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The Plaindealer
POSTERS,
DODGERS,
LATER HEADS,
BILL HEADS,
ETC., ETC., ETC.
Executed Neatly and at Living Rates.

Society Meetings.

B. P. O. ELKS, ROSEBURG LODGE, NO. 23,
hold their regular communications at the
G. O. F. hall on second and fourth Thursdays
of each month. All members requested to
attend regularly, and all visiting brothers cordially
invited to attend.
CHAS. L. HADLEY, R. B.
IRA B. RIDDLE, Secretary.

DOUGLAS LODGE, NO. 21, G. O. F.,
meets every Wednesday evening at 8
o'clock in the Old Masonic Hall. Visiting
brothers are cordially invited to attend.
GEO. W. PERRY,
Recording Secretary.

LAUREL LODGE, A. F. & A. M., REGULAR
meetings the 1st and 4th Wednesdays in
each month. FREE JOHNSON, W. M.
S. T. JEWETT, Secy.

PHILETIAN LODGE, NO. 8, I. O. O. F.,
meets Saturday evening of each week at
their hall in Odd Fellows Temple at 8 o'clock.
Members of the order in good standing are invited
to attend.
J. W. STRANGE, N. G.
S. T. JEWETT, Secy.

ROSEBURG LODGE, NO. 18, A. O. U. W.,
meets the second and fourth Mondays of
each month at 7:30 p. m. at Odd Fellows Hall.
Members of the order in good standing are in-
vited to attend.

WOMEN'S RELIEF SOCIETY, NO. 19, MEETS
the first and third Thursdays of each month.

ROSEBURG CHAPTER, NO. 8, O. E. S., MEETS
the second and fourth Thursdays of each
month.
MOLLIE SHAMROCK, W. M.
REGINA KAST, Secy.

ROSEBURG DIVISION NO. 18, I. O. P. E. R.,
meets every second and fourth Thursdays.

ALPHA LODGE, NO. 4, K. O. P., MEETS
every Wednesday evening at Odd Fellows
Hall. Visiting brothers in good standing are
cordially invited to attend.

Professional Cards.
GEO. M. BROWN, FARM, FARMER,
ROSEBURG, OREGON.

BROWN & TUSTIN,
Attorneys-at-Law,
Rooms 7 and 8,
Wilson Block, ROSEBURG, OR.

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Attorney and Counselor at Law,
Will practice in all the courts of the State. Of-
fice in Barber's Building, Douglas county, Or.

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Attorney at Law,
Rooms 5 and 6,
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Business before the U. S. Land Office and
Mining cases a specialty.
Late Receiver U. S. Land Office.

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Are selling tickets to all points East at
half the regular rates.
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Physician,
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Chronic diseases a specialty.

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IF MONEY GREW ON TREES and everyone had an orchard, it wouldn't make much difference how you spent it, but being as it is you will SAVE \$50 BY BUYING A Crescent Chainless Bicycle \$125.00, other high grade makes 75.00, Crescent superior to others 50.00, SAVED. CHAIN WHEELS, \$35 & \$50. All Crescents are fully warranted not to contain flaws or defects. Broken parts cheerfully replaced. A. C. MARSTERS & CO., Agts, Roseburg, Or.

Great Bargains At Denn's Variety Store... See our Special Bargains in Glassware, Lemouade Sets, Afternoon Tea Sets, Fancy Glasses, and Fruit Jars. Tinware, special prices on buckets, pans, tin spoons, washbasins, etc. WOOD and WILLOW WARE, Chopping blocks, butter molds and knives, Bowls, tin buckets, washbasins, etc. STATIONERY, Handmade papers on all styles, letter heads, envelopes, etc. CHINA, See our special prices on all China. Teapots, coffee and ironstone china, cups and saucers, imported china, etc. Also tinware, tin spoons, tin cups, etc. NOTIONS, Hair pins, side combs, needles, pins, etc. We do just as we advertise. All these things are to be had at the lowest cash prices at Denn's Variety Store, Roseburg, Oregon.

BOSWELL SPRINGS, BOSWELL, Douglas County, Oregon. The waters of these springs contain Iron, Bromine, Potassium, the Carbonates of Iron and Lime and Chlorides of Calcium, Magnesium and Sodium. One Spring contains 125 and the other over 200 grains of solid matter to the gallon. Located on the Northern Pacific Railroad, "Shasta route" from San Francisco to Portland, in Douglas County, Oregon. Approved cases of Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Catarrh of the Stomach, Dyspepsia, Diarrhea, Neuritis, Migraine, Pains in the Back, Lacerated and Venereal diseases have been cured by the use of these waters. Now both springs connected with the main building. Free medicine and reports on the springs. Daily mail, north and south. Terms—\$10 per week, \$2 per day, including baths. The Hotel under the immediate supervision of CAPT. HEN. D. BOSWELL, Manager.

