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J. B. EDDY, Editor.
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FEBRUARY 11, 1897.

NOTICE.

To whom it may concern: W. F. Benjamin having sold his interest in the PLAINEALER, settlement of accounts is now in order. All amounts due for advertising and job work to date are payable to C. Y. Benjamin, who will also pay all indebtedness of the firm to date.
January 26, 1897.

W. F. BENJAMIN,
C. Y. BENJAMIN.

THE NORMAL SCHOOLS.

Unless some one with the necessary nerve stands up boldly against what is becoming the practice the normal schools will be saddled on the state for good and all. In 1891, when Senator Hatch of Iowa made his great fight for the normal school at Monmouth, and succeeded in having it brought under the wing of the state by the passage of his bill calling it a State Normal school, and providing for the appointment by the Governor of a Board of Regents, etc., he distinctly promised, on the floor of the senate, that the institution would never ask for a dollar of state money. It had been in existence a number of years and had always been self sustaining, and when the name of the state was given thereto and its graduates given standing by law, it would be still more popular and its revenues consequently greater, so the bill passed and the school at Monmouth became a State Normal School under the control of a board of regents, officers of the State, but there was no appropriation. At the next session, however, a bill was introduced carrying an appropriation of something like \$40,000 to pay deficiencies in the salaries of the faculty and to provide for a dormitory and dining room or something of that kind, and it passed, but not without protest. Since then appropriations have been regularly made. Not only that but the success of Monmouth gave others courage, and Weston, in Umatilla county, got in in 1893 and secured state recognition and a \$12,000 appropriation, and in 1895 it secured a \$16,000 appropriation, \$12,000 for salaries and \$4,000 for buildings, and this year \$20,000 will be asked. And now a representative from Jackson county, Mr. Langell, has introduced a bill to make the Ashland school a State Normal and carrying an appropriation of \$15,000 with it. When is this thing to stop? Is there any reason why any town in the state should not equally aspire to have a Normal School with Monmouth, Weston, or Ashland?

TARIFF ON LUMBER.

It has been estimated in the dispatches that when a new tariff bill is enacted by the incoming congress one of its features will be the restoration of the so-called McKinley rates on wood. This is said to include a tariff of \$2.00 per thousand feet on rough lumber, and that to the Pacific Coast means much under present conditions and would mean more as the years go by. All the lumber shipped from this coast to foreign ports under the old McKinley tariff was first class lumber and the second class was kept and sold in the home market. Without a sale of, or market for, that second class stock the first class could not be cut at a profit at ruling rates. The \$2.00 import tax on rough lumber kept the Canadian lumberman out of the markets of America, and not only conserved the markets of the United States for the lumber men of the United States but gave them an advantage in the foreign market. The Canadian having but a limited demand for his second class product much of it remained on his hands a total loss and he could not compete with his American neighbor. Another advantage the Canadian has over us is the fact that he can get all the timber in the forest he wants by simply paying stumpage to his government, while here the lumberman must either buy the land or secure stumpage from some man who has bought it. A tariff on lumber is an absolute necessity to the lumber interests of the Pacific coast.

A Pennsylvania journal laments that the burning of the capitol of that state does not prevent the legislature from getting together and passing laws. In Oregon it has been found possible to avert this calamity without burning the statehouse.—Oregonian.

The fire losses of 1896 was \$7,000,000 less than in 1895. Does that mean that there were more legitimate sales and less in which the insurance companies were forced to become purchasers?

JUDICIAL DISTRICTS.

