THE PLAINDEALER.

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E. D. STRATFORD ..... Editor.
C. Y. BENJAMIN ..... Manager.

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JUNE 27, 1898.

TWO MONTHS OF WAR.

If the persons who are criticising the administration for not having brought the war to a close, would stop to think what has been accomplished so far, they would be ashamed of themselves. But little more than two months have elapsed since the declaration of war was promulgated, and yet during that short period, the United States has enlisted, mobilized, armed and equiped an army of more than 200,000 men. Not only that but this body of men, divided into two great invading armies, has been landed on foreign soil, and is sweeping every think before them. On the sea the work has been of equal or greater magnitude. Sixty days ago the American navy was classed as little, if any more effective than that of Spain. To day our navy, without the loss of a single vessel, or a score of men, has utterly destroyed one large Spanish fleet and rendered another valueless In fact Spain is today practically without a navy. No such progress was ever made in so short a time, by any nation on earth, as has been made by the United States, during the past sixty days, in preparing for and inaugarating a war of invasion.

Spain's ship of state will soon join her submarine squadron.

A telegram says, "Miles Talks." Well, when he gets through talking, perhaps he will do a little marching.

Every once in a while some old man who has one foot in the grave, pulls it out long enough to marry a young girl.

The old fashioned womon who spanked her children "black and blue," now spanks them until they are red, white and blue

Men are gradually gaining their rights. Not long ago we read of a man who got a divorce from his wife on the ground of non-support.

The war is no doubt moving along fast enough for the Spaniards who got in the way of the "Rough Riders," from Texas, in Cuba, last week.

We have not the honor of acquaintance with Hon. Isaac L. Patterson of Salem, lately appointed collector of customs for the district of Willamette, but judging from the men who are kicking about his appointment he is a mighty nice man, and we would be glad to know him.

The Drain Press, has suspended publication. The plant will be removed to Jefferson, Oregon where it will be used in the publication of the Jefferson News, in which Edwin Rhodes will have an interest. Mr. Rhodes made a good paper of the Press and we wish him success in his new field.

We beg to acknowledge the receipt from the United States treasury, of a supply of blank applications for the purchase of bonds under the "popular loan." We shall fill them out and return them in a few days. In the mean time we would be pleased to receive a few vegetables on subscription.

Portland Dispatch: "The Guard and Register of Eugene, are having a controversy as to whether Mr. J. W. Hamilton, judge elect, is a gold or silver democrat. It is entirely immaterial, He will make one of the best judges the district has ever had. That is all a judge should be."

The rapidity with which the new war loan is being subscribed for shows that there are large amounts of money in the hands of the people, seeking investments even at a low rate of interest. Why not fund the indebtedness of Douglas county, into twenty years bonds bearing say, 5 per cent interest. Such bonds could be sold at par and perhaps at a premium. In order to remove any question as to the legality of the bonds, the legislature could pass a special act authorizing their issue.

People who pinned their faith to flax culture in Oregon last year, and backed it with their money, have reason to be more than satisfied with their venture. Fiber flax 36 inches high in the middle of June leaves nothing at present to be desired in the length of the fiber that will not be fully supplied by the time the plants are ready to be pulled, two or three weeks later. The fineness and strength of the Oregon flax fiber has been fully demonstrated and the industry inaugurated by the experiment in flax-raising last year cannot fail to be a profitable and growing one. Linen manufacture in the state will, no doubt, in due time follow successful flax culture. There are so few localities, relatively, in which flax, of standard quality can be grown successfully that over-production does not menace this industry, and no one having proper knowledge of or instruction in flax culture need be afraid to undertake it lest the product be left, because of a glutted market, to keep company with the last year's stock of dried prunes or baled hops.

BATTLE ON LAND

Roosevelt's Rough Riders Do Some Shooting.

THE SPANIARDS DO LIKEWISE

And Then Skip for Hills to Avoid Being Slaughtered.

