

THE PLAINEALER.

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PUBLISHERS' NOTICE.

This paper will be issued for the present once a week instead of twice a week as heretofore. Thursday will be publication day. The price will be reduced from \$2.00 to \$1.50 per year. Subscribers who have paid in advance at the \$2.00 rate will receive a proportionate credit. This change was intended when the change in the proprietors was made last February, but for various reasons has been deferred until now.

In another column, under the head of "To the Farmers of Douglas County," appears an article that should not be overlooked by those who are interested in the establishment of beet sugar plant somewhere in Douglas county. A large number of our farmers have for some time been agitating the subject, and now that there seems to be a prospect of something being done it behooves all interested to get a move on and hustle things to a conclusion. A mass meeting is called for Saturday, July 17th, to settle the preliminaries—that is, to see if the necessary acreage can be obtained on which to grow the beets to supply the factory should one be established. Douglas county soil has been tested and is known to be well adapted to the successful cultivation of the sugar beet, but it takes money, and lots of it, to establish a plant, and therefore an enterprise of this kind depends more upon the owners of the land than upon the quality of soil. Attend the mass meeting at the court house next Saturday, and decide if a factory is wanted and if it can be supplied with the raw material with which to run. Able speakers will address the meeting and explain the situation.

If the Japan Herald, a quotation from which appears in another column concerning Hawaii, speaks with authority, the Japs must think themselves capable of seizing the Sandwich Islands and holding them against the United States. Because there are 20,000 Japanese on the islands, 15,000 of whom are men and trained soldiers, the Herald thinks they they could easily be armed by transports from Japan and prevent the landing of a single American. An army could be recruited on the Pacific coast alone to cope with that force. When the flag of the Hawaiian republic is replaced by another it will be the flag of the United States, and not that of Japan. The "English of the East" had better not monkey with the eagle. The "English of the West" tried that a couple of times to their sorrow.

There is small comfort in the crop reports for those who thrive upon adversity and fatten upon the distresses of the people. When hard times are upon us we are apt at first to lay the blame to the powers that be, but when people are doing well they are ordinarily satisfied with things as they are, and the calamity howler receives the cold shoulder. If the republicans of Oregon do not win a splendid victory next year it will be their own fault. The elements have been fighting for them and only internal dissension will bring defeat. The hope of the country is in the republican party and it is the duty of every member to bury his personal grievances for the general good.

Our secretary of state, who still poses as a republican, is giving aid and counsel to those whose chief mission in life is to overthrow the republican party and set aside the principles for which it contends. He was one of the reception committee to meet Mr. Bryan who is making a political tour in the interest of himself as a candidate to the presidency. He is "swinging around the circle" and the republican who aids and abets should change his colors.

There is no danger from the itinerary of Mr. Bryan if those who hear him will hear critically and carefully, and conscientiously analyze what he says. Mr. Bryan is not argumentative. He plays upon the misfortunes and the prejudices of men. His speeches in cold print are tame and illogical. But there is a personal magnetism about the man that makes the spoken word attractive.

There is no question but that employees often have grievances against employers. But it does appear as though modern labor organizations are carrying things a little too far in their attempts to interfere with the management of the employers' business and to dictate whom he shall or shall not employ.

OUR SENATOR.

Senator McBride, who, with Senator Foraker and other senators, was active in obtaining an increased tariff on washed wools of the second-class, received a letter from Messrs. Keyser, Fidler & Co., commission merchants, of Philadelphia, strongly recommending his course, as follows:

"We take the liberty of thanking you for your work in behalf of the American wool growers in stopping the biggest loophole in all the past tariffs, i. e., washed second-class wools coming in at a single duty. The grower has suffered more from this than any other evil, and we are glad that at last this outrageous inequality is to be no more. Every wool grower owes you an 'I thank you.'"

Senator McBride says that the rate fixed by the senate on first-class wools—ten cents per pound—is not too high, owing to the fact that wools of this class will all be imported, skirted. Australian and other wools that are skirted for the American market are trimmed in such a way as to make them almost sorted wools and in this form are worth at least two cents to four cents per pound more than unskirted fleeces. Therefore, a duty of ten cents per pound on first-class wools, skirted, is equivalent as a protective duty to not more than an eight cent per pound rate on the unskirted fleece, which is the form in which American wools are marketed.—Statesman.

Bryan has passed through the state in a blaze of glory. He is unquestionably the popular idol of the democracy of today and his followers are eagerly looking forward to the time when he may be president. But popular idols are seldom made presidents. Henry Clay in his time was the "great commoner" and the popular idol. The height of his ambition was to be president. He never succeeded. Daniel Webster, towered above Bryan intellectually as Hood towers above the surrounding peaks, but he was never president; yet he, too, was exceedingly popular. When Lincoln was first nominated for president he was scarcely known outside of Illinois. James G. Blaine was as popular as Mr. Bryan and a statesman to boot, but he was defeated for the presidency by a comparatively unknown man who had happened to be elected governor of New York by an unprecedented majority. The probabilities are Bryan will never be president.