While the legislature is considering the bill to divide the third judicial district and make that part on the east side of the Willamette one district and that on the west another, it might be well to take up whole matter of the judicial districts of the state and have a general remodeling. The first district has two judges and not enough business to keep one busy. That extra judgeship was created for the purpose of giving the lawyers of Klamath and Lake a chance to further their political ambitions, and not because there was need to relieve an overworked judge. In fact at the time the bill was under consideration by the state senate the then judge of the district, L. B. Webster, was at the Dallas holding court for the judge of that district, who was sick. That act should be repealed and the first district left with one judge. But to revert to the third district, it is a large district, it is true, and the work may be too much for one judge. If Linn and Marion are to be cut off, then Benton and Lincoln should be taken from the second district, (Fulton) and added to Polk, Yamhill and Tillamook. That would equalize matters. The judge of this district is now the hardest worked in the state. It is said by attorneys in Portland that three judges would be sufficient there; three would be plenty. There are now four. There is one district too many in Eastern Oregon. Offices should be created to meet the requirements, or needs of the people, and not to make places for politicians. While we are in the mood, let's have a little retrenchment all around. The flush times, when the payment of taxes was an easy matter, have passed away, and we must adapt our public as well as private affairs, to the changed conditions.

Yesterday the ceremony of counting the electoral votes for president and vice president of the United States took place in the house of representatives. Vice President Stevenson presiding over the joint assembly. The result was: Whole number of electors, 447, of which a majority is 224. William McKinley, of Ohio, has received 271 votes for president, and W. J. Bryan, of Nebraska, has received 176 votes. The state of the vote for vice president is: Garret A. Hobart has received 271 electoral votes, Arthur Sewall 149 votes and Thomas E. Watson 27 votes.

An attempt is now to be made to legalize lotteries in Nevada. Prize fighters have found protection there, now why not lotteries? Nevada is a poor excuse for a state; it ought to be annexed to Utah. The better way would have been to have annexed Utah to Nevada before that territory was created a state, then the perplexing question of destroying a sovereign state of the Union would not have to be dealt with.

It is said that Hon. Binger Hermann, representative in congress from the First Oregon district is a candidate for commissioner of the General Land office. Mr. Hermann's term as congressman expires on the 4th proximo and as he and Major McKinley were good friends when they were colleagues in the house, he may succeed.

Lilikalani, ex-queen of the Sand wich Islands, is in Washington, said to be on a political errand. If Lilie expects the United States to restore her to the Kanaka throne she is wasting her time. She had better be satisfied with the pension the republic has kindly given her and retire to private life.

The Times argues that Mexico is prosperous under a free silver policy. The First National Bank of Chicago about two months ago bought \$50,000 in Mexican bonds direct from the government of that country for a trifle over \$13,000. God deliver the United States from that kind of prosperity.

There is no particular reason why the sessions of the United States senate should be private. It is time that body was getting out of the old ruts and coming a little nearer the people. Hill's motion to make the discussion of the arbitration treaty public ought to have prevailed.

It is not fair to credit W. S. U'Ren, the populist leader, with being the only member of the legislature who does not travel on a Southern Pacific pass. The senator from Douglas is under no obligation to the railroad company, as he pays his own way wherever he goes.

When Gladstone was at the head of the British exchequer his annual reports were said to be positively fascinating. After the deficit disappears the monthly statements of Secretary Gage will have a similar attraction.

Senator A. W. Reed of Douglas has fallen into the good graces of the artist of Oregon's great daily and a creditable picture of the senator in the attitude of addressing the chairman of the joint convention is the result.

As the democrats find nothing to say against McKinley or his coming cabinet, they can only renew campaign tactics and abuse Hanna.

The Salem Journal intimates that Senator Mitchell wrote that acrostic poetry.

The Dead Lock.

SALEM, Feb. 11.—In the joint convention today 37 were present. Biley and Lee stayed out. Reed went in again and said he was in to stay. Adjourned till 12 tomorrow.

A blizzard in Minnesota Tuesday blocked all railroads.

"SOMEONE HAS LIED."

Senator Carter Uses Strong Language in Joint Convention.

Salem, Or., Feb. 10, 1897.

