benefits it will be because our people neglect to take advantage of the opportunities.

The people of Oregon ought to be happy and they are. The war is over and the boys will soon be home. The wheat crop which is being saved in good condition is one of the largest and best ever grown. The hay crop is large and is bringing a good price. There is no end to the fruit of all kinds. The surplus stock has been sold at big prices. Money is plenty, times are good and becoming better. The merchants have had the best trade this summer they have had for years. Every man woman and child in the state who wanted to go, has had an outing either in the mountains or on the sea shore. Even the populists have quit grumbling. Why shouldn't every body be happy?

It's a little exasperating now-a-days, when there is an abundance of work in the harvest field, to have a big, burly fellow step up and ask if "you will please help a poor man to get a meal." There is plenty of work where able bodied men can earn a living if they will but get out and rustle, and there is no excuse for begging. It is not charity to feed these loafers when they can get an opportunity to earn a living.—Eugene Guard (Democrat).

This does not agree with the experience of the editor of the Roseburg Review, who is continually telling us that times are becoming harder and money scarcer. That the price of wheat will not pay for threshing. That there is no work for the idle, and no money with which to pay them if they did work.

The pay of school teachers in Oregon is far below the average for the United States, and the pay in Douglas county is far below the average for the state which puts the county at about the lowest point on the list. The monthly average for the state, according to a circular recently issued by the state school department, is $42.95 for males, and $33.75 for females. The monthly average for Douglas county according to the last report is $35 for males and $27 for females. The average for the United States for males is $47.37, and for females, $40.24. Massachusetts pays the highest. $136.03 for males, and South Carolina the lowest, $23.44. The District of Columbia pays the highest, $69, to females, and North Carolina the lowest, $21.40. Averages on the Pacific coast are: California, males, $80.19; females, $65.42; Idaho, males, $58.52; females, $40.31; Washington, males, $41.56; females, $38.14.

A Kansas man has named his girl baby Philippina Manila Schleyetta Dewetta Grimes. The name is meant to take the place of clothes in Kansas. The baby is supposed to wrap the draperies of that name around her and lie down to pleasant dreams, while between times growing up to womanhood, when that part of the body not covered by the name can be clothed with insidenly blushes.—Ex.

When the legislature shall have convened and a United States senator shall be elected to succeed Mr. Mitchell, he will probably be Hon. Binger Hermann. This we believe will be a loss to the nation, for Mr. Hermann is now in the position he should retain during the present administration, and to take him out of the land department at Washington and place him in the senate, while it might be beneficial to Oregon (for Hermann was the best representative the state ever had in congress) would deprive the nation of a most competent and efficient commissioner of the general land office.—Times-Mountaineer.

BOLTS FUSION DEAL.

WICHITA, Aug. 12.—Fred Bentley, a well known lawyer and democrat, has declared against fusion in Kansas and gives the following reasons for his action:

"As a democrat, I believe the straight populist ticket should be beaten until their organization is destroyed, and every one of that party who believes in the principles of Hamilton becomes a republican, and everyone who believes in the principles of Jefferson becomes a democrat. I was in the first fusion with the populists. We fused with them for the purpose of leading them into the democratic party. They didn't lead. We find ourselves corraled in their pasture with their political trocha around us after ten years—voting at our primaries, running our conventions, leading us. To defeat them is to cut their fences, ruin their separate organization. If we don't they will ruin ours."

Dewey Was Merciful.

LONDON, Aug. 17.—The Manila correspondent of the Daily Telegraph, telegraphing Saturday, says:

"Nothing could be more humane than the American capture of the town. General Merritt and Admiral Dewey's plan was to spare every object but the armed defenses and the trenches. Apparently the American losses were extremely small. The Spanish entrenchments varied in point of distance from two to four miles from the center of Old Manila.

"Defending this long line of at least 10 miles were not over and probably under 5000 Spanish regular troops, volunteers and natives. About half that number were in the hospital. The attacking force numbered from 10,000 to 20,000 natives, and 10,000 Americans on shore, and the fleet. In every respect, the advantage was on the side of the attack. The American field guns threw heavier metal and had longer range than the Spanish; the markemanship of the United States gunners was much superior to that of the Spaniards, and the men were stronger and in better condition.

"The Spaniards are a small race compared with their stalwart opponents, and, worn out by a hundred days' siege and disappointed at the nonarrival of the promised Spanish relief squadron, they had lost heart. It was a hopeless struggle.

