THE PLAINDEALER.

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W. F. BENJAMIN.....Editor.
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JANUARY 25, 1897.

THE TROUBLE AT SALEM.

The hold up in the house of representatives at Salem, presumably over the selection of speaker, is a deplorable state of affairs, but not an unmixed evil. The speakership is in the foreground, but other things of more importance are behind it, and in these the people are directly interested. The great mass of the citizens are neither office holders nor office seekers, and it is a matter of comparatively small concern to them what individuals are chosen to fill public positions, but they are deeply interested in questions of governmental policy, for these affect every man, woman and child of the commonwealth, and if the chosen standard bearer is a representative of the measures the people advocate it matters not what his name may be. Let us have a little less heroworship and a little more business in our politics and the disgraceful scenes at Salem will not be repeated.

The populist brethren, members of the house, have issued a manifesto to their constituents in justification of their course, saying in effect, that they propose to block all efforts at organization until they can be assured of the passage of such measures as accord with the peculiar creed of populism, chief among which is the initiative and referendum. Business is sufficiently disturbed under present methods of law making, but under the proposed plan a few visionaries might force the submissions of all sorts of wild schemes for popular approval. Of course the sober second thought of the masses can be relied on, but sometimes all the people can be fooled for a little while and the mischief is done. Again, isn't this demand of the minority for the enactment of measures to which the majority are opposed contrary to the claim that ours is a government of the majority? Does it not savor of revolutionary tactics? This course will not be approved. It is establishing a precedent for future minorities to follow the same policy if it suits their caprice.

It is noted with satisfaction that the members from Douglas county are in their places, ready to attend to business for which they were chosen. However they may disagree as to men and measures they are agreed on one thing, and that is, their place is in the house and not in hiding.

BLOWS HOT AND COLD.

The Oregonian with one breath says that the Davis party at Salem who have not taken the oath, "are members," when it suits its purpose to do so, and then when it suits its purpose, it says they "are not members." The Oregonian says this minority has authority by the constitution to meet and adjourn from day to day, but they have not the power to compel the attendance of absent members. This seems to be a strange sort of logic, as will be perceived from the language of Sec. 12, article 4, of the constitution, which is here given verbatim, viz:

"Two-thirds of each house shall constitute a quorum to do business, but a smaller number may meet, adjourn from day to day and compel the attendance of absent members."

Now, mark you, the smaller number is clothed with the same authority to compel the attendance of absent members that it has to meet and adjourn from day to day. A small number—and a very small number at that, some days—meet and adjourn, as they claim the constitution authorizes them. So argues the Oregonian, but it denies that they have any power to compel attendance of absent members.

The query is how can a small number meet and adjourn from day to day by authority of Sec. 12, article 4, of the constitution and not have the same authority to compel attendance of absent members? The fact is, this obstruction party finds ample authority to do what it wants to do, but no authority to do what it don't want to do, and the Oregonian applauds its rebellious actions, all to have its own sweet will at one man.

Notice, the "smaller number" are clothed with three powers all couched in one brief sentence without one qualifying word to either. The language is "but a smaller number (smaller than two-thirds majority) may meet, adjourn from day to day and compel the attendance of absent members." The gist of the whole matter is they don't want to compel absent members.

Now is the accepted time—to subscribe.

While personally friendly to Senator John H. Mitchell and believing that he could do more for the people of the state than any other man who might be chosen who is without experience, it must be admitted that he and his immediate friends are responsible for the predicament in which the senator finds himself. They endeavored during the campaign last spring to make fealty to the senator on the part of candidates for the legislature a prior consideration to the fealty to the republican party and its principles. Party principles and policies should stand first in order, then the qualifications and claims of candidates for positions of honor and trust.

There is an old saying that no matter how badly off a man may be, he can always find some one worse off than he is. This sort of comfort may be extracted by Portlanders from a contemplation of the taxpaying prospect before the people of Seattle. The state of Oregon expects from Portland $205,664 78 of the state taxes, but the state of Washington expects from King county $283,680 50. The total tax expected from King county, state, county, municipal, school and road, is $1,090,547 96. This is simply awful.—Oregonian.