FOUR MILES NORTHWEST OF JURAGUA, Cuba, June, 2 p. m., per dispatch-boat Wanda, to Port Antonio, Jamaica, June 25, 9 a. m., via Kingston.—Dismounted American cavalrymen forced their way through mountains trails this morning and encountered the Spanish infantry in a dense thicket on a high plateau almost overlooking the city of Santiago de Cuba, and routed them after a sharp battle lasting one hour. This afternoon, strongly reinforced by the arrival of additional forces, the cavalrymen held a position a little more than five miles from the Spanish stronghold in Southeastern Cuba, preparing for a general movement on that city. Today's victory was not gained without the shedding of American blood, and one officer and twelve of the troops lie under the ground on the field of battle, while about 50 others, including six officers, are in the field hospital suffering from wounds. Of these, eight or ten probably will die. It is believed that the enemy's loss was at least 50 dead, besides many wounded.

The American dead are: Captain Allyn K. Capron, of troop L, First volunteer cavalry; Sergeant Hamilton Fish, jr., troop L; Privates Tilden Dawson, troop L; George Dawson and—Daugherty, troop A; W. T. Irwin, troop F, all four of the same regiment, more familiarly known as the rough riders, and Privates Dix, York, Bejork, Kolbe, Berlin and Lennock, all of troop K, First regular cavalry, and Corporal White, troop L, Tenth cavalry.

The following officers were wounded: Major Brodie, shot through the arm; Captain McClintock, troop B, shot through the right leg; Lieutenant J. T. Thomas, troop M, shot through right leg. All the foregoing officers were rough riders.

Other officers wounded: Captain Knox, Major Bell, Lieutenant Bryan. These officers are of the First cavalry.

The following are among the soldiers wounded: Rough riders, troop B—Privates E. M. Hall, Shelly Ishler, M. S. Newcomb, H. N. Beale and Corporal Newcomb, Fred N. Beale and Corporal J. D. Rodes, Troop E—Corporal J. F. Boan, Privates Frank B. Booth, Albert Hartley, R. G. Bailey, H. Myers, E. J. Atherton, Clifford Reed and Sergeant C. W. Arringo. Troop G—Sergeant Thomas F. Cavanaugh, Corporal L. L. Stewart; Privates George Rowland, H. J. Hefner, Michael Coyle, R. M. Reid and M. Russell. Troop L—Privates J. R. Keane, J. H. Dernel, Thomas Meagher, Edward Cablecrist and Nathaniel Poe. Tenth cavalry, troop B—Privates Russell, Gaines, Miller, Groes, Braxton and Wheeler. Troop I—Privates Ridd and Mayberry.

Edward Marshall, correspondent of the New York Journal and Advertiser, was seriously wounded in the small of the back.

Two Battles at the Same Time.

Practically two battles were fought at the same time, one by the rough riders under the immediate command of Colonel Wood, on the top of the plateau, and the other on the hillside, several miles away, by the regulars, with whom was General Young.

The expedition started from Juragua—marked on some Cuban maps as Altaree—a small town on the coast, nine miles east of Morro castle, which was the first place occupied by the troops after their landing at Daiquiri, last Wednesday.

Information was brought to the American army headquarters by Cubans Thursday that forces of Spanish soldiers had assembled at the place where the battle occurred, to block the march on Santiago. General Young went there to dislodge them, the understanding being that the Cubans under General Castillo were co-operating with him, but the latter failed to appear until the fight was nearly finished. Then they asked permission to chase the fleeing Spaniards, but as the victory was already won, General Young refused to allow them to take part in the fight.

General Young's plans contemplated the movement of half of his command along the trail at the base of the range of hills leading back from the coast, so that he could attack the Spaniards on the flank while the rough riders were to follow the trail leading over the hill to attack them in front. This plan was carried out completely.