"Looking over the bay, it was curious to notice the foreign fleets arrange themselves according to their sympathies. The English and Japanese were near the Americans, and the Germans and French on the opposite sides of the Bay north of the Pasig river. The British cruiser Immortalite and her consorts kept fairly near the American line. The attacking squadron formed in line between Malate and Old Manila, with the Concord watching the forts at the mouth of the Pasig. The American fleet lay outside the breakwater.

"The Olympia fired the first shot at 9:40, and a fairly continuous, but by no means furious cannonade was kept up until 11:20. By that time Malate fort was silenced, and the American troops then stormed the entrenchments. The Spaniards who were in the earthworks tell that the quick-firing guns of the little gun-boat Rapido, which lay close to the shore, were far more terrible in their effect than was the raking fire of the ships.

"Resistance to the American attack was impossible. The first Colorado regiment was the earliest to charge the Spaniards, who retired to the second line, but soon, outnumbered, they were forced into the old city. A part of Malate suffered seriously from the bombardment. The vaunted intramual defenses were not tried.

"The Spanish commander, convinced that further resistance was hopeless, hoisted a white flag at 11:30, and the order to cease firing was immediately issued in the center of the town, but in the outskirts street fighting continued for some time afterward between the rebels and Spaniards.

"The only fear felt in the city is in regard to the conduct of the insurgents. As I write this in the house of the German consul a brisk fusilade is going on between the combatants, and musketry fire is rattling all around."

NEW YORK, Aug. 17.—A special from Manila, August 13, via Hong Kong, to the Journal says:

Five American soldiers were killed and about 45 wounded in the capture of Manila this afternoon. The Stars and Stripes were raised over the city at 5 o'clock in the afternoon.

MANILA TAKEN

American Troops and Dewey's Guns Sweep All Before Them.

SEVEN THOUSAND SPANISH PRISONERS TAKEN

Merrit's Losses Eight Killed and Fifty Wounded. Foreign Fleets Watched the Fight.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 17.—The government received the following direct information today of the surrender of Manila, after a combined land and sea bombardment last Saturday. It came in dispatches from Dewey, brought from Manila to Hong Kong in the dispatch-boat Zafiro. The admiral sent two dispatches, the first one briefly reciting the essential facts as follows:

MANILA, Aug. 13.—Manila surrendered today to the American land and naval forces, after a combined attack. A division of the squadron shelled the forts and intrenchments at Malate on the south side of the city, driving back the enemy. Our army advanced from that side at the same time. The city surrendered about 5 o'clock. The American flag was hoisted by Lieutenant Brumby. About 7000 prisoners were taken. The squadron had no casualties, and none of the vessels were injured. On August 7 Merritt and I formally demanded the surrender of the city, which the Spanish governor-general refused.

DEWEY.

The second dispatch from the admiral had not been deciphered up to noon. They both were received early in the day, and after the first one had been translated it was laid before the president. While it bore out the news already brought by the press dispatches, yet it established the additional point that some 7000 prisoners of war were now held by the American commander, and that no casualties in the navy or damage to the ships had occurred.

SUSRENDER OF MANILA.

Several Accounts of the Bombardment and Assault.

HONG KONG, Aug. 16.—Advices from Manila state that Admiral Dewey gave General Augustin an hour in which to surrender, at the time of the last demand made on Sunday. General Augustin refused to comply. The bombardment, which began at 9:30 A. M., was continued for two hours, and then the Americans stormed the trenches, sweeping all before them.

Those within the walls attempted no resistance. The First Colorado volunteers stormed the outer trenches, and drove the Spaniards into the second line of defenses. Then the American troops swept on, driving all the Spaniards into the inner fortifications, where the Spanish commander, seeing that further resistance was useless, hoisted the white flag and surrendered. The losses, American and Spanish, are not known yet. The Spanish in the trenches probably numbered 3000 men. The American attacking forces numbered 10,000, and the Americans were better armed, better trained and in better condition.

The foreign fleets watched the bombardment with acute interest. The American warships engaged were the Olympia, Petrel, Raleigh, McCulloch, Boston, Monterey, Charleston and Baltimore. The Spanish assert that the fire of the Americans, for the most part, fell short, the only effective fire being from a small gunboat armed with quick-firing guns that was close inshore. It is asserted by the Spanish that the "Americans lost heavily in the storming, owing to faulty construction of their entrenchments, which the Spanish could command from the heights, and upon which they poured a galling fire."

