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JULY 23, 1896.

OUR STANDARD BEARERS.

For President,
WM. McKINLEY.
For Vice-President,
GARRET A. HOBART.

For Presidential Electors,
T. T. GERR, of Marion County.
S. M. YORAN, of Lane.
E. L. SMITH, of Wasco.
J. F. CAPLES, of Multnomah.

OREGON.

Many people east of the Mississippi, have vague and queer notions of Oregon. Some think when reading of the Indians on the reservation (and there are several) that Oregon is a wild and uncivilized country, not yet redeemed from Indian control. Others when they read of the long wet weather on the Pacific slope of the Cascade range of mountains, think that Oregon is a rainy, wet and unhealthy place. Others when they read of the deep snow in the mountains, which often falls to the depth of 20 or more feet, they think that Oregon must be a very cold and cheerless country.

Hence, in conversation with eastern people, we are pelted with these questions: "Are the Indians troublesome in Oregon yet?" "Does it always rain in Oregon?" "How long is the wet season in Oregon?" "Do Oregonians plant and sow their crops in the rain?" And "How do Oregonians get about when the snow is 10 to 15 feet deep?"

There seems to be great ignorance concerning Oregon and its climate and people. The fact is, Oregon has a varied climate. On that part sloping west from the summit of the Cascade range of mountains, the rainy seasons sets in about the first of November and rains at intervals till about the first of June. But during this time there are intervals of dry weather, ranging from a few days to a whole month sometimes. During these dry days, the farmers plow and sow their grain crops. The weather very seldom fails to admit of putting in a crop during the winter months. The planting of corn, potatoes and vegetables, are usually planted in April or early in May. A large share of gardening is done in February. The more tender plants, such as beans, cucumbers, tomatoes, etc., are planted in May, at about the same time they are in the eastern states.

In the mountain region at an altitude of about 3,000 feet and upwards, while it rains in the valleys lower down, it snows often to a considerable depth, ranging from 2 or 3 feet to 10 or 15 feet according to the altitude; the higher up on the mountains, the deeper the snow.

On the east side of the Cascades sloping east, the climate in winter is considerably colder than on the west side, and considerable snow falls there in winter also. The altitude of the lowest part on the east is several thousand feet above the ocean. The watershed on the east side of the mountains throws its waters into the streams which discharge their waters eventually into the Columbia river which flows into the Pacific between Oregon and Washington.

Upon the whole Oregon has a variety of climate. The Pacific slope being quite mild as to temperature, the thermometer averaging about 52 degrees for the year, the extremes ranging from about 10 to 100 degrees, Fahr. The freezing point seldom reached and seldom lasts 24 hours at a time. On the eastern slope, however, in the same latitude, the mercury goes down at times to 40 degrees, but at that point it does not long remain.

Customs receipts were \$56,643,345 less during the first twenty-two months of the Gorman Tariff, and internal revenue receipts were \$36,730,144 less than during the first twenty-two months of the McKinley Tariff period.

The "tariff for revenue only" of the free traders brought \$102,275,791 less money into the treasury during the first twenty-two months of its operation than the McKinley tariff did during its first twenty-two months.

The interest-bearing debt has been increased by \$262,329,630 since March, 1893, under the present free trade administration. Under the previous, Harrison, administration it was decreased by \$244,819,720.

TELEGRAPH NEWS

The Populist Convention.

St. Louis, July 22.—The hall in which the populists met was the same in which the national republican convention met. There were the same arrangements as to seats. The state delegations were located in the pit. The platform in front was flanked by press benches. Decorations were practically the same as those of the republican convention.

EARLY ARRIVALS.