The troops left Juragua at daybreak. The route of General Young and the regulars was comparatively level and easy of travel. Three Hotchkiss guns were taken with this command. The first part of the journey of the rough riders was over steep hills, several hundred feet high. The men carried 200 rounds of ammunition and heavy camp equipment. Although this was done easily in the early morning, the weather became intensely hot and the sun beat down upon the cowboys and the Eastern athletes as they toiled up the grade with their heavy packs, and frequent rests were necessary.

The trail was so narrow for the greater part of the way that the men had to proceed single file. Prickly cactus brush lined both sides of the trail and the underbrush was so thick that it was impossible to see 10 feet on either side. All the conditions were favorable for a murderous ambuscade, but the troops kept a close watch and made as little noise as possible.

The rough riders entered into the spirit of the occasion with the greatest enthusiasm. It was their opportunity for a fight, and every man was eager for it. The weather grew swelteringly hot and one by one the men threw away blankets and tent rolls and emptied their canteens.

The Enemy Sighted.

The first intimation had by Colonel Wood's command that there were Spaniards in the vicinity was when they reached a point three or four miles back from the coast, where the low cuckoo calls of the Spanish soldiers were heard in the bush. It was difficult to locate the exact point from which these sounds came. The men were ordered to speak in whispers, and frequent halts were made. Finally, a place was reached about 8 o'clock where the trail opened into a space covered with high grass on the right of the trail and thickets. A barbed wire fence ran along the left side.

The dead body of a Cuban was found on the side of the road, and at the same time, Captain Capron's troops covered the outpost, the heads of several Spaniards being seen in the bushes for a moment.

It was not until then that the men were permitted to load their carbines. When the order to load was given, they acted with a will on it and displayed the greatest eagerness to make an attack.

At this moment, the sound of firing was heard a mile or two to the right, apparently coming from the hills beyond the ticket. It was the regulars replying to the Spaniards, who had opened on them from the thicket. In addition to a rapid rifle fire, the boom of Hotchkiss guns could be heard.

Hardly two minutes elapsed before Mauser rifles commenced to crack in the thicket, and a hundred bullets whistled over the heads of the rough riders, cutting leaves from the trees and sending chips flying from the fenceposts by the side of the men. The Spaniards had opened and they poured in a heavy fire, which soon had a most disastrous effect. The troops stood their ground with the bullets singing all around them.

Private Colby caught sight of the Spaniards, and fired the opening shot at them.

Fish the First to Fall.

Sergeant Hamilton Fish, jr., was the first man to fall. He was shot through the heart, and died instantly.

The Spaniards were not more than 200 yards off, but only glimpses of them could be seen. The men continued to pour volley after volley into the bush in the direction of the sound of the Spanish shots, but the latter became more frequent, and seemed to be getting nearer.

Colonel Wood walked along his lines displaying the utmost coolness. He ordered the troops to deploy into the thicket, and sent another detachment into the open space on the left of the trail.

Lieutenant-Colonel Roosevelt led the former detachment, and tore through the brush, urging his men on. The shots came thicker and thicker every moment, and the air seemed filled with the singing and shrieking sound of the Mauser bullets, while the short pop of Spanish rifles could be distinguished easily from the heavier reports of the American weapons.

Some times the fire would come in vollies, and again shots would follow each other in rapid succession for several minutes.

Captain Capron stood behind his men, revolver in hand, using it whenever a Spaniard exposed himself. His aim was sure, and two of the enemy were seen to fall under his fire.

Death of Captain Capron.

Just as he was preparing to take another shot and shouting orders to his men at the same time, his revolver dropped from his grasp and he fell to the ground with a ball through his body.

His troop was badly disconcerted for a moment, but with all the strength he could muster, he cried:

"Don't mind me, boys; go on and fight."

He was carried from the field as soon as possible, and lived a few hours.

Lieutenant Thomas, of the same troop, received a wound through the leg soon after, and became delirious from pain.