J. F. BARKER & CO. Want Your EGGS And BUTTER. Secrecy which the residents of the United States had hoped to conceal from this world for a while longer have been revealed by a heartless Madrid editor. Writing of us in El Pais he says: "The country is not fit to live in. The climate is execrable. When it is not freezing or snowing the heat is unbearable. Avalanches are frequent at all times, and these threaten the principal cities. As for the people, besides the few white engaged in business along the eastern coast, the remainder of the country is one vast plain, covered with Indians, called cowboys, and great herds of roaming cattle." Another Madrid paper, the Imparcial, also knows all about us. "Word has just been received," it says "that the Indians are rising against the Yankees in Illinois, Ohio and other places. The farmers are petitioning the government to protect them from the bloodthirsty savages, who are burning the houses and killing on every side." Not to be outdone in the work of presenting an accurate picture of the United States, El Heraldo in discussing our army, says: "There are only a few thousand men, all told, and they are ill paid and ill fed, and are not willing to fight. To utilize this force it will be necessary to bring it to the eastern seaboard. There is but one railroad by which it can be transported, and that is an old and poorly constructed affair. At one place this railroad passes over Niagara Falls, a cataract 1,600 feet high, near Labrador. At last accounts the bridge at this place was in a very dangerous condition." Here is news from El Diario: "The average height among the Americans is five feet two, and they have never produced an athlete. This is due to their living almost entirely upon vegetables

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OUR ORIENTAL COLONIES.

Area of the Philippines, With Some Interesting Comparisons. F. D. Hilger, secretary of the National Geographical Society, calls attention to the fact that there is a great deal of misinformation current with reference to the Philippines. This is true, but really no wonder, inasmuch as the Spaniards who have had nominal possession of most of that territory for several hundred years and who have governed the largest and most populous of the islands during the same time, know comparatively little about the Philippines themselves.

Mr. Hilger points out the island of Luzon, on which the city of Manila is situated, has been represented by American journals and periodicals to be larger than New York and Massachusetts, whereas, in point of fact, its area is less than 41,000 square miles making it approach very nearly the total area of Cuba, but showing it to fall short of the area of New York by 5,000 square miles, to say nothing of Massachusetts, whose area is 8,315 square miles.

John Foreman has written a book in which he makes a far more astounding statement. He puts the total area of the Philippines at 52,500 square miles. A measurement on Doman's map, supposed to be an authority, shows an area of 114,350 square miles, and this admittedly incomplete. Doman's map was issued in 1882. Some alleged authorities say the total area of the Philippine Islands is 109,000 square miles. The truth is, no definite statement of the aggregate area of the Philippines can be made. Even the largest islands, Luzon and Mindanao, are only now beginning to be properly explored. According to the most reliable estimate obtainable, there are upward of 1,400 islands in the entire group, many of them however, being very small, mere specks on the sea's surface. The Spaniards have ruled over one-fourth of the Philippine territory for three centuries, yet the interior of some of the islands controlled by them has never been surveyed.

Not is the current misinformation about the Philippines applicable to their area alone. The popular idea of their population, products and climate, is quite as wide of the mark. Take the matter of taxation, too, and it is found to be grossly exaggerated. One American writer declares that the taxes imposed by Spain average \$18 for each male inhabitant and \$11 for each female. Secretary Hilger insists that they do not exceed \$2 per capita, and he is presumed to know whereof he speaks.

As with the area and taxation so it is with the population. By some American writers it is greatly overestimated, by others the reverse. But this is not outside the reverse. No accurate census of the population was ever taken. In 1882 Moynihan made an estimate, based on calculations by Del Pan, and allowing a yearly increase of 2 per cent, and he put the population at 19,125,000. There is no doubt that, in spite of exaggeration, the Philippines are enormously rich in natural resources, and that but a tithe of these has been even partially developed. But as to the population, area and economic conditions of the islands, accurate knowledge the world will not possess until a more honest and progressive government than the Spanish is in control there.

New Information About the United States.

Secrets which the residents of the United States had hoped to conceal from this world for a while longer have been revealed by a heartless Madrid editor. Writing of us in El Pais he says: "The country is not fit to live in. The climate is execrable. When it is not freezing or snowing the heat is unbearable. Avalanches are frequent at all times, and these threaten the principal cities. As for the people, besides the few white engaged in business along the eastern coast, the remainder of the country is one vast plain, covered with Indians, called cowboys, and great herds of roaming cattle." Another Madrid paper, the Imparcial, also knows all about us. "Word has just been received," it says "that the Indians are rising against the Yankees in Illinois, Ohio and other places. The farmers are petitioning the government to protect them from the bloodthirsty savages, who are burning the houses and killing on every side." Not to be outdone in the work of presenting an accurate picture of the United States, El Heraldo in discussing our army, says: "There are only a few thousand men, all told, and they are ill paid and ill fed, and are not willing to fight. To utilize this force it will be necessary to bring it to the eastern seaboard. There is but one railroad by which it can be transported, and that is an old and poorly constructed affair. At one place this railroad passes over Niagara Falls, a cataract 1,600 feet high, near Labrador. At last accounts the bridge at this place was in a very dangerous condition." Here is news from El Diario: "The average height among the Americans is five feet two, and they have never produced an athlete. This is due to their living almost entirely upon vegetables

County Treasurer's Notice.