On my arrival here this morning almost the first man I met was Fred Page-Tustin, and to the inquiry "what's the news?" he said Mitchell would be elected today and organization effected forthwith. In circulating about the hotel and corridors of the state house during the forenoon I found that the impression was general, especially among the supporters of Senator Mitchell, that the necessary forty-six would go into convention today and the senator would be returned for another term. Even the opponents of Mitchell seemed impressed with this idea and were correspondingly cast down, but they would say they couldn't see where the senator would get his votes from. But "the best laid plans of mice and men gang aft agley." The expected did not happen and with the exception of the Carter incident the convention was but a repetition of its predecessors. A close friend of Senator Carter told me this morning that Senator Mitchell and ex-Senator Senator Demm, called on Senator Carter last night that there were now 45 ready to go in and elect a senator, and with him the necessary 46 would be completed and if he held out, then the responsibility for failure to elect and failure of organization must rest upon his shoulders. He was then shown their names of the members who in addition to the 83 who have always been on hand were ready to go in and break the deadlock. Senator Carter said he would not also be the cause of further delay but if the 45 were on hand he would make the 46th; but, if the 45 were not there, then he would have something to say to the joint convention. The senator from Oregon and his faithful lieutenants were busy all the morning hurrying hither and thither. There was but a short session of the senate and note of the house—except that the Davis house met and adjourned till tomorrow—and there was plenty of time to hob-nob with the members. Shortly before 12 o'clock the lobby and galleries of the hall of representatives began to fill up and the members and senators who have been regularly attending the conventions struggled in. At noon the convention's presiding officer, Senator Brownell, was seen about the reporter's desks, but he waited until 12:10 before he ascended to the speaker's chair and called the convention to order. It was evident that the expected additions had not yet arrived. The rolls were called. That of the senate showed present the faithful ten. That of the house the usual 28. Biley and Lee did not answer to their names. The total of 38 was still eight short of the required majority to constitute the quorum. During the house roll call there was a ripple of applause and everyone knew that someone who had not hitherto been in had gone inside the bar. It was senator Carter. At the conclusion of the roll call there was a pause and then the venerable senator from Benton addressed the chair and spoke at some length. He recounted the history of the session in relation to the senatorial middle and especially his interviews with Senator Mitchell on his arrival and on last night. The desire to get him to sign the caucus call was repeated and his conversation of last night with Senator Mitchell in which other senators were said to be ready to come in was gone over. He had seen the senators mentioned and they said they had made no such promise to Senator Mitchell. "Now," said Senator Carter, "there is a lie out somewhere; either the United States senator or the state senator lied."

There was considerable applause at the conclusion of Senator Carter's remarks, but one man blazed. That man was said to be a resident of Benton county, an ex-officer here to work for Mitchell. Why should he hiss? Senator Carter has a right to his opinions and a right to express them, and whatever else may be said, the honesty of his purpose has never been denied nor has his unflinching integrity been called in question. It was in bad taste, to say the least, for the lobbyist on the floor of the house, where he had no right, to hiss a senator of this state who was simply giving a reason for his action. The convention adjourned to 12 o'clock tomorrow.

"Well, the jig's up." That was the dominating comment after the convention. It appears as though Senator Mitchell had made his fight and lost, but it remains to be seen whether or not he can keep his forces intact and prevent a break. The next move is eagerly watched for and people are unwilling to admit that there will be no organization and no senator.

The senate is not attempting to do anything and the house (Benson and Davis too, for that matter) is simply killing time. No attempt has been made on the part of the Benson house to appoint the necessary committees and go on with business in the regular way. Its sessions are simply perfunctory.

Senator Driver, about whom as much has been said as of any other member of the senate, is credited with being said that there were but two things for rebels, one was to be hung, and the other was to be damned. The senator believes in the use of vigorous English, and persists in referring to the "outs" as rebels. He might threaten to preach them a sermon and take for his text, "Oh ye rebellious and perverse generation," That might bring them to their senses.

It was expected that at this session the expense for clerical aid would be materially reduced, but the senate with 30 members has 67 clerks. Most of the committees need clerks but hardly as many as that; and then if some plan could be devised whereby the clerks could be used where needed and as needed about one-third the total number would be sufficient. For instance, in their busy times the engrossing and

enrolling committees keep their full force employed, but they are never both heavily taxed at the same time, and one force of clerks could do the work of both committees. The clerks of the members and sign their warrants. But then a member is elected to attend to the business of law-making and his time can be better employed than in doing the things that a clerk can do just as well. This morning it was rumored that a little sensation would be sprung in the Davis house, to the effect that two members would get up and formally withdraw after roll call. The roll was called, there was no protest and the force goes on.