The troops that were in the thicket were not long in getting into the midst of the fight. The Spaniards located them and pressed them hard, but they sent a deadly fire in return, even though most of the time they could not see the enemy.

After 10 or 15 minutes of hot work, the firing fell off some, and Lieutenant-Colonel Roosevelt ordered his men back from the thicket into the trail, narrowly escaping a bullet himself, which struck a tree alongside his head.

Spaniards Fell Back.

It was evident that the Spaniards were falling back and changing their position, but the fire continued at intervals. Then the troops tore into the front, and into more open country than where the enemy's fire was coming from. About this time, small squads commenced to carry the wounded from the thickest and lay them in a more protected spot on the trail until they could be removed to the field hospital.

Colonel Wood also ordered his Hotchkiss gun into action, but the trooper who rode the mule upon which a part of the gun was packed had been stampeded. His animal broke into the woods in the opposite direction from the Spanish fire, and the gun consequently could not be used.

It was just before the change in position was made that Edward Marshall, the correspondent, was dangerously wounded. He was back of the troops and a ball struck him. The surgeons were unable to tell this afternoon whether he would recover.

During the fight in the thicket, several of the troops did some wild shooting into the troops ahead of them and a part of the American loss is due to this fact.

As soon as the position had been changed, the Americans poured a more terrific fire than ever into the Spaniards as they got them into more open country, and could see them better.

It was not long before the enemy gave way, and ran down the steep hill and up another hill to the blockhouse, with the evident intention of making a final stand there. Colonel Wood was at the front directing the movements, and it was here that Major Brodie was shot. Colonel Wood and Lieutenant-Colonel Roosevelt both led the troobs in pursuit of the fleeing Spaniards, and a hail of bullets was poured into the blockhouse.

By the time the American advance got within 700 yards of the blockhouse the Spaniards abandoned it and scattered among the brush up another hill in the direction of Santiago, and the battle was at an end.

Juaragua Taken.

Off Juragua, Province of Santiago, Thursday night, June 23, via Port Antonio, June 24.—The American army of invasion has reached on its advance the edge of the table land on which the harbor of Santiago de Cuba lies. Here, seven miles from Morro castle, the main body of troops have united, and the Spaniards are in full retreat toward Santiago. A decisive engagement is not expected for several days.

General Lawton's brigade, which rested last night at Demajayabo, four miles west of Daiquiri, resumed its march at daylight. Before noon his brigade, consisting of the Second Massachusetts, the Twelfth infantry, the first battalion of the fourth infantry, two companies of the tenth infantry, and the second battalion of the fourth infantry, occupied Juragua, five miles beyond, and the American flag was hoisted there. The Spaniards retired before the advance of the Americans, which was covered by Cuban skirmishers, burning the block houses as they went.

Colonel Wagner, with a small force of about 40 men, brushed against the flank of a retreating Spanish column 150 strong at Firmenze. After a dozen shots were fired the Spaniards had decamped westward.

Juragua was abandoned by General Linares and 1200 Spanish troops with such haste that they had no time to burn the town. Linares retreated to Sevilla, nine miles from Santiago.

A detachment of 170 Cubans collided with the Spanish rear guard. The Cubans lost two men killed. The Spanish loss is not known.

General Chaffe, with the Ninth cavalry, the remainder of the Eighth and Ninth, and the Seventh, Twelfth and Seventeenth infantry, reached Juragua at dark. General Bates, with the reserve of the Twentieth infantry, and Colonel Woods' rough riders dismounted with a dynamite gun, hurried forward from Daiquiri at 3 o'clock, proceeding by forced marches.

When the couriers brought the news that Juragua had been occupied, the troopships, which had not debarked their troops, steamed to Juragua with a view to landing them there, but the heavy sea beating on the beach made it impossible to get the boats through the surf.