The Spanish trenches extended around Manila at a distance of from two to four miles from the walled city, forming a circle 10 miles in circumference, and it was impossible, the Spaniards say, to hold so long a line against the American attack.

Admiral Dewey and General Merritt, it is reported, had issued orders to spare all except armed defences of the city, and consequently the town is understood to have been but little damaged. Some street fighting between the insurgents and the Spaniards occurred on the outskirts, but order prevailed within the walled section.

The American version of the battle is not yet obtainable. General Augustin, formerly captain-general of the Philippines, will start for Madrid tomorrow by the German mail steamer.

Consul-General Wildman today received a report from Admiral Dewey saying it was intended after the capture of Manila to dispatch cruisers on August 11 to Iloilo and Cuba to accept surrender of the ports, and also to send cruisers to Port Royal, in Palawan, to capture Spanish gunboats hiding there.

Another ship was detailed to capture the Spanish steamers plying between La Baun and Iloilo. Four Spanish gunboats at LaBaun, in Panc, were also to be captured. Consul Wildman credits the report, and says should the vessels have left before the arrival at Manila of the British ship Australia, which was chartered to carry the news of the signing of the protocol and the cessation of hostilities to that place, it will also be an impossibility to recall the vessel in three weeks.

General Augustin said today he did not know that the Kaiserin Augusta was to sail for Hong Kong. He was informed that a launch was awaiting him, which he boarded, and was taken to the Kaiserin Augusta, which immediately started for this place.

This statement is considered an equivocation, as General Augustin evidently knew his destination, and his escape was prearranged.

Yesterday a deputation of Hong Kong Filipinos, headed by Agoncillo, high commissioner and ambassador of the Philippines provisional government, waited upon Consul General Wildman and congratulated him, on behalf of Aguinaldo, upon the splendid success of the American arms in the Philippines and the happy termination of the war in favor of America, and requested Mr. Wildman to wire President McKinley their congratulations and assurances of their allegiance, and an expression of their hope that the Filipinos will be represented on the Philippine commission. Agoncillo on behalf of the Filipinos, expressed the desire that Consul General Wildman be appointed on the commission.

BY PREARRANGED PLANS.

Attitude of the Germans Causing Considerable Feeling in Hong Kong.

LONDON, Aug. 17.—The Hong Kong correspondent of the Times, commenting on the reticence of the officers and crew of the Kaiserin Augusta, says:

"The curious attitude of the Germans has provoked a deal of feeling here, and some suspicion as to the real object of their secretiveness. The practice hitherto has been for cruisers leaving Manila of whatever nationality, to bring the mails of every nationality represented at Manila. The Kaiserin Augusta, brought only German mail.

"No consistent story of the fight has arrived, but it appears that on Saturday morning the Spaniards refused to surrender. At 10 o'clock Admiral Dewey took the squadron over from Cavite to the front of the city. At the same time the American troops advanced to attack the Spanish trenches at Malate. A fierce struggle ensued, lasting over two hours. The ships reduced the forts, while the troops carried the trenches, and forced the Spanish back into the walled city, where the Spanish surrendered. Governor-General Augustin and his family, by pre-arranged plans, were taken on board the German cruiser, which steamed at a speed of 17 knots to Hong Kong. It is supposed that the land forces of both sides suffered heavily.

"An American cruiser with dispatches is expected tomorrow."

Marvelous Effects

System Broken Down and Hope Almost Abandoned—Health Restored by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"For fifteen years I have suffered with catarrh and indigestion and my whole system was broken down. I had almost abandoned any hope of recovery. I purchased six bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and its effects have been marvelous. It has made me feel like a new man. I am able to sleep well, have a good appetite, and I have gained several pounds in weight." JAMES WILDER, Oroville, Wash.

"I had a scrofula swelling on one side of my neck and ulcerated sores in my nostrils, caused by catarrh. I also had small, itching sores on my limbs. I bought three bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and began taking it and the sores soon healed. My blood is purified, and the scrofula has disappeared." O. D. MCMANUS, Mission, Washington.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills cure nausea, indigestion, biliousness. 25 cents.

SOMETHING NEW!
NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!
EVERYTHING NEW!

The People's Store

I. ABRAHAM, Prop'r.

A complete line of

Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots & Shoes,

Furnishing Goods, Hats, Caps, Capes, Jackets, and a fine line of Millinery Goods.

