

THE PLAINDEALER.

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SEPTEMBER 30, 1897.

The democratic papers say the "Dingley deficit" amounts to \$20,000,000 or thereabouts already. They forget to tell that \$100,000,000 of goods were, in the months in which the Dingley bill was pending, rushed into the country in excess of the importations in the previous year in that time, and the duties which this extra importation brought into the treasury amounted to about \$32,000,000. This \$100,000,000 of goods were imported or were taken out of bond in that time in order to escape the higher duties to be levied by the new law. If the \$32,000,000 of extra duties had been spread over the period which has elapsed since the new law went into operation, or if \$20,000,000 of them had been thus diffused, there would be no "Dingley deficit." It seems safe to predict that when importation reaches its normal figure the deficit will begin to disappear.

What a marked contrast exists between conditions in the United States today and those of the corresponding period of President Cleveland's last term. Four years ago, with a low tariff staring the manufacturers of the country in the face, business was going to everlasting smash, banks breaking, railroads going into the hands of receivers, factories closing, and workmen thrown out of employment by the hundreds of thousands. Now hundreds of thousands of workmen are finding additional employment, railroads are ordering thousands of new cars to meet the demand upon them for transportation of manufactures, merchandise, and grain, the banks report larger deposits and larger clearings than in many years, and instead of silent factories, there are clouds of smoke and the hum of busy wheels everywhere.

The American farmer is not the only one who will give thanks for the foreign demand for his products, which has helped to send up prices. It is a perfect godsend to the free traders. They will have something to talk about when embarrassing questions are put to them in regard to the opening of factories, the increase in wages and the revival of business which has come immediately upon the passage of a protective tariff law. It will give him a hole through which to crawl away from the obvious meaning of such facts—a pretty small hole, to be sure, but then any hole is big enough for a free trader.

An interview with a leading shipowner in Glasgow on the decline of trade between New York and that port is published in one of the English newspapers. It may not be very encouraging to Scotchmen and Englishmen to read that the tide of business is against them, but this is what the ship-owner says: "Trade from Glasgow to New York does not exist; the new tariff has wiped it out. On the other hand, there is good business doing from New York to Glasgow, American products finding their way over in increasing volumes."—New York Tribune.

"While newspaper stories have been somewhat exaggerated, it is an absolute fact that the Western farmer's financial condition is wonderfully improved. During the past three years he practiced such economy that with a slight improvement of wheat prices last fall and fair values of cattle, sheep, and hogs, the thrifty farmer gradually reduced his debts. With good prices this fall, he is indeed paying off the mortgage. The fall in the interest rate is as remarkable as the other features of the rising tide."—American Agriculturist.

Those dreary and depressing statements showing the enormous number of business failures all over the country during the four years of the Cleveland administration are rapidly disappearing. The business failures during the second week of the present September were only 109, while those of the corresponding week of 1895 were 349, and they range in that vicinity during the corresponding week in each year of the Cleveland term.

The Ohio democrat who are running away from their silver platform have plenty of company now. Chairman Jones has recommended to the New York democrats that they drop silver, and Senator Gorman is also engaged in the delightful occupation in his state of advising Maryland democrats to perform the same act. The proposition to make something out of nothing was too thoroughly tested last year to make it a safe one this.

The Price of Cotton Ties.

A dispatch from Charlotte, N. C., states that an Illinois manufacturing company offers to furnish the regular flat cotton tie at 70 cents per bundle at wholesale in carload lots, or at 75 cents at retail, and that several carloads have already been ordered for that immediate section. The dispatch goes on to say that last year the price was \$1.50 per bundle at retail and \$1.35 at wholesale. Then the Wilson-Gorman law was in force and cotton ties were on the free list, but the price was \$1.35 per bundle at wholesale. This year we have the Dingley bill and a protective tariff on cotton ties and they are offered at 70 cents a bundle at wholesale. These facts do not seem to work in with the Cleveland parrot cry that "the tariff is a tax." These facts, too, are of themselves a sufficient refutation of the other free-trade falsehood scattered so broadly and so constantly, that a protective tariff fosters trusts. Last year, under free trade, there was a cotton tie trust; this year, under a protective tariff, the trust is broken.