More Messages From Sampson.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—Admiral Sampson is now in constant and practically immediate cable communication with the navy department. Six dispatches were received in rapid succession through the early hours this morning, the last one defining the situation up to 12 o'clock last night. They showed that only half an hour elapsed between the filing of the message by the admiral and the receipt of it in Washington.

The only message bearing on the general situation was one in which Sampson said that under a flag of truce he learned that Hobson and his men were well and had been removed from Morro castle to the city of Santiago, four miles distant.

One Killed.

NEW YORK, June 27.—A dispatch to the World from santiago de Cuba, June 23, via Port Antonio, Jamaica, June 22, says:

One man was killed today and eight wounded on the Texas. The battle-ship at the time of the landing of the troops went to Matamoras to make a feint attack on the fortifications there in connection with a land force of Cubans under Rabi. The Texas silenced the Socapa battery. Just as the action ended, a shell struck the battle-side and exploded with the result given above.

Camara's Squadron Again off for the Philipines.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—The state department has just received advices confirming the report that the Spanish Cadiz squadron is in the Mediterranean, moving eastward. The dispatch came from an agent of the department in Algiers.

Valuable Books Received.

President W. H. Lee, of Albany College, has received a valuable addition to the college library, having received a part of the library of the late Rev. A. Marcellus, of Oakland, Oregon. There are 147 volumes, many of them very valuable. Some on account of their subject matter and others because of their antiquity. One of the books is nearly 200 years old, bearing the date 1715. Several of them are 100 years old. One work on theology 75 years old is entirely in manuscript neatly written and handsomely bound.—Albany Herald.

NOTES OF INTEREST.

Caro Bros. are the boss merchants.

Go to the Roseleaf for the best cigars.

For a good 5-cent cigar call on Mrs. N. Boyd.

County claims and warrants bought by D. S. West.

For first-class dentistry go to Dr. Little of Oakland.

Rugs in infinite variety at Alexander & Strong's.

Macaroni in one pound cartoons at Zigler's grocery.

Key West, imported and domestic cigars at the Roseleaf.

D. S. West does insurance. Office opposite the post office.

Ride a Crescent bicycle. The easy-running, durable kind.

10,000 men wanted at the Boss Store to select great bargains before it is too late.

Facts—not fakes—is what our advertising columns represent. The Boss Store.

F. W. Carpenter is authorized to receive and receipt for subscriptions to the PLAINDEALER.

All our goods are new and of the latest styles. No shopworn goods on hand at the Boss Store.

At Oakland, T. L. Graves is authorized to receive and receipt for subscriptions to the PLAINDEALER.

A large and fine assortment of children's shoes just received at Parrott Bros. Call and see them.

Money to loan on city and country property. D. S. K. BUICK,
Marsters' Building, Roseburg, Or.

The Square Deal store has just opened up a beautiful line of W. L. Douglas shoes, which prove to be the best shoe made. Come and inspect them.

J. W. Beckley & Co., the butchers, will keep only the choicest of meats wherewith to supply the Roseburg public, but monthly settlements will be required.

Mrs. J. H. Shupe has been appointed representative for the Viavi Co. in this city. Any one desiring information in regard to, or wishing to procure the remedy, will please call at her residence on Pine street. j13-3m

Suits of clothes, all wool, heavy weights, $6.50; regular price $9. Boys clothes from 6 to 15 years for $1.50 and $2. Hats all styles and colors for 50c, regular price $1 50. All these goods are only to be found at the Boss Store.

I hereby announce myself as a candidate before the voting population of Douglas county, including the free silver men, populists, democrats and republicans, to sell Bain wagons from a full carload just received. Also cars of buggies, barb wire and nails at the lowest prices, all now on hand at Stearns & Chenoweth, Oakland, Oregon.

Bargains! Bargains!! Bargains!!!

In pianos, organs and musical goods. Bicycles new and second hand at the lowest prices possible. I have also got about thirty thousand feet of lumber which I have taken in trade for goods, and will sell cheap, as I am not in the lumber business.