THE BLAME LODGED.

Senator Taylor, of Umatilla and Union, an ardent Mitchell man, gave to his home paper for publication, the following statement:

"There are four distinct elements now blocking legislation or organization at Salem. There are:

"First and chiefly—Those who desire to defeat Senator John H. Mitchell for re-election to the United States senate.

"Second—Those who are now holding offices in various departments of the state government who do not want any legislation, knowing that there would be danger to them were the legislature to get down to business, and that with no legislation they will continue to hold down their jobs.

"Third—Those who know that, if legislation can be blocked until the last few days of the session, the general appropriation bill will be more likely to pass unaltered from its first draught as now made, and they fear that the legislature will make some radical changes if it goes to doing business.

"Fourth—Those who are opposing the Portland charter bill.

"These elements, on some points, are friends, and on others are enemies. Senator Mitchell's positive strength today is not over 37 members. Of course, when it comes to regular organization, strength will be increased, but there will be no regular organization unless he releases his followers and tells them he will take his chances with other American citizens."

Obituary.

Meroy Naomi Carle, (nee Marsters), wife of Rev. J. M. Carle, was born in Lawrence county, Ohio, Nov. 20th, 1817. Died at her home in West Roseburg, Douglas county, Oregon, January 21st, 1897, aged 79 years, 2 months and one day.

Deceased was united in marriage to Rev. J. M. Carle, Nov. 1st, 1837. To this union was born five children, four daughters and one son. Two daughters preceded their mother in death, both passing away in confidence of the Christian's reward. Two daughters, Mrs. Phillips living in Missouri, and Mrs. Huff living in Seattle, Wash., and our townsman, Mr. L. D. Carle, with the father and a host of relatives and friends remain to mourn her loss.

Sister Carle accepted the Christian faith early in life and lived an earnest devoted Christian life until death took her from our midst to a home with the saints of God. The husband and father has lost a long and dear companion. The children an affectionate and kind mother and the United Brethren church a strong supporter of its interests. May we emulate her virtues and strive to meet her together with all the saints of God.

Sleep mother, thy rest is sweet,
Let angels guard thy tomb,
For with thee we expect to meet
When here our journey is complete.
To live with thee in your blessed home.
W. H. M.

Oregon Scenery.

On Feb. 25, 1897, Mr. H. W. Wesco, who has been for the past year devoting his time traveling over the state in the interest of the Pacific Northwest Immigration Board, collecting photographic views of Oregon scenery and industries, will give the people of Roseburg an opportunity to see Oregon as shown to Eastern people by the stereopticon. This includes mountains, rivers, hunting and fishing scenery and industries in all sections, including several in and around Roseburg, and which have never been shown on canvas before. This entertainment will be given under the auspices of the ladies of the W. C. T. U. in the M. E. Church at 8 p. m. of the above mentioned evening.

Threw Away His Canes.

Mr. D. Willey, ex-postmaster, Black Creek, N. Y., was so badly afflicted with rheumatism that he was only able to hobble around with canes, and even then it caused him great pain. After using Chamberlain's Pain Balm he was so much improved that he threw away his canes. He says this liniment did him more good than all other medicines and treatment put together. For sale at 50 cents per bottle by A. C. Marsters & Co.

City Treasurer's Notice.

Notice is hereby given to all persons holding Roseburg city warrants indorsed prior to April 25, 1893, to present the same at the city treasurer's office in the city hall for payment, an interest will cease thereon after the date of this notice.

Dated at Roseburg, Or., this 8th day of February, 1897. J. A. PERKINS,
City Treas.

For Sale.

One fresh milk cow, inquire of E. A. Kruse, Roseburg, Oregon.

The reason given for the change from a \$10,000 dinner service to a \$3300 "grog" set for the battle ship Oregon, is that funds for the former could not be raised. There is considerable kick coming over the matter by a few of the subscribers.

PIANOS.