The yawp in some of the sensational dailies about the poor man suffering because of the advance in wheat and flour is very tiresome. These same papers are the self appointed champions of the distressed and oppressed. When wheat was little above 50 cents a bushel they were commiserating the farmer, heaping abuse on the alleged grain pit gambler and exhorting the Wall street plutocracy for the condition of things in general. Then it was the farmer, now it is the poor man. It makes the honest members of the newspaper profession burn with shame, that there should be in the ranks these charlatans and base trucklers to vicious sentiment. Not the upbuilding of society, but the furtherance of anarchy seems to be the mission of these editors. Does it not occur to the latter that prosperity for the farmer means prosperity for the whole country, East and West, and that to obtain such prosperity, not only wheat but such commodities must rise in value? It is an old axiom that low prices never bring prosperity.—Boston Commercial Bulletin.

There is no reason to fear that the countries of Europe will combine in a tariff war against the United States. Any talk of that kind amounts to nothing but empty threats. But even if such a combine were not only a possibility, but a sure thing, in case of the continuance of the Dingley tariff, we could still well afford to abide by the course which we have chosen. It would then be simply a choice between our home market and our foreign market, and, as our home market is worth at least twenty times as much as our foreign market, the man must be a fool who would hesitate between them. The American people have learned too well the value of our home market ever to give it up again to foreigners.

NEWS NOTES.

Seuler's cannery at The Dalles, is putting up 1000 cases of salmon a day, running to its utmost capacity.

The Oregon synod of the Cumberland Presbyterian church convened in Soda-ville, Linn county, yesterday at 7:30 p. m.

Madoc, Klamath, Pitt River and Pitte Indians were numerous in Lakeview last week, the towns being filled with "native sons."

The editor of the Klamath Republican offers to wager that cattle in Klamath county will sell for 6 cents on foot in Klamath county before snow flakes fall.

Robert L. Longstret, a grandson of General Longstreet, the great confederate general, has been appointed on the staff of the congressional library, at Washington, D. C.

The daughter of the Czar of Russia, the little Grand Duchess Olga, is said to be the richest baby in the world. The week she was born \$1,000,000, invested in English and French securities, was settled upon her.

The effect of the harvest on the foreign trade of the country is shown in an increase of \$11,000,000 in the total exports for August, all of it furnished by the two items of breadstuffs and provisions. The month's increase is, in round numbers, half of the total increase of the current year.

Judge Wellhouse, who is called the "Apple King of the World," has 1030 acres of land in Leavenworth, Miami and Osage counties, Kansas, devoted to the culture of the apple. The orchards contain 100,000 trees. In 13 years he has picked more than 400,000 bushels of the fruit.

Dan McCarthy, the engineer, got 30 cents on the beach elements in Boston. At the same time Max Praet, the Ashland fruit-grower, by reason of his fancy and ornamental wrappings got \$1.00 per box. Both shipments were of Ashland peaches. This illustrates what careful and fancy packing will do.—Mining Journal.

John Anderson was killed in the government rock quarry on the Suslaw last Saturday. He was engaged as powder man and was springing a hole upon a high bluff, when the charge went off prematurely, and the tramping bar struck Anderson on the chin, knocking him off the rock into the pit and when picked up he was dead.

As a result of the third experimental shipment of butter to London by the agricultural department, Western creamery butter sold at a profit of over 2 cents a pound, while New England creamery brought lower prices than at home. There was no difference in the quality of the products; the difference was in the size of the packages. With close study of English tastes American butter, which on the whole has already made a favorable impression abroad, ought to build up a brisk trade in the British metropolis, and possibly beyond.

The "iron barometer" is showing some gratifying conditions in business, commerce, and manufacture in the United States. One year ago the average weekly output of pig-iron was only a little above 100,000 tons per week, now it is reaching nearly 200,000 tons per week. This shows more about a real business improvement of the country than columns of walling about "temporary prosperity due to famine abroad." Iron now enters into vast quantities of machinery, the mining and machinery for the farm, the rails and cars and engines

for the railroads, the frames for great business buildings, tin-plate for roofs and for manufacturers, ships that sail the seas and rivers, and thousands of other articles—that an increase of nearly 100 per cent in its output is a striking proof of the general business improvement.