As was expected all the straight republicans of the senate voted for the tariff bill on final passage. Mantle and Jones of the silver republicans also voted for the bill and one democrat, McHenry of Louisiana. Cannon, silver republican of Utah voted with the democrats. This is not surprising as Cannon's antecedents were democratic. His father, George T. Cannon, was for years a delegate in congress from the territory of Utah elected as a democrat. The Mormons were all democrats until they expected statehood at the hands of the republicans and then they changed their politics. As soon as it suits their purpose they will be democrats again. They are mostly popocrats now.

NEWS NOTES.

The Christian Endeavorers will meet in London in 1900.

John F. Caples has been appointed consul to Valparaiso.

The Crescent tinplate works at Cleveland has opened up again with non-union men.

Col. C. F. Crocker, vice president of the Southern Pacific, is very ill at his home in San Francisco.

The recent hot wave in the East has been dispelled by copious rains and it is again possible to breathe.

Dr. William Nast, the father of German Methodism, celebrated his nineteenth birthday in Cincinnati recently.

Leonard J. Crawford, of Kentucky, was elected president of the Republican League, and Omaha selected as the place of holding the next convention.

The senate committee on foreign relations has agreed to report a resolution for the ratification of the Hawaiian annexation treaty without amendment.

Gomez has concluded to change his policy, and is going to "end the war quickly." Weyler said the same thing several times but as Gomez objected it didn't count.

One of the largest salt works in Oklahoma is owned and operated by two young women, who expect to pay their way through college from the profits of their business.

The Car and the Kaiser have both received the credit of having a string on the Sultan, but up to date neither of them has shown any ability to pull him out of Theesaly.

Miss Ethel Rebecca Benjamin, LL. B., aged 25, of Dunedin, New Zealand, having passed the bar examination, is the first woman admitted to practice as a barrister and solicitor in Australian courts.

The coal miners' strike in the East is gathering headway and is expected to sweep all before it in a few days more. It is probable that the Iowa miners, numbering 10,000, may join the strike out of sympathy.

The Oregon has been assigned to Hawaiian waters and will sail at once. She probably will not be needed, but will be handy to have around in case the Japs should attempt to carry out their threat of monkeying with our affairs.

Widow Hensson's cottage near Linnon was burned to the ground Tuesday night. The widow, who was at a party at a neighbor's returned in time to see two of her children, aged 4 and 2 years, perish in the flames. Three of the children, escaped death, but were badly burned. Firecrackers.

After a continuous residence of 22 years at Myrtle Point, and an absence of 38 years from his native city—Baltimore, on account of his health and needing a change, our esteemed townsman, E. Bender, intends visiting the scenes of his childhood to renew the acquaintance of relatives and friends, and will leave for the east today. As his absence may be rather protracted, he has deemed it best to tender his resignation as postmaster at this place, after a continuous service of 21 years, and also as recorder of the city, and justice of the peace, which positions he has filled for many years.—Enterprise.

Squirrel Poison at Marster's.

Hinman's Story.

When Bob Hinman was on trial last week charged with assault with intent to kill, his condition was such that he had to be taken from the jail to the court room on a stretcher. During the noon hour it was not deemed necessary to remove him to the jail so he was left in the court room in charge of a bailiff. To a bystander he narrated the story of his notorious career substantially as follows:

The sentiment in and about the vicinity of Riddle against him in the first place was created by the fact that he had whipped a few of the bullies as well as some of the judges of that locality. They kept setting their best men on him and he whipped them one after another. Then when the robbery was committed, for which he was sent to the county jail to await the action of the grand jury, they concluded to fasten it onto him, but he had, he said, nothing whatever to do with it. However, he was committed to jail. He had no fear of a conviction on that charge, but as the time for the convening of the court was two and a half months off, and having a chance to get out of jail he went, intending about court time to return and face the accusation that had been made against him. He then returned to his accustomed haunts, but was watched and hounded to such an extent that he concluded to come back and go to jail. Accordingly he sent word to R. L. Stephens, deputy sheriff, that on a certain night he would come to his house and give himself up. On the day set he started in good faith for town. When he reached Shady Point he was suddenly accosted by Stephens and another man who presented their pistols to his face, commanded him to hold up his hands and commenced shooting. The firing frightened his horse, which ran away and Hinman concluded to let him run and he got away from them, returning again to the vicinity of Riddle to be again hounded from place to place, up to the time of the encounter with Higgins in which the latter was shot. Then he concluded to get out of the country, having no difficulty except at Medford, where the marshal had organized a posse to take him, having been informed by telegraph that he was on the train. He stood the marshal and his posse off, as will be remembered. He said he could have killed three or four people there just as well as not, but did not want to hurt anyone. Then he made his way to Angeles Camp, California, and here again he was spotted and was shot by the marshal through the fleshy part of the leg when the attempt was made to make an arrest. He got into a drug store and poured some carbolic acid in the wound and then joined the crowd on the street that had been attracted by the shot. He took in the comments of the marshal who appeared of the opinion that he had fired a fatal shot and would find his men curled up in some corner in the morning. But he didn't. Bob made his way south and eventually got into Mexico, where he took up his residence with an old Mexican and considered himself out of reach of the authorities. One morning, however, when he was a little distance from the cabin he was accosted by two men on horseback who commanded him to throw up his hands and consider himself under arrest. He demanded that they show their authority but was answered with the shot that broke his leg. The men then jumped on him and bound him. Three pistol shots were fired, evidently a signal, as another man drove up with a buckboard. He was loaded on and driven across the line to Yuma.