T. T. Geer has gone East with the electoral vote of Oregon for Major McKinley. On his way to the capital Mr. Geer will call on the president elect at Canton, and if he doesn't make himself solid for the appointment as collector of customs of the port of Portland, he ought to. Mr. Geer has the best endorsement ever given an applicant for federal place in this state and there is no reason why he should not be appointed. He is capable, honest, deserving.

Senator Thomas H. Benton once said: All our trouble comes from uneasy captious politicians, but our peace and prosperity come from the tranquil masses. This aphorism we now see verified by a few consciousless politicians who, for personal advantages, are causing immense trouble and injury to the people of this state. They ought to be hung as high as Haman without the benefit of clergy.

Salem water, or something, must be bad. Several members of the legislature are incapacitated for the time being from attending to their duties, the result of drinking Salem water; and some people are unkind enough to say they were staying out purposely.

The reported plethora of the vaults of the banks of the money centers of the East ought to enable the Coos Bay, Roseburg and Eastern R. R. people to obtain the wherewith to continue the road to civilization; *i. e.*, Roseburg.

The outlook for the grain market for the coming year continues bright, and in the very nature of things the beef supply from the great ranges must fall off so that there are better times in store for the framers of the Pacific coast.

The treaty between the United States and Great Britain may mean peace for an indefinite period, but fortifications are being erected along the border on the Canadian side just the same.

The doings of the present legislature of Oregon will be interesting reading for the future student of the history of the state.

Senator Squire of Washington does not seem to have made much by his flop to populism. Now let Dubois fare likewise.

Treasurer's Notice.

Notice is hereby given to all parties holding Douglas county warrants indorsed prior to July 27th, 1892, to present the same at the treasurer's office in the court house for payment, as interest will cease thereon after the date of this notice.

Dated this the 25th day of January, 1897, at the City of Roseburg, Douglas county, Oregon. WM. A. FRAZER, County Treasurer.

Notice.

The county court at its late session made an order extending the time for the payment of delinquent taxes till the 15th of February. After that date the sheriff is ordered to collect all delinquent taxes by levy and sale of property on which taxes have not been paid prior to that date. All delinquent taxpayers should make a note of this fact and pay up or additional costs will be added.

Card of Thanks.

The undersigned desire to return their sincere and heartfelt thanks to the friends and neighbors for their kind aid and sympathy during the last illness of Mrs. J. M. Carle, also to the M. E. choir for their services at the funeral.

J. M. CARLE, AND
L. D. CARLE AND RELATIVES.

Active Bachelors of Edenbower.

There will be an entertainment at the Edenbower school house, Tuesday night, January 26, by the Bachelor Club of that place for the benefit of the W. C. T. U. Come and have a good laugh and grow fat all for 10 cents.

The Central House.

W. H. Gordon is now the proprietor of this popular house. The table will be supplied with the best in the market good beds and courteous treatment. Meals 15 cent, and beds the same rate

Notice.

The undersigned has two Berkshire boar pigs for sale. Sire and dam registered. Apply to THOS. GUTHRIE, Winchester, Or.

For Sale.

One fresh milch cow, inquire of E. A. Kruse, Roseburg, Oregon.

SPEECH OF HON. A. M. CRAWFORD,

Representative from Douglas County, on the Organization of the House.

The following is the speech made by Representative A. M. Crawford in the house Thursday morning when he gave notice that the sitting members of that branch of the legislature would proceed to effect an organization of the house during the afternoon:

"We have for ten days labored and waited for the bolting members to come in and join us in the organization of this house. During this time we have been under the belief and still believe that the members present have a legal right to organize this house; we are further under the belief that members who have failed and refused to come in and take the oath of office, thereby have vacated their seats, and we have waited and hoped that those members would see the error of their ways and come and assist us in a constitutional organization of this house; but we have also taken pains within the past few days to secure the advice and opinion of one of the best authorities in the United States upon the question that has been troubling us, and I see in the Statesman this morning a telegram from Hon Geo. F. Hoar of Massachusetts, one of the best known constitutional lawyers in the United States of America, and he is considered THE authority upon all questions of organization of legislative bodies and matters of that kind." (Here he read the dispathes of Senator Hoar to Senator Mitchell and to Cyrus A. Dolph.) "From that, Mr. Speaker, Geo. F. Hoar is acknowledged and admitted by both parties to this hold-up to be an authority on the questions at issue, and as authority to which each side has decided to appeal. It seems to me from this that those members have no longer any excuse for staying out and refusing to come in and join in the organization of this house; there is no excuse for them, and it seems to me they should all be governed by this opinion, given by such high and accepted authority to all sides interested, and that there is no longer need of delay in such organization. If we are honest men we should abide by that decision and act accordingly, and I now give notice that the sitting members will proceed to an organization of this house at 2 o'clock this afternoon, and I invite all who have been holding up this house to appear and assist in such organization, otherwise the responsibility of not appearing is upon themselves. If they beat us fairly and honestly on the floor of this house, we shall pocket our defeat and go to work like men under whatever speaker they may elect. If not, then we shall elect our own speaker and proceed with the business of the people of this state as becomes our duty, as their representatives. We have consulted the highest authority in the United States and according to his decision we have a right to proceed and organize with these members who are present and it becomes our duty to do so, and we should no longer hesitate to make a commencement, and I invite all members to be present and assist at the organization this afternoon. I thank you, Mr. Speaker."

CARRIED OUT AS OUTLINED.

SALEM, Or., Jan. 21.—Two o'clock was the hour set by the Benson men to organize the lower house with a majority numbering 31, and the entire program was carried out, with no friction. At 1 o'clock every seat in the lobby was preempted, and before 2 there were hundreds of spectators in the gallery and corridors, preventing the ingress and egress of persons who were entitled to be inside the rail.

On calling the roll at 2 o'clock by Temporary Speaker Davis 38 were found present.

The announcement of the result was followed by a pause of some moments. Then Somers of Linn claimed the speaker's attention and asked that the sergeant-at-arms remove all persons not members or officers of the house or representatives of the press. This would have been a herculean job, and the attempt to carry it out would probably have provoked trouble. Several members remonstrated with Somers, who did not, however, withdraw his motion, but the speaker did not put it to the house. Then the first formal move of the Benson men was made by Brown. He left his desk and came forward to a position just in front of the speaker's rostrum. Brown addressed Speaker Davis, and, being recognized, began a speech. He said:

"We have sat here for 10 days in our effort to organize this house. But the rulings of the temporary speaker have at all times been adverse to the possibility of organization. If he has been conscientious in his ruling, I respect him."

Brown then went on to recite the history of the failure to organize and, concluding with the statement that it was now, "our earnest purpose and steadfast resolution" to proceed with the business, offered a formal resolution as follows:

"Resolved, That the present temporary speaker, E. J. Davis, be, and he is hereby removed, and that Dr. J. N. Smith be, and he is hereby elected speaker pro tem, in his stead. That E. R. Lake and F. S. Stanley be and they are hereby appointed a committee to escort Dr. J. N. Smith to the speaker's chair."

The reading of the resolution was greeted with great cheers by the lobby. Brown raised his hand in protest, and appealed to the spectators to keep silence.

"We have serious business to do," he said. "Mr. Speaker," interrupted Riddle of Douglas, addressing Davis, "I desire to enter an emphatic protest against this proceeding. I am against this resolution. We have heard some opinions read on this floor from Senator Hoar of Massachusetts, and from Senator Thurston of Nebraska. It is impertinence on the part of the senator from Nebraska to offer unsolicited advice as to what we should do in Oregon, and our answer should be in the language of the great and only Pennoyer, 'You attend to your business and we'll attend to ours.' I desire to read the opinion of our own great constitutional lawyer, the Hon. George H. Williams, who I believe has a better knowledge of the provisions of constitution than either Hoar or Thurston. It is as follows:

" 'Hon. Joseph Simon, Salem, Or.: Your telegram received. I can only give you an offhand impression, which is, to effect permanent organization of the house it is necessary that two-thirds of the members elected be present. Section 2, article 4, of the constitution, defines a house by fixing the number of which it shall consist. I suppose, therefore, that the word house elsewhere in the constitution, means what it does in this section. Doubtless, where there is no other rule, the majority of a body constitutes a quorum. But if any other rule is fixed by the constitution governing the body, such rule of course prevails. Light is thrown upon this question by provision that if a quorum being in attendance, either house shall fail to effect organization within five days thereafter, members of the house so failing shall be entitled to no compensation. It seems to me that "quorum" here means two-thirds of the members elected to the house failing to organize. I believe that in the 37th congress, when some of the Southern states refused to elect representatives, it was decided that a majority of the members elected to the house constitute a quorum, within the meaning of the constitution of the United States. I have no knowledge of any other precedent upon this question in congress, otherwise than I know that whenever a call is made of either house, and it is found that a majority of the members are not present, business is suspended for want of a quorum.'