NOTE AND COMMENT.

The crack of a dynamite gun has induced Weyler to tender his resignation again. He is not prepared to resist high explosives with barbed wire.

Greek papers say the payment of the indemnity has been accepted by the so-called "mournful resignation." This phrase should be remembered as the sequel of misguided enthusiasm.

For shooting a scorcher a British Columbia Indian has been sentenced to ten years in jail. Such severity seemed necessary, for the scorcher got away after all with only a temporary puncture.

For France or any other European power to speak of American "aggression" is a degree of nerve past all understanding. It was not America that invaded and despoiled Madagascar, anyhow.

One encouraging fact about the reported sighting of Andree's balloon in Russia is that yellow journalism has not yet appeared in the hands of the telegraph use of the telegraph there for fake stories is not a safe amusement.

The theory is still occasionally heard that the bicycle is a passing fad. A glance over the world does not tend to confirm the idea. In France 329,814 bicycles are registered, and the government collects a tax on them of over \$300,000.

"Stand by the administration of William McKinley. That is the only salvation of our country. By indorsing and standing by the administration you will spare this nation further attacks from those who preached anarchy and arrayed class against class a year ago."—Senator Hanna at Burton, Ohio.

War in the Central American republics, or whatever they are, is much after the style of a "continuous performance" show. Nicaragua has no sooner retired from the stage than little Costa Rica emits a few wild shrieks and dances into place with a tin sword. These exhibitions seem to please the people, and being more refined than bull-fights, are not particularly objectionable.

At last a European duel involving actual hardship to a participant has been fought. The Austrian Premier having been called a blackguard proceeded to show how well founded was the charge by challenging his accuser, concerning whose blackguardism no question has arisen. The Premier will lose an arm. The other fellow, intending to lose, and upon the wound of honor there has been placed the salve of healing. The duel is a great institution.

The police official who connived at a little lynch law practice in Mexico has killed himself in jail, using, so dispatches relate, a revolver. The practice of permitting a prisoner to carry arms has generally met with disaster in this country, and it is surprising that Mexico should tolerate it, the impulse of a man in jail being more often homicidal than suicidal. The possibility intrudes itself that perhaps Judge Lynch has been getting in a little more work.

The possibility of a rupture between the United States and Spain growing out of the representations recently made to the Madrid authorities by Minister Woodford, is regarded as very remote by state department officials. At the time Mr. Woodford's instructions were written it was the opinion of administration officials that a tender of the good offices of the United States would be rejected by Spain. Their views have changed on this point. It is said that the authorities are now confidently expecting that Spain will accept the offer made in the same conciliatory spirit in which it was made, and will express a willingness to consider any suggestion which this government may choose to make in the direction of a restoration of peace in the island.

Weather Bureau Crop Bulletin.

PORTLAND, ORE., SEPT. 27, 1897.—Western Oregon crops.—The weather has been favorable to farm operations. During the past week the threshing was practically completed; it was found that little or no damage was done to the grain by the rains the fore part of the month. Wheat and oats had more than average yields and the large acreage of spring grain has made the total product equal to the former largest crop. Hops have all been picked and drying continues. The estimate of last week of one-third the total crop being ruined by rain, mold and lice, is a fair approximation of the loss.

Prune drying continues. The prune crop is thoroughly satisfactory and dry-ness is progressing. The total prune crop will be the largest in the history of the state.

Planting and seeding continue to be active. The rain of today is very opportune, for it will put all soil in excellent condition to be worked.

Potato digging continues to be very active, and all reports indicate a very large potato crop. Grapes are ripe and are a large crop. The fruit crop is practically all gathered, except winter apples and winter pears. Sugar beets are making excellent growth, and the development of saccharine matter is very large. Cabbage, carrots, onions, etc., are very large crops. The grass has become green, due to the early September rains, and pastures are excellent. Stock is fattening, milk cows are improving, and the supply of better is increasing.