All this trouble, and shooting, and expense, might have been saved but for the fact that someone wanted to make a little political capital by taking Bob Hinman. He would have come in undoubtedly. The action of the state's officers indicate that they hadn't much confidence in making the burglary charge stick. Hinman is what is known as a bad man and the opinion is that the sentence was merited, but there is not much glory for anyone in the circumstances of the escape and arrest.

Crushed to Death.

Last Sunday, while engaged in freighting machinery from Roseburg to the Olalla mine, Harry Weaver met with an accident that cost him his life. In going down the grade near the Winston bridge the wagon on which Harry was handling the brake tipped over and he was caught under the machinery and crushed so badly that he died within an hour. Harry was well known in this city, having resided here for several years, being employed most of the time by Dr. Bradley as hostler. He was about 40 years of age, and had no family or relatives. He was buried Monday in Old Fellow cemetery.

Scrofula Swelling

On the Neck and Great Weakness Caused by Impure Blood—Was Constantly Growing Worse.

When my son was 5 years old he was in very poor health and we could get nothing to relieve him. At the age of 7 years he began to complain of soreness on both sides of his neck and soon lumps began to gather on one side and grew to half the size of an egg. We then became more uneasy and began to doctor him for scrofula. He gradually grew worse, however, until at the age of twelve years we had lost all hope of his recovery. He became so weak he could sit up but a few minutes at a time. My wife saw Hood's Sarsaparilla recommended as a great blood purifier and we sent and got a bottle. We began giving our boy the medicine according to directions and it was not long before we saw he was improving. He continued taking it until he was in very good health. He is now 13 years old and is well. We recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla for all troubles caused by impure blood. S. M. SILVER, Grouse, Oregon. Hood's Sarsaparilla is sold by all druggists. 50¢ for 25¢. Get only Hood's.

He came home late and he told her yarns of the men he had to meet. But it didn't go, and his wife grew cold when he saw her leave her seat. And when she reached to grab his hair his very mustache curled. For the hand that rocks the cradle is the hand that rules the world. You can get the other sort of cradle for \$2.75 at Wead's.

J. F. BARKER & CO.

GROCERS.

TEAS

A SPECIALTY.

COFFEE

Is having a large sale. New styles.

Glass and Delf Ware

at astonishing low prices. Our own owned. Some are very popular.

Executor's Notice to Creditors.

J. LITTLE, TESTAMENTARY HAVING BEEN named to J. F. Barker & Co. as Executor of the last will and testament of Thomas Wiley, deceased, by the County Court of Douglas County, Oregon. Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against the estate of the said Thomas Wiley, deceased, to present the same with proper vouchers duly verified to the undersigned executor at Myrtle Creek, Douglas County, Oregon, within six months from the date of this notice. Dated this 5th day of July, 1897. J. LITTLE, S. WILEY, Executor of the last will and testament of Thomas Wiley, deceased.

JOSEPHSON'S

Don't forget that we carry a complete line of

Among our New Goods, just arrived, note the following:

Ladies' Pocket Books. A full line of ladies' pocket books, the latest made in monkey skin, alligator, etc.

Ladies' Belts. A complete assortment of ladies' belts in tan, white, brown, black and ox-blood, including the new double buckle belt.

Ladies' Waist Sets. Ladies' waist sets in pearl, gilt, dresden and fancy stones may also be found here.

Men, do you wear SHOES? If so, we carry a line the equal of which has never been seen here.

If you are interested in fine

SHOT GUNS

Call and see our new line of 1897

BAKER GUNS

CHURCHILL, WOOLLEY & MCKENZIE

Ladies, call and see the fine line of BLACK DRESS GOODS Displayed in Our Windows.

also White Collars and Cuffs in the latest styles.

Men's Department. It is worth your time to see the elegant display in our mens' department. Our 25 cent silk handkerchiefs are selling like hot cakes.

Do you ride a Bike? We carry a fine line of bicycle pants, bicycle hose, bicycle shoes, bicycle caps, and all kinds of bicycle clothing.

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