"No such precedent as is here proposed was ever established in Oregon," continued Riddle. "Our state senate once attempted to enact a law with less than a constitutional quorum, and it was declared invalid by the supreme court. I desire, before the roll is called, to be allowed to withdraw."

Riddle then retired.

"I will ask the speaker to put the question," said Brown, "although I realize it is a delicate matter for him."

"This whole proceeding is out of order," replied Davis, coolly, "and I decline to put the question."

"I will then put the question," continued Brown. "All who favor the resolution will say, aye." There was a loud chorus of ayes. "Those opposed, no," several yells of "No" came from the lobby.

"Carried," cried Brown.

Speaker Davis calmly watched the progress of events and said nothing. Stanley and Lake were then called upon by Brown to do their duty, and escort Smith to the chair. Lake was in the cloak room, and there was considerable delay, while the crowd waited breathlessly. Lake appeared and Smith was marched up beside Davis between Lake and Stanley. When he was opposite the speaker, Smith, who is a very small man, nervously extended his hand to Davis, who is quite tall, and there was an awkward handshake. The crowd breathed a sigh of relief and smiled. There was to be no tragedy. It was just plain comedy.

Standing beside the speaker's chair, Lake presented Smith to the house as its temporary speaker. Smith then asked the further pleasure of the house, and Somers, who appeared to be floor manager of the organizers, promptly got on his feet and read a printed resolution removing Temporary Chief Clerk Moody and appointing R. R. Hays, the Benson caucus nominee. Smith put the motion and it was declared carried, and Hays took a place besides Clerk Moody.

Thomas of Multnomah then called for the report of the committee on credentials. Clerk Hays responded that he could find no report.

"Do I understand that Clerk Moody declines to furnish the report?" demanded Thomas.

"I have made no declination or affirmation," responded Moody. "Whatever I am directed to do by Speaker Davis, I'll do."

"All these proceedings are out of order," said Speaker Davis. "I direct the chief clerk not to surrender the report."

Thomas then announced that he had a report ready. He submitted a report signed by himself and Stanley, of the original committee on credentials, declaring 31 members entitled to seats. These included all of those present, except Speaker Davis. The report was declared adopted.

Crawford then read a resolution appointing Brown, Hudson and Gratke a committee to wait upon the governor, the secretary of state or the supreme court and ask that the oath of office be administered. The committee retired and soon reappeared, accompanied by Chief Justice Moore, who swore in the members. Conn then offered a resolution to proceed to permanent organization, and it carried.

For Speaker, Somers placed in nomination H. L. Benson of Josephine. Clerk Hays started to call the regular house roll, but Crawford objected, and the roll of the members sworn in was submitted. Benson got 28 votes, Benson, Gratke and Misener voting blank. Speaker Davis' name was not called.

Crawford and Veness were appointed to escort Benson to the chair. Smith vacated the chair beside Davis, and Benson, assuming the gavel, made a short speech of thanks. Chief Justice Moore then swore him in. The following officers were then elected:

Assistant chief clerk, H. S. Jordan; reading clerk, Frank Motter; calendar clerk, E. W. Bartlett; sergeant-at-arms, H. W. Murphy; doorkeeper, S. W. White (colored).

These were the Benson caucus nominees. They were sworn in by Justice Moore. Bridges presented a resolution empowering the speaker to appoint three pages, a mailing clerk and one upstairs doorkeeper, and it was adopted.

Thomas offered a resolution extending the usual courtesies to newspaper men, and that, too, was adopted.

There was some discussion as to the proper way to notify the senate of the house organization, but it was finally settled by adoption of a resolution by Brown, appointing a committee of two from the senate and three from the house to notify the governor that the senate and the house were organized and ready for business.

On motion of Brown, the Benson house then adjourned till 10 o'clock tomorrow.