The year has had a few unfavorable periods; but, on the whole, it has been one of the most successful and prosperous ones in the history of the state.

At Glenbrook.

The big dryer of Hon. Geo. W. Riddle at Glenbrook is in full operation day and night, the capacity being 300 bushels for every 24 hours. It is running now chiefly on prunes but has been run on peaches, pears and apples. It is estimated that 125,000 pounds will be the output for the season of all varieties. Quite a number of specimen boxes have been put up and will be placed on exhibition at the coming fair here and then sent to the Chamber of Commerce at Portland as samples of what can be done in Douglas county in the way of raising and curing fruit.

Buckley's Africa Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale at A. C. Marsters & Co.

Gold Watch.

Lucky number guessed on September watch was 11, by J. R. Fegles at the Novelty Store.

Gunning for Provisions.

JUNEAU, Alaska, Sept. 25.—Colonel O. V. Davis of Spokane, Wash., has just arrived in Juneau from a trip down the Yukon, as far as Lake Lebarge. There he encountered a Mr. Shepard of Dawson City, who was on his way out of the Klondike, coming up the river with a party of Indians. Mr. Shepard told Colonel Davis a worse story of the conditions at Dawson City than any that have been published. He had been nineteen days out of Dawson at Lake Lebarge.

Mr. Shepard said that parties going down the river were held up, if necessary with guns, within 20 miles of Dawson and their provisions taken away from them. Often parties going down the river showed light, but the Dawson City Vidette, anticipating trouble, always got the "drop" on new-comers, and that was where the gun-play came in. The provisions were always paid for in money or gold dust, and then divided up pro rata among the remaining party.

Mr. Shepard says that there is an exodus up the river by the overland route to get out of Dawson for the winter as there is down the river to St. Michael. Hundreds are coming behind him as fast as they could travel, but he had a great advantage, having engaged the Indians to help him. He says that many will beyond doubt be caught on the trail by winter and with insufficient provisions must perish.

Typhoid and pneumonia are raging most furiously at Dawson. Hundreds are ill, many dying. A number of people have been taken down with these ailments on the Yukon and compelled to stop. Mr. Shepard does not see how they can get out of the country alive, even if they recover from the illness.

Many Klondikers on both trails are abandoning their grub at and beyond the mountains of the new country, and coming back to Dyea and Skagway. They will try to get back home. A body of Canadian police has left ten tons of provisions on the lakes and returned to Dyea, satisfied that they could not get to Dawson City with it. It has cost the Canadian government about \$5000 to get the grub in that far.

Both Claim the Name.

LINCOLN, Neb., Sept. 27.—Some interesting litigation growing out of the peculiar state of affairs in Nebraska has developed. The gold republicans have developed a protest with the secretary of state against the silver republicans being designated on the ticket under that name. They state as a reason that the new election law of the state prohibits any new party from taking the name or any part of a name in political organization already in existence.

In reply tomorrow the silver republicans will begin by admitting the correctness of the gold republicans' interpretation of the law, but will maintain that the republicans are the usurpers and should be enjoined from using the title "republican party," and in support of their position they will quote from a number of state platforms in which a common use of gold and silver is declared to be the cardinal principle of the republican party, and in which free coinage is supported. In addition they will quote from speeches made in Nebraska by Senator Thurston, in which he declared his adhesion to free silver, and asserted that it was a part of the republican party that the two metals should be the original money of the nation.

Whatever the decision of the secretary of state is, the case will be carried to the supreme court. It is thought that the matter will assume national proportions.

Try Schilling's Best tea and baking powder.

Prosperity and Prunes.

The Unipina Beacon has enlarged its dimensions and is now a six column folio with patent outside. We clip the following from its columns:

Prunes, Klondike and McKinley and Prosperity, these three, but, the greatest of these is prunes.

Whether it has been the Dingley bill, gold standard, Klondike mines, famine or luck, we are not prepared to say; but it is very evident that from some cause the people of this section are more prosperous than they have been for several years, but how long it will last, the Lord only knows.