Notice is hereby given to all parties holding Douglas county warrants in default prior to May 13, 1894, to present the same at the treasurer's office in the court house for payment, as interest will cease thereon after the date of this notice. Dated this 13th day of July, 1898 at the City of Roseburg, Oregon. Geo. W. DIMICK, County Treasurer, Douglas County, Or.

as they ship all of their beef out of the country, so eager are they to make money. There is no doubt that one full grown Spaniard can defeat any three men in America."—New York Times.

Shafter's Army Will Be Brought Back.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—Secretary Alger is deeply concerned over the welfare of the gallant troops under Shafter's command, now encamped on the outskirts of Santiago. The health report shows a surprisingly large number of cases of sickness, but army surgeons authorize the statement that these figures are misleading in a certain sense, and that the situation may not be nearly so bad as they would seem to indicate. The slightest ailment of the most temporary nature suffices to place a soldier's name on the sick reports, which, in their present shape, would not distinguish between such a case and one of mortal illness. The inference is that many of these cases in Shafter's camp are of a trivial nature, but go to swell his grand total of sick and wounded.

Notwithstanding this mitigating fact, Secretary Alger is going to remove the soldiers at the earliest opportunity to a more healthful climate. The surgeon-general, under the direction of the secretary, a few days ago, inspected a tract of land adjoining Montank Point, Long Island belonging to the Long Island Railroad Company, which has been offered to the government as suitable for a large encampment. The tract is three miles square, contains an abundance of fresh water, a considerable lake, a hill 150 feet in height and many other sanitary advantages, including salt water bathing. The necessary orders to equip this as a camping ground will go forward immediately, and every advantage will be taken of the experience gained in the formation of the great camps at Chickamauga and Camp Alger, to make the conditions as comfortable as possible for the battle-scarred veterans in Shafter's army.

The time for their removal is left to General Shafter, the limitation placed upon him being that he shall not delay the homeward sailing of his troops beyond the moment when it shall be safe for them to leave Santiago, having regard to fever conditions. Meanwhile, details are being made of troops to supply the force that shall garrison Santiago so long as it shall be found necessary to continue there. This force will be made up almost altogether of immunes.

Drake Before Puerto Rico.

The recent American attack on Puerto Rico will recall to those familiar with the history of this island, the efforts of Sir Francis Drake to capture it in 1595. That daring naval genius of the Elizabethan age, who crippled the Spanish Armada at Cadiz, and by many valiant exploits opened the way to England's supremacy on the seas, sailed from Plymouth, England, in August, 1595, for the West Indies, with a fleet of twenty-seven ships. It was the design of Elizabeth and her captains to crush the power of Spain in the West Indies, and at Carthagena and Panama. The Spanish colonies and strongholds were then far richer in treasure than in our own times. Immense booty was looked for by the English, who had intelligence that a great galleon or treasure-ship, laden with gold and silver, had taken refuge in the harbor of San do Puerto Rico. Desirous of capturing so rich a prize, the English admiral anchored off the entrance to port, with the place by a boat attack next day.

The rocky headland at the entrance of the harbor was then, as now, crowned by the Morro Castle, which opened fire on the English ships with disastrous effect. One shot entered a port of a flagship, and penetrated Drake's cabin, knocked the stool on which he was sitting from under him, and killed two officers who were sitting at the table by his side.

On this occasion at least the Spaniards proved themselves by no means deficient in marksmanship; and in the boat attack on the following day they gave an equally good account of themselves. The English assault, though made with the characteristic courage and persistence of Anglo-Saxons, was checked and proved ineffective. The treasure which had been conveyed to the Morro was stoutly defended that after three days Drake's fleet withdrew, unsuccessful. It is believed that disappointment and mortification at the miscarriage of this West Indian expedition, in which he had risked both reputation and fortune, had much to do with the death of Sir Francis, which occurred on the 28th of January, 1596, eight weeks later.—Youth's Companion.

MERRITT TOOK COMMAND.

Established Headquarters at Cavite Arsenal.

MANILA, July 26, via Hong Kong, July 30.—General Merritt assumed command of the American forces immediately after he reported to Admiral Dewey. He established headquarters at the Cavite arsenal.