In order to close out our stock of new and second hand pianos, we will offer them at cost. It is our intention to close out our business as quickly as possible, and in order to do this we will be compelled to sell at a very low figure and on such small installments that it will not pay you to rent. Therefore we will call in all our rented pianos and organs and give you the benefit that we have received as rent. We have in all sixteen pianos which we will sell from \$100 to \$400; \$5 and \$10 per month installments. Reasonable discount for cash.

Greatest reduction in violins, guitars and all musical goods. Sheet music 50 per cent discount. Send for catalogue. All orders promptly filled.

T. K. RICHARDSON,
Roseburg, Or.

DANCE.

At the Armory Every Saturday Evening.

These dances will be run on a regular scientific plan. Instructions on new dances from 7:30 to 9 o'clock, free of charge.

Admission for lady and gentleman, 50 cents.
Gentleman without lady, 75 cents.
Lady not accompanied by gentleman 25 cents.
Spectators not allowed.

T. K. RICHARDSON

Competition never worries us, because we "buy right," hence "sell right." The facts are that; every move in our business is only made after the most careful consideration, nothing left to chance. Shoes have advanced in price but not with us. We sell you a good oil grain shoe for \$1.25 and upwards, fine shoes in proportion. If you doubt us, come and see us, convince yourself that we have what we advertise. We don't care to do all the business in town, but want to get a share of it. We firmly believe that a concern that gives its customers exceptionally good values in every instance is bound to go ahead year by year. This idea prevails throughout our entire business. Every dollar's worth of goods must give the wearer satisfaction, even the all wool absolutely fast color \$8.00 outfit.

J. ABRAHAM'S Clothing House.

Opera House for Rent.

Sealed bids will be received by the undersigned up to Feb. 15, 1897, for rent of Opera House for one year or more, but payable monthly in advance. He reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

JOS. MICHELL,
Sec. Old Fellows Bldg. Assn.

For Over Fifty Years.

AS ONE OF THE BEST KNOWN REMEDIES, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhea. It is pleasant to the taste, sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other kind.

The Central House.

W. H. Gordon is now the proprietor of this popular house. The table will be supplied with the best in the market good beds and courteous treatment. Meals 15 cent, and beds the same rate.

Estray Notice.

Came to my ranch about the 14th of this month, one bay saddle mare about 9 years old. The owner can have the same by calling on me and paying for this notice.

G. W. ALDENSON,
Cleveland, Oregon.

Good Blood

Is essential to health. Every nook and corner of the system is reached by the blood, and on its quality the condition of every organ depends. Good blood means strong nerves, good digestion, robust health. Impure blood means scrofula, dyspepsia, rheumatism, catarrh or other diseases. The surest way to have good blood is to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. This medicine purifies, vitalizes, and enriches the blood, and sends the elements of health and strength to every nerve, organ and tissue. It creates a good appetite, gives refreshing sleep and cures that tired feeling. Remember,

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills take Liver Bile, easy to take, easy to operate, etc.



ELY'S CREAM BALM is a positive cure. Apply to the nostrils. It is quickly absorbed, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; sample 10c, by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 66 Warren St., New York City.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE undersigned has been by the County Court of Douglas county, State of Oregon, appointed administrator of the estate of Charles LaPoint, deceased. All persons having claims against said estate are required to present the same with proper vouchers within six months from the date of this notice, to the undersigned at his home in Carlton Bottom, Douglas county, Oregon, or at the office of J. W. Hamilton, Roseburg, Oregon.

Dated this 10th day of February, 1897.
Administrator of the Estate of Charles LaPoint, deceased.

Hucklen's Arctic Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale at A. C. Marsters & Co.

Call for the "Spotted Cat" at Mrs. Rapp's grocery store, if you want a pleasant smoke.



Thousands of women are cast-up dead on the shores of life because of their own ignorance or neglect. No woman can be free from pain, or safe from the ever-threatening breakers of death, who neglects to take proper care of the organs that constitute her womanhood. A woman who neglects her womanly self will be sickly, nervous, pain-racked and fretful, and approaching maternity will be a menace of the grave. It is easy for a woman to avoid this suffering and danger.