The rise in the price of products at such a depressing period in our history, borders on the miraculous. If there had been plenty of money and the people anything like prosperous to begin with, this is the sort of what wheat would have been \$2 or \$3 per bushel and other products proportionately high.

Uncle Joe Lane has a most wonderful cow, so he says. He feeds her prunes and the milk she gives is prune juice and when churned is the purest and best of butter. The curd is a very valuable curd, and if some of the thrifty of this place had her they would prize her more highly than the rarest jewel on earth.

Cheap Railroad Rates to the Oregon State Fair, September 30 to October 8, 1897.

The low rate of one fare for round trip will be given by the Southern Pacific from any point on their lines in Oregon, to enable all to attend.

The people's state institution for the improvement of agriculture and the mechanical and household arts. Represented in district departments, and divisions, the most intelligent and the various breeds and types of horses, cattle, sheep, swine, poultry, and the many classes of machinery and implements, manufactures and merchandise, musical instruments, domestic manufactures, woman's work, science and art. The people of the state are especially invited to participate. Let us demonstrate the capabilities of Oregon and Oregon people. One fare for the round trip. Popular admission of 25 cents.

Probate Court Notes.

In the matter of the estate of Wm. L. Wilson, deceased, Hattie H. Wilson, widow, and P. A. Wilson, son of deceased, are appointed administratrix and administrator with bonds fixed at \$14,000. Bonds filed and approved with G. W. Carter, Friedricks, Kinzel, Lewis Ash, M. Dean, Geo. K. Quinn, J. T. Mayes and J. B. Riddle, sureties. Appraisers appointed are M. Dean, Lewis Ash and Abner Riddle.

Citation to heirs of Wm. M. Wells, deceased, is ordered issued to show cause, if any, why sale of real property of said estate should not be made.

Cleveland Plaindealer: There's a great deal of nonsense told about the Klondike gold fields, and the skeptic "I don't believe that conditions there are quite as primitive as they have been represented." "I agree with you, sub," replied Colonel Stillwell. "I have it on good authority that whisky sells at \$10 a quart there. The idea of people who grow such a reputation as that being called rags and uncutured!"

JOSEPHSON'S

Don't forget that we carry a complete line of LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS, also White Collars and Cuffs in the latest styles.

Among our New Goods, just arrived, note the following:

Ladies' Pocket Books. A full line of ladies' pocket books, the latest fash in monkey skin, alligator, etc.

Ladies' Belts. A complete assortment of ladies' belts in tan, white, brown, black and ox-blood, including the new double buckle belt.

Ladies' Waist Sets. Ladies' waist sets, in pearl, gilt, dresden and fancy stones may also be found here.

Men, do you wear SHOES? If so, we carry a line the equal of which has never been seen here.

Song of the Cubans. We are hard oppressed by armies Of remorseless Spain, And the ravages of battle May every where be seen; But we do in our just cause With our own accord agree, To endure war's hardships great, Till Cuba shall be free.

We shall bravely fight for freedom, As long as life remains, For we cannot bear to witness Our dear life in chains; We trust in Him who rules our fate, And feel it's His decree, That we should still prolong the war, Till Cuba shall be free.

ALBON HANNESS, Driver Valley, Oregon.

While Mark Twain was in Dresden he expressed a wish to meet Dr. Paul Lindau. The result was a dinner given by an American resident there, which brought the two distinguished authors together. When conversation became general Dr. Lindau gave his views on America. He had been there for a few weeks and knew it all. In particular he condemned the climate of Florida. Mr. Clemens thereupon spoke up: "I was there some years ago and spent some time in Key West. While at Key West a schooner put in one day with several of the crew dead from yellow fever. Well, there was great excitement in the town, and elaborate preparations were made for the funeral. A minister was secured to officiate, and when all was ready he opened his prayer book and read the marriage service. There was no funeral service in the Key West prayer books. They never have occasion to use it."