Speaker Davis had meanwhile quietly been reading a newspaper. He watched the Benson men and spectators slowly file their way out and then, recognizing Riddle, who had returned and made a motion to adjourn, he put the motion and declared the house adjourned till 9:30 tomorrow.

GEO. H. WILLIAMS' OPINION.

"Portland, Or., Jan. 21st.

"Hon. H. L. Benson, Salem Oregon:—

"My judgment is that under the twelfth clause, article four of the constitution, a smaller number than two-thirds of the members elected have a right to take such steps as are necessary in their judgement to compel the attendance of absent members; the constitution provides no mode of proceeding for that purpose and therefore the members present have a right to adopt such proceedings as they think proper and if the election today is necessary for that purpose then in my judgement the members present had a right to make such election for the purpose of bringing in absent members.

"GEO. H. WILLIAMS."

"Portland Or., Jan. 21.—(To the Editor of the Oregonian.)—Sir: In answer to your inquiry whether I have changed or modified my opinion wired to Mr. Joseph Simon today, I beg to say I have not, and do not expect to, because I am convinced the intention and the letter of the law are as I think indicate; but I am also of the opinion that a less number than two-thirds of the elected members of the house may compel attendance of absent members, and take such reasonable steps as in their judgement, expressed as a deliberative body, may be required, to enforce the law. In answer to a telegram from Mr. Benson, I wired him to this effect, and have given no other opinion.

"GEORGE H. WILLIAMS."

DANCE.

At the Armory Every Saturday Evening.

These dances will be run on a regular scientific plan. Instructions on new dances from 7:30 to 9 o'clock, free of charge.

Admission for lady and gentleman, 50 cents.

Gentleman without lady, 75 cents.

Lady not accompanied by gentleman 25 cents.

Spectators not allowed.

T. K. RICHARDSON.

To the Public.

On and after this date, I wish it understood that my terms for all undertaker's goods are cash with the order. I find it impossible to do business on a credit basis, and belive that I can do better by my patrons and myself by selling strictly for cash. P. BENEDICK, Undertaker.

Roseburg, Ore., April 12, 1895.

Business Confidence Restored.

Now is a good time to invest in agricultural lands while at bedrock prices. Have a large list of choice property to select from.

Money to loan, five years time on well improved agricultural lands.

D. S. K. BUICK, Roseburg, Or.

PIANOS.

In order to close out our stock of new and second hand pianos, we will offer them at cost. It is our intention to close out our business as quickly as possible, and in order to do this we will be compelled to sell at a very low figure and on such small installments that it will not pay you to rent. Therefore we will call in all our rented pianos and organs and give you the benefit that we have received as rent. We have in all sixteen pianos which we will sell from $100 to $400; $5 and $10 per month installments. Reasonable discount for cash.

Great reduction in violins, guitars and all musical goods. Sheet music 50 per cent discount. Send for catalogue. All orders promptly filled.

T. K. RICHARDSON, Roseburg, Or.

Competition never worries us, because we "buy right" hence "sell right." The facts are these; every move in our business is only made after the most careful consideration, nothing left to chance. Shoes have advanced in price but not with us. We sell you a good oil grain shoe for $1.25 and upwards, fine shoes in proportion. If you doubt us, come and see us, convince yourself that we have what we advertise. We don't care to do all the business in town, but want to get a share of it. We firmly believe that a concern that gives its customers exceptionally good values in every instance is bound to go ahead year by year. This idea prevails throughout our entire business. Every dollars worth of goods must give the wearer satisfaction, even the all wool absolutely fast color $8 00 suits.

J. ABRAHAM'S Clothing House.

For Sale.

A limited number of pure bred B. P. Rock, S. S. Hamburg, S. C. B. Leghorn, Blk. Langshan, Wyandott and Cornish Indian Game. Won several prizes at the Southern Oregon District Fair and Oregon State Fair. I have some magnificent birds, an ornament to any yard; also have two Brown Leghorn cockerels from registered stock. Prices reasonable; must dispose of these within 30 days, in order to make room for spring breeding. Address E. A. Kruse, Roseburg, Oregon.

For Over Fifty Years.

AN OLD AND WELL-TRIED REMEDY.—Mrs Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. Is pleasant to the taste. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Its value is incalculable. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and take no other kind.