The Newport was escorted to an anchorage near the cruiser Charleston by the gunboat Concord, the crews of the vessels of the American fleet, giving him a rousing welcome. At the close of his official visit to the Olympia, Admiral Dewey's flagship, General Merritt was officially recognized by a salute of 13 guns. Until he shall have received the reports of officers who preceded him and familiarize himself with the situation, General Merritt cannot determine as to his future course. The remaining transports are expected to arrive tomorrow. The Newport saw nothing of the monitor Monterey and the collier Brutus, and it is supposed that the monitor is coaling at Guam Island. The troops encamped at Parangue have not yet made a move, the condition of the country between the camp and the outskirts of Manila, being such, on account of the heavy rains, that have fallen, as to make it impossible to advance. The insurgents are still active, but are accomplishing nothing.

August Weather.

The following data for the month of August covering a period of 21 years, have been compiled from the weather bureau records at Roseburg, Oregon, and furnished by Observer Gibson: TEMPERATURE. Mean or normal temperature, 66. The warmest month was that of 1897, with an average of 70. The coldest month was that of 1881, with an average of 62. The highest temperature was 104 on 27th, 1887. The lowest temperature was 40, on 20th, 1882. Average date on which first killing frost occurred in autumn, October 14th. Average date on which last killing frost occurred in spring, May 3rd. PRECIPITATION (rain and melted snow). Average for the month, 0.26 inches. Average number of days with .01 of an inch or more, 2. The greatest monthly precipitation was 1.47 inches in 1870. The least monthly precipitation was 0.00 inches in 1894. The greatest amount of precipitation recorded in any 24 consecutive hours was 1.00 inches on 21st 1891.

The greatest amount of snowfall recorded in any 24 consecutive hours record extending to winter of 1884-5 only was 00. CLOUDS and WEATHER. Average number of clear days, 21; partly cloudy days, 8; cloudy days, 2. WIND. The prevailing winds have been from the northwest and north. The highest velocity of the wind was 11 miles from the northeast on 2nd 1889.

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Is the name of the only perfect train in the world, now running every night between St. Paul and Chicago, via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway—the pioneer road of the west in adopting all improved facilities for the safety and enjoyment of passengers. An illustrated pamphlet, showing views of beautiful scenery along the route of the Pioneer Limited, will be sent free to any person upon receipt of two-cent postage stamp. Address Geo. H. Heafford, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Ill.

Shasta Limited

The men who say that they are made of tough stuff and can stand anything, generally find that death is made of tougher stuff and are found in a coffin at an age when they should be doing their best and most useful work. It is time enough for a man to brag about his toughness when he has reached a ripe old age. The men who live long lives are the ones who take care of their health in youth and maturity. They realize the truth of the old saying that "a stitch in time saves nine." The ones who don't do this die off of nervous prostration, heart failure, and consumption. The best of all health-restorers and health preservers is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It cures 98 per cent of all cases of consumption. It wards off nervous troubles and wasting diseases. It corrects all disorders of the digestion, invigorates the liver and restores the appetite. It fills the arteries with the pure, rich, red blood of health. It tears down and carries off old, inert and half-dead tissues and replaces them by new. It builds firm, healthy flesh. It makes the muscles strong and elastic and steadies and tones the nerves. It cures debility and weakness of every description. It is the product of the life-time experience and study of an eminent and skillful specialist, Dr. R. V. Pierce, for thirty years chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y. Thousands of men and women have testified to its virtues. Druggists sell it. There is nothing in the world "just as good," although avicious druggists will sometimes say so for the sake of the greater profit to be made upon the inferior article.

New Store! New Goods!

Ziglers' Grocery A FULL STOCK OF Staple and Fancy GROCERIES Country Produce Bought and Sold TAYLOR & WILSON BLOCK Low Prices! Free Delivery

CASH IS KING!

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Jackson Street, Opp. Review Building. FISHER & BELLOWS.

Midsummer Sale

Organdies, Shirt Waists, Separate Skirts, Ladies' Wrappers, Oxford Ties. The remainder of our stock of And all kinds of Summer Goods will be CLOSED OUT far Below Value, in order to make room for our coming exceedingly large stock of FALL AND WINTER GOODS. WOLLENBERG BROS. FOR A SHORT TIME ONLY.

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets CURE CONSTIPATION REGULATE THE LIVER ALL DRUGGISTS

This is the Place to Buy Groceries. A full and complete assortment of all goods usually kept in a first-class grocery. Everything offered for sale is fresh; and sold at very reasonable prices. We have a very choice stock of canned goods, including both fruits and vegetables, to which we invite your special attention. Our line of Olives, Gherkins, Pickles, Sauces, etc., is also complete. We carry the largest stock of tobaccos in Southern Oregon. C. W. PARKS & CO., Grocers.