The delegates began straggling in before 10 o'clock, but the delegations were slow in arriving. When the pit was filled there were not 200 people in the galleries. Among the first to arrive were the Kansas delegation, with long, yellow ribbons on their heads and sunflowers in their lapels. Ignatius Donnelly of Minnesota, with a good-humored bearing, came in early and talked with Sargeant-Arms McDowell. Congressman Howard, of Alabama, who wrote "If Christ Came to Congress," was a striking figure in his delegation. General Coxey and his son-in-law, Colonel Brown, came together with their wives. Mrs. Coxey bore in her arms her young son whom Colonel Coxey christened "Legal Tender," as a perpetual reminder of his march.

At 12:37 Chairman Taubeneck called the convention to order. Rev. W. I. Smith, a Baptist of this city, delivered an invocation. The delegates stood reverently as he appealed to God to drive out all sectionalism from the deliberations of the convention and bring in all good.

The chairman introduced Governor Stone, of Missouri, to make the welcoming address. His welcome was most cordial and couched in choice words.

Ignatius Donnelly, of Minnesota, responded to Governor Stone's speech. There were more cheers when Donnelly finished. Mrs. Mary Ellen Lease got a demonstration as she ascended the stage just before Chairman Taubeneck introduced Senator Butler as temporary chairman.

BUTLER INTRODUCED.

In introducing Senator Butler, Taubeneck said he had been selected by the national committee without a dissenting vote, and added his belief that the convention would act in as great unanimity as had the committee in choosing the chairman. At the suggestion of Committee Chairman Washburn, three cheers were given for the young senator.

"We are here," said the senator, "because there is need for us to be here." He referred to the fact that two parties had held charge of the government for 25 years. These parties had brought the country to the verge of bankruptcy. The leaders of both had been unfaithful to their trusts. Hence the need of the people's party. He referred to McKinley as "the candidate of aggregated capital and combined greed."

He declared that for years both the old parties have kept the greatest issue in American politics in the background and fought sham battles. No matter where victory lay, Wall street and Lombard street won. Meanwhile the populist party, he said, organized to bring real relief to the people, had grown steadily. Victory against greed had been won.

He described the various campaigns through which the party has passed in various states, hardships and endurance, the flings and the ridicule to which they have been subjected, but they have at last torn the mask from the old parties. The republican party had been forced to align itself with the money kings of Wall street and Europe, the democratic party was driven to the alternative of signing with the gold party or the people's party. They were so hard pressed that in their desperation they finally committed grand and petty larceny, stole our platform and tried to steal into our party. This statement set the convention wild.

"Why didn't they steal our transportation plank?" shouted a California delegate.

"Ah," replied Butler, "the old democratic habit got the better of them there. They straddled that question."

"Whoo!" cried a thousand voices. "If the people's party should abandon its organization," said Butler, "the democratic party at the next national convention would repudiate the platform adopted at Chicago and Bryan would not have any more chance of being nominated than Thomas Jefferson would if he were alive today."

The financial question had been as much an issue since 1872 as it was today, but it remained for the people's party to force this issue to the front.

"Right here," he said, "comes our responsibility, the greatest responsibility that ever fell to any party. Shall we save the party or allow it to go down in defeat? Shall it be said this great band of patriots, who have broken all party ties, had allowed themselves to be controlled by prejudices rather than by patriotism?"

Cries of "No!" and applause greeted the question. He appealed for a cessation of petty prejudices. He had heard it intimated by one extreme that Mark Hanna was the coming party and by another that the democratic party was doing it. As for himself he had enough faith in the integrity of the party to feel convinced that the party was not making itself an annex to the democratic party.

This statement gave the middle-of-the-roaders a chance to cheer. The Bryan followers were afforded an opportunity to shout when he added that there was grave danger that it might be made a republican annex.

"Let us find the truth in the middle-way," he said. This was the keynote of the senator's speech, but there was no especial applause at this evident suggestion of compromise.

"If this convention," he shouted passionately, "does not follow its own

teachings it is unworthy to represent the people."