Wise women know that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a marvelous remedy for those troubles that make a woman's life miserable, and fill the period of prospective motherhood with fears. It is the discovery of an eminent and skillful specialist, Dr. R. V. Pierce, for thirty years chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y. Over 90,000 women have testified to the almost miraculous action of this wonderful remedy. It works directly on the organs distinctly feminine. It makes them strong and healthy. It cures all weakness and disease. It prepares for wifehood and motherhood. It insures baby's health and makes its advent easy and nearly painless. Druggists sell it. Nothing else is "just as good."

Mrs. G. A. Connor, of Allegheny Spring, Mont. writes: "My daughter, aged 15 years, had a gonorrhea coming on her neck, day after day, and she was very much distressed. I am happy to say that it disappeared after she used one bottle of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is in plain English. Contains 1,008 pages and over 500 illustrations. If you want a copy, paper-covered, send 21 cent stamps to cover the cost of mailing only, to the World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y. If you prefer cloth cover, send 31 stamps.

SUMMONS.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE OF Oregon, for Douglas County.

John H. Moore, Plaintiff,
vs.
H. J. Johns, Defendant.

To J. H. Nicholson and H. J. Johns, defendants:

In the name of the State of Oregon, you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint filed against you in the above entitled action, on or before Monday the 22nd day of June, the same being the first day of the next regular term of circuit court of the State of Oregon for Douglas County after this publication is completed.

And if you fail so to answer, for want thereof the plaintiff will take judgment against you for the sum of three hundred and thirty six dollars and for his costs and disbursements of this action, and will ask under a writ of attachment the property known as the Old Blue Mine, situated in the Roseburg Mining District in Douglas county, Oregon, and will apply the proceeds of said sale toward the payment and satisfaction of plaintiff's said claim herein and of the costs of this action.

This summons is published by virtue of an order of the Circuit Court, made and entered on the 20th day of January, 1897.

E. D. STRATFORD,
Attorney for Plaintiff.

Administrator's Final Notice.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT the undersigned has filed his final account in the County Court as administrator of the estate of Joseph M. LaPoint, deceased, and that the County Court of Douglas County, State of Oregon, has fixed the 15th day of March, 1897, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon, as the time for hearing and settling said account, and for the distribution of said estate.

Dated January 25, 1897.

E. D. DIXON,
Administrator of the estate of Joseph M. LaPoint, deceased.



HARD TIMES Masquerade Ball,

ST. VALENTINE'S EVE, FEB. 13th, 1897.

AT THE ARMORY. GRAND MARCH AT 8:15 SHARP.

\$20.00 IN PRIZES AS FOLLOWS

First and second prize for two best sustained characters of hard times.
First and second prize for two most comical characters.
First and second prize for two best dancers.
One prize for best clown.
One prize for spectators.

Admission: Gentlemen Maskers, 50 cts.; Lady Maskers, Free; Spectators, 25 cts.

MUSIC BY THE ROSEBURG ORCHESTRA.

T. K. RICHARDSON, Manager.

The Kandy Kitchen had a big trade during the holidays. The people are beginning to find out that it is the only place you can get candy that is fit to eat.

Society Meetings.

B. F. O. ELKS, ROSEBURG LODGE, NO. 22, meets the second and fourth Mondays at 8 o'clock P. M. at Odd Fellows hall. Visiting brothers are cordially invited to attend.

HERMAN MARKS, Secretary.

DOUGLAS COUNCIL, NO. 21 JR. O. U. A. M., meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in the Odd Fellows hall. Visiting brothers are cordially invited to attend.

GRAND W. FRANK, Recording Secretary.

LAUREL LODGE, F. & A. M., REGULAR meetings the 3rd and 4th Wednesdays in each month.

N. T. JEWETT, Secy.

PHILANTHROPIC LODGE, NO. 1, I. O. O. F., meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in the Odd Fellows hall. Visiting brothers are cordially invited to attend.

ROSEBURG LODGE, NO. 16, I. O. O. F., meets the second and fourth Mondays at 8 o'clock in the Odd Fellows hall. Visiting brothers are cordially invited to attend.

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