Everything New, purchased for Cash direct from Eastern manufacturers, especially for the Fall Trade. Call and examine Goods and Prices.

Weather Report

For the week ending August 17, 1898.
Maximum temperature, 87, on the 13th
Minimum temperature, 52, on the 17th
Precipitation, 0.
Average precipitation for this month for 21 years, 0.26.
Total precipitation from Sept. 1, 1897, to date, 28.37.
Average precipitation from Sept 1, 34.99
Total deficiency from Sept. 1, 1897, 6.62
Average precipitation for 21 wet seasons, Sept. to May, inclusive, 33.23.

THOS. GIBSON, Observer.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props. Toledo, O.

We the undersigned have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surface of the system. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

Fifty Men Wanted

To cut railroad wood. Good timber, and a long job. For further particulars call, or address, Geo. W. Riddle, Riddle Oregon, or Mouth of Doe Creek, Oregon.

GEO. W. RIDDLE.

Riddle Oregon, Aug., 8, 1898.

Ranch for Sale.

For sale or rent, 320 acre stock ranch. For particulars address F. T. CREWS, Ophir, Oregon.

For Sale.

One thoroughbred short-horn bull, six years old. Address me at Wilbur Oregon, or call at my place at Garden Valley.

E. E. LABRE.

Notice For Publication.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
Roseburg, Oregon, August 15, 1898.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory," as extended to all the Public Land States by act of August 4, 1892,

LULU D. COLLINS,

of Oakland, county of Douglas, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office her sworn statement No. 66, for the purchase of the SE¼ of Section No. 8, in Township No. 25, Range No. 6, W. W. M., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish her claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Roseburg, Oregon, on Tuesday, the 25th day of October, 1898. She names as witnesses: E. W. Madaus, T. G. Ruth, T. R. Howard, Reuben S. Smith, of Oakland, Oregon. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 25th day of October, 1898.

J. T. BRIDGES,
Register.

a1849

Notice For Publication.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
Roseburg, Oregon, August 10, 1898.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the Register and Receiver, United States Land Office, at Roseburg, Oregon, on September 23, 1898, viz:

WILLIAM W. DYSERT,

on Homestead Entry No. 6188, for the S½ NW¼, Sec. 23, Tp 27 S. R 7 West. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: John Hilbrant, of Looking Glass, Oregon; William Morrow, David Dysert, Ulysses Flournoy of Wardton, Oregon.

J. T. BRIDGES,
Register.

A1816

Notice of Final Settlement

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, the administrator of the estate of Mary A. Flournoy, deceased, has filed in the County Court of Douglas County, Oregon, his final account of the administration of said estate, and that the 5th day of September, 1898, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, and at the Court House in Roseburg, Oregon, is the time and place has been fixed by the County Court of Douglas County, Oregon, for hearing and passing on said final account, and for the hearing of any objections that may be made to said final account.

Dated this 12th day of July, 1898.

LEONARD BURKS,
Administrator of the estate of Mary A. Flournoy, deceased.

Notice For Publication.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
Roseburg, Oregon, August 11, 1898.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the states of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory,"

JACOB J. DUBS

of Eugene, County of Lane, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office his sworn statement No. 065, for the purchase of the NW¼ of Section No. 2, in Township No. 23 S., Range No. 3 W., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish his claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Roseburg, Oregon, on Wednesday, the 26th day of October, 1898.

He names as witnesses: Lexi F. Revere of Eugene, Or., Joseph Copla of Eugene, Or., Charles Stearns of Oakland, Or., John Flower of Oakland, Or. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 26th day of October, 1898.

J. T. BRIDGES,
Register

a1110

The Doctors That CURE

ARE COMING TO

ROSEBURG.

A PART OF THE STAFF OF THE

ENGLISH AND GERMAN EXPERT SPECIALISTS,

The Doctors who cure Catarrh, Consumption, and all Chronic Disease, and

DR. MEYERS

The famous specialist for Diseases and Weakness of Men, will again be in this city on their regular monthly visit, and can be

CONSULTED FREE OF CHARGE

AT THE **McCLALLEN HOUSE,**

Monday and Tuesday, August 22nd and 23rd

Staff of the English and German Specialists

Incorporated under the Laws of California for $250,000. Established Twenty-five Years.