"This convention has not been crushed by either party and is not stamped out. Our duty is to approve what is right and condemn what is wrong. I am telling you what you will find when you get home. I have been down among countless farmers in my state and I know what I say is true. I tell you they expect us to rise to the level of patriotism and to travel in the path of conscience."

It was the duty of all populists to stand by what they taught in the past. He believed that the convention was going to do what was wisest and added: "We should stand together, go away united, strip our coats for the fray. Be prepared for any emergency, however great. Remember you are the people's men; remember you have accomplished more in four years than any old party. Do your duty now; you will very soon be the party of majority." Butler closed amid tremendous applause.

The states were called for the members of the committee on credentials. After the call the convention at 2:10 took a recess until 8 o'clock tonight.

Desperate Cretans.

ATHENS, July 22.—Three members of the revolutionary committee have just arrived here from Crete on a special mission. In the course of an interview they made the following statement on the authority of their committee.

"We wish to say it has been decided that we must have granted to us the demands we have sent to the sultan or else we shall fight. The powers must either give us autonomy or see us crushed. Should our demands be neglected, then within 15 days of July 15, the date at which they were made, we shall break the armistice."

These demands, they added, had been formulated by the committee, but at the earnest entreaty of the foreign consuls were conveyed through the assembly so as not to hurt the "amour propre" of the sultan.

In the course of an interview which a correspondent has just had in Crete with the governor-general, the latter adds:

"God knows if order will be restored. I am doing my utmost in the hope only of bringing about the cessation of hostilities."

The correspondent also saw Hassan Pasha. He said:

"Crete is a paradise, but it has the curse of St. Paul over it. I have no hope."

Detailed news is impossible to get. The blood of the Cretans is at the boiling point.

The assembly at the last moment has decided to sit.

Chinese Troops Defeated.

VANCOUVER, B. C., July 22.—The steamer Empress of India arrived last night from the Orient, bringing advices to July 8.

Imperial Chinese troops were recently sent to Lanchow to suppress the Mohammedan rebels, who had risen against the authorities. The rebels surrounded the imperial troops and seem to have totally annihilated them, although the imperial troops were better provisioned and equipped. There were 6000 troops sent to subdue the rebels and all are either killed or missing. The rebels are now mad for blood, massacring all in authority, killing and pillaging on their triumphant march through the country. Eight thousand more troops will be sent, but it is thought they will be killed off like the rest. It is said it will take an army of 50,000 to subdue the savage Mohammedans.

Coming.

Mrs. Lucia H. Addison, state organizer and national lecturer of the W. C. T. U., will hold the following meetings: At the Baptist church July 25th and 29th, on Christian Citizenship. Woman's meeting at Mrs. A. C. Marsters' the 25th at 3 p. m.

FRESH COMMENTS.

The lady discourses from a somewhat logical standpoint, and is a fluent talker, and her reappearance in this city tonight (Tuesday) will no doubt be greeted with a crowded house.—Yreka, (Cal.) Journal.

Mrs. Addison is a forcible and convincing speaker. Her language is well chosen, brief and comprehensive. She is well informed upon the questions of the day, and able to handle them in a masterful manner. Those who do not agree with her often are convinced by her clear and pleasant style of presenting facts and arguments.—Berkeley, (Cal.) Advocate.

The populist and silverite conventions have been vigorously "chewing the rag" at St. Louis today, but have accomplished nothing as yet.

It matters not what a man's creed is if his life has been one of good deeds. If he has lived a true man and "scattered seeds of kindness," along his life's journey, it matters not whether he had faith in only one God or in three Gods or no Gods at all; he is worthy of all respect while living, and his memory after death should be cherished. It is a historical fact that the greatest scourges of the human race have been religious zealots while many professing no creed have been amongst the benefactors of mankind.

Lumber for Sale, or Trade.

If you have hay, grain, bacon, beef cattle or a good buggy you wish to trade for lumber, or if you wish to buy a bill of first class fir or cedar lumber, you will save money to call on Otto A. ASLAFER Comstock, Oregon.