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets. Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c. 25c. If C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

For City Marshal. I hereby announce myself a candidate for city marshal subject to the voters of Roseburg at the ensuing election.

E. W. DILLARD.

For Marshal. I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of city marshal of Roseburg at the city election to be held Oct. 4th, 1897.

P. H. REAMS.

For City Marshal. I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of city marshal, subject to the decision of the voters of Roseburg, at the ensuing election, Oct. 4th, 1897.

A. R. GREEN.

For Marshal. I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of marshal at the ensuing city election. If elected I will serve the city for \$10 per month.

W. BAILEY SINGLETON.

For Recorder. I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of city recorder at the coming city election.

DEXTER ROSE.

For Recorder. I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of city recorder, subject to the decision of the voters of Roseburg, at the ensuing election, Oct. 4th, 1897.

I. B. RIDDLE.

For Treasurer. I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of city treasurer, at the city election to be held on Monday Oct. 4th, 1897.

GEO. CAMP.

For Treasurer. I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of city treasurer at the city election to be held Monday, Oct. 4, 1897. Having paid taxes and license in the city for twenty-five years, I ask a return of the compliment. H. C. STANDBY.

Free Pills. Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to the stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular use 25c per box. Sold by A. C. Marsters, Druggist.

To Cure Constipation Forever. Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. Be or 50c. If C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

Trusses, a full line new styles at Marsters.

Notice of Final Settlement. NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE undersigned executor of the estate of M. R. Shupe, deceased, has filed his final account and that Monday, November 1, 1897, at 1 o'clock p. m. has been set by the court for hearing objections, if any, to said account and the settlement of said estate. This notice is published by order of the Hon. A. J. Stearns, judge of the county court of Douglas county, Oregon, made the 24th day of September, 1897.

Dated September 25, 1897. J. H. SHUPE, Executor of the Estate of M. R. Shupe, deceased.

Ladies, call and see the fine line of BLACK DRESS GOODS Displayed in Our Windows.

Men's Department. It is worth your time to see the elegant display in our mens' department. Our 25 cent silk handkerchiefs are selling like hot cakes.

Do you ride a Bike? We carry a fine line of bicycle pants, bicycle hose, bicycle shoes, bicycle caps, and all kinds of bicycle clothing.

THE TOP IS SOLID. That is only ONE reason why the Marlin Repeating Rifle is the SAFEST and deserves its name "SAFETY."

It EJECTS at the SIDE and so is the MOST CONVENIENT and COMFORTABLE.

The Barrel is the BALLARD Barrel. The ACTION is the most COMPACT; the SIMPLEST because it has the fewest parts; the EASIEST WORKING because all parts work directly on each other without lost motion.

LIGHT WEIGHT and PERFECT BALANCE.

Send for Catalogue to The Marlin Fire Arms Co., New Haven, Conn.



MADE IN ALL CALIBRES from 22 to 45.



WE DON'T KEEP KLONDIKE SKATES BUT

Are up in G when it comes to Apple Parers, Corn Knives, Fruit Jars and Cans, and "sich."

CHURCHILL, WOOLLEY & MCKENZIE, ROSEBURG HARDWARE CO.

OAKLAND MILLING COMPANY

PROPRIETORS OF OAKLAND ROLLER MILLS

MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS IN FLOUR, GRAIN, AND MILL PRODUCTS.

WE MANUFACTURE and place upon the market but one brand of Flour, the ACORN BRAND, which is standard throughout the world, and a Basket of Acorns, printed in olive green upon the sack, is a guarantee that the flour is STANDARD, of the highest grade. We have for sale at all times BRAN, SHORTS, and all kinds of FEED. Our BREAKFAST FOODS are favorites in all markets. The mill is equipped with the most perfect of modern machinery, and its products are none but the best. We give 40 lbs. in exchange for a bushel of wheat and pay the highest price for grain, and farmers storing grain at the mill be furnished sacks free.

A FULL LINE OF CARPETS WALL PAPER AND FURNITURE AT PRICES AS LOW AS GOOD GOODS CAN BE SOLD

ALEXANDER & STRONG'S ROSEBURG, OREGON.