Notice to Stockholders

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Douglas County Agricultural Association will be held at the court house in Roseburg on Monday, February 1st, 1897, for the purpose of electing seven directors for the ensuing year and other business that may come before the meeting.

F. A. MCCALL, Secretary.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands Chillbains, Corns, and all skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded Price 25 cents per box. For sale at A. C. Marsters & Co.

SUMMONS.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE STATE of Oregon, for Douglas County.

The Roseburg Building and Loan Association, a corporation, Plaintiff, vs. E. B. Preble and M. J. Preble, Defendants. | Suit in Equity to foreclose a mortgage.

To E. B. Preble and M. J. Preble, the above named defendants

In the name of the State of Oregon, you and each of you are hereby required to appear and answer the complaint of the plaintiff above named in the above entitled cause against you now on file in the above entitled court and cause, on or before the

1st Day of March, 1897,

that being the 1st day of the next regular term of said court, after six weeks publication of this summons, and you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer said complaint the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded therein, to-wit:

A judgment and decree against you and each of you for the sum of $351.74, with interest thereon from the 13th day of October, 1896, at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum, and for the further sum of $60.00 special attorney's fees, and for plaintiff's costs and disbursements of this suit, and for a decree foreclosing the mortgage described in said complaint, and ordering the sale of the real estate mentioned and described in said mortgage and complaint, described as follows, to-wit:

A strip of land eighteen feet wide off of the south side of Lot No. 3, in Block No. 59, of the City of Roseburg, Douglas County, Oregon, as platted on a certain plot of said city or town by J. R. Bennett, surveyor, said lot being 80 feet wide and 100 feet in depth, together with the appurtenances thereunto belonging or in any wise appertaining. Also Lot No. 16 and N½ of Lot 15 in Block 4 in Chadwick's addition to the town of Roseburg in Douglas County, Oregon.

That the proceeds of said sale be applied, 1st to the payment of the costs and charges of making said sale, and the costs and disbursements of this suit to be taxed, and the sum of sixty dollars special attorney's fees herein. 2nd, to the payment to the plaintiff of the sum of $351.74 with interest thereon at the rate eight per cent. per annum from October 13th, 1896, and that the defendants and each of them, and all persons holding by, under or through them or either of them subsequent to the execution of said mortgage, to-wit: The 29th day of September, 1892, be forever barred and foreclosed of all right, title, interest and equity of redemption of, in and to said above real property, and each and every part thereof.

This summons is published in the Roseburg, Oregon, PLAINDEALER for six successive and consecutive weeks, by order of Hon. J. C. Fullerton, judge of the above entitled court, which said order was made and entered of record in open court in regular term time of said court, in the City of Roseburg, Douglas County, Oregon, on the 18th day of December, 1896.

January 7th, 1897.

C. A. SEHLBREDE, Attorney for Plaintiff.

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"Liverine.

"Liverine," manufactured by the Anchor S Chemical Co., the great Liver, Kidney and Constipation cure. An infallible remedy for all curable forms of diseases of those organs. The greatest known remedy for Indigestion. Try it. For sale at M. F. Rapp's drug store, Roseburg, Oregon.

GENERAL DIRECTORY

STATE OF OREGON.

U. S. Senators	J. H. Mitchell; G. W. McBride
Congressmen	Binger Hermann; W. R. Ellis
Governor	William P. Lord
Secretary of State	H. R. Kincaid
State Treasurer	Phil Metschan
Supt. Pub. Instruction	A. M. Irwin
State Printer	W. H. Leeds
Attorney General	C. M. Idleman
Member Board of Equalization	A. C. Woodcock
Supreme Judges	F. A. Moore; C. E. Wolverton; R. S. Bean
Railroad Commissioners	A. B. Compson; J. B. Eddy; I. A. Macrum
Clerk of Railroad Commission	Lydell Baker

SECOND JUDICIAL DISTRICT.

Judge	J. C. Fullerton
Prosecuting Attorney	W. E. Yates

U. S. LAND OFFICE, ROSEBURG.

Receiver	R. S. Sheridan
Register	R. M. Veatch

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU.

Observer	Thos. Gibson

DOUGLAS COUNTY.