For Sale.

A first class piano. Will sell cheap for cash or on time, or will trade for property in town. Call at this office.

The Discovery Saved His Life.

Mr. G. Calouette, Druggist, Beaverville, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. Was taken with La Grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail, and was given up and told I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store I sent for a bottle and began its use and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it." Get a free trial at A. C. Marsters' Drug Store.

The Free Trade policy of the United Kingdom has resulted in doubling the direct taxation of the British people. In 1811-12 it was 10 10s. 1d. (\$2.50) per capita of the population, and in 1895-96 it was £1 2s. 5 1/2d. (\$5.50) per capita. This is the way in which "a Tariff for revenue only" diminishes the burden of taxation.

Since the Gorman "tariff for revenue only" went into effect the expenditures of the democratic administration have exceeded the income by \$80,903,878.

Cure For Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of Headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle, and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual consumption Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only fifty cents at A. C. Marsters' and Co.'s Drug Store.

Last summer one of our grand children was sick with a severe bowel trouble. Our doctor's remedies had failed, then we tried Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, which gave very speedy relief. We regard it as the best medicine ever put on the market for bowel complaints.—Mrs. E. G. Gregory, Fredericktown, Mo. This certainly is the best medicine ever put on the market for dysentery, summer complaint, colic and cholera infantum in children. It never fails to give prompt relief when used in reasonable time and the plain printed directions are followed. Many mothers have expressed their sincere gratitude for the cures it has effected. For sale by A. C. Marsters & Co.

6 Per Cent Money.

Whoever wishes to give improved farm land as security for 6 per cent money, address P. O. box, No. 96, Roseburg, Oregon.

Cotton in the New Orleans market was quoted at 42 cents a pound. April 14th, 1895, and good flour at \$9 per barrel. Coffee first grade at 65 1/2 cents per pound at Rio Janeiro.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy cures colds, croup and whooping cough. It is pleasant, safe and reliable. For sale by A. C. Marsters & Co.

Cottage to Rent.

A new 5-room cottage near the depot to rent, just vacated by S. K. Sykes. City water in the house, and a good well next door. Enquire at this office.

To Trade.

Two lots in Marshfield for hogs. Two and one half lots in North Roseburg, for stock; hack or buggy in part payment. Call on I. F. Rice & Co.



Bicycle : Races !

AT ROSEBURG
SATURDAY, AUGUST 1st, 1896.
BY THE CRESCENT CYCLE CLUB.

Under the rules of the I. A. W.

PROGRAM.

Bicycle Parade at 1 o'clock.
First—Slow race to be run between two lines, two feet apart around track. Prize, bicycle cap.
Second—Five mile race, \$10 gold medal. For amateurs.
Third—One mile race, for fine silver cup, value, \$7. Winner to hold cup 90 days.
Fourth—Old men's race, 1/2 mile and

repeat. First prize, bicycle pants, \$3. Second, bicycle stockings, \$1.50.
Fifth—One mile novice, pair bicycle shoes.
Sixth—One half mile and repeat, novice. First, cyclometer. Second, one bicycle bell.
All entries must be made by July 31st. Entrance fee 50 cents.
Music by the K. of P. Band.

TICKETS, 25 cents, Children under 12 years 15 cents.
T. K. RICHARDSON, Manager.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.
F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.
WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
WALDRING, KINMAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

BOYS MAY BE HAD (and sometimes girls) for—(1) ordinary service at wages; (2) upon indenture, (to work, attend school, and be brought up somewhat as your own); and—(3) children may be had for legal adoption. Address, W. T. GARDNER, Supt. Oregon Boys' and Girls' Aid Society, Portland, Or.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chillsbains, Corns, and all skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale at A. C. Marsters & Co.