T. K. RICHARDSON,
Roseburg, Or.

Bring your job work to this office.

Thousands are Trying It.

In order to prove the great merit of Ely's Cream Balm, the most effective cure for Catarrh and Cold in Head, we have prepared a generous trial size for 10 cents. Get it of your druggist or send 10 cents to ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., N. Y. City.

I suffered from catarrh of the worst kind ever since boyhood. I never hoped for cure, but Ely's Cream Balm seems to do even that. Many acquaintances have used it with excellent results.—Oscar Ostrum, 45 Warren Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Ely's Cream Balm is the acknowledged cure for catarrh and contains no cocaine, mercury nor any injurious drug. Price, 50 cents. At druggists or by mail.

Lost or Stolen.

City warrant 118, in favor of the Roseburg Electric Light Co. for $311.70, drawn May 5th, 1898, has been lost or stolen. All persons are warned not to purchase the above warrant.

MRS. MARTHA PIERCE.

Uncle Sam Says This is **America's Greatest Medicine.** It will Sharpen Your Appetite, Purify and Vitalize Your Blood, Overcome That Tired Feeling. Get a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla and begin to take it TODAY, and realize the great good it is sure to do you.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Medicine. All druggists.

Bargains in Real Estate

No 1.—50 acres all under fence, fair house and barn, all in cultivation. This is all a No 1 land, school ½ mile. To Roseburg 8 miles. Price $1000.

No 2.—160 acres all under fence and cross fenced. 80 acres in cultivation. Balance good pasture, good house and barn and all necessary out buildings. Small family orchard, a fine mountain stream of water running through the place. This is a first class place, 6 miles from Roseburg. Price $2000, ½ down. Balance on like terms.

No 3.—240 acres, 20 under fence, nice orchard, fair house and barn, good pasture, Land 7 miles from Roseburg. Price $680.

No 4.—10 acres, 1 mile from Roseburg, in a high state of cultivation, 2 acres in strawberries, 4 in orchard, good garden, 4 room house, fair barn, well watered, all necessary farming utensils, 60 chickens, 2 jersey cows and one calf, one horse, one bugey one light wagon two set of harness, lots of small fruit trees. This is a complete and perfect home. Price $1000.

No 5.—5 acres, 1 mile from Roseburg, fair house and barn, nice family orchard one horse and cart. Price $400.

No 6.—130 acres all under fence, in cultivation 55 acres. Box house 5 rooms, small barn and all necessary out buildings, 2 acres in orchard, ¼ miles to school, Post-office 1¼ miles, 2½ miles to Oakland, a nice little city. Price $1600.

I. F. RICE,
Real Estate Agent,
Roseburg, Or.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props. Toledo, O.

We the undersigned have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Truax, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Walding, Kinnan & Marvin, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, Ohio.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surface of the system. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.
Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

Ex Senator John J Ingalls, of Kansas, whose fame as a brilliant writer, a man of remarkable scholarship and literary attainments, is even greater than that of the distinguished senator, announces a new book on the American Spanish Cuban War. It is entitled "American's War For Humanity in Picture and Story." It is published by the N. D. Thompson Publishing Co., of St. Louis, Mo., and is an exhaustive discussion of the war, and an equally exhaustive history of its incidents, and a brilliant analysis of the famous characters concerning it. It promises to be the one great and popular work called forth by this wonderfully interesting national episode. Whatever Senator Ingalls touches he adorns; and this book shines and sparkles in the light of his genius. The present work is worthy of his genius, and will be a monument to his fame. The subject now so engrosses the popular mind as to forecast for this book a sale which will be universal. It will be sold by subscription only, and the canvassing samples are ready for agents. We advertise it in another column.