"The staff of the English and German Expert Specialists is composed of rare specialists and noted doctors, each a physician who has had many years experience of course all women to chronic diseases.

During the past quarter of a century the success of this most worthy and popular institution has been phenomenal. Diseases which have baffled the skill of other physicians and stubbornly refused to yield to ordinary medicines, methods and appliances are quickly subdued and mastered by the English and German Expert Specialists. They have the largest and best equipped medical institution in America. The English and German Expert Specialists are not only competent and reliable but are responsible, being backed by ample capital and duly incorporated.

HOME CURES. While it is preferable in most instances to see a patient, the English and German Expert Specialists have cured thousands of persons whom they have never seen. If you cannot see the doctors write the home office for a question list and free advice in regard to your ailment.

Call on the Doctors when they come. An opinion is given free by the English and German Expert Specialists. A friendly talk, which costs absolutely nothing, frequently results in a great deal of good, whether treatment is taken or not.

CONSULTATION FREE.

THE ENGLISH AND GERMAN EXPERT SPECIALISTS

A staff of the Most Eminent Physicians and Surgeons in the World

731 Market St., San Francisco, and 218 S. Broadway, Los Angeles.

Whiskers Amputated With or Without Pain.

WM. BURNS.

Work Guaranteed. Opposite the Depot.

Hudson Mills & Lumber Co.

Have opened a New Lumber Yard on the ground formerly occupied by The Marks Warehouse, at the foot of Oak Street,

WILL CARRY A FULL STOCK OF

FIRST-CLASS LUMBER.

We are prepared to give you Better Lumber and Lower Prices than any lumber dealer in the city.

We kindly invite you to call and see our Lumber and Prices.

ROSEBURG, OR. PERKINS & BLEDSOE

SOUTHERN OREGON STATE NORMAL SCHOOL

ASHLAND, OREGON.

Located in that part of Oregon which is noted for fine climate, good health, excellent water and large peaches.

This school has a regular normal course of four years. Other lines of study are: normal, college preparatory, music and art courses, special studies, teachers review classes.

The normal department practice teaching throughout the year under the direct supervision of a thoroughly trained teacher.

The training school is graded. Grades accepted from good schools. The regular normal school diploma is granted, good everywhere in the state without further examination.

Expenses: All expenses for school year $125, not including books $10. Next school year opens Sept. 5. For catalogue or information address, W. J. VANSCOY, President.

DRAIN, SCOTTSBURG, GARDINER.

THE DAILY

Mail Stage Co.

Leaves Drain every morning, connecting at Scottsburg with the STEAMER RALPH, for Gardiner and other points on the Umpqua.

ELI FARMER, Proprietor.

Notice For Publication.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
Roseburg, Oregon, July 25, 1898.

Notice is hereby given that in compliance with the provisions of the act of Congress of June 3, 1878, entitled "An act for the sale of timber lands in the States of California, Oregon, Nevada and Washington Territory,"

POLLY S. DUBS

of Eugene, Or., County of Lane, State of Oregon, has this day filed in this office her sworn statement No. 063, for the purchase of the NE¼ of Section No. 1, in Township No. 23 S., Range No. 3 W., and will offer proof to show that the land sought is more valuable for its timber or stone than for agricultural purposes, and to establish her claim to said land before the Register and Receiver of this office at Roseburg, Oregon, on Friday, the 23d day of September, 1898.

She names as witnesses: Charles Stearns of Oakland, Or., John Flower of Oakland, Or., Lexi F. Revere of Eugene, Or., N. S. Nickerson of Springfield, Or. Any and all persons claiming adversely the above-described lands are requested to file their claims in this office on or before said 23d day of September, 1898.

J. T. BRIDGES,
Register.

Administrator's Sale.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, the administrator of the estate of Sarah M. Weatherly, deceased, in pursuance of an order of the County Court of Douglas County, State of Oregon, duly made and entered on the 4th day of July, 1898, will after the 4th day of August, 1898, on the premises of the said real property, sell at private sale for cash in hand the following described real property belonging to said estate, towit:

The south half of the southwest quarter of section 32 in township 22, south of range 7 west, and the north half of northeast quarter of section 5, in township 23, south of range 7 west, containing 160 acres, all in Douglas County, State of Oregon.

Dated at Roseburg, Douglas County State of Oregon, this 5th day of July, 1898.

HIRAM WEATHERLY,
Administrator of the estate of Sarah M. Weatherly, deceased.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.