In the vicinity of Boquet, Westmoreland Co., Pa., almost any one can tell you how to cure a lame back or stiff neck. They dampen a piece of flannel with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bind it on the affected parts and in one or two days the trouble has disappeared. This same treatment will promptly cure a pain in the side or chest. Mr. E. M. Frye, a prominent merchant of Boquet, speaks very highly of Pain Balm, and his recommendations have had much to do with making it popular there. For sale by A.

JERRY J. WILSON, Watchmaker and Jeweler.

328 Jackson Street.
At Lincolns' Cigar Factory, ROSEBURG.
To All Repairing entrusted to my care will be PROMPTLY and carefully done.
PRICES REASONABLE.
Give Men Call.

THE SENATE

CIGAR STORE

JERRY J. WILSON, Propr.
"SUCCESSOR TO SENATE SALOON."
A POPULAR RESORT.
Choose Cigars and all kinds of Temperance Drinks constantly on hand.
Removed from cor. Oak and Jackson to PARROT BUILDING, 228 JACKSON STREET, ROSEBURG, OREGON.

M. F. Rapp,

LEADING
PRESCRIPTION
DRUGGIST,
Jackson Street, Roseburg, Oregon.

Patent Medicines,
Perfumeries,
Toilet Articles.

A COMPLETE LINE
OF
Holliday
Goods
FOR
Gentlemen,
Ladies
and Children.

THE THIRD ADDITION OF BROOKSIDE.

The Howe Farm, east of town, has been platted and is now on the market in Lots and Blocks containing 3, 20, 30, and 40 acres, ranging in price from \$25 to \$100 per acre.

Any one wanting a fruit, vegetable or chicken farm or a suburban home can now be accommodated on easy terms.

All lots sold in First Brookside addition have more than doubled in value. The prospect is much better for the future. More fortunes are made in lands near a growing town or city than any other way. Seize the opportunity.

For information or conveyance, call at any Real Estate Office, or on

G. T. BELDEN, Propr.

ZIGLER & PATTERSON,

Depot Grocers

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES.
COUNTRY PRODUCE BOUGHT AND SOLD.
Give us a call. Goods delivered to any part of the City in short order.
Corner Lane & Sheridan Streets, ROSEBURG, OREGON.

THE COLLINS HOUSE

First Street east of Depot, one block north,
OAKLAND, - OREGON.
First Class \$1.00 per Day House.
Recently remodelled, renovated and refurnished.
FEED AND LIVERY STABLE IN CONNECTION.

NEW SECOND HAND STORE

HENDRICK'S BLOCK
OPPOSITE DEPOT.
Carry constantly on hand New and Second Hand Goods of All Kinds. Which we will sell at Hard Times Prices. Give us a call and be convinced. Second Hand Goods Bought and Sold.
SEIMMONS & CO.

Real Estate Bought and Sold

ON COMMISSION.
Farms, large and small, to Rent,
AND IMMEDIATE POSSESSION GIVEN.

Stock Ranges, Timber Lands and Mining Properties, Prune and Hop Lands of best quality, in choice locations, in quantities to suit intending purchasers, at reasonable prices and easy terms. Inquire of

D. S. K. BUICK
Roseburg, Douglas County, Oregon.

WYLIE PILKINGTON,

[Successor to G. W. NOAH.]

General Blacksmithing

AND HORSESHOEING.
FROTTING AND RUNNING PLATES A SPECIALTY.
REPAIRING OF ALL KINDS PROMPTLY DONE.
Shop on Corner Washington and Kane Sts., Roseburg.

ROSEBURG

Marble and Granite Works.

E. W. ACHISON & CO., Props.
Dealers in all kinds of
Marble and Granite Monuments
and Headstones,
Portland Cement Curbing
For Cemetery Lots.

Estimates Furnished on all kinds of Cemetery Work
Office and Salesroom, 711 Oak Street.

A. C. Hoxie,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Goods delivered free to all parts of the city. Leave your orders with me and save money. Roseburg, Or.
Flour, Feed, Provisions.