Shasta Limited

Is the name of the only perfect train in the world, now running every night between St. Paul and Chicago, via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway—the pioneer road of the west in adopting all improved facilities for the safety and enjoyment of passengers. An illustrated pamphlet, showing views of beautiful scenery along the route of the Pioneer Limited, will be sent free to any person upon receipt of two-cent postage stamp. Address Geo. H. Heafford, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Ill.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

Weekly Excursions to the East.

A tourist sleeping car will leave Portland every Tuesday at 9 p. m. via the O. R. & N. without change to Boston, and under the supervision of experienced conductors. No change of cars to the cities of Omaha, Chicago, Buffalo or Boston. The ideal trip to the east is now before you. Remember this service when going East, and consult O. R. & N. agents, or address,

W. H. HURLBURT,
General Passenger Agent,
j24. Portland, Or.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

Everybody Says So.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

J. W. BECKLEY & CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Beef, Pork, Mutton,

SAUSAGE, ETC.

Cass Street Markets. ROSEBURG, OR.

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2nd Ward	H. C. Stanton D. Moore
3rd Ward	A. Fields Wm. Perry
4th Ward	C. A. Schilred J. C. Aiken
Recorder	Dexter Rice
Treasurer	Geo. Cagey
Marshal	F. W. Billard

COURT SESSIONS.

The Circuit Court for Douglas County meets three times a year as follows: The 3d Monday in March, the 4th Monday in June, and the 1st Monday in December. J. U. Fullerton of Roseburg judge, Geo. M. Brown, of Roseburg, prosecuting attorney.

County Court meets the 1st Wednesday after the 1st Monday of January, March, May, July, September and November. A. F. Stearns, of Oakland, judge; M. D. Thompson of Scottsburg and W. H. Nichols, of Riddle, commissioners.

Probate Court is in session continuously. A. F. Stearns, judge.

EAST AND SOUTH

VIA

THE SHASTA ROUTE

OF THE

Southern Pacific Co.

Express trains leave Portland daily.

South			North
7.00 P. M.	Lv.	Portland	Ar. 4.30 A. M.
2.15 A. M.	Ar.	Roseburg	Lv. 11.50 P. M.
7.00 A. M.	Ar.	San Francisco	Lv. 8.00 P. M.

Above trains stop at all principal stations between Portland and Ashland, Turner, Marion, Jefferson, Albany, Tangent, Shedds, Halsey, Harrisburg, Junction City, Eugene, Cottage Grove, Drain, Oakland, and all stations from Roseburg to Ashland inclusive.

Roseburg Mail—Daily.

7.00 A. M.	Lv.	Portland	Ar. 5.30 P. M.
5.00 P. M.	Ar.	Roseburg	Lv. 8.00 A. M.

DINING CARS ON OGDEN ROUTE.

Pullman Buffet Sleepers

AND

SECOND-CLASS SLEEPING CARS

Attached to all Through Trains.

West Side Division.

Between Portland and Corvallis

Mail train daily (except Sunday).

7.00 A. M.	Lv.	Portland	Ar. 5.50 P. M.
2.10 P. M.	Ar.	Corvallis	Lv. 1.05 P. M.

At Albany and Corvallis connect with trains of Oregon Central & Eastern railroad.

Express train daily (except Sunday).

4.00 P. M.	Lv.	Portland	Ar. 9.45 A. M.
5.20 P. M.	Ar.	McMinnville	Lv. 8.15 A. M.
6.25 P. M.	Lv.	Independence	Lv. 7.10 A. M.

Direct connection at San Francisco with Occidental and Oriental and Pacific Mail steamship lines for JAPAN AND CHINA. Sailing dates on application.

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A. KOEHLER, General Manager. C. H. MARKHAM, G. P. & Pass. Agent. PORTLAND, OREGON.

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Also Prince, the old favorite black Norman Stallion, weighing about 1600 pounds, will stand at the above named places. Terms, $3.00 for the season.

Good pasturage and careful attention, $1 per month.

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