Senator	A. W. Reed
Representatives	J. T. Bridges; A. M. Crawford; G. W. Riddle
Clerk	J. H. Shupe
Sheriff	B. C. Ages
Treasurer	W. A. Frater
School Superintendent	Douglas Waite
Assessor	W. S. Britt
County Judge	A. F. Stearns
Commissioners	W. L. Wilson; M. D. Thompson
Surveyor	Will P. Heydon
Coroner	Dr. K. L. Miller
Sheep Inspector	Thos. Smith

PRECINCT OFFICERS.

Justices	John Hamlin
Constables	H. C. Slocum

CITY OF ROSEBURG.

Mayor	A. C. Marsters

COUNCILMEN.

1st Ward	F. W. Dillard; C. W. Parks
2nd Ward	H. C. Stanton; D. Moore
3rd Ward	J. M. Fletcher; Wm. Perry
4th Ward	H. C. Slocum; J. C. Aiken
Recorder	F. M. Zigler
Marshal	J. B. Cannon
Treasurer	J. A. Perkins

COURT SESSIONS.

The Circuit Court for Douglas County meets three times a year as follows: The 3d Monday in March, the 4th Monday in June, and the 1st Monday in December. J. C. Fullerton of Roseburg judge, Geo. M. Brown, of Roseburg, prosecuting attorney.

County Court meets the 1st Wednesday after the 1st Monday of January, March, May, July, september and November, A. F. Stearns, of Oakland, judge; C. H. Maupin of Elkton and W. L. Wilson, of Riddle, commissioners.

Probate Court is in session continuously, A. F Stearns, judge.

Society Meetings.

B. P. O. ELKS, ROSEBURG LODGE, NO. 326, hold their regular communications at the I. O. O. F. hall on second and fourth Thursday of each month. All members requested to attend regularly, and all visiting brothers cordially invited to attend.

FRED PAGE-TUSTIN, E. R
HERMAN MARKS, Secretary.

DOUGLAS COUNCIL, NO. 21 JR. O. U. A. M., meets every, Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in the Old Masonic Hall. Visiting Brothers are cordially invited to attend.

C. B. CANNON, Councilor.
GEO. W. PERRY, Recording Secretary.

LAUREL LODGE, A. F. & A. M., REGULAR meetings the 2d and 4th Wednesdays in each month.

FREE JOHNSON, W. M.
N. T. JEWELL, S'ecy.

PHILETARIAN LODGE, NO. 8, I. O. O. F., meets Saturday evening of each week at their hall in Odd Fellow Temple at Roseburg. Members of he order in good standing are invited to attend.

S. W. VANZILE, N. G.
F. G. MICELLI, Sec'y.

UNION ENCAMPMENT, NO. 9, MEETS AT Odd Fellows hall on second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting brethren are invited to attend.

CARL HOFFMAN, C. P.
JOS. MICELLI, Scribe.

ROSEBURG LODGE, NO. 16, A. O. U. W. meets the second and fourth Mondays of each month at 7:30 p. m. at Odd Fellows hall. Members of the order in good standing are invited to attend.

RENO POST, NO. 29, G. A. R., MEETS THE first and third Thursdays of each month.

WOMEN'S RELIEF CORPS NO. 10, MEETS first and third Thursdays in each month.

FARMERS' ALLIANCE—Regular Quarterly Meetings will be held at Grange Hall, Roseburg, the first Friday in December, March and June, and the third Friday in September.

ROSEBURG CHAPTER, NO. 8, O. E. S., MEETS the second and fourth Thursdays of each month.

REGINA BAST, W. M.
AGNES BROWN, Sec'y.

ROSEBURG DIVISION NO 476, B. OF L. E., meets every second and fourth Sunday.

ROSEBURG R. D. LODGE, NO. 41, I. O. O. F meets on Tuesday evening of each week at the Odd Fellows hall. Visiting sisters and brethren are invited to attend.

MERIT WEST, N. G.
AMATA SMITH, R. Sec.

ALPHA LODGE, NO. 47, K. OF P., MEETS every Wednesday evening at Odd Fellows Hall. Visiting Knights in good standing cordially invited to attend.

D. LOONEY, C. C.
R. M. CONKLING